"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Increasing cloudiness, warmer today; probably snow by night; fair to-morrow; wind southwesterly.
For full weather report see Page 18.

VOL. LXIII...NO. 20,445. NEW YORK, THURSDAY, JANUARY 15, 1914.—EIGHTEEN PAGES. ONE CENT In Greater New York; Elsewhere Jersey City and Newark, TWO CENTS.

LINER ON LEDGE; BOATS SAVE 96

Passengers and Sailors of Cobequid Taken Off as Wreck Is Breaking Up.

CONVEYED TO YARMOUTH

Captain and Eleven of His Men Elect to Remain Aboard Until Morning.

RESCUE SHIP STANDS BY

Crash Came in Darkness of Early Morning—Passengers Terrified, but Reassured by Captain's Confidence.

Special to The New York Times.

YARMOUTH, N. S., Jan. 14.—The wrecked steamer Cobequid was found driven on the treacherous Trinity Rock, about ten miles north of this place, this afternoon.

The rescue fleet of steamers one by one reported at the scene, and, despite the fact that the waves were sweeping over the stranded liner, they succeeded in taking off in their lifeboats and the Cobequid's all the passengers and part of the crew, ninety-six in all.

The Captain of the Cobequid and eleven of his seamen decided to remain on the ship until morning, notwithstanding the wreck was breaking up. The Government steamer Lansdowne is standing by.

Snatched from what seemed almost certain death, the survivors are snug to-night in Yarmouth. The wireless appeals for assistance which the distressed steamer first made thirty-six hours before were answered late to-day as the doomed Royal Mail steamer was being racked to pieces on Trinity Rock, six miles off Port Maitland. The rescue will go down in shipping annals as one of the most notable ever accomplished on the Atlantic Coast.

The Cobequid had begun to break up under the cannonading of the terrific seas that had been merciless from the time the vessel struck early yesterday. Quantities of cargo covered the waters as the lifeboats ranged alongside. The coastal steamers Westport and John L. Cann were first to get their small boats into the water, and they were followed soon by the boats of the Government steamer Lansdowne and the steamer Rappahannock. As the work of rescue progressed the sea subsided considerably and no mishap marred the triumph over the waves.

Westport First to Bring Help.

Capt. McKinnon of the Westport found the liner on the southeast part of Trinity Ledge at 4:20 o'clock this afternoon. At the time there was a high wind and rough sea. He took off in three lifeboat loads 72 persons, including all of the passengers, the purser, several deck officers and part of the crew.

The Westport stood by until 6:15 o'clock, when the Jonn L. Cann came up. The latter took off twenty-four men as the Westport was leaving for Yarmouth. The Captain and eleven men of the crew decided to remain on the ship until morning, and the Government steamer Lansdowne remained with them. The Westport arrived at Yarmouth at 9 o'clock and the John L. Cann followed her in.

The 108 persons on the Cobequid included twelve first cabin pasengers and an equal number in the second class. Mrs. W. C. Zoller and her child were the first to go over the side. Then followed Miss Marguerite and Miss Dorothy James, daughters of the late R. H. James, Mayor of St. George's, Bermuda, and two Sisters of Charity. One by one the men were lowered to the lifeboat until only Capt. Hawson and eleven men remained on deck. Preparations had been made here to care for the shipwrecked ones, and they were given vry comfort that the city afforded.

Trinity Rock, on which the Cobequid was transfixed at 5 A. M. yesterday morning, is a pinnacle of granite rising abruptly from the sea half way between this port and Brier Island, where the steamer was at first thought to have struck. The Trinity is awash at low water. The famous Lurcher Shoal, which is indicated by a lightship, lies ten miles outside Trinity Rock, while the course up the Bay of Fundy takes the vessels still further off shore.

The Bay was swept by a typical Western blizzard as the Cobequid, bound from the tropics, began to feel her way toward St. John, N. B. The last of the ebb tide was running and the wind was strong from the west—conditions which tended to drive the steamer closer to the eastern shore than her skipper anticipated.

Ship Stranded In Darkness.

The crash came just before dawn, and a few minutes later the wireless S O S was flashing over the waters. The Cobequid's operator was unable to give her location, for no one on board knew it definitely. Four hours later flood tide and the gale had driven the steamer still farther on the Rock, breaking her back and flooding the engine room. This put out the fires and interrupted the wireless apparatus.

The passengers were greatly alarmed, but the courage of Capt. Hawson and his abiding faith in his ship reassured them time and again. The steamer made water rapidly, and the cargo began to tear away. Throughout the day and night that followed the officers scanned the sea for passing craft, and the operator worked heroically to restore his wireless outfit.

Meanwhile, steamers that had picked up the first cry for help were searching for the distressed craft. A heavy vapor caused by the action of the intense cold on the water handicapped the searchers, and it was a fisherman on the Port Maitland shore who first made out the Cobequid as the vapor rose this afternoon and revealed the liner on the dreaded Trinity.

Darkness was gathering fast when the rescue began, but the boatmen from the coastal steamers knew the Rock and the surrounding shoals as well as they did their own front yards ashore, and they went at the work with perfect confidence. Less than five hours later those who had faced death for two days were being warmed and fed at the hotels here. So far as could be learned to-night none of the party was permanently the worse for the adventure.

Continued on Page 2.

GROOME MAY HEAD POLICE.

Reported Selection of Commander of Pennsylvania's Constabulary.

It was reported last night that Mayor John Purroy Mitchel has determined upon the appointment of Major John C. Groome of Philadelphia as Police Commissioner.

Major Groome is Superintendent of the Department of Pennsylvania State Police. Major Groome was chosen for his present place by Gov. Pennypacker at a time when the police force of Pennsylvania seemed to be demoralized and entirely under the control of the politicians. There was much complaint of the inefficiency of the police during labor troubles. When the miners struck there always was loss of life, with attendant destruction of property.

Groome was Captain of the City Troop, one of the most famous military organizations in the country. The first thing he did after he took charge of the 228 State cavalrymen was to see that every man obeyed orders implicitly, and would accept orders from no other man except the Major himself. Groome drilled the men, and soon they became very efficient. The first strike Groome was called upon to fight was the worst that ever beset Pennsylvania—the strike of the anthracite miners.

At first the strikers laughed at Major Groome and his men. Very soon they ceased to laugh, and when they heard the rattle of the hoofs of the horses of the State Police and knew that a charge was coming, they fled. Since that time Major Groome and his men have been the greatest force in the anthracite region for the advancement of peace.

City Chamberlain Henry Bruere said last night that he did not know whether the Mayor was thinking of offering the place of Police Commissioner to Major Groome.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 14.—Major Groome said to-night over the telephone that the office of Police Commissioner of New York had not yet been offered to him.

THREATENS TO VETO BILL.

Wilson Against Post Office "Rider" Giving Spoilsmen 2,400 Places.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 14.—Since his return from Pass Christian yesterday President Wilson has shown a keen interest in the effort to attach a legislative rider to the annual Post Office Appropriation bill that will place 2,400 Assistant Postmasterships under the spoils system, and there is good reason to believe that he has made known to Chairman Moon and other members of the House Committee on Post Offices and Post Roads that his inclination is to veto the appropriation measure if such a provision is retained.

The President's objections are twofold. He had previously shown that he was opposed in principle and practice to the enactment of general legislation through bills designed merely to carry appropriations and to provide for the fulfillment of laws previously enacted. But beyond this he is now in arms against the tendency of his party supporters in Congress virtually to abrogate the civil service law and regulations in order to create jobs for importunate constituents.

The tug of war between the President and the House may come this week, although the Post Office measure is to be taken up for consideration in the House to-morrow. The "spoilsmen's" rider is included in the bill, as it was reported to the House from the Post Office Committee last Monday, but this item will not be reached until Monday, or Saturday of this week, at the earliest.

WIRELESS-AERO TESTS.

Marconi Hopes Soon to Accomplish Important Results.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Jan. 14.—Important wireless experiments with aeroplanes in flight are to be made by William Marconi shortly at London with a large biplane, fitted with improved wireless apparatus and carrying a pilot and an operator.

A "shore station" will be established at some point probably about a hundred miles from London and moved about until the limit of efficient communication is reached. It is understood that results far in advance of those of any previous wireless tests are anticipated.

The best installation hitherto procurable, which is fitted on most naval hydro-aeroplanes, has a range of only 60 miles. A radius of 500 miles is the aim of the Admiralty air experts for the big seaplanes, and they are hoping for a wireless set of the same range in the near future.

CLAFLIN OUT OF BANKS.

Drygoods Man Withdraws from Financial Institution Boards.

John Claflin, head of the dry goods firm of H. B. Claflin & Co., and President of the Chamber of Commerce, has decided to withdraw as a Director in every financial institution on whose board he is a member. When this became known in the financial district yesterday it started a report that Mr. Claflin was to be a member of the Federal Reserve Board. This was denied by Mr. Claflin himself.

"About sixty days ago," he said, "I notified the financial institutions of which I am a Director that I would decline re-election. In spite of this some of the banks that had meetings yesterday re-elected me. I shall insist on withdrawing, however."

"Is it true?" he was asked, "that you are to be a member of the Federal Reserve Board?"

"Oh, no," said Mr. Claflin, "No such position has been offered to me, and of course I could not think of taking it if it were. My reason for withdrawing is that I have a good many things to do and I am away a considerable part of the time, so that in my opinion it will be better for somebody else to take my place on the various boards."

The financial institutions of which Mr. Claflin is a Director are the American Exchange National Bank, the Lawyers Title Company, the National Bank of Commerce, the New York Life Insurance and Trust Company, and the United States Trust Company. He is also President of the Associated Merchants Company and the United Dry Goods Company, and a Director or trustee of the Atlantic Mutual Insurance Company, the Cologne Reinsurance Company, the Commercial Union Assurance Company of London, the Commercial Union Fire Insurance Company, the German Alliance Insurance Company, the German-American Insurance Company, the Home Insurance Company, the New York Life Insurance Company, and the Palatine Insurance Company.

Latest Shipping News.

BY MARCONI WIRELESS—SS Provence, (French line,) Havre to New York, was 1,346 miles E. at 5 P. M.; due 17th, afternoon.

TURK SLAIN IN PARIS AS HE TRIES MURDER

Mortally Wounds Cherif Pasha's Valet and Is Killed by Cherif's Son-in-Law.

WIFE'S PRESENCE OF MIND

She Escapes by Feigning Death—Cherif Says Nine Bravos Were Sent to Paris to Kill Him.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

PARIS, Jan. 14.—An attempt was made this morning to assassinate Gen. Mehmed Cherif Pasha, Turkish ex-Minister at Stockholm and brother-in-law of the present Grand Vizier. The attempt failed, and the assailant was shot dead by Cherif's son-in-law, Salih Bey.

Cherif Pasha to-night, describing the affair, said:

"I had known for several weeks that a determined attempt was about to be made on my life. I had warning letters from friends. So has Prince Sabaheddin, who also lives in Paris. The plot is a political one, organized by the Committee of Union and Progress, (Young Turks,) of whose policy I am one of the most active opponents.

"Some weeks ago there arrived in Paris nine Turkish bravos, most of them policemen, sent from Turkey by enemies of mine in high positions. These bravos began to prowl around my house. I called on my household to carry arms. Only yesterday I asked the Minister of the Interior for special police protection, which has been instituted to-day.

"Last night one of the bravos called at my flat when I was and told my valet he had a letter for me. At 9 o'clock this morning he came again and asked to see me. I was in my bath, and the valet suggested that the man leave the letter. The stranger insisted that he must see me. Suddenly drawing a revolver he fired at Ismail Hakki, the servant, the bullets hitting him twice in the chest and piercing the lung. The valet fell in the hall.

"At the sound of the shots my wife, Princess Emenine, who is a sister of the present Grand Vizier, came running into the hall. The assassin fired at her, and, with great presence of mind, she fell to the ground and feigned to be dead.

"The man rushed toward the room which I use as a study, treading heavily on my wife's head as he did so, but by this time my son-in-law, Salih Bey, who has been staying with me since he finished his service in the war, had leaped from bed and entered the hall. Seizing from the floor a revolver which the wounded servant had drawn from his pocket, he fired three times at the man, who returned the shots.

"Then, the revolver being empty, Salih Bey sprang back into the Princess's bedroom and snatched up a revolver with which she, like the other members of the family, had been provided. He went into the hall again and with the first shot put a bullet through the assassin's brain. The man was a Mussulman. He had a copy of the Koran and 200 francs ($40) in his pocket.

"Meanwhile the Princess had hurried down five flights of the servants' staircase to send the concierge for the police.

"The revolver with which the assassin was armed was a regulation Turkish police weapon. He had another in his pocket and also a Turkish dagger of the kind which was used in the murder of Zekki Bey in Turkey two years ago.

"Of course, my life is still in danger. The present Turkish Government is made up of brigands and assassins, who stick at nothing to remove an enemy. Some of my friends are going to see the French Premier to-morrow and urge him to order the expulsion of nine Turkish assassins who are staying in Paris."

The valet has since died.

PARIS, Jan. 14.—Gen. Mehmed Cherif Pasha is one of the chiefs of the Turkish Radical Party.

Cherif is the editor of a newspaper published here in the interests of Constitutionalism in Turkey and he also directs a widespread agitation in Turkey.

The police had not been able, up to a late hour to-night, to discover the identity of Cherif Pasha's assailant. They are of the opinion that he had accomplices, and an open warrant for their apprehension has been issued.

The Clerks in the shop where the man's clothing was purchased identified the body as that of a man who came in company with two other foreigners, who spoke French with difficulty. He refused to have the clothes delivered, and took them away with him.

The assassin's pistol is of the type used by the Turkish police and is stamped with the Government mark.

In a statement given out to-night Cherif Pasha says:

"Three weeks ago Asim Bey, ex-Chief of Police of Constantinople, arrived in Paris. By chance I learned he had orders to suppress me. Ten days ago Asim Bey went to London, but left his men behind with instructions to carry out their mission. As they delayed, I presume that Enver Bey, who is a typical man of action, sent them a sharp reminder and ordered them to do their work."

An attendant at a hotel to-night identified the body of Cherif Pasha's assailant, which is now at the Morgue, as that of a man who called on Asim Bey, a guest at the hotel on Dec. 24, and was closeted with him for an hour and a half. Asim Bey, while at the hotel, was accompanied by two men, one of whom mounted guard at the door of his room and the other at the end of the corridor, allowing no one to enter. Whenever Asim Bey left the hotel the guards accompanied him.

SEABOARD FLORIDA LIMITED.
Handsomest, best equipped all steel, Pullman train to Florida via shortest route. No change to any East Coast Resort. Lve. Penn Station, N. Y., 10:30 A. M.; ar. Jacksonville 11:20 A. M.; Palm Beach 5:40 P. M. Tampa 8:00 P. M. next day. Ing. 1,134 Broad. Adv.

Luxurious $500,000 Yacht That Burns Oil.
It carries enough fuel for a 6,000-mile cruise, and its rooms are as luxurious as those of a big hotel. Striking photographs of it are shown in the Pictorial Section IN NEXT SUNDAY'S TIMES.

MILLION IS PAID OUT TO ALTMAN WORKERS

Special Bequests to 400 Have Been Paid—$25,000,000 to $30,000,000 for Charity.

More than a million dollars has been distributed among employes of B. Altman & Co., under the will of Benjamin Altman, who died on Oct. 7 last. The last of 400 checks in payment of Mr. Altman's bequests to his employes were handed out yesterday by the executors of his will. Each employe who had been in the service of the dry goods house founded by Mr. Altman for fifteen years got a check for $1,000.

Those who had been employed for eighteen years got $1,500 each, and those who had served twenty years got $2,500 each. Checks for $5,000 each were given to several employes who were named by Mr. Altman in his will, including Jennie Stack, Lillian McKeon, Charles Haynor, Etta Witte, Abraham Trier, Emanuel Trier, Benjamin Jenkins, J. H. Doran, and Friedrich Schmidt. Gifts of stock were made to Frank L. Nugent, Milton M. Klein, James H. Thompson, Alfred P. Boehm, William Scherer, and Flavius J. Perry, who already had holdings in the Altman Company. The names of the employes who received the $2,500, $1,500, and $1,000 checks were not made public.

In accordance with Mr. Altman's wish the inheritance tax on these bequests, if one is required to be paid, will be met out of his residuary estate, since it was his desire that the gifts should be free of any tax.

The Trustees of the Altman Foundation, M. Friedsam, George R. Read, Dr. Bernard Sachs, and Edwin J. Steiner, will soon receive from the estate the legacies provided in the will, estimated at between $25,000,000 and $30,000,000, to be applied to the support of such philanthropic and charitable institutions as the Trustees may select.

The announcement was made that the Trustees, who have absolute discretion in applying the funds coming into their hands as income, will soon meet to organize and formulate plans for the benefit of the Altman employes and of various charitable institutions.

The Altman Foundation, which was created by a special act of the last Legislature, will enjoy the income of the greater part of the stock in B. Altman & Co. In his will Mr. Altman provided for the continuance of his business along the lines on which he had conducted it.

Final arrangements for the transfer of the business are being held up by legal formalities. One Trustee has yet to be elected. The estate has not been appraised for inheritance tax purposes and some interesting questions will come up on the appraisal.

Mr. Altman's executors say that since the purpose of the Altman Foundation is philanthropic, the great bulk of the estate is not taxable. They hope to convince the Transfer Tax Appraiser and the State Controller of this, though there is a possibility that the unusual nature of the foundation, including the employes of B. Altman & Co. among its beneficiaries, and not operating any charitable work of its own, but merely aiding other charities, may move the Controller to ask the Surrogates' Court to assess a tax upon the transfer of the B. Altman & Co. stock to the foundation.

BRADLEY GIRL ARRESTED.

Sent to a Sanitarium in Mobile—Foster Held on Two Charges.

Special to The New York Times.

MOBILE, Jan. 14.—Joel M. Foster, the poultryman of Brown's Mills, N. J., who eloped with Delilah Bradley, was arraigned before United States Commissioner Richard Jones, Jr., this afternoon on the charge of violating the White Slave act. His attorney waived examination, and the prisoner was held for the Federal Grand Jury in $5,000 bond, which was signed by W. P. Mayer, a real estate man of this city, formerly of Chicago. United States District Attorney Pitts announced that Delilah Bradley would be held as principal witness for the Government under bond in the same amount, but that under no circumstances would he allow the defendant to furnish the bond. "Her father is her custodian, morally and otherwise," said Mr. Pitts, "and he can sign her bond and take her in charge." This Mr. Bradley did.

No sooner had Foster returned to the hotel where he is stopping than Detective Warren Burch served a warrant on him, charging him with adultery. In the meanwhile Chief of Police F. W. Crenshaw had placed the girl under arrest on the same charge as she came out through a side entrance of the Government building. Both were taken to the police station.

From there the girl was sent immediately to the Inge-Bondurant Sanitarium. While in the office of Chief Crenshaw she walked to and fro in a condition of such wrathful excitement that a trained nurse was called to take charge of her. Her father was unable to control her.

Foster was released after furnishing bond in another $5,000. To-night he gave out a long statement embodying the charges against another man contained in the affidavit made by the girl yesterday, which her father pronounced false. He expresses his intention to marry her as soon as he is divorced.

SUES FOR WIFE'S LOSS.

R. M. Shaw Wants $50,000 Damages from Richard Darling.

Robert Marsden Shaw, banker of 20 Broad Street, and a son of Mrs. Vivian M. Shaw of Morristown, N. J., has brought suit against Richard Darling, President of the Acme Safe Company, charging that Darling "stole" his wife from him. Mrs. Shaw was Katherine Earl Lyall, daughter of Mrs. E. Drummond Lyall and niece of Edward and Harwood Drummond. Mr. Darling will deny the charge as preposterous and will assert that Mrs. Shaw left her husband before he met her. The suit is for $50,000.

The Shaws were married last May and young Mr. Shaw has retained for the purposes of the present suit Joseph A. Shay, who was the lawyer for ex-Police Lieut. Becker after Becker went to the death house at Sing Sing.

DR. SPITZKA'S BRAIN WEIGHS 1,400 GRAMS

Dead Alienist's Wish That It Be Examined Carried Out by His Son.

The brain of Dr. Edward Charles Spitzka, the neurologist and alienist, who died on Tuesday at his residence, 66 West Seventy-third Street, was removed on Tuesday afternoon at 5 o'clock. Yesterday it was placed on the scales. It weighed 1,400 grams. It has since been placed for preservation in a chemical solution.

The removal of the brain and its preservation in the interest of science was done in accordance with a promise exacted by the late Dr. Spitzka from his son, Dr. Edward A. Spitzka of Philadelphia. Dr. Edward Charles Spitzka in 1891 founded the American Anthropometric Society, the members of which agreed to bequeath their brains to the society for scientific study. Since the foundation of the society many of its members have died, and generally the compact with the society has been regarded, so that it has been possible to make a scientific examination of the brains of many prominent men. In many cases, however, relatives have intervened to prevent the fulfillment of the agreement.

In the case of Dr. Spitzka, some members of his family were unfavorable to the plan of giving his brain to the society for scientific purposes. The plan was carried out, nevertheless, because of a pledge between Dr. Spitzka and his son, Dr. E. A. Spitzka, that the survivor should cause the removal and the scientific study of the brain of the first of the two to die.

The examination of the brain of Dr. Spitzka, which will require a period of several months, will be made by his son, who is the prosector of the American Anthropometric Society. When the examination will begin, the son could not say last night.

As the prosector of the society, it has fallen to Dr. E. A. Spitzka to make anatomical studies of the brains of a number of its deceased members, including Dr. William Sanger, Dr. A. L. Parker, Joseph Leidy, Philip Leidy, Dr. Harrison Allen, Prof. E. D. Cope, Dr. Persifor Frazer, Dr. H. H. Scudder, Dr. John H. Musser, and many others.

Such study of brains includes microscopic examination, projection drawings of sections, and research into the comparative size and development of the different parts.

The removal and weighing of the brain of Dr. Spitzka was done by Dr. John H. Larkin of 496 West 180th Street. Dr. E. A. Spitzka said last night that age and long illness of his father caused a reduction in the weight of brains, and that his father's brain would have been considerable heavier than 1,400 grams had he been younger and not wasted by illness.

The average weight of the human brain is 1,300 grams. Of the brains of noted men that have been weighed, the heaviest was that of Ivan Turgenieff, which weighed 2,012 grams. The brain of Daniel Webster weighed 1,518 grams.

WOMEN'S FINANCIAL DAILY.

New Venture to be Started by the Women's Bank of Berlin.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, Jan. 14.—A novel social function will take place on Saturday at the Women's Bank of Berlin, the only financial institution in the world organized and conducted exclusively by and for women.

To celebrate five years of extraordinarily successful existence the bank has invited several hundred distinguished guests to attend a breakfast at its premises in the West End. They will listen to a recital of the institution's prosperous history and future plans.

One of the day's events will be the announcement that the bank has decided to issue the world's first financial daily for women. It will start with an edition of 30,000, which represents the bank's present list of shareholders and clients. The paper will be devoted not only to the bank's interests, but to all financial and commercial topics of feminine interest.

The bank's assets now amount roundly to $250,000. It paid a 5 per cent. dividend in 1912. What will be distributed for 1913 will be made public on Saturday.

The advertising matter of the bank emphasizes the fact that 9,000,000 German women are engaged in trade and industry, and that if even a percentage of them band together for financial purposes they would represent a great capitalistic power.

DANCE 4,300 YEARS OLD.

"Tatao," a Chinese Measure, to be Introduced in Place of the Tango.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

PARIS, Jan. 14.—A real successor to the tango has at last been found and officially approved. It hails from a most unexpected quarter.

The Paris Academy of Dancing Masters announces that the new dance is already being taught and prophesies for it a great success. The new dance is the "tatao," which has been popular in China since the year 2450 B. C.

"Tatao" is a Chinese word which means "sweetness" and "harmony." The dance is a slow, graceful measure, full of quaint steps and languorous, dipping movements. M. Lefort of the Paris Academy of Dancing Masters, who is introducing it, says:

"It is quite easy to dance and to learn. It is an essentially harmonious and dignified measure. The feet move in one and two measure, and many of the graceful steps are seen in the tango. Balancing on the foot, the slide, and the dip, with one knee almost touching the ground, are included in this old Chinese measure."

LEADERS ACCEPT WILSON TRUST PLAN

Interstate Trade Board, with Large Supervisory Powers, Conspicuous on Programme.

WILL AIM TO CONCILIATE

Personal Guilt Principle to be Established—Individuals to Have Larger Rights to Sue.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 14.—In conferences to-day with the Senators and Representatives who will have charge of the anti-Trust legislation in Congress, President Wilson emphasized the point that he wanted the subject to be considered in a spirit of conciliation and with due regard for business interests. The President's coming address on anti-trust measures, it was brought out, will trust measures, it is asserted, will set forth clearly that the proposed interstate commission will be mainly a body for making inquiries and giving information, and that it will not have power to fix prices for the sale of trust commodities or exercise such supervision over industrial affairs as the Interstate Commerce Commission has over railroad rates.

At the same time the legislative programme is intended to be of a far-reaching character. Its salient points are:

1. Prohibition of interlocking directorates and "communities of interests" in interstate corporations, the law being so framed as to reach persons not serving as Directors of supposedly competitive concerns, but, nevertheless, exercising control over these concerns through dummy Directors or otherwise.

2. Formation of an interstate trade commission, having supervisory and regulatory powers, but without powers to fix prices.

3. Extension of the period of the statute of limitations, fixed by the Sherman law at three years, to five years.

4. Passage of a supplemental provision to the Sherman law giving individuals the right to begin suits in equity under that act against combinations in alleged restraint of trade and commerce. Under existing law only the Federal Government has this right, and at present individuals may only sue for damages.

5. Addition to the Sherman law granting to individuals the right of intervention if Government suits bring it under that law.

6. Another addition to the Sherman law providing that individuals suing for damages under that law shall have the benefit of any findings by the courts or otherwise in any suits that the Government has brought under that law. As the law now stands, an individual suing an alleged illegal combination or monopoly for damages must from start to finish prove his case showing that the Sherman law has been violated. But under the proposed supplemental provision, by utilizing findings in Government suits, the individual would only have to prove his damages.

It is said also that there will be an elimination of all uncertainty as to what constitutes a restraint of trade under the Sherman law through specific definition of monopolies and trusts; that all possibility of "immunity baths" for offending corporations or individuals will be removed, and that provision will be made for penalties based on individual responsibility and personal guilt.

The Interstate Trade Board is to be a sort of committee on conciliation. It is apparently based on the idea that the Attorney General's policy of endeavoring to induce alleged illegal combinations to dissolve and reorganize voluntarily will be consistently successful. The Trade Board will be expected to assist the Attorney General in this work and when such work is not provided it will seek to make itself acquainted with the affairs of industrial corporations to ascertain whether the laws are being observed.

As it is understood now, the board will be an extension of the Bureau of Corporations, and there is reason to believe that Joseph E. Davies, the present Commissioner of Corporations, will be its Chairman if Congress enacts this proposed legislation. Mr. Davies is in the full confidence of President Wilson in the drafting of the anti-trust legislation programme, and is to have an intimate part in the arrangements for putting the proposed new statutes into operation.

Significant Talk of Newlands.

An inkling of the purposes the President and his Congressional advisers have in mind in the suggested formation of the Interstate Trade Board was given to-night in a statement by Senator Newlands of Nevada, Chairman of the Committee on Interstate and Foreign Commerce, who was one of those called into consultation by the President to-day in connection with the anti-trust measures. While declining to discuss his conference at the White House, Mr. Newlands announced his continued advocacy of his own bill for an industrial commission.

"I still believe," said Mr. Newlands, "that the organization of such a commission would be a most efficient instrumentality for bringing 'big business' in harmony with them. Such a commission with powers of publicity, investigation, and correction, would be of great service in effecting compliance with the law without resort to the courts and also of service to the courts and the Attorney General in the dissolution and reorganization of corporations organized in violation of the Sherman Anti-Trust law.

"Such a commission, while having no power to give immunity, would be an effective agent in speedily adjusting the organization of big corporations which are now showing a desire to conform to the law. This course would be conducive to industrial peace, under which big business can go on without violent readjustments prejudicial both to the public and themselves."

The first conference at the White House to-day was attended by Chairman Clayton of the House Committee on the Judiciary and Representatives Carlin, Webb, and Floyd of Arkansas, Democratic members of that committee. Late this afternoon the President had a conference with Chairman Newlands and the Democratic Senators on the Committee on Interstate and Foreign Commerce. To the Senators and Representatives who saw him the President sketched his forthcoming address on anti-trust legislation and found his visitors in thorough accord with his ideas.

The Trade Board as provided for in the proposed law will consist of five members, not more than two of whom shall be of the same political party, thus making it a bipartisan body similar to the Interstate Commerce Commission. One of its functions will be to see whether decrees of the Federal Courts for the dissolution of combinations in restraint of trade are being observed in letter and spirit. Thus the board would take out of the hands of the Attorney General his present inquiry into the allegation that

Continued on Page 2.

THE WINE OF LIFE.
You ought to try the famous English liquid food, WINCARNIS. Leading dealers. —Adv.

TRAIN FROZE TO RAILS.

Had to be Thawed Out Before It Could Leave Saratoga.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, N. Y., Jan. 14.—The Delaware and Hudson train due to leave Saratoga for this city at 7 o'clock this morning froze to the rails and had to be thawed out, which consumed half an hour.

Reports from Saratoga are that the record cold weather occurred last night, the mercury dropping to forty-five degrees below zero at Wilton. In Saratoga Village it was thirty-five degrees below zero.

DEMAND WASHINGTON WILL.

Bill in Virginia Legislature Authorizes Gov. Mann to Act.

Special to The New York Times.

RICHMOND, Va., Jan. 14.—Soon after Lieut. Gov. J. Taylor Ellyson called the State Senate to order at 12 o'clock today, Senator R. E. Thornton of Fairfax County introduced a bill directing Gov. Mann to communicate with J. P. Morgan and demand the return to Virginia of the will of Martha Washington, which was taken from the archives of Fairfax County during the war.

The bill directs that in the event of failure to obtain the paper by courtesy, the Governor of Virginia begin suit in the United States Court.

An effort to have the bill placed on its passage failed, and the measure will come up in due course of time.

AMERICANS TIRE OF CANADA.

In Six Years Exodus Has Almost Equaled Volume of Arrivals.

Special to The New York Times.

OTTAWA, Jan. 14.—While the large immigration into Canada from the United States is well known, having been dwelt upon frequently, little mention has been made during the last six years of the fact that the exodus the other way also has been heavy.

The number coming cross the line to settle in Canada numbered 618,112; but the number crossing from Canada in the same period to become permanent residents of the United States was 594,919. Thus Canada's net gain in the six years was only 23,193.

A very considerable portion of the exodus was made up of Americans who had settled here but were returning to their own country. These numbered 22,232 in 1910, but in 1913 the number had increased to 54,497.

BECKER NAMED IN WILL.

Shares in Mother's Estate—His Address 354 Hunter St., Ossining.

Charles Becker, former police Lieutenant and convicted murderer of Herman Rosenthal, the gambler, is a beneficiary under the will of his mother, Mrs. Mary Becker, who died on Dec. 8. The will was filed for probate yesterday. Mrs. Becker was never told of her son's arrest and conviction in the Rosenthal case, but believed that he was in business on the Pacific Coast.

In Mrs. Becker's will, drawn up eleven months before she died, an estate of $3,500 is divided among her children and grandchildren, each child receiving one-ninth of the estate, and each grandchild one-eighteenth. The beneficiaries are Paul, Jackson, John, and Charles Becker, sons; Elizabeth Neuberger and Catherine Geulther, daughters; Edward and John Meyrauch, grandsons, and Laura and Mary Meyrauch, Mary Roberts, and Maud Shaw, granddaughters.

In the petition filed with the will Charles Becker's address is given as 354 Hunter Street, Ossining, N. Y.

BERING COAL FAILS IN TEST.

Navy Finds the Alaskan Product Useless for Its Purposes.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 14.—Coal taken from the Bering River field in Alaska and tried experimentally by the American Navy to determine its fitness for naval uses was a complete failure, according to testimony given before the House Committee on Naval Affairs today by Rear Admiral R. S. Griffin, chief of the Bureau of Steam Engineering of the Navy Department.

This coal was mined by a naval expedition last Summer and thoroughly tested both on board the cruiser Maryland and at the steam engineering laboratory at Annapolis. Chemically, the Bering River coal appeared to be better than the famous Pocahontas coal, but when the Alaskan coal was tested it failed utterly to give the anticipated results This was very disappointing to the officers of the navy, who felt that the results of these tests would have an important bearing upon the supply of coal for the navy in Pacific waters and upon the commercial supply of coal on the West Coast.

BERNHARDT IN THE LEGION.

Actress Decorated at Last—Players Give Her Diamond Cross.

PARIS, Jan. 14.—Sarah Bernhardt was decorated to-night with the Legion of Honor. Mme. Bernhardt had been nominated many times by various Ministers of Instruction, notably M. Briand, but the Chancery had always rejected the nomination for reasons not made public. It is understood that the same objections were opposed on the present occasion, only to be withdrawn on the direct intervention of President Poincaré.

The news of the honor accorded to Mme. Bernhardt caused great rejoicing in literary and artistic circles. Hundreds of telegrams of congratulation poured in on her from all parts of the world.

The members of her company gave her a cross set with brilliants.

PAY GAME LAW FINES.

Louis Sherry and William E. Corey Settle with Conservation Board.

ALBANY, N. Y., Jan. 14.—Louis Sherry, the New York restaurant man, and William E. Corey, formerly head of the Steel Trust, to-day settled with the Conservation Commission their fines for violation of the game law.

It was shown that Mr. Corey had in his possession in the closed season at the Metropolitan Club of New York eleven partridges and a quarter of venison. Possession of the birds cost him $150 and the venison $50.

Mr. Sherry paid $10 for possessing venison, from which the legal tag had been removed. His butcher pleaded ignorance of the law.

The Arbuckle Guest Coffee.
YUBAN—is the coffee which the members of the Arbuckle firm served their own guests.—Adv.

TEN MORE DEAD IN COLD WAVE

Mercury Reaches 5 Degrees Below Zero Before Drop Is Halted—Afterward 19 Above.

FIND AGED WOMAN FROZEN

Four Other Women Victims—Fires Drive Hundreds Scantily Clad Into the Streets.

CITY TO EMPLOY HOMELESS

Mayor Works Out Plan to Provide Work and Shelter—Ship Captains Tell of Bitter Cold at Sea.

Yesterday.			
12 mid.....	4 below	1 P. M....	14 above
1 A. M.....	4 below	2 P. M....	16 above
2 A. M.....	5 below	3 P. M....	17 above
3 A. M.....	8 below	4 P. M....	19 above
4 A. M.....	3 below	5 P. M....	18 above
5 A. M.....	3 below	6 P. M....	18 above
6 A. M.....	3 below	7 P. M....	15 above
7 A. M.....	2 below	8 P. M....	14 above
8 A. M.....	1 below	9 P. M....	13 above
9 A. M.....	0 below	10 P. M....	13 above
10 A. M.....	3 above	11 P. M....	13 above
11 A. M.....	6 above	12 mid.....	12 above
12 M.....	10 above		

To-day.

1 A. M....13 above | 2 A. M....15 above

It will be cloudy and a little warmer, the weather forecaster says, probably with local snow at night.

Eight more persons, four women and four men, died in New York City yesterday as a result of the bitter cold weather, and two names were added to the list of victims from nearby points in New Jersey. This brings the death toll in the greater city in the last two days to eleven and in the metropolitan district to fifteen.

The below zero weather that began at 7 o'clock Tuesday night continued until 9 o'clock yesterday morning. At 2 A. M. the mercury reached 5 degrees below, the lowest January register in the history of the Weather Bureau, with the single exception of Jan. 10, 1875, when the thermometers registered 6 degrees below.

After 9 o'clock yesterday morning, however, a moderation in the rigorous conditions that had prevailed became more and more pleasantly noticeable, and if the Weather Bureau has predicted correctly there will be no more weather of the below zero variety for at least several days to come. During the day the mercury climbed steadily, until at 4 P. M. it had reached 19 degrees above, but then with the approach of night it began to descend again, reaching 13 degrees at 9 o'clock last night, with a possibility of a still further decrease to 10 or 9 degrees above by this morning.

Great Rush for Food.

The suffering in the city and its environs still continues, and last night the rush for food and shelter on the part of the unfortunate was just as great as it had been for the two previous nights. At the municipal lodging house capacity was reached by 8 o'clock, and at 10 o'clock more than 1,000 homeless men, who had been unable to get accommodations in the city's big home for the homeless had been sent to the charities pier and the city steamboats, moored alongside it, for shelter. The Salvation Army, the New York Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor, the Bowery Mission, and many other institutions cared for perhaps 3,000 more persons who sought shelter of them.

The first of the deaths due to exposure reported to the police was that of Mrs. Mary Hickey, an octogenarian, who was found frozen in the airshaft of the tenement house at 168 East Eighty-sixth Street early yesterday morning. The old woman had occupied a small apartment on the second floor. She had been ill several days, and the police said that the evidence indicated that she had wandered into the basement and then into the airshaft while in a delirium. The body was found by the janitor when he went to the shaft to get an ash can.

The second death reported was that of Patrick Noonan, a carpenter, who lived over a saloon at 359 Broome

gan to move again he dropped into the arms of one of the passengers. The train was stopped and the man was removed, while a call was sent for an ambulance. Dr. Weinberg of Lebanon Hospital, who responded to the call, pronounced the man dead.

In the Kings County Hospital, and both near death, are Mrs. Henrietta Gennage, a widow, 70 years old, of 324 Broadway, Brooklyn, and her invalid son, Ernest, 45 years old. The mother and son were found in their poorly furnished apartment, both of them unconscious, in the morning. They had been without fuel or heat during all the zero weather, it was said.

Collapses While Seeking Job.

Minna Tolestrano, 19 years old, went to a factory building at Third Avenue and Third Street, Brooklyn, seeking work. There were many others also in line at 7 A. M. The girl was very weak from lack of proper nourishment and exposure to the cold. Suddenly after standing in line about an hour she fell unconscious to the street. She was taken to the Kings County Hospital in a serious condition.

Daniel Sando, 18 years old, of 310 East 107th Street was overcome while at his work at 129 West 101st Street. He was removed to the Knickerbocker Hospital, where he was found to be seriously affected by exposure.

William Hennessey, 63 years old, who lives at 236 West Sixty-fifth Street and is an attendant at Riverside Park, was overcome at Seventy-second Street and Riverside Park. An ambulance was called from the Polyclinic Hospital and the man taken there.

While on a shopping tour Mrs. Delia Tibbetts, 35 years old, of 403 East 135th Street, collapsed on the street opposite 346 East 125th Street. An ambulance was summoned from the Harlem Hospital, where the woman was attended by Dr. Keffelbaum.

Among the most severe cases reported was that of Sophie Nootschwisky, 64 years old, of 100 East 110th Street, who was overcome while on her way to work. An ambulance was called and she was afterward taken to her home.

The low temperature was indirectly the cause of another serious case reported to the police. Jacob Strauss, 42 years old, a street sweeper, of 435 East Ninth Street, while at work at Fourteenth Street and Avenue A, slipped on the icy street and was unable to get out of the way of a large automobile which struck him, causing a fractured skull. The injured man was taken to Bellevue Hospital.

35 Alarms of Fire.

Between midnight and noon yesterday thirty-five alarms of fire were sounded in Manhattan alone. At Fire Headquarters it was said that many of the fires were due to people trying to thaw out frozen water pipes by piling burning paper and other rubbish around them. Only one of the fires was of more than one alarm. Twelve of the alarms were turned in when the mercury was hovering around the 4 degree below mark.

One of the worst of the fires endangered the lives of more than 600 persons in the buildings at 103 and 105 Bowery. The fire was discovered in the rear of the restaurant, at 103 Bowery, a few minutes after 2 A. M. The lodgers were driven into the street, all of them scantily clad, and the suffering was intense. Several were taken to the feet. A second alarm was turned in before the firemen got the blaze under control. Doctors from Gouverneur and other hospitals in the district kept a close watch on the shivering crowd. None, however, was overcome so far as the police records show.

In another fire that was discovered in the cellar of the tenement house at 211 Eldridge Street, 300 tenants were driven into the street. This fire occurred at 7 A. M. The blaze was quickly extinguished, and the tenants were soon back in their flats trying to thaw out after their half hour's exposure to the bitter cold.

Fifteen families were routed out of the apartment house on the southeast corner of Sixty-first Street and Columbus Avenue at 4 A. M. This fire started in the basement, and was quickly put out after the firemen arrived.

At about the same time another fire started up the rear of the drug store on the ground floor of the Glendenning apartment hotel, at Amsterdam Avenue and 103d Street.

There are about 150 persons living in the Glendenning, and as a result of the excitement following the order to tenants to leave the building William J. Willett, a retired decorator, who lived on the third floor with his wife, suffered a hemorrhage of the brain. He died before medical aid could be summoned. The fire proved a stubborn one and did about $3,000 damage.

Despite the moderation in the temperature there was no considerable decrease in the number of men and women who appealed for shelter at the city and private charitable institutions. At midnight last night Superintendent Yorke of the Municipal Lodging House said that more than 1,800 persons had sought relief and that all had been cared for. Of this number thirty-three were women and eight little children.

City to Care for Homeless.

The cold wave that is now passing has brought home to the City Government the fact that it has a serious problem to solve in caring for the thousands of homeless persons who are rendered helpless in such weather as has prevailed during the last few days. Mayor Mitchel has taken up the matter and last night it was announced from the City Hall that a plan of co-operation between the city departments for the care of the homeless in bitter cold weather had been worked out. The announcement giving the details of this plan is as follows:

The Mayor this afternoon announced the first striking illustration of his plan for closer co-operation between the city departments. It is in connection with the care of the homeless men and women out of work who apply to the Municipal Lodging House for food and shelter. The heads of the Departments of Charities, Correction, Docks, Police, Fire, and Streets are all working together in a plan to provide for these homeless men and women who are out of work.

The Department of Charities is prepared to take care of 610 men and 40 women and children at its Municipal Lodging House, where these unfortunate people receive hot coffee, bread, and bean porridge, and a comfortable bed, and are given their breakfast of coffee, bread, oatmeal, and milk. The applications for shelter for men, however, have been exceeding the capacity of the lodging house at the rate of about 1,000 each night.

Commissioner McKay of the Police Department has co-operated by sending special officers to help take care of the overflow on the boats and in the waiting rooms of the Department of Charities, and also to see that the men are not disturbed in their sleep and their pockets are not picked by a few of the less thrifty. Last night Inspector Schmitzberger was on hand with some of his men, under orders of Police Commissioner McKay, to open up the station houses of the department if the overflow could not be cared for by the Charities Department, but this was unnecessary.

Arrangements have been made with Commissioner R. A. C. Smith of the Dock Department for the use of the recreation pier at the foot of East Twenty-fourth Street, and arrangements for inclosing this have been completed, and Commissioner Adamson of the Fire Department has worked out plans and given his personal approval for its heating. The Charities Department is installing equipment for heating and for feeding the men, and for the first time this overflow will be taken care of with beds instead of having to sleep on the floor with newspapers for mattresses, as in the past.

It is the rule of the Charities Department that men cannot be lodged more than three consecutive nights in any one month, but owing to the severity of the weather, Commissioner John A. Kingsbury of the Charities Department has made arrangements with Commissioner Featherson of the Street Cleaning Department so that men who are willing to work may be harbored for a longer period.

Work has been provided for these men through the co-operation of Commissioner Featherson of the Street Cleaning Department. Tickets were issued this morning and the men who had used the lodging house for more than three nights having these tickets were entitled to work on the streets for a period of three hours. These tickets when returned punched by the foreman of the Street Cleaning Department indicating that work had been performed entitle the holders to further meals and lodging. By this arrangement the Charities Department can furnish food and lodging to homeless men for more than three nights and during the time when the weather is so unusually severe.

Commissioner Kingsbury announced last night that he had completed arrangements with Dock Commissioner Smith to have the recreation pier at the foot of East Twenty-fourth Street fitted up for the accommodation of the homeless. Stoves are to be installed and sleeping arrangements sufficient for 1,000 persons will be provided for. The pier will be ready for use, it was said, by to-morrow night.

Liners Covered With Ice.

Three passenger liners arrived yesterday covered with ice and snow. In the rigging of each ship was a mass of icicles that reached as high aloft as the foretop and made the crow's nest look like a huge ball of ice. The decks were from three to six inches deep in frozen snow that had to be broken away with axes by the longshoremen before they could get to the hatches to hoist the baggage out of the hold.

Capt. Charles Polack of the North German Lloyd liner Kronprinzessin Cecilie, which was twenty-four hours late from Bremen and brought 306 first, 299 second, and 663 steerage passengers and mails, said that the blizzard he passed through on Tuesday was the worst he had ever experienced at sea.

"For fourteen hours," he said, "we had a blinding snowstorm, with a gale blowing at eighty miles, and it was impossible to see a ship's length ahead. There was a mountainous sea, with a heavy swell."

Capt. S. W. Plunkett of the Royal Mail Steam Packet Tagus, which came in from Southampton via the West Indies, with all gear on deck frozen, said that in the snow squalls the velocity of the wind reached ninety miles at time. Crossing the Gulf stream early Tuesday, morning the temperature of the air was 11 and that of the water 42, which caused a dense mist to form through which it was impossible to see even the funnels from the bridge, he averred.

Capt. Ernst J. Tarnow of the Hamburg-American steamer Prinz Joachim, which arrived from the tropics of the West Indies, glistening in the sun like a gigantic Christmas toy ship, said that he had never seen so cold before in his life. As he spoke to the reporters on the iceclad bridge deck his teeth chattered audibly.

MAKE CHARITY APPEALS.

Children's Aid Society and A. I. C. P. Busy with Relief Work.

Cornelius N. Bliss, President of the New York Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor, issued a statement yesterday in which he stated that the society had increased its emergency relief staff to meet the conditions due to the cold weather. Any person who knows of any family in real need may communicate with the society's bureau of Relief at 105 East Twenty-second Street. The telephone number is 348 Gramercy. The society is prepared to give immediate relief to any case of great suffering.

"We are receiving," said Mr. Bliss, "many appeals for coal and clothing and any help from the public supplying these necessities will be greatly appreciated. The association is receiving daily more than 100 applications for assistance, and at the present time has nearly 4,000 needy families in its care."

The Children's Aid Society issued an appeal for money and clothing for the 12,000 children attending the society's industrial schools, and also for the families of those children. Contributions for immediate relief may be sent to Edwin G. Merrill, Treasurer, 105 East Twenty-second Street.

FIND BODY INCASED IN ICE.

Engineer Thought to Have Fallen Through Frozen Reservoir.

Special to The New York Times.

PERTH AMBOY, N. J., Jan. 14.—The body of Andrew Miller, 23 years old, was found incased in ice late this afternoon shortly after the crew of the tug Tacony brought to shore the limp body of Charles Collins, a carpenter of 10 South Street, New York City, who was almost frozen to death while battling with the icy waves in Staten Island Sound. Collins was rushed to the Perth Amboy Hospital. He is in a precarious condition.

Skaters on the ice-covered reservoir near the Lehigh Valley docks discovered the body of Miller in the ice. Coroner James J. Flynn was called, and after a gang of boys with picks worked for nearly half an hour the body was taken from its frozen grave. Believing that others might have suffered the fate of Miller, Flynn had the two steam shovels of the company clear the reservoir of ice. No trace of any more bodies was found.

INVALID FROZEN TO DEATH.

Mother Who Nursed Her Brooks a Leg and House Fire Goes Out.

EAST ORANGE, N. J., Jan. 14.—Susan Jackson, 67 years old, a confirmed invalid, who lived with her mother, Mrs. Sarah B. Jackson, 85 years old, in a cottage at 18 Steuben Street, was found frozen to death to-day. The mother is in the Memorial Hospital in a precarious condition.

Susan Jackson suffered from dropsy and other ailments and had sat in the same invalid's chair for the last two years. She was absolutely helpless and her mother devoted most of her time to taking care of her. Last night Mrs. Jackson was in the kitchen when she tripped and fell. It is believed that one of her legs is broken. The kitchen fire went out and the little cottage became intensely cold.

The daughter appealed to her mother for help, but the older woman explained that she was unable to move. Both women joined in cries for help, but they were unheard, and the daughter sank steadily.

Two neighbors went to the cottage this afternoon to see how the aged women were getting along. They found the daughter dead in her chair, while the mother was lying in a semi-conscious condition on the kitchen floor.

GET SLAYER THROUGH COLD.

Cuban Who Killed Woman Forced to Seek Help from the Police.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, N. J., Jan. 14.—For the murder of his landlady yesterday, a murder provoked by the bitter cold, Andrew Rever, a Cuban, was arrested today, and his arrest was caused by the cold.

The slaying was done in the kitchen of Mrs. Kate Potts in Pennington when she tried to drive him from the stove, close to which he was seeking what little warmth there was in the house. After the shooting Rever escaped, but wandering abroad in such weather was torture, and, with his ears frozen, Rever went to the Central Police Station for help. They passed him on to the Mercer Hospital, where he was recognized as the man wanted for murder.

Stricken in Street, Dies.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, N. J., Jan. 14.—Having been found unconscious from the cold at Perry and Warren Streets early this morning, an unidentified man died in the Central Police Station this afternoon. He was well dressed and wore an emblem of the Loyal Order of Moose, but members of that organization here do not know him.

Homeless Man Freezes in Stable.

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTIC CITY, Jan. 14.—William Malone, 45 years old, was found dead in a stable at 127 North North Carolina Avenue to-day. Malone had been out of work and was homeless. Only a horse blanket protected him from cold in the stable. It is said the man has well-to-do relatives living in Philadelphia. Malone had frozen to death.

DIE FROM COLD IN PARIS.

Several Fatalities—Snow Stops Almost All Marseilles Traffic.

PARIS, Jan. 14.—Several deaths have occurred in Paris, and there is much suffering among the poor owing to the bitter weather.

The temperature dropped to 23 degrees Fahrenheit to-night, the lowest of the year. A piercing wind prevails, with occasional flurries of snow.

The Prefect of Paris is arranging to place large coke fires in the streets for the homeless, and is distributing food supplies and fuel to the needy.

In the south conditions are even more severe than in the north. Snow has fallen continuously for thirty-six hours, and is still falling at Marseilles, causing the suspension of all traffic, with the exception of a few street cars. Work along the waterfront is almost at a standstill.

Many towns and villages in the country are cut off.

Unprecedented Cold in Florence.

FLORENCE, Jan. 14.—The intense cold that prevails here has been accompanied by snow, the bitter weather being unprecedented. In the Apennines the snow is two feet deep. The tram and automobile services are interrupted.

Two Frozen to Death in Rochester.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Jan. 14.—Two frozen to death, one dying and a number of injuries and fires are the result of the cold wave here which continued to-day. The cold also caused Amillio Molinon to attempt suicide by shooting. He may die.

Don't hamper your thoughts with a scratchy pencil. The uniform lead of the KOH-I-NOOR writes with an easy thought-coaxing glide. 17 variations of lead; also Copying. Get them by the box.—Adv.

SIEGEL DEPOSITORS GET ASSURANCES

Hear They Will Soon Receive a Substantial Sum and Security for Balance.

MEETINGS TO ARRANGE IT

Senate Committee Lets Siegel Go Without Testifying—Bankers Appeal to Friends and Relatives.

Depositors in the failed private bank of Henry Siegel & Co. saw their first chance of recovery late yesterday afternoon when steps were taken for reorganization and for settling the claims of the bank's depositors immediately. At the instance of the mercantile creditors a conference was called at the office of Pierre Jay, Vice President of the Bank of Manhattan and Chairman of the Committee of Mercantile and Bank Creditors of the Siegel corporations.

Present at this meeting were the lawyers for practically all the interests concerned and Henry Siegel himself.

Beyond expressing the conviction that daylight was beginning to glimmer on the horizon, those present at the conference refused last night to discuss what had taken place there. This, however, was told in a statement issued later in the evening by P. J. Munch, Chairman of the Committee of Ten appointed by the depositors. Mr. Munch said:

> The meeting was held to determine what arrangement agreeable to the Chairman of the Depositors' Committee can be made for the payment of a substantial sum to depositors and when. Another meeting will be held within a week to determine what amount shall be paid and when and to arrange for security for the payment of the balance to the depositors.

Mr. Munch added that the Depositors' Committee of Ten would meet at Coudert Brothers' office to-morrow to fix the terms of the arrangement in question. A report of the present situation will be made at 2 o'clock this afternoon to a meeting of the depositors in the temporary quarters of the Siegel bank at 43 West Thirteenth Street, at which as many depositors as possible are urged to be present.

The first intimation of a turn for the better was given yesterday morning at the hearing into the Siegel bank failure by the Senate Committee on Banks and Banking in the Aldermanic Chamber of the City Hall. Henry Siegel and Frank Siegel, copartners of the bank, and others connected with it and the Siegel corporations in control had been subpoenaed to attend the hearing. Mr. Siegel was present, and so was Oscar Prall, Treasurer of the Fourteenth Street Store. Mr. Vogel, it was explained, was in Chicago. Both he and Mr. Siegel, however, were represented by John B. Stanchfield.

Give Siegel More Time.

After Daniel P. Hays, counsel for the Senate Committee, had examined Henry Melville, receiver of the failed bank, bringing out the bank's procedure of receiving deposits and paying out cash on withdrawal slips to depositors, Henry Siegel was called. Mr. Stanchfield arose for his client. He suggested that any examiantion of Mr. Siegel or the other principals in the case of the bank be suspended for a while, inasmuch as all their efforts were required to reorganize the various concerns and branches under them.

"I am quite as keen as the Chairman of the committee, and I express the heartfelt desire both of Mr. Siegel and Mr. Vogel when I say that these 15,000 depositors of the bank should be paid their deposits," he said. "All legal representatives of the various creditors and depositors are being taken into the confidence of Mr. Siegel with the purpose of reorganizing the various enterprises.

"Your committee may appoint any one to represent you, and I am willing to stipulate that he shall be invited to attend and keep in touch with any conference to be held at any time between Messrs. Siegel and Vogel and their creditors. On this understanding, I ask a suspension of these proceedings as far as Messrs. Siegel and Vogel or any of their employes are concerned."

Daniel P. Hays once more acted as counsel for the Senate Committee, and so did Chairman Pollock, suggesting that Mr. Hays be invited to attend the conferences mentioned by Mr. Stanchfield, as the committee's representative.

Figures Are Kept Secret.

William A. Marble, receiver for the Siegel stores, was then called to testify concerning the assets and liabilities of those, inasmuch as that would largely determine the value of the 34,605 shares of the Siegel Stores Corporation Stock, which is the chief collateral security protecting the depositors of the failed bank. Mr. Marble explained that his accountants had had time to go over only the Fourteenth Street Store and Simpson Crawford Company as yet, and that the figures reported in those cases were only tentative. He handed the Chairman of the committee a copy of the sheets showing the assets and liabilities of those two stores, but requested that the information therein contained might be kept private. Senator Pollock agreed to keep it so.

Asked whether there was any prospect of a reorganization of the Siegel enterprises Mr. Marble said:

"So we are told by the creditors' committee. Our duties as receivers are to keep these stores active and alive. By doing that there is apparently a possibility of the creditors reorganizing the stores."

J. P. Munch, Chairman of the Depositors' Committee, was the next witness. He testified that he had been a depositor in the Siegel bank ever since 1908. At that time, he said, he saw in the Siegel bank a glass sign bearing the words: "Members of the American Banking Association."

Mr. Munch said he had spoken to between 3,000 and 4,000 depositors of the bank since its failure, and only one of them, a woman, had told him they thought they had been dealing with a savings bank protected by law. Phil Gross, another depositor, testified that he, too, had labored under the wrong impression that the bank was protected by State law.

Mr. Munch told the committee he had had an interview with Henry Siegel that morning.

"I told him that many of the larger depositors thought they would give him more time if he could prove that he could reorganize. He told me he would be glad to do it, and that as soon as he reorganizes he would pay the depositors something and guarantee to give them the rest as the stores progress. I suggested that he give some written statement to that effect."

This statement was given out by Mr. Siegel's lawyers, Stanchfield & Levy, as a letter to Mr. Munch later in the day. It will be read to the meeting of the depositors this afternoon. The letter said:

> J. Philip Munch, Esq., Chairman Depositors' Committee, 326 Avenue O, Brooklyn, N. Y.
>
> Dear Sir: In reply to your request as to the plans of Messrs. Siegel & Co. for the relief of their depositors, we would say on their behalf that every possible effort is being made toward that end. All of the attorneys representing each of the numerous classes of creditors are most anxious to reach this result. We are working steadily to ascertain the exact financial status of each store and of the firm and to bring all merchandise creditors into an extension agreement under which the stores may be reorganized, and especially to secure moneys from relatives and friends that will provide a substantial cash payment to depositors and improve the security for the payment of the balance.
>
> We are, however, being greatly impeded by the number of proceedings now pending. This reorganization work demands all the time and attention of our clients, as well as the attorneys.
>
> The results will be delayed and perhaps entirely frustrated if we must go through long examinations and legal proceedings, for we cannot attend to these matters without abandoning our work on the reorganization.
>
> Mr. Siegel and Mr. Vogel desire only the chance to work for their creditors, especially the depositors. If they are given the opportunity they will devote themselves entirely to this task, and will work harder for these depositors than they have ever worked for themselves. They are unwilling to allow the depositors to suffer any loss if only they be given the opportunity and assistance of the creditors and courts to prevent it.
>
> We shall endeavor to keep your attorneys informed of our plans and progress, and we trust that your committee may be able to impress on all depositors the great importance of their patient co-operation. Yours very truly, STANCHFIELD & LEVY.

It was learned yesterday that one of the reasons for the sojourn of Frank E. Vogel, one of the partners of the failed bank, in Chicago, was to raise money among the friends and relatives of himself and Mr. Siegel there. Mr. Vogel is a brother-in-law of the late Nelson Morris of Chicago. Besides the relatives and friends of the two partners, it was said substantial help would be rendered by the mercantile creditors themselves to meet the claims of the bank depositors.

It was said yesterday that no further developments had taken place in the District Attorney's office in the Siegel case.

WALL STREET BANKS TO AID.

Senate Committee Issues Many Subpoenas in Investigation.

The State Senate Committee on Banks and Banking, appointed to investigate the subject of private banking with a view to remedial legislation as a result of the conditions disclosed in the failure of the private banking firm of Henry Siegel & Co., shifted at its session in the City Hall yesterday from consideration of the Siegel bank into a broader and more comprehensive investigation of the entire field of private banking throughout the city and State.

When the committee adjourned its session yesterday afternoon, its Chairman, Senator H. W. Pollock, announced that subpoenaes would be served on the following private bankers, to appear and testify when the committee resumes its sessions to-morrow morning: Jacob Glupak, representing the bank in Gimbel Brothers department store; J. B. Greenhut of the Greenhut-Siegel Cooper Company; Percy Straus of R. H. Macy & Co., Samuel J. Bloomingdale of Bloomingdale Brothers, William H. Porter of J. P. Morgan & Co., James Speyer of Speyer & Co., Jacob H. Schiff or Paul M. Warburg of Kuhn, Loeb & Co., Henry Seligman of J. & W. Seligman & Co., S. Jarmulowsky, E. Kass, and many east side bankers.

Senator Pollock said that most of those named he had reason to believe were eager to enlighten the committee on their methods of business. He added that although the Van Tuyl Banking Committee and its sub-committee on private banking has been studying the subject in question for some time and is expected to render a report next week, it was deemed wise to let the present committee take up the investigation at this point, since it, unlike the Van Tuyl committee, could examine witnesses under oath. The Van Tuyl committee, before which some of the leading private bankers have already appeared, will, it is understood, recommend transferring jurisdiction over private banks to the State Banking Department instead of the State Controller.

As a matter of fact, Senator Pollock said, there was at present not even real supervision over such banks vested in the State Controller, for by filing a bond ranging from $10,000 to $100,000 in the discretion of the Controller such banks and bankers under the General Business law became exempt from all further control, and are not even required to file with the Controller from time to time a report of their assets and liabilities, the number of their depositors, or any other facts concerning their business.

SAFEGUARD FOR CLERKS.

Insurance Department to Watch Mutual Aid Societies.

Attorney General Carmody has determined to begin proceedings for the dissolution of the charter of the Mutual Benefit Society attached to the store of Kesner & Co., prior to the dissolution of the firm, in order that the employes may get the money which they had contributed to the fund.

The Insurance Department determined to make an investigation of the conduct and methods of management of the various mutual aid associations maintained by the several department stores of the city. The work was assigned by Deputy Supt. Hoey to Chief Examiner Conway, who specifically inquired into the method of collecting dues and assessments on their investment, the segregation of accounts and funds, the percentage of expenses and the legal interest which members had in the balances. It was found that the associations in all the stores were doing a philanthropic work of great scope and merit, and at a minimum cost to the persons concerned in them. These associations have been aided by the firms, and their work was supplemented frequently at the expense of the firms. Some of the stores maintained their own medical staff for the benefit of the employes, and prescriptions were filled free at the drug department of the store.

Some criticism was made, however, of the manner of investing the funds in certain cases where they have been mixed with the accounts of the firm. In other cases the constitution of the association makes no provision for the vesting of the funds in the event of the firm's failure. Treasurers are rarely bonded, and the treasurer in some cases is the store itself. It was recommended that the constitutions should in each case be approved by the Superintendent of Insurance, and that the law be amended to give protection in the very small percentage of cases where abuses are now likely to creep in.

SCOTT GREAT REPORTER.

Explorer's Dying Words Epitomize Journalism, Says F. Matthews.

ITHACA, N. Y., Jan. 14.—In a lecture on "The Citizen and the Press" at Cornell University to-day Franklin Matthews of the teaching staff of the Columbia University School of Journalism characterized Capt. Robert F. Scott, who lost his life in his antarctic polar expedition, as the "foremost reporter of modern times."

Scott, said the speaker, was born and lived and died a reporter, although Scott and the world never realized it. Scott's memory deserved from England as "high a monument as Nelson's," he declared. Mr. Matthews quoted Scott's dying words, "These rough notes and our dead bodies must tell the tale," as a true epitome of the spirit of modern journalism.

LEADERS ACCEPT WILSON TRUST PLAN

Continued from Page 1.

the court decrees dissolving the Tobacco Trust had been ineffective.

The board is to have power to undertake such inquiries of its own initiative. Generally, it will work in harmony and co-operate with the Department of Justice. In large measure, as the Attorney General seeks to punish corporations that do not obey the law, the board will endeavor to persuade such corporations to be good, and thus escape an application of the punitive power of the Department of Justice exercised through the courts.

To Address Congress Next Week.

While it was the expectation of those directly concerned that the President would deliver his address to Congress Monday or Tuesday, no definite date for his appearance at the Capitol has been fixed. Much will depend on the progress made with the measures intended to carry his ideas into effect.

Tentative drafts of these bills have been prepared, but it was not decided today whether they should all be embodied in one bill or divided among several bills. It is also to be determined whether the bills shall be amendatory of the Sherman anti-trust law or supplementary to it, or both. President Wilson, however, has expressed the conviction that the Sherman law should be allowed to remain intact, and it is likely that his wish will be followed.

It was made clear to-day that the new legislation should be directed exclusively by the Democratic Party. Republican members of the committees concerned will not be consulted. The Democratic leaders believe that the party will obtain much credit from the new trust legislation, and they are unwilling to share its enactment with their Republican associates in Congress.

The experiment of letting Republican members of the Senate Committee on Banking and Currency participate in the preparation of the amended Currency bill enacted did not turn out happily from the Administration's viewpoint, and it is not to be repeated in the disposition of the anti-trust bill or bills.

Only One "BROMO QUININE."
That is LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE. Look for the signature of E. W. Grove on every box. For Colds, Coughs, La Grippe. 25c.—Adv.

U. S. TO CONSERVE RADIUM DEPOSITS

Secretary Lane Asserts That It Is to be One of the Policies of the Administration.

HAS DR. H. A. KELLY LECTURE

Baltimore Physician Talks to Fifty Members of Senate and House on Radium Situation.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 14.—That it would be the policy of the Wilson Administration to segregate its public lands containing carnotite, pitchblende, and other radium-bearing ores, not only in the interest of humanity, but to prevent such radium wealth as the public domain might contain from being monopolized by private interests, was emphasized to-day by Secretary Lane of the Interior Department.

This emphasis was shown in two ways. First, during a private lecture by Dr. Howard A. Kelly, the radium expert and philanthropist of Baltimore, in the office of Secretary Lane, and, secondly, by the action of the Secretary in sending a letter to Gov. Elias M. Ammons of Colorado repudiating the allegation that the Federal Government in its contemplated legislation respecting radium had any desire to rob Colorado of its mine radium wells.

In his lectures Dr. Kelly emphasized the importance of preventing the radium wealth of the country from falling into the hands of monopolists who might take advantage of its scarcity to raise the price to almost prohibitive figures.

In his letter to the Governor of Colorado Secretary Lane also asserted that the purpose of the Government in urging the passage of the Foster joint resolution for the withdrawal of public lands containing radium is to prevent monopoly and to develop as large a supply of radium as is possible under government auspices so that it may have the widest use in the hospitals of the country.

Dr. Kelly lectured before fifty members of Congress, by invitation of Secretary Lane.

Those invited were the members of the Senate and House Committees on Mines and Mining and Public Lands. These are the four committees directly responsible for the primary consideration of the legislation. Dr. Joseph A. Holmes of the United States Bureau of Mines and Prof. Parsons, its radium expert, also were present.

The newspaper men were not invited and none was present. This was because Dr. Kelly did not care to have it appear that he was in any way seeking self-advertisement. Nor did Dr. Kelly wish to appear unethical to the committee in Baltimore, representing its oldest medical society, which has been discouraging the discussion by surgeons of their medical cases.

Dr. Kelly's lecture was primarily intended to fully acquaint the members of the Senate and House, who are soon to consider the Foster and Ferris Radium bills, as to the various elements entering what has been described by the Government scientists as the "American radium situation." It was supplemented by short talks by Secretary Lane and Drs. Holmes and Parsons on the extent of the known deposits of carnotite in Colorado and Utah.

Dr. Kelly gave a scientific narration of the history, qualities, and properties of radium, and with the aid of stereopticon pictures of cancer cases he had been treating, demonstrated some of the things that could be done with this new element. Dr. Kelly spoke of radium as the miracle of science, and indicated his belief that it was a sure cure for ordinary skin cancers. He showed many pictures of such cures he had himself made.

As to its ultimate possibilities in cancer treatment Dr. Kelly said this remained to be unfolded by the future. The greatest difficulty now was in obtaining enough radium to properly treat the more malignant forms of cancer. Dr. Kelly said he would like to have from twelve to fifteen grams of radium. It was now worth $120 a milligram, or $120,000 a gram. At this price it would cost $1,440,000 to obtain the quantity he would like to own. But Dr. Kelly told the members of the two Congressional committees that, although he had been trying to buy more radium, it could not be obtained in the world's market.

In a reference to the case of Congressman Bremner of New Jersey, a personal friend of the latter, who has been receiving the radium treatment in Dr. Kelley's hospital in Baltimore, Dr. Kelly said he would accomplish much better results, he was confident in that case, if he could only obtain more radium. It was made plain in connection with Dr. Kelly's lecture that he was interested in radium primarily as a philanthropist, and was not seeking to make any money out of his treatments. Any income he received from radium treatment, he said, is not being used for his private purposes, but was being put back into the cause of humanity.

Then Dr. Kelly told the Congressional committees he favored the Foster bill, which had been drafted by Secretary Lane's experts, and a the thought the Federal Government should do everything within its power, and do it at once, to take over the control of ore radium bearing ores on the public lands, and the extraction of the radium from them. He thought this should be done for the benefit of the whole Nation, so that the Government would see that the radium was distributed where it would do the most good

Unless this was done, Dr. Kelly said, it would fall into the hands of private individuals who would surely monopolize the output and raise the price. The price had been going up rapidly, Dr. Kelly told the Congressmen.

The letter that Secretary Lane sent today to Gov. Ammons of Colorado was in reply to a statement just made by the Governor to the effect that it seemed that the Federal Government wanted to gobble up every precious mineral deposit in that State. The Governor spoke of about 14,000,000 acres of Colorado land being withdrawn from entry.

Secretary Lane told the Governor these figures were wrong, that 5,000,000 acres represented what had been withdrawn under existing laws, but that included no radium lands. Secretary Lane also told the Governor that the whole purpose of the Government was to obtain and retain control over such public lands as would be necessary to obtain the radium in those lands.

The Secretary denied that the Government wished to tie up any of these lands, but was insistent upon withdrawing such lands as were necessary to obtain radium for the use of the nation and preventing its being monopolized.

PASTOR OPPOSED DANCING.

The Rev. Mr. Bullard Says Cliques Forced His Resignation.

Special to The New York Times.

EAST ORANGE, N. J., Jan. 14.—Following a long squabble that ended in his open protest against the introduction of dancing into the parish house and the use of lottering to raise money for the young people's activities, the Rev. Charles B. Bullard has resigned from the pastorate of the Elmwood Presbyterian Church here and declined to reconsider his resignation.

"Because I refused to be muzzled in my denunciation of such sins as gambling and dancing I was lied against," said the minister in explaining his resignation.

It was not, he said, because of his advancing years.

"The real reason why the pews of Elmwood Church are not better filled is to be found in the wranglings and jealousies of ambitious cliques," he added.

CITY BREVITIES.

There was not a quorum at the meeting of the Equal Franchise Society yesterday at its headquarters, 8 East Thirty-seventh Street, where the election of officers was to have taken place, and another meeting has been called for Friday, Jan. 23, at 2:30 P. M.

The managers of the Chemical and Drug Exposition, which will occupy Madison Square Garden next week, have set aside a dance floor for use both afternoons and evenings.

SLAPPED, HE ARRESTED HER

Headen Was Called Annoyer, but Mrs. Read Was Found Guilty.

Complaining that she had "humiliated" him by slapping him in the face, William H. Headen of 406 East 17th Street, Flatbush, followed a woman passenger out of the subway at 18th Street yesterday, caused her arrest on a charge of disorderly conduct and so pressed the complaint in Essex Market Court that she was found guilty. Magistrate Harris suspended sentence.

The woman said she was Mrs. Alice Read, and gave her address as 748 Sterling Place. A woman of that name lived at that apartment house until a few weeks ago.

"There were many empty seats," Mrs. Read testified, "but he simply wanted to sit beside me. At first I paid no attention to him, but when he persisted in his annoyance I told him, 'You have insulted me. If you don't stop I'll slap you.' He only laughed, and I slapped him in the face. 'If you persist I'll slap you again,' I said. He laughed and said, 'Oh, you will, will you?' I said, 'Yes, I will,' and I slapped him again, knocking his hat off."

In his defense, Headen said he had been jammed against Mrs. Read because the car was crowded.

TO LET TRAVELERS VOTE.

Assemblyman Eisner Preparing a Bill for Salesmen and Others.

Discussion of "votes for salesmen" dominated the semi-annual meeting of the Associated Traveling Salesmen of New York, at the Hotel Marseilie. It was announced by Assemblyman Mark Eisner of the Seventeenth Assembly District, that he would soon put before the State Legislature a bill which provides that salesmen living in this State may cast their votes in any city, State, or national election wherever they are at the time of election. This bill is said to follow a suggestion made by Champ Clark. It was pointed out that there was a measure now in effect in Kansas whereby Kansans are allowed to participate in State elections when away from home. The bill will be put before the officials of the organization for discussion on Dec. 24.

W. R. Corwine, Secretary of the Clothiers' Association of New York, also spoke on the subject. He said that in civil war times nearly 200,000 soldiers were enabled to participate in the second election of Lincoln, while in the field, and asked if these soldiers were any better qualified to vote than the salesmen or the soldiers and sailors of to-day. It was also brought out at the meeting that there were 600,000 salesmen in this country who lose their right to vote because business took them to districts at election time. Beside these men, it was said that several thousand actors, railroad men, postal clerks, and other workers were also deprived of their right to vote for the same reason.

BANKER PRAISES WILSON.

New Currency Law Topic of Speech at Piano Men's Dinner.

Speaking at a dinner of the National Association of Piano Manufacturers and merchants in America, held at the Murray Hill Hotel last night, Newton D. Alling, Vice President of the National Nassau Bank, predicted that the new currency law would remove the panic that now paralyzes our commercial and financial life of which we have been complaining for the past quarter of a century." Mr. Alling described the operation of the law as he thought it would affect the piano industry, and at the close of his remarks paid a tribute to the wisdom of President Wilson.

"There will come a time when bankers in this country, big and little, will rejoice that there is a man in the White House with the understanding and the determination to see the bill through at this critical juncture," he said. "The new banking and currency law will have a beneficial effect on industries and banking, while the removal of an unsafe reserve-carrying system will commend itself to every banker and business man in this country."

W. G. PAYNE GIVES WARNING

He Bids Merchants Beware of Man Calling Himself R. D. Payne.

The police and the Pinkertons have been asked to look for a man passing himself off as Ralph D. Payne, brother of William Garnett Payne, a real estate and insurance broker at 150 Broadway, who, by these representations, has managed to cash a string of bogus checks stamped with bogus certifications. The sufferers have been merchants along Broadway, druggists, haberdashers, and the like.

Mr. Payne, who has no brother Ralph, has made the complaint to the police, and the Fifth Avenue Bank and the Columbia-Knickerbocker Trust Company have put the Pinkertons to work. The checks drawn to "Ralph D. Payne" have been in amounts ranging from $30 to $50, and have been cashed in making small purchases. The man who has been passing these off on the obliging stores has shown a business card with "Representing William Garnett Payne" printed in the corner.

MISS SIEBRECHT WEDS.

Florist's Daughter Becomes the Bride of Dr. Louis M. Bull.

Gertrude Marie Louise Acker Siebrecht, the 17-year-old daughter of Henry A. Siebrecht, Jr., the wholesale florist, was married on Monday to Dr. Louis Meyer Bull, son of Dr. Titus Bull of 430 West 116th Street.

The bride was a student at the Centenary Collegiate Institute at Hackettstown, N. J., and the bridegroom was graduated from Columbia University last year. The young couple returned to this city yesterday.

JOHN FOX RECOVERING.

He Has Been Ill of Pneumonia and Is Now Past the Crisis.

John Fox, former President of the Democratic Club, now the National Democratic Club, is recovering from an attack of pneumonia at his home, 10 East Fiftieth Street.

Mr. Fox became ill two weeks ago and has passed through the crisis of the malady. He is not yet out of danger, though progressing.

RIGGS ARMOR ALL HERE.

Prof. Dean Says Collection Will Soon Be Set Up.

Prof. Bashford Dean, Curator of the Metropolitan Museum of Art, who arrived yesterday from Europe on the Kronprinzessin Cecilie, said that the entire Riggs collection of armor had been shipped in 100 cases to New York. The last shipment of ten cases arrived here a few days ago, he said.

With regard to the arrangement and classification

TRANSATLANTIC WIRELESS AND CABLE DISPATCHES TO THE TIMES

MEXICAN CRISIS A WILSON SUCCESS

Default in Interest Is Taken as Proof of Effective Financial Blockade.

BANK HOLIDAYS EXTENDED

Rebels Capture $50,000 in Pay Car —Interoceanic Railway Cancels Regular Train.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MEXICO CITY, Jan. 14.—President Huerta has issued a decree extending the bank holidays until March 1, and providing that the Finance Department may withdraw the privilege from any bank abusing it to the extent of inconveniencing merchants and making ordinary business transactions difficult.

Another decree establishes a tax of 1 per cent. on all capital invested in mortgages. It is payable in internal revenue stamps, and a fine of thrice the amount is provided for default. There has been no tax on capital invested in mortgages up to the present time.

A rumor which cannot be confirmed, since bankers refuse to talk, was current this afternoon that the Clearing House had refused to accept the notes of the Bank of London and Mexico. This caused a sensation in the local market. It is reported that the manager of the bank notified the Government that the institution would not open its doors unless an extension of the holidays was granted. During the holidays the bank has positively refused to transact any banking business, although it has cashed checks not exceeding $100, even refusing to make transfers of cash between persons carrying accounts.

Diplomatic circles heard to-day that President Huerta was preparing to issue bonds of small denominations, payable when the country should have been pacified, and meanwhile bearing interest at 6 per cent. These, it is said, will be issued in return for forced loans throughout the country, to be levied upon landowners and merchants. It was also reported that a decree confiscating the property of rebels was already drawn up, awaiting Huerta's signature.

The decree suspending the payment of interest on the national debt is generally taken as meaning that the crisis of the Huerta régime has arrived, and that the Wilson policy has succeeded. Both the supporters of this policy and its hostile critics admit that Washington has been able to establish a financial blockade. It is believed, however, that if there is no actual blockade of Mexican ports by American warships, or anything stronger than mere protests from European diplomats, President Huerta may continue in power for some time to come, since the customs will enable him to obtain sufficient funds to continue with the exercise of some economies.

Several of the foreign Ministers are supposed to have registered protests against the decree. Reports are to the effect that they were informed that President Huerta had taken this action because the Wilson blockade made it impossible for him to get funds, and greatly hampered the work of pacification, in short, that Washington was responsible for his action. It is understood that Señor Moheno suggested that President Wilson was now injuring the Ministers' nationals, and it was for them to take the matter up with Washington to bring about the lifting of the financial embargo and enable President Huerta to float a loan.

Mexicans generally do not believe that the Washington Government would allow European powers to take possession of the custom houses while the United States itself was taking no action except that of registering protests.

The recommendations of Gen. Wood to Secretary Garrison for an increase of the United State Army caused considerable comment here to-day, although the Mexican papers did not publish the report. Diplomats generally consider this as meaning that Washington at least intends to be prepared in case it is forced to take action here.

The continuance of attacks upon the Vera Cruz railway line is regarded as ominous, as indicating small uprisings in the southern part of the republic, which has been quiet hitherto.

The presence of rebels in the neighborhood of Oriental is regarded as significant, since it commands two railway lines which cross near there, as well as a fertile valley with strong positions in the neighboring mountains.

There is a persistent, but unconfirmable report that the Federal forces deserted Torreon several days ago, Gen. Refugio Valesco, commanding them, having committed suicide. This report was current some time ago, and was denied by the War Department; but it seems to be confirmed by the stories of passengers arriving here from Torreon.

There have been no developments in the international situation since the conference between John Lind and Nelson O'Shaughnessy, although diplomats say that they are to be expected at any time. Persons well acquainted with the situation say that Mr. Lind would not have returned to Mexico unless he had obtained some concessions from President Wilson.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 14.—Formal notice received from the City of Mexico to-day through Nelson O'Shaughnessy, the American Chargé, that the suspension of the payment of interest on the Mexican national debt covers a period of six months only, was not regarded here as conveying much encouragement to the holders of Mexican bonds. State Department officials do not doubt that if the revolution is still in progress at the end of that period there will be another default for the same reason that brought about the present suspension.

Mutterings of discontent among European bondholders, it was suggested today, gave warning of a renewal of pressure from the European Governments upon the United States to take some decided action to safeguard the interests of their subjects in Mexico. At one of the embassies it was stated that it was quite out of the question for any of the European powers, either individually or collectively, to intervene in Mexico now that they had practically, if not formally, confided to the United States the protection of those interests, but that it was assumed that the United States would take notice of the patent distress of European bondholders.

Some Administration officials are disposed to believe that Gen. Huerta has deliberately held up these interest payments with the purpose of forcing intervention, if possible. In their view the Provisional President, alarmed at the successes of the Constitutionalists, prefers yielding to the United States Government as an intervener and thereby martyrizing himself in the eyes of the Mexican people to surrendering the reins of power to the men who have sworn to hang him as a traitor.

Secretary Bryan spent an hour in conference with President Wilson to-day, a considerable part of the time being given to a discussion of the situation in Mexico. There were, however, no indications of any change in policy as a result of this conference.

THINKS HUERTA BETTER OFF.

London Daily Mail Says Defaults "Strengthen His Position.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Thursday, Jan. 15.—The Daily Mail, in an editorial under the caption "The Mexican Muddle," referring to the suspension of service of the foreign and internal bonded debt, expresses the opinion that President Huerta, with the money thus saved and with the resumption by the Government of full control of the customs revenue, is manifestly in a better position to carry on his struggle.

After pointing out that none of President Wilson's demands upon President Huerta, made last August, has been met, The Daily Mail concludes:

"Sooner or later, we fear, President Wilson will have to face the alternative of either allowing the Mexicans to solve their own crisis in their own way, or of solving it for them by force of American arms."

BONDS SLUMP IN GERMANY.

4 Per Cents. Drop 6½ Points—Bank Shares Down in Paris.

BERLIN, Jan. 14.—The suspension of interest payments on the national debts by the Mexican Government caused heavy falls in Mexican bonds on the Boerse here to-day. Four percents led with a drop of 6½.

The newspapers express the opinion that the situation calls for intervention by the European powers.

PARIS, Jan. 14.—Mexican National Bank shares, which closed yesterday at 493 francs, fell on the Bourse to-day to 470 francs on the news of the suspension of interest payments by the Mexican Government, the shares then recovered, closing at 483 francs. There were no transactions in Mexican 4 per cents.

VILLA FORBIDS EXECUTIONS.

To End Promiscuous Killing of Captives—Refugees on the March.

PRESIDIO, Texas, Jan. 14.—Ojinaga is guarded now only by a few rebels. All the dead have been buried, and the wounded have been removed to the American side.

The fact that there were no executions by the rebels after the Federals retreated was due to an order issued by Gen. Villa that only volunteers in the Huerta army should be summarily put to death. No volunteers were captured. Gen. Villa says that henceforth promiscuous shooting of prisoners must cease.

When informed to-day that the War Department at Mexico City would request the United States to return to Mexico all the Mexican soldiers who were driven into this country by the rebels at Ojinaga, Mexico, Gen. Salvador Mercado said:

"We are in the hands of the United States. It never was our purpose to retreat to this country for safety and then return to fight again as soon as we had been fed. I ordered our soldiers to cross the river on the grounds of humanity. We had no ammunition with which to fight. A thousand women and children were among us. To have remained in Ojinaga would have meant massacre. What the United States will do with us I don't know, but I shall be glad to conform to the wishes of my own Government. I and my men are still soldiers."

REBELS CAPTURE A PAY CAR.

Get $50,000 by the Exploit—Later Seize Oriental Station.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

VERA CRUZ, Jan. 14.—The rebel activity in this State and Puebla is growing daily. This morning a rebel band captured a pay car on the Inter-Oceanic Railway, making a haul of $50,000. Later they captured the important Oriental station with large supplies of war material.

The financial conditions here are serious. The Central Government is making forced loans from all banking institutions. The Mercantile Bank has received a demand to deliver 2,000,000 pesos. The Directors met to-day to consider the matter.

The United States battleship Georgia has arrived.

MEXICO CITY, Jan. 14.—Following the rebel capture to-day of a train on the main line of the Inter-Oceanic Railway, the regular train from Mexico City to Vera Cruz was not sent out to-night, the management thinking it would not be wise.

The train was attacked while standing at a station. The Federal guard was outnumbered, and lost four men. The rebels are believed to have been under command of Nestor Barrera, a leader, who has been operating several weeks around Teziutlan.

BLANQUET WANTS PRISONERS.

Says He Will Ask Washington to Return Ojinaga Refugees.

MEXICO CITY, Jan. 14.—A formal request for the return to Mexico of Gen. Salvador Mercado, who commanded the Federal troops at Ojinaga, together with his comrades who crossed into American territory, is to be made to the United States Government by Gen. Aureliano Blanquet, Mexican Minister of War, according to an announcement made by him to-day.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 14.—To grant the request of Gen. Blanquet for the return to Mexico of Gen. Mercado and the Federal troops who crossed to Texas from Ojinaga, officials pointed out today, would violate the neutrality laws.

REBELS SURRENDER FUGITIVE.

Sonora Officials Deport American Accused of Cattle Stealing.

NOGALES, Ariz., Jan. 14.—Northern Mexico under rebel rule is not to become a refuge for American fugitives from justice. Frank E. Rich, former manager of a dairy near Phoenix, Ariz., was deported across the boundary here to-day by Sonora State officials and arrested by Sheriff Adamson on the charge of cattle stealing. Four alleged accomplices of Rich are under arrest.

It is charged that they stole a large band of thoroughbred stock, which they were planning to ship into Mexico to sell to the Constitutionalist forces.

HER INCOME TO SUFFRAGE.

Dr. Ethel Smyth Wills It to Militants Till Victory Is Won.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Jan. 14.—Dr. Ethel Smyth, the well-known composer, who is a militant suffragist, announces that she has reframed her will so that the interest on the money she leaves may go to the funds of the Woman's Social and Political Union until the franchise has been extended to women.

"After my death and for so long as either Mrs. or Miss Pankhurst is alive to shape our policy" she says, "the interest on the capital will be paid into the coffers of the union. Once votes for women, no matter on what basis, are securely on the statute books, the money reverts to the original legatees."

ADVERTISES FOR RECRUITS.

British War Office Also Uses "Movies" and Other New Methods.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Thursday, Jan. 15.—The War Office makes its first serious attempt to present the attractions and advantages of soldiering as a calling for young men by means of a full-page advertisement published in most of this morning's newspapers, thus adopting an American idea.

Hitherto very feeble efforts have been made to present army life in an attractive light to possible recruits, but now War Minister Seely, who is a practical soldier, is making a determined attempt to bring the army up to its proper numerical standard and is adopting newspaper and other advertisements, moving picture films, and other modern ideas for the purpose of getting the necessary number of recruits.

GREECE SEEKS POWERS' AID

Fears Turkey Wants Another War —Is Now the Weaker on Sea.

BERNE, Jan. 14.—The assistance of the great powers in the prevention of another war between Greece and Turkey is being sought by Premier Venizelos of Greece, who, with his Government, considers such a calamity most probable since the appointment of Enver Bey as Turkish Minister of War.

It was learned here to-day in authoritative circles that this was the chief object of the visit of the Greek statesman to the various European capitals. It was added that Greece feared the result of such a conflict, as Turkey was indisputably stronger on the sea since her purchase of the Brazilian dreadnought Rio de Janeiro.

BERLIN, Jan. 14.—Prince William of Wied, who was chosen for the throne of Albania by the powers, refuses to accept the offer until satisfactory financial arrangements have been made, according to an authoritative statement issued here to-day.

SOFIA, Jan. 14.—The Bulgarian Parliament was dissolved to-day by the Premier, Dr. Radoslavoff, because the Opposition refused to pass a provisional appropriation on account.

MANY JAPANESE VOLCANOES ACTIVE

But It Is Now Hoped the Loss of Life on Sakura Will Not Exceed 200.

GREAT DISASTER AVERTED

Scientists Believe the Volcanic Outbreak Has Prevented a Calamitous Earthquake.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Thursday, Jan. 15.—The Tokio correspondent of The Times says telegrams dispatched on Tuesday announce the destruction of all the villages on the Island of Sakura and estimate the local deathroll at fewer than 200 persons. Some of these lost their way in the thick smoke in which the island is still wrapped and some are believed to have rushed into the sea in terror and to have been drowned.

The town of Kagoshima is deserted, except by officials, police, and troops. Every building suffered from the earthquakes and many from fires as well, but official reports received up to the present only mention nine persons having been killed or injured. The layer of ashes over the city is more than two feet deep.

Communications are being restored but dispatches are still fragmentary. It seems, however, that the actual loss of life was not very great. Over 1,000 inhabitants were taken off in boats from Sakura Island, where the column of smoke emitted by the volcano is said to have been nearly three miles high.

Ashes were carried by the wind as far as Osaka and even Tokio, which is nearly 600 miles away.

TOKIO, Jan. 14.—The Island of Kiushiu is covered with a thick layer of ashes, and many corpses lie beneath the lava from the volcano of Sakura-jima on the small islet of Sakura, while many others were drowned in trying to escape from the scene of eruption, earthquake, and tidal wave, according to official reports.

All nature seems in revolt, for to the upheavals in the South is added the famine in the North and an eruption of Yarigatake, which threw a cloud of ashes over Matsumoto, while to-day over Tokio itself swept miniature cyclones, filling the city with clouds of dust and sand and creating the belief that the capital was feeling some of the effects of the distant eruptions.

An official dispatch from Miyakonojo says that a volcano at Kirishima, to the northeast of Kagoshima, broke out into eruption on Jan. 12, throwing the vicinity into complete darkness. Ashes fell to the depth of an inch in the surrounding district, but no great damage was done.

A feeling of relief prevailed to-night when the wind died down, and the impression spread that the worst was over when prominent scientists uttered the calming assurance that the outbreak of the volcanoes had served as a vent for acute subterranean activity, and perhaps saved the country from even more disastrous earthshocks.

Dispatches stated that animals and birds to the south of Satsuma were suffering from abnormal uneasiness.

At Kumamoto, north of Kagoshima, over 1,000 refugees have arrived, and the authorities are faced with the difficulty of housing and feeding the sufferers from the disaster, the whole tragedy of which has not yet been told.

Official reports this afternoon are that the eruption of the volcano of Sakurajima is abating.

Just how heavy has been the loss of life cannot yet be estimated. Sakura, where the greatest loss of life undoubtedly occurred, cannot be visited because the eruption of Sakura-jima contiues. So the story, in this recpect, must wait. Troops and warships are now in the vicinity, and a search of the island will be made at the first opportunity.

Kagoshima, the nearest big city to Sakura, while greatly damaged by the earthquakes, does not appear to have suffered severe loss of life. H. Ijuin, ex-Minister to China, who lives in Kagoshima, sent a dispatch to the Foreign Office in which he said that ten persons had been killed and thirty injured there. He also stated that great confusion prevailed in the city.

Other telegrams report that the barracks, Governor's residence, and temples were among the buildings wrecked in Kagoshima. The soldiers are camped in the squares of the city, while the population have sought refuge in the shrines and temples in the hills.

The Post Office was one of the first buildings to collapse in Kagoshima at the start of the earth disturbance. The staff escaped, and after the first panic erected a hut in a field, and are now busily engaged in repairing the telegraph equipment.

All Americans who were in the vicinity are safe. Word to this effect has been received here from Carl F. Deichman, the American Consul at Nagasaki, who telegraphed: "A private telegram states that Americans in Kagoshima fled to Sendai, near Kagoshima. All safe." Several American missionaries were stationed at Kagoshima.

Sakura-Lima, at the height of its eruption, is pictured in reports as a terrifying mountain of fire. The air for miles around is thick with ashes and smoke. The police and soldiers of Kagoshima, soon after the disturbance began, made many rescues from the island of Sakura. The people at first did not seem to realize their danger and were slow in trying to escape. It is feared that many were killed before reaching the seashore. Thousands, pursued by a rain of fiery stones, knelt on the beach, half submerged in water, and gesticulated wildly to the steamers and fishing boats for aid. One small steamer saved 300 persons. The cruiser Tone reported yesterday that Sakura had been entirely evacuated.

MIYAZAKI, Jan. 14.—A party of refugees from the Island of Sakura arrived here to-day and reported that the inhabitants of 300 houses, composing the village off Seto on that island, lost their way in trying to reach the seashore and that probably all perished together.

The refugees believe also that many others were drowned in trying to swim across the Gulf of Kagoshima.

The volcano of Sakura-jima is said to have completely changed its form, several new craters having opened.

The hail of ashes ceased here to-day after lasting for thirty-six hours.

The American missionaries stationed at Kagoshima, all of whom are reported to have escaped, are Miss L. Alice Finlay, Methodist Episcopal Church, (East Conference,) whose headquarters are in New York; Miss Harriet M. Lansing and Miss Jessie Noordhoff, Reformed Church in America, (Dutch,) headquarters New York, and the Rev. P. P. Medling and his wife, Southern Baptist Convention, headquarters Richmond, Va.

PRESIDENT SENDS SYMPATHY.

Speaks of the "Unprecedented Disaster"—Mikado Replies.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 14.—An exchange of cablegrams between President Wilson and the Emperor of Japan over the Sakura-jima disaster was made public to-day. President Wilson's message, sent last night, was as follows:

To His Majesty the Emperor of Japan:

Having learned of the unprecedented disaster that has visited your country through earthquake and tidal wave, I beg to assure your Majesty and the Japanese people of my deep sympathy and that of the American people.

WOODROW WILSON.

President Wilson to-day received the following reply from Emperor Yoshihito:

Pray accept my sincerest thanks for the sympathetic message sent by yourself and American people for the terrible disaster.

Secretary of State Bryan cabled to the American Embassy at Tokio as follows:

Express to Baron Makino (Minister for Foreign Affairs) my profound sympathy on account of the disaster in Kagoshima.

The Red Cross to-day sent through the Department of State a message of sympathy to the Japanese Red Cross with an offer of aid.

BUILDS CAR IN 11 MINUTES.

British Ford Factory Puts It on the Road in 19—A New Record.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Jan. 14.—An automobile was built in eleven minutes and put on the road in nineteen to-day at the Ford motor works at Trafford Park, Manchester. This beats by six minutes the record made at the Ford factory in Detroit.

In seven minutes the chassis was on the ground, complete in every detail. Four minutes later the body was in place and all ready for the road. Unfortunately some one had forgotten to pack the induction pipe, and eight minutes were lost in remedying the fault.

At the end of nineteen minutes the engine was started and the car was taken for a run around the works, with six passengers.

KIDNAPPED COL. ROOSEVELT

Italian Hotel Proprietor Who Got Him from Rival Wins in Court.

TURIN, Jan. 14.—An echo of the visit to Italy of ex-President Roosevelt in 1910 was heard to-day, when a suit for damages instituted by one hotel keeper against another was ended by the rejection of the claim.

When Col. and Mrs. Roosevelt made their trip from Spezia to Rapello, rooms were engaged for them at a hotel at Sestri, but the proprietor of a rival hotel met them with a carriage decorated with American flags and drove them to his hosteiry.

The disappointed hotel proprietor then instituted a suit against the other on the charge of "disloyal competition."

STRIKERS BESIEGED IN JOHANNESBURG

Federation Leader and 300 Followers in Hall—Sympathizers Wounded by Bayonets.

MARTIAL LAW VERY SEVERE

Orange Free State Strikers Forbidden to Leave Their Homes—A Rigorous Press Censorship.

JOHANNESBURG, Jan. 14.—The siege of Trades Hall, where Secretary Bain of the Federation of Trades and a band of his supporters are defying the police from behind barricades, constituted the main feature of the strike drama here to-day.

After the hall had been raided by police and detectives this morning without avail, great crowds gathered and the police were compelled to make several bayonet charges owing to the aggressive attitude of the people, many of whom were slightly wounded.

With the final bayonet charge the police cleared the entire neighborhood and a cordon of police with fixed bayonets was thrown around it.

The position of the besieged Bain and his friends is serious, as they are cut off from water and supplies. Bain came out of the hall this evening, strolled nonchalantly about the cleared space in full view of the police, and re-entered the hall without any attempt being made to arrest him.

The police commander explained that he had no intention of again attempting an assault on the hall, for he considered that the 300 men in it are as good as in jail.

The besieged men were able early today to get supplies, but eventually were completely isolated. A correspondent who passed the strikers' pickets by aid of a permit found a remarkable scene inside the hall to-night. The 300 inmates were all fully armed. They expressed themselves as determined to resist any attempt to storm their stronghold. The windows and doors were barricaded with boxes filled with bricks. Openings were left for rifle fire. Other boxes were filled with ammunition.

The defenders are subsisting chiefly on fruit, quantities of which are stored in the hall. They also have some stale bread. Many of the men were dressed only in trousers and boots. It was evident from their gaunt, hungry faces that they were already suffering hardships from the siege. They loudly asserted, however, that the hall would not be taken until all their ammunition was exhausted and not a bar of iron or a stick was left to wield.

From without could be heard the clang of arms and coarse orders directing citizens away from the danger zone.

A detective named McBride was caught by the pickets approaching the doorway, and had to flee for his life after being badly beaten.

A bomb explosion occurred to-day at Benone, slightly injuring three mounted troopers. Several strikers arrested by the police near the same place were rescued by their comrades, but were subsequently rearrested by the troops.

The Transvaal railway authorities are maintaining a partial service and are attempting to insure an adequate supply of food and fuel.

The bakers are determined not to strike for the present, but they refuse to bake for the police, troops, or special constables. One firm, however, has declined to be bound by this agreement.

The miners continue to stop work as fast as their shifts end. The Department of Mines announces that it will keep the mines running and that it has no intention of sending the natives home.

CAPE TOWN, Jan. 14.—The general strike proclaimed yesterday thus far applies only to the Orange Free State and the Transvaal. Success in these places would lead to an extension of the order to other provinces.

Martial law in the Orange Free State is very strict, and a press censorship in the most rigorous form has already been instituted. All strikers are prohibited from leaving their homes. The display of the red flag is forbidden, and the rendering of assistance to other strikers, directly or indirectly, by giving funds or goods is forbidden.

The martial law throughout the Union of South Africa is hardly less strict and the drastic character of the regulations has created considerable surprise.

The employment of such epithets as "scab" and "blackleg" is prohibited under penalty of punishment, while any attempt to intimidate willing workers is forbidden.

Newspapers are debarred from publishing false or alarming reports calculated to promote ill-will between the disputants.

The strike region is divided into nine areas, each controlled by an officer vested with absolute power as in time of war.

The issue is regarded as a fight between the State and Syndicalism.

PIETERMARITZBURG, Jan. 14.—When the Mayor of Pietermaritzburg to-day refused to admit the necessity of the formation of a citizens' committee of safety, Col. Clarke, the control officer, ordered the organization of the committee and compelled the Mayor to become a member of it.

MRS. BRUCE-SMITH SUES.

Obtains an Order for the Restitution of Conjugal Rights.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Jan. 14.—The Divorce Court to-day granted to Mrs. Florence Bruce-Smith an order for the restitution of conjugal rights against her husband, Roughton Bruce-Smith, described as prominent in New York club life and now residing permanently in New York.

The petitioner, a well-known and wealthy member of London society, said on the witness-stand that the marriage took place in 1910. Her husband the same year neglected her and confessed misconduct with another woman. Soon afterward he sailed for New York and refused to live with her again.

The court directed that the order be obeyed within twenty-one days after service in New York. Such an order usually precedes a divorce decree.

TRY TO ROB MME. DESTINN.

Burglars Interrupted in Her Berlin Flat—One Later Caught.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, Jan. 14.—Burglars were intercepted last night in the act of robbing the flat belonging to Mme. Emmy Destinn, the prima donna, now singing at the Metropolitan Opera House, New York. They got away before they could make a haul, and one of them was later caught. He says his name is Stein and that he came to Germany from America in search of work. A "jimmy" was found on him.

The burglars were surprised by the concierge, who called the police.

ADMIRAL ITO DIES AT 70.

Japanese Statesman Led Naval Victories in Two Wars.

TOKIO, Japan, Jan. 14.—Count Yukyo Ito, Fleet Admiral of the Japanese Navy, died this morning in his seventy-first year.

He was born at Kagoshima, one of the towns in the province of Chocshin which was devastated by the earthquake. He came of the clan Idea and of humble birth. When he was a youth, just after Commodore Perry opened Japan, he and Count Inouye made a voyage to Europe and spent several years in educating themselves abroad. On his return to Japan he entered the public service, and since that time had had more to do with the development of the Japanese navy than any other one man.

His first visit to the United States was made in 1868 to study our system of coinage, and on his return to Japan he established the Japanese mint at Osaka. He also visited the United States in 1872 with the famous Iwakura Embassy for the purpose of revising the treaty with the United States.

In the war between Japan and China in 1894 he took a prominent part, commanding the combined squadrons of the Japanese fleet which fought the battle of the Yellow Sea. He afterwards blockaded the port of Wei-hai-wei and destroyed the Chinese fleet. He was then appointed Chief of the General Naval Staff, and many honors were conferred on him for his services in this war. During the Russo-Japanese war he acted as Chief of the Naval General Staff.

HONORS KIEFF PROCURATOR

Czar Decorates Official Connected with Beiliss Prosecution.

ST. PETERSBURG, Jan. 14.—Great distinctions were conferred to-day on M. Chaplinski, the Public Procurator of Kieff, who was prominently associated with the prosecution in the trial of Mendel Beiliss on the charge of "ritual murder."

In the list of honors issued on the occasion of the Russian New Year M. Chaplinski is created a Knight of the Order of St. Stanislas of the First Class and appointed a Senator and a Privy Councillor.

The Sayres Sail for Home.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

PARIS, Jan. 14.—Mr. and Mrs. F. B. Sayre left Paris this morning for Cherbourg, where they embarked on the Majestic for New York.

WARNING TO PORTS CO.

Speculation May Spoil Bondholders' Chances for Returns.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

HAVANA, Jan. 14.—Holders of the Cuban Ports Company's bonds and other securities will lose every possibility of an adjustment if they attempt to speculate on the probability of the Cuban Government's taking any action in their favor, according to the declaration of Gen. Carlos Garcia Velez, the Cuban Minister to London, made after his conference with President Menocal this afternoon. He added:

"All predictions regarding the probability of an adjustment are entirely premature."

Cuban officials manifest indignation over the sudden rise in quotations of the Ports Company's securities after the report that the Government was considering the adjustment of investors' claims for damages on account of President Menocal's decree, which practically abolished the company's concession. They particularly resent the fact that Eugene Klapp, President of the Ports Company, announced through financial newspapers that shareowners ought not to sell, as he had been assured that the Government intended to make an adjustment. They say there is no basis for such an assertion.

President Menocal held a conference last night with leaders of the Senate and House. This evening's papers say it was for the purpose of seeking some adjustment of the company's claims, since they are likely to interfere with the floating of the $10,000,000 loan.

Duke of Orleans in Switzerland.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

BERNE, Jan. 14.—The Duke of Orléans has arrived at Territet with his legal adviser to arrange about his divorce proceedings.

EXHIBIT FOR LONDON FAIR.

Panama-Pacific Managers Pledge Aid—Kintore to Meet President.

Alvin E. Pope of San Francisco, representing the Panama-Pacific Exposition to be held next year, pledged the aid of that organization yesterday to the Anglo-American Exposition to open in May at Shepherd's Bush, London.

Speaking at the Lawyers' Club before the sub-Executive Committee of the American Committee to Celebrate the Centenary of the Signing of the Treaty of Ghent, Mr. Pope said that the Panama-Pacific management not only would send over such exhibits of private citizens as were ready this year, but also it would endeavor to send over articles from the United States Government exhibit, bringing them back in time for the exposition at San Francisco.

The Earl of Kintore, who was a guest of honor at a luncheon preceding the business session of the committee, with Imre Kiralfy, Director General of the British exposition, announced that the first $200,000 profits of the exposition would be given for the establishment of permanent scholarships or prizes in both countries to the British and American committees appointed to arrange for the celebration.

Chairman James A. Stewart of the American committee and Oscar S. Straus left yesterday afternoon for Washington with the Earl and Mr. Kiralfy, and will present them to-day to President Wilson and Secretary of State Bryan. Another committee of the celebration organization, made up of Calvin W. Rice and Dr. George F. Kunz, has gone to Washington to consult with the Postmaster General and the Secretary of the Treasury with a view of having special postage stamps, and, if possible, special coins issued by the Government to stimulate interest in the celebration of the signing of the treaty to be held on this side of the Atlantic.

Chairman Stewart said that Mrs. E. T. Stotesbury of Philadelphia had been appointed Chairman of a woman's committee. It is planned to give this committee charge of the important social work of the coming celebration.

Among those who attended the meeting, in addition to those already mentioned, were R. A. C. Smith, Francis Lynde Stetson, Albert E. Gallatin, Job E. Hedges, E R. L. Gould, William A. Clark, Alton B. Parker, and Jacob H. Schiff.

Railway Strike in Portugal.

LISBON, Jan. 14.—The entire railroad service of Portugal was suspended today owing to the declaration of a general strike by the employes. About one-third of the railroads belong to the State.

Bank of France's Metal Holdings.

PARIS, Jan. 14.—The weekly statement of the Bank of France when issued to-morrow will show an increase in gold holdings of 9,233,000 francs and a decrease of 3,815,000 francs in silver.

At the Galleries of
Duveen Brothers
720 Fifth Ave. (at 56th St.)
A SPECIAL LOAN EXHIBITION OF
Portraits by Old English Masters
Admission One Dollar
In aid of
THE ARTISTS' FUND and
THE ARTISTS' AID SOCIETIES
FROM JAN. 10 TO 24. 10 TILL 6

Stamps and coins bought and sold. SCOTT, 36 JOHN ST., CITY.

By Appointment to His Majesty THE KING

There is quiet dignity and an air of distinction about the man, or group of men, who order the "perfect highball"

Dewar's
"WHITE LABEL"
Scotch Whisky

Weber and Heilbroner
Continue the Clothing Sale Which Differs from all Others

The response to this end-of-the-season Clearance Sale has been as different in character from that attending other clothing sales as the Weber and Heilbroner clothing itself is different from all others.

New York men by the hundreds, who are not interested in ordinary sales, are manifesting their appreciation of the opportunity to secure at a substantial reduction suits and overcoats which are made for New Yorkers, as the best tailors of the city would make them.

$20 to $25 Suits and Overcoats Reduced to $16.50
$25 and $27.50 Suits and Overcoats Reduced to $19.50
$30 and $35 Suits and Overcoats Reduced to $26.50
$40 and $45 Suits and Overcoats Reduced to $32.50
$50 and $60 Overcoats Reduced to $42.50
Alterations Without Charge

This is our REGULAR STOCK ONLY—not a single garment was made for a sale. It includes OUR ENTIRE REMAINING STOCK OF FALL AND WINTER CLOTHES, EXCEPT EVENING CLOTHES.

There are splendid Suits and Overcoats in the $16.50 and $19.50 assortments, as well as those at higher prices.

No such tailoring, no such fabrics, no such styles could POSSIBLY be provided for a sale alone by any house in America.

And at no other time are these clothes EVER obtainable at a reduction.

Six Clothing Stores

27 New St. 150 Nassau St. 241 Broadway
1185 Broadway 44th & Broadway 42d & 5th Avenue

Big reductions continuing today in
Saks Fur-lined Coats for Men

It is very seldom indeed that a fur coat opportunity like this one happens along.

$50 Muskrat Fur-lined Coats..... reduced to $29.50
Black Kersey shell—full skin lining—Persian lamb collar.
$65 Muskrat Fur-lined Coats..... reduced to $39.50
Black broadcloth shell—full skin lining—Persian lamb collar.
$75 Muskrat Fur-lined Coats..... reduced to $49.50
Imported black broadcloth shell—fine selected skins—Persian lamb collar.
$150 Mink Fur-lined Coats..... reduced to $95.50
Fine black broadcloth shell—natural mink—Persian lamb collar.
$250 Mink Fur-lined Coats..... reduced to $129.50
Black broadcloth shell—magnificent mink skins—Persian lamb collar.
$400 Mink Fur-lined Coats..... reduced to $259.50
Imported black broadcloth shell—perfect mink skins—and designed with either Persian lamb or Otter collar.

Important Reductions Today in Fur Motor Robes

¶ All perfect—all regular stock—and a very varied selection, including raccoon, beaver, seal, muskrat, calf, pony, dog and goatskin.

$10 Fur Robes $4.50
$20 Fur Robes $10.00
$35 Fur Robes $19.50
$50 Fur Robes $25.00
$100 Fur Robes $59.50
$150 Fur Robes $75.00
$200 Fur Robes $125.00
$250 Fur Robes $125.00

Fur Foot Muffs, $3.50.

Broadway **Saks & Company** at 34th St.

STEEL MEN AFFIRM HUMPHREY FIGURES

But Total Output of Plants Last Year Was 1,000,000 Tons More Than in 1912.

OUTLOOK IS MORE HOPEFUL

Depression Really Not Marked Until November—Many Replies to Times Inquiries.

Inquiry yesterday at the local offices of steel and iron companies and answers to telegrams sent by THE TIMES to the points named in Congressman Humphrey's speech in the House on Tuesday, in which he said that 123 pig iron stacks, with an annual capacity of nearly 13,000,000 tons, had been blown out since March 1, indicated that his figures were substantially correct when made up last week, but that there had been some signs of improvement since then. As an instance, the ingot production of the United States Steel Corporation has increased 12 per cent. since Jan. 1.

Some points were made, however, that changed the interpretation put on the figures by Mr. Humphrey to a certain extent. One was that the decline did not date from March, when the Democratic Administration came in, but began in June and was not marked until November and December. This is shown by the actual record of production, as compiled by The Iron Age. The figures in gross tons are as follows:

January	2,795,331	July	2,580,646
February	2,586,337	August	2,543,783
March	2,763,583	September	2,505,927
April	2,752,761	October	2,546,261
May	2,822,217	November	2,238,123
June	2,628,565	December	1,983,607

The total production for the year was thus 30,722,101, which is 1,000,000 tons more than in 1912, which was the greatest in the country's history up to that time, and 3,500,000 tons more than in 1910, which was regarded as a boom year.

The figures cited by Mr. Humphrey also ignored the fact that since March new stacks, estimated to aggregate 60 or 70, had been blown in and no allowance was made for these as an offset against the 123 said to have been blown out.

Many of the plants cited by Mr. Humphrey were those of subsidiaries of the United States Steel Corporation, from which no official figures could be obtained yesterday. Trade authorities agreed, however, that the Steel Corporation had between 40,000 and 50,000 men idle at the present time, which is fewer than at the first of the year, as the Steel Corporation has been taking on men since that time. While statements have been made that its mills were running at only 50 per cent. capacity, it was pointed out that a far greater proportion of its men were employed, as it had last year 228,000 employes, of which the number now idle would be about 20 per cent.

Bottom of the Slump.

"As I look at the tabulation of stacks blown out since March 1," said one steel man yesterday, "it seems to me that it represents the bottom of the slump in the steel and iron industry. When these records were prepared it is entirely possible that furnaces with a capacity of nearly 15,000,000 tons annually were out of commission. There were a great many men out of work, too, in consequence, partly, of the usual Christmas layoff ordered by many companies for the purpose of making repairs.

"No doubt exists in my mind, however, that business has improved somewhat in the past week, and I believe we have seen the worst of the depression. It may not be predicted that we are on the verge of a substantial buying movement, because no man can tell when consumers will come out of the state of apathy they were thrown into by agitation against big business in 1913, and the uncertainty occasioned by enactment of such important laws as the tariff and currency measures. It stands to reason, though, that this country cannot continue to progress industrially, even on a small scale, with its stocks of iron and steel products at a low level, and I think that a gradual improvement is bound to come.

"I note that Mr. Humphrey goes back to March 1 to choose a date for the beginning of the depression. The blowing out of furnaces was made to begin then. It might as well have been Nov. 1 as March 1, for the decline of iron and steel activity came suddenly toward the close of October, although the groundwork for it in the shape of steadily declining orders was being built in several months preceding.

Old Orders Helped.

"Throughout the greater part of last year the steel companies were, after a manner of speaking, burning the backlog left from the previous year. I mean that the great accumulation of orders which carried over into 1913 from 1912 kept the companies busy up to nearly 90 per cent. of capacity until Winter. But new orders fell away steadily all the time. The result could not be anything else than it was. When specifications ceased to come against old orders, a slump of furnace and mill work occurred. The slump was the worst that I have ever seen in my experience in the steel business. Furnaces by the score had to be blown out because there wasn't anything for them to do, and thousands of men were let go for the same reason. Now that an improvement has occurred, the re-employment of many workmen may be looked for, and the stacks will gradually start up again.

"I hardly expect to see prices rise from their present low level for some time. They cannot advance under a tariff that lets many products enter free until Europe's demand for its own steel increases to a point that precludes shipments to this country. The steel companies certainly will not be able to lift quotations to a level that would cause consumers to buy in the foreign markets in preference to our own. The steel situation is full of puzzling problems which cannot be worked out except through the passage of several months."

Trade Papers Hopeful.

The trade papers in their issues today will take a more optimistic view of conditions than that set forth by Mr. Humphrey. The Iron Age will say:

"Steel mill resumptions, after one of the longest and most extensive holiday shutdowns the industry has known, have indicated improvement, but it should not be overestimated, as has been done in some Pittsburgh dispatches.

"At the same time it has been shown, in an effort made last week to sum up the number of idle men in the metal industries, that unfavorable conditions also can be overstated. The list of idle blast furnaces in the misleading 'million-idle-men' exhibit paraded in Congress Tuesday contains at least eight large stacks that were only banked over the holidays and have since resumed. Not a single deduction was made for the three score or more furnaces that have blown in in the ten months covered by the figures.

"Leaders in the steel industry agree in finding the situation better this week, but it is not forgotten that the comparison is with a fortnight of very low-rate production and the possible setbacks of February are not overlooked.

"The Steel Corporation's rate of ingot production, which was 50 per cent. in the first week of the year, was 56 per cent. at the opening of this week. This is a fair measure of the change.

"Statements as to increased buying of steel products are not specific, but some consumers have contracted for the first quarter at prices they would not consider four weeks ago. It cannot be said that the 1.15c., Pittsburgh, basis for plates and shapes has entirely disappeared, but it is rare and has applied to a few large transactions. The 1.20c. price is the rule for first quarter deliveries.

"The industry is still getting on with minimum of railroad buying, even while sentiment is growing in favor of a rate advance which is now commonly put at 3½ per cent. A Western road has bought 10,000 to 12,000 tons of tie plates. The rail inquiries of the Southern Railway and the Seaboard Air Line together amount to 45,000 tons. The mills now look to February to bring out long withheld rail businesss. In cars the week's orders amounted to 2,650, of which the Santa Fé took 800 and the Kanawha & Michigan 1,100.

Cheerful Feeling, Says The Review.

The Iron Trade Review will say: "A cheerful feeling continues to predominate in the iron and steel industry, and a number of makers report the best bookings the past week in several months, and are more hopeful on future prospects. While in some cases operations are a little better, the present movement has not continued to the stage where it is widely affecting active capacity. Mill operations generally are on a low scale.

"The general tenor of the market seems to be turning from the former condition, where the seller aggressively was searching out the buyer, to one where the buyer now is going to the mills with the desire for covering for his requirements. Prices in finished steel generally are more staple, and the withdrawal of the low minimum a week ago seems to have had a good effect. Considerable tonnage of pig iron continues to move. The United States Cast Iron Pipe and Foundry Company has been a large buyer recently, and it is estimated its purchases, considerable of which was done in the week, probably will reach 100,000 tons."

What the Mill Operators Say.

THE TIMES sent inquiries to the steel companies, mentioned by Mr. Humphrey, in his speech asking them these questions:

1 Is Humphrey's assertion true? 2 How many men have you laid off since March 1, 1913? 3 How many have you re-employed? 4 What is prospect of employing more men during 1914?

The replies received by THE TIMES are given below:

Lackawanna Steel Company.

E. A. S. Clarke, President of the Lackawanna Steel Company, writing from his office in this city, said:

"Representative Humphrey's assertion that this company had blown out five stacks since March 1, 1913, is true as far as regards our blast furnaces at Buffalo, and his statement that we have blown out one stack at Cornwall and one stack at Lebanon is also true.

"As of March 1, 1913, our records show that there were 9,190 men on the payroll, and as of Dec. 27, 1913, there were 4,888 men on our payroll. For the week ending Jan. 10, 1914, the records show 5,220 men on the payroll, the difference being due to temporary re-employment on account of a small accumulation of orders which had to be filled.

"I am unable to give any estimate of the additional number of men which may be employed during 1914. In my judgment it depends very largely on the prosperity of the railroads. If the railroads are not prosperous the number of men may be further reduced instead of being increased."

These statements were received by telegraph:

Pennsylvania Steel Company.

Special to The New York Times.

STEELTON, Penn., Jan. 14.—Humphrey's assertion is true. Four out of seven stacks were blown out since March 1, 1913. Net number of men discharged since March, 2,000; others on reduced time. We are keeping many men busy on remodeling portion of plant that would otherwise be laid off. The number of men has declined steadily. We expect to put on more men as quickly as we receive new orders, of which we will get our share. Present acute stagnation cannot continue long. A demonstration of Democratic prosperity would reassure the business community for many years to come.

THE PENNSYLVANIA STEEL COMPANY.

Cambria Steel Company.

Special to The New York Times.

JOHNSTOWN, Penn., Jan. 14.—We now have two idle stacks out of eight furnaces that were in blast in March. The present total force is practically the same as in March. The earnings of the men are 10 per cent. less on account of reduced time and tonnage. The force has been practically constant since March. Present indications are that a less number of men will be employed during this year, but we hope for improvement in business. The Cambria has operated more fully recently than orders warranted in order to keep our men employed. This has been accomplished by making improvements and repairs and by stocking metal billets and other products.

CAMBRIA STEEL COMPANY.

Jones & Laughlin Steel Company.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURGH, Jan. 14.—We have four idle blast furnaces. We have laid off about thirty per cent. of our men since March 1, 1913. As yet we have re-employed none. We hope conditions will permit us to employ more men during 1914.

JONES & LAUGHLIN STEEL CO.

Shenango Furnace Company.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURGH, Jan. 14.—1.—Yes. 2.—Seventy-five at blast furnaces, 450 at mines. 3.—None. 4.—Hopeful that during the year we will have a full force re-employed if the demand for ore and pig iron resumes.

THE SHENANGO FURNACE CO.

Central Iron and Steel Company.

Special to The New York Times.

HARRISBURG, Penn., Jan. 14.—Humphrey's assertion is correct. We blew out one stack Dec. 31, 1913, and have laid off approximately 200 men since March 1, 1913. We have re-employed none. The immediate prospects of employing more men during the current year are not very bright. This feature may change should the iron and steel trade pick up. Our reason for blowing out the furnace was due to the remarkably low prices obtainable in the demoralized pig iron situation.

RECEIVERS CENTRAL IRON AND STEEL COMPANY.

Sharpsville Furnace Company.

Special to The New York Times.

SHARPSVILLE, Penn., Jan. 14.—Our furnace was blown out March 3; laid off about eighty men; have re-employed none. The prospects of employing more men in 1914 depend on the condition of pig iron market.

SHARPSVILLE FURNACE COMPANY.

Thomas Iron Company.

Special to The New York Times.

EASTON, Penn., Jan. 14.—We have blown out one Hokendauqua, one Hellertown and one Alburtis furnace since March 1, 1913, and have blown in one Alburtis furnace since March 1, 1913. We have laid off 154 men since then and have not re-employed any of them. We will re-employ 100 men as soon as market conditions warrant. Prospects look more favorable.

THE THOMAS IRON COMPANY.

Punxsutawney Furnace Company.

Special to The New York Times.

DUBOIS, Penn., Jan. 14.—The Punxsutawney furnace was blown out early in October, 1913. We have laid off 150 men at that point and re-employed none. This plant will remain idle until business conditions are materially better.

PUNXSUTAWNEY FURNACE COMPANY.

Emporium Iron Company.

EMPORIUM, Penn., Jan. 14.—Humphrey's statement is correct that we blew out one stack July 18, 1913, laying off about 150 men. None of them have been re-employed. We will resume our operation as soon as the market warrants.

EMPORIUM IRON COMPANY.

Eastern Steel Company.

Special to The New York Times.

POTTSTOWN, Penn., Jan. 14.—Since March 1 one furnace has been blown out, repaired, and not blown in. On account of insufficient business we have laid off about 135 men; none re-employed. We are unwilling to prophesy as to prospects.

EASTERN STEEL COMPANY.

Empire Steel & Iron Company.

Special to The New York Times.

CATASAQUA, Penn., Jan. 14.—On March 1, 1913, we were operating five furnace stacks. On Jan. 1, 1914, we were operating one stack. To-day we have two stacks in blast. On March 1, 1913, 1,150 men were employed. On Jan. 14, 1914, 916 men were employed. neither the amount of business in sight nor the prices obtainable are such as to justify any increase in the present number of men employed. The present wage schedule, in effect since January, 1913, is the highest in the history of the industry in this section.

EMPIRE STEEL & IRON COMPANY.

Joseph E. Thropp.

Special to The New York Times.

EVERETT, Penn., Jan. 14.—Blew out Saxton furnace in July and laid off about 300 men at the furnace, mines, and coke ovens. No prospect for early resumption at Saxton, but hope to continue the Earlston furnace in blast.

JOSEPH E. THROPP.

Tonawanda Iron and Steel.

Special to The New York Times.

NORTH TONAWANDA, N. Y., Jan. 14.—According to iron trade statistics compiled as of Jan. 1, 1914, Humphrey's statement of idle men in the country is conservative. Since March, 1913 we have shut down one-half of our plant and laid off a corresponding number of men, none of whom has been re-employed. The prospect of employing more men in 1914 is not regarded by us as bright.

TONAWANDA IRON AND STEEL COMPANY.

M. A. Hanna & Co.

Special to The New York Times.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, Jan. 14.—Humphrey's assertion in regard to the furnaces we represent as agents is true, but we have not in this office the detail of the number of men laid off or re-employed. There is a decided probability that more men will have to be laid off at an early date.

M. A. HANNA & CO., Agents.

Brier Hill Steel Company.

Special to The New York Times.

YOUNGSTOWN, Ohio, Jan. 14.—One furnace has been closed since last March, and the number of men employed reduced about 25 per cent. We have not reduced wages, and expect to have 100 per cent. of men employed by April 1.

BRIER HILL STEEL COMPANY.

Belmont Iron Works Company.

Special to The New York Times.

IRONTON, Jan. 14.—Yes, we blew out one furnace Dec. 20 and laid off 110 men. We have re-employed none. The prospects are not promising for future employment.

BELMONT IRON WORKS CO.

Columbus Iron and Steel Company.

Special to The New York Times.

COLUMBUS, Jan. 14.—One stack was blown out on Jan. 1, 1914. No men have been laid off since March and none re-employed. The prospects for employing more men during the present year are very poor indeed.

COLUMBUS IRON AND STEEL CO.

Inland Steel Company.

Special to The New York Times.

EAST CHICAGO, Jan. 14.—We had one stack out for repairs, but it is in blast again. We laid off about 1,000 men, some of whom were on a new kind of work, which is completed. Our regular operating departments are running about 75 per cent. of capacity. If railroad buying should be resumed, we think full employment could be given through 1914.

INLAND STEEL COMPANY.

Iroquois Iron Company.

Special to The New York Times.

SOUTH CHICAGO, Jan. 14.—We do not know how many workmen in this country are idle at the present time. This company was operating three furnaces on March 1, 1913, and employing 620 men. At present we are operating two furnaces and employing 421 men. The employment of additional men will depend entirely upon an improvement in the consumption of merchant pig iron.

IROQUOIS IRON COMPANY.

Chattanooga Iron & Steel Corporation.

Special to The New York Times.

CHATTANOOGA, Jan. 14.—Our furnace has been shut down since July 1. We laid off 1,200 men employed at the furnace and the coal and ore mines. We have thus far not re-employed any and there are no prospects for starting up during 1914, unless market conditions improve. In our opinion, the present depression is due to uncertainty caused by tariff legislation and threatened Government monopoly to regulate and control all industrial operations, which plan, if pursued, must inevitably result in a gigantic Governmental trust that will eventually throttle all business competition between corporations, and leave no opportunity or incentive for individual endeavor.

C. E. BUEK, President.

Bon Air Coal & Iron Company.

Special to The New York Times.

NASHVILLE, Jan. 14.—Humphrey's assertion is true. We have laid off 160 men. No men have been re-employed. The present prospect for iron business is looking better. The present condition, however, would not warrant employing more men.

Receivers, BON AIR COAL & IRON COMPANY.

Maryland Steel Company.

Special to The New York Times.

SPARROWS POINT, Md., Jan. 14.—One blast furnace has been blown out and two furnaces banked since Dec. 15, 1913. The blast furnaces and steel works are completely shut down for the first time in seventeen years. The reason is the want of orders for steel rails. We intend to resume just as soon as we can secure orders for sufficient tonnage. About 1,500 men are laid off until then. The prospect is indefinite and not encouraging.

MARYLAND STEEL COMPANY.

Norton Iron Works.

ASHLAND, Ky., Jan. 14.—We closed our blast furnace down Nov. 15, 1913, throwing about 160 men out of employment. We have not re-employed them. The prospects are not good at this time of employing more men.

NORTON IRON WORKS.

Colorado Fuel and Iron Company.

Special to The New York Times.

PUEBLO, Col., Jan. 14.—On account of the strike of Colorado miners and some reduction in the demand for steel, our operating blast furnaces were reduced from three to one, and about one-half of our employes, or 2,000 men, were temporarily laid off. Conditions have improved. We have about 2,500 men working, are blowing in another blast furnace, and there is a fair prospect of a still further increase in the working force.

J. F. WILBURN.

Idle Plants and Men in the Steel Industry.

The accompanying table shows the number of men laid off by various steel plants of the country, as well as the number of stacks blown out, as reported by plants other than those of the Steel Corporation, in answer to telegrams sent by THE NEW YORK TIMES to companies named by Representative Humphrey in the National House on Tuesday as having curtailed their production:

Name of Company.	Stacks Out.	No. of Men Laid Off Since Mch. 1, '13.	No. of Men Re-employed.	Prospect of Employing More This Year.
PENNSYLVANIA.				
Empire Steel & Iron Co., Catasauqua	4 (1 resumed)	234	0	Doubtful
Cambria Steel Co., Johnstown	2	0	0	Not good
Pennsylvania Steel Co., Steelton	4	2,000	0	Hopeful
Jones & Laughlin, Pittsburgh	4	30%	0	Hopeful
Sharpsville Furnace Co.	1	80	0	Uncertain
Central Iron & Steel Co.	1	200	0	Not bright
Thomas Iron Co.	3 (1 resumed)	154	0	Probably 100
Shenango Furnace Co.	1	75	0	Hopeful
Punxsutawney Furnace Co.	1 (October)	150	0	Doubtful
Emporium Iron Co.	1 (July)	150	0	If warranted
Eastern Steel Co.	1	133	0	Doubtful
Lackawanna Steel Co.	7	4,202	342	Doubtful
Joseph E. Thropp, Saxton	1 (July)	300	0	Hopeful of partial resumption
ILLINOIS.				
Iroquois Iron Co, Chicago	1	199	0	Doubtful
Inland Steel Co.	1 (resumed)	1,000	0	Depends on railroad buying
KENTUCKY.				
Norton Iron Works, Ashland	1 Nov. 15)	160	0	Not good
NEW YORK.				
Tonawanda Iron & Steel Co.	50%	50%	0	Not bright
OHIO.				
Belfont Iron Works Co., Ironton	1 (Dec. 20)	110	0	Not good
Brier Hill Steel Co., Youngstown	1 (March)	25%	0	Exp. all bk. Ap. 1
Columbus Iron & Steel Co., Columbus	1 (Jan. 1, '14)	0	0	Very poor
TENNESSEE.				
Chattanooga Iron & Coal Corporation	1 (July 1)	1,200	0	Doubtful
Bon Air Coal & Iron Co.	1	160	0	Hopeful
COLORADO.				
J. F. Wilburn, Pueblo	2	2,000	500	Good
MARYLAND.				
Maryland Steel Co., Sparrow's Point	3 (Dec. 15)	1,500	0	Not encouraging

HOLD LONDON FOR MOVIES.

Grand Jury Sees Picture Play at Park Theatre.

Several of the additional Grand Jury which is investigating the alleged immorality of the motion picture film known as "The Inside of the White Slave Traffic," went to the Park Theatre yesterday, accompanied by Assistant District Attorney Flood H. Wilmot. For the benefit of members who were not able to attend, another performance will be given at 11 o'clock this morning.

In their determination as to the morality or immorality of the pictures the performance itself will be the jury's chief guide. Several witnesses will be called, however, before a decision is arrived at. Deputy Police Commissioner Newburger was among those examined yesterday.

Samuel H. London, alleged to be the owner of "The Inside of the White Slave Traffic," was arrested yesterday, and held in $1,000 bail for the Grand Jury by Magistrate Deuel in the Tombs Court. Mr. London denied that he was the owner.

"I had nothing to do with the show, except as a writer," he said.

CREDIT MEN ARE HOPEFUL.

No Cloud of Any Kind on the Business Horizon, They Say.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Ill., Jan. 14.—There is no longer a cloud of any description on the financial horizon, according to the leading credit men of the United States, who are holding a conference in this city.

The fundamental changes that have been made in the laws affecting business will tend to foster a period of prosperity that will stand out in pleasing contrast to the last six months of partial depression and large failure liabilities, the credit men assert. The establishment of the new currency system if kept out of politics and organized strictly along business lines, will help to prevent any financial crisis in the future, they say. The two sources of danger they see in the new currency law are politics and the possibility of inflation.

"I had nothing to do with the show, except as a writer," he said.

Fred R. Salisbury of St. Paul, President of the National Association of Credit Men, said to-day: "The Federal banking reserve system will be the means, I believe, of enabling all who are entitled to the extension of credit to obtain accommodation, but it is not going to open up indiscriminate lending or the extending of credit to those who are not deserving of it."

No commercial period has caused men to be more thoughtful than that through which this country has just passed, says S. J. H. Tregoe of New York.

"Whatever feeling of depression there has been in the last six months or so," Mr. Tregoe said, "has been the result of the period of readjustment and reconstruction of financial and business conditions. The fundamental changes in our laws have been more potent, the average business man has discovered. Now that these laws are in effect I expect to see a steady improvement in business. There is no cloud on the horizon or cause for alarm."

ARMOUR & CO.'S BIG YEAR.

Gross Business $350,000,000 and Net Profits $11,356,094.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Jan. 14.—The gross business done by Armour & Co. in the fiscal year ended Nov. 1, 1913, was about $350,000,000, comparing with $300,000,000 in the previous year, and $250,000,000 two years ago.

The net profits, $11,356,094, the largest in the history of the concern, compare with $10,180,306 the previous year and $6,638,677 two years ago. While the figures are large, the return on the capital employed last year was but 5.67 per cent.

THE SECRET

One of the great secrets of the all-round superiority of Thompson-Starrett service is the fact that we perform so many lines of work direct.

This is responsible to a great degree for the speed with which we operate, the economy of our costs, and the high standard of our work.

It is only by doing most of the actual building ourselves that we are able to give an Owner those advantages which distinguish our service from the average.

THOMPSON-STARRETT COMPANY
Building Construction

OPENING TODAY AT THE
Arlington Art Galleries
EXHIBITION OF
Portraits of
Children of the English Nobility and Aristocracy
By
Elinor M. Barnard
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274 Madison Avenue
Between 39th & 40th Streets, N. Y.

Double S.H. Green Trading Stamps Before 12 o'Clock—Single Stamps Thereafter

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GREENHUT-SIEGEL COOPER CO.
"THE BIG STORE"
BOTH SIDES OF SIXTH AVE.-18TH TO 19TH ST.
NO CONNECTION WITH ANY OTHER STORE

A Few Selections for Today From Our Wonderfully Attractive
Manufacturers' Clearance Sales
For every item named in this advertisement you will find at least 100 other bargains (all equally attractive) displayed in our two mammoth buildings.

MAIN BUILDING
Women's Shoes
More Than 4,000 Pairs $2.50 and $3 Grades, Sale, Today, at.....
$1.89

Not factory rejects.
Not one pair of imperfect shoes in the entire collection.
Simply another clearance for manufacturers. Simply another dispersal of surplus lots of high-class footwear.
Every pair of these shoes was made for this season's selling.
The leathers include: PATENT LEATHER BUTTON SHOES with cloth or kid tops; PATENT LEATHER BLUCHER LACE SHOES with dull kid tops; GUN METAL BUTTON SHOES with cloth or kid tops; GUN-METAL BLUCHER LACE SHOES with dull kid tops; BLACK VELVET BUTTON SHOES, VICI KID BUTTON OR LACE SHOES, TAN CALF BUTTON OR LACE SHOES.
All heel-heights; also included are about 200 PAIRS OF GUN-METAL BUTTON SHOES WITH THE NEW "KONKAVE" HEELS. All sizes and widths in each style.

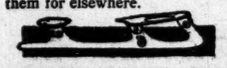
Women's 50c and 65c Storm Rubbers—all perfect and good quality; every size 2½ to 8; medium or high heels; today, a pair..... **35c**

Women's $1.50 House Slippers—tan or black kidskin Juliettes; the black Juliettes have leather or rubber heels; also Black Kid One-Strap House Slippers; all sizes from 2½ to 9; E and EE widths; today, a pair..... **89c**

MAIN BUILDING
THE RED BALL IS UP!
The Ice Skating Season Is On.
If you are a devotee of this healthful and exhilarating sport, do not fail to come to our Sporting Goods Department, today.
There you will find everything for the skater. We head the list, today, with a sale of
$8.45 OUTFITS
Consisting of Ice Skates and Skating Shoes, Set, for **$7.50**
This outfit consists of our $5 hockey shoes and a pair of bevel-edge, hollow-ground hockey skates. Sizes for men, women and children.

SKATING SHOES
At $2.95 to $4.50.

ICE SKATES At 70c to $8.
MACKINAW COATS, SWEATERS, GLOVES, KNITTED CAPS, LEGGINGS—in fact, everything for outdoor winter sport, at less than you can buy them for elsewhere.



MAIN BUILDING
A GREAT PURCHASE
Results in Today's Timely Sale of
Men's $7.50 to $10 Bath Robes
At $4.95

We took all the excellent bath robes that one of our best manufacturers had on hand—as fine a collection as we have ever had the good fortune to buy under price.
Here are hundreds of beautiful imported and domestic BLANKET AND TERRY CLOTH BATH ROBES.
Scores of handsome patterns in excellent variety of colors.
All sizes.
The selling is sure to be spirited, today, therefore, please attend this sale EARLY.
The best winter gift you can give to a man.

GREENHUT BUILDING
Stoves and Heaters
These and hundreds of other bargains for Today.

Sun Oak Parlor Coal Stoves — nickel-plated side rails; screw damper; top ring; fancy urn top; No. 11 size, with 10-inch fire pot; at..... $4.80
Smooth Oak Parlor Coal Stoves—made of heavy plain castings; nickel-trimmed; No. 11 size, with 10-inch fire pot; at..... $5.15
No. 15 size, with 14-inch fire pot; at..... $7.50
Cylinder Oil Heaters — japanned-trimmed; circular wick; 2-qt. oil tank; at..... $3
Same, nickel-trimmed; $3.25
Cylinder Oil Stoves — japanned trimmed; 5-quart oil tank; patent safety wick device; smokeless and odorless; $3.35
Same, nickel-trimmed; $3.50

GREENHUT BUILDING
Printed Linoleums
7,500 Yards in This Clearance Sale for Manufacturers.
Bargains here in the best qualities of linoleums. There is a variety of choice patterns from which to choose in tile effects and parquetry flooring designs in wood colors.
60c Printed Linoleums—square yard..... **39c**
55c New Process Floor Coverings—square yard, **35c**
Remnants
55c Pro-Lino Remnants—square yard..... **18c**

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42d and 43d Streets, West of Fifth Ave.
In the Dressmaking Salon
On the Fourth Floor,
for a limited period, orders will be accepted for
Afternoon and Evening Gowns, also Tailormade Suits
At the following Specially Reduced Prices:
Tailormade Suits, of the newest fabrics, from **$69.50** upwards
Gowns, Copies of latest models, and made of the most desirable materials, from **$85.00** upwards
Special attention is also directed to the department of
Mourning Apparel
On the Third Floor
in which may be found large assortments of most approved models in
Dresses, Suits, Coats and Accessories
Upon request, an experienced representative will call to submit articles for approval and make suggestions.
Telephone 6700 Bryant.

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H. Jaeckel & Sons
A CONTINUANCE OF OUR
50TH ANNIVERSARY SALE
ENTIRE WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
STOCKS OF FURS
AT REDUCTIONS OF 35% TO 50%
Thirty-Second Street, West Number Sixteen
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The Store is opened daily at 9 A. M.
B. Altman & Co.
Motoring Garments
for Men, Women and Misses are shown, at moderate prices, in fabrics appropriate for the present season in town and country, and in lighterweight materials for wear at the Southern and Pacific Coast resorts.
A large assortment of Motoring Accessories is also in stock, including Caps, Gloves, Goggles, Foot Warmers, Foot Muffs, Motor Pillows, Motor Clocks, Limousine Cases, Imported Motor Robes, etc.
Fifth Avenue, 34th and 35th Streets, New York.

Be Kind To Your Liver!
Don't force a balky Liver with drastic purgatives. Use a gentle remedy and avoid irreparable injury. Take the Right Remedy which will satisfy your Liver and yourself. 1 or 2 Pills at night relieve constipation. Get a box of
Hunyadi Janos Pills
at any up-to-date Drug Store, or if he has not got it, send 25 cents in stamps NOW by mail to Andreas Saxlehner, New York

M'LEAN MAY HELP IN GRAFT SEARCH

Expenditures of State Committee, Whitman Believes, Will Disclose New Trail.

TO PUSH McGUIRE'S TRIAL

Chief of the Bagmen Still the Object of Search by the District Attorney.

There was an inclination yesterday to give more weight to the reports that Arthur A. McLean, Treasurer of the Democratic State Committee, who on Tuesday pleaded guilty to an indictment accusing him of accepting a campaign contribution from a corporation, would aid District Attorney Whitman in his graft investigation. Upon District Attorney Whitman's recommendation sentence was suspended in McLean's case.

While McLean's friends insist that under no conditions will he turn informer there are many who believe that he will be forced to help Whitman in order to get out of his present difficulties. It was pointed out that there is another indictment against McLean, and the theory was advanced that while this probably will not be pressed, it will be held over McLean's head until certain matters have been cleared up.

The District Attorney intends, it is said, to make an investigation of the accounts showing how campaign funds were expended by the Democrats in 1911 and 1912. The total receipts of the Democratic State Committee in those years are pretty well known. It is believed that the accounts may not show all the money that was disbursed. There were many checks sent out which McLean did not sign personally. A rubber stamp, it is said, was used by the committee.

Whitman is most anxious to know who gave Everett Fowler his list of contractors showing what contributions were expected. Fowler's accounts were kept badly, it is said, and McLean has been asked to explain matters which are obscure.

The District Attorney intends to proceed at once with the trial of James K. McGuire, who was indicted for soliciting campaign contributions from a corporation. The charge was similar to the one for which Fowler was indicted.

When the special Supreme Court Grand Jury meets to-day it will continue its investigation of circumstances attending the awarding of Contract 20 on the Catskill Aqueduct. In a civil suit in Rockland County testimony was given that Harry M. Hanger had paid $30,000 to James E. Gaffney for services in obtaining the contract. Hanger will be recalled to-day when the investigation is resumed.

NEW GRAFT INQUIRY ON.

Impatient at Osborne's Delays, Glynn Sets Delaney at Work.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Jan. 14.—Impatient at the delays in the investigation now being conducted by James W. Osborne, his special graft inquisitor, Gov. Glynn has authorized John H. Delaney, Commissioner of Efficiency and Economy, to investigate alleged derelictions within the scope of his department. The beginning will be made to-morrow, when Mr. Delaney will give a hearing in connection with a highway construction contract in Broome County.

The road in question runs between Sanitaria Springs and Harpursville. The complaint was made by Charles Van Amsburgh, County Superintendent of Highways in Broome, who declares that the road has not been built in conformance with specifications, and that parts of it already are in a condition dangerous to the public, though the construction work in other portions has not yet been completed.

The contract was let on the basis of nine miles of road construction, but the distance was cut to half that length. According to information in Commissioner Delaney's possession the work was virtually paid for in advance, the contractor having drawn all the money to which he would be entitled, although the road is not yet completed.

The contract was let to W. H. Cowhig of this city, but was assigned to the Hollington Company of Troy, a concern that was regarded as having a strong pull during the Sulzer régime. John E. Consalus, one of the principal lieutenants of Joseph J. Murphy, the Democratic leader of Rensselaer County, who was one of the first to take refuge on the Sulzer band wagon after the Hennessy investigation of highway graft began, is supposed to be a silent partner in this concern, as he was in many others which were under fire, but escaped unscathed while Sulzer was Governor and Hennessy his chief graft investigator.

The divisional engineers in the Highway Department in charge of the Broome County road work have been subpoenaed to produce all the documents having reference to the contract, and a similar request has been made of State Highway Commissioner Carlisle.

Commissioner Delaney has been detailed by Gov. Glynn to investigate the charges of drunkenness and neglect against the medical officer in charge of the Gowanda State Hospital for the Insane. The charges also involve Dr. James V. May, head of the State Hospital Commission, and it is believed that the commission itself will come in for an investigation by Mr. Delaney at no distant date. In this case Mr. Delaney will hold a hearing in Buffalo next Monday.

GANGSTERS UP TO-DAY.

Straus Murder Suspects Before Coroner—Sweeney on Trial.

Deputy Police Commissioner Dougherty spent most of yesterday afternoon questioning members of the Harry Lenny and Tommy Dyke Association, outside whose ball, Frederick Straus, a clerk of the City Court, was shot to death last Friday night, in preparation for the Coroner's hearing this morning at which "Dopey Benny" Fein and his three followers, Rubin Kaplan, "Little Abie" Beckerman, and "Waxie" Gordon, will be arraigned.

The police got wind yesterday of another ball, the announcements of which indicated that it might be accompanied by pistol skirmishes. This was the ball of the Frankfort Social Club, advertised for a week from Sunday at the Progress Casino on Avenue A. The ball was announced as in memory of "Little Maxie" Greenwald, otherwise known as Maxie Green, the striker, who was killed on Nov. 29 in the gang fight before S. Feldman's hat frame factory at 168 Greene Street.

Deputy Police Commissioner Newburger began the trial yesterday of John F. Sweeney, who was Captain in charge of the Fifth Street Police Station on the night Mr. Straus was shot and who was suspended charged with neglect of duty by Commissioner McKay on the day after the shooting. The charge against Capt. Sweeney was based on the fact that the ball of the Lenny and Dyke Association had been advertised throughout the precinct by placards bearing the names of notorious gangsters and that the Captain had made no provision for policing the affair. Capt. Sweeney appeared with his lawyer, William F. Murphy, a retired police Lieutenant, who was a member of Commissioner Bingham's legal squad.

Detective Lazarus Benjamin of Inspector Myers's staff gave testimony favorable to Sweeney. He said he had canvassed the district every day and that the placards of the ball had escaped his notice, as they had the notice of Capt. Sweeney. Detective Czernsky, Benjamin's partner, gave similar testimony.

The trial will continue on Saturday.

MALTBIE NOT ON SLATE.

Mayor Says He Will Fill Cabinet by the End of the Week.

Mayor Mitchel said yesterday that he expected to appoint a Corporation Counsel and Commissioners for the Health and Water Departments by the end of the week. He spent most of the day considering candidates and while he would not say who he has in mind for the places, he has eliminated the candidates down to two or three each. He also said he expected that his Commissioners who had not yet appointed Deputies would do so to-day.

Asked if he intended to appoint Public Service Commissioner Maltbie as Water Commissioner, he said:

"Now, you are asking about appointments which I will not discuss. I will say, however, that he is not an applicant for the place."

"Now about the Hearst situation?" the Mayor was asked.

"So far as I know," he replied smilingly, "there is no Hearst situation."

Others callers upon the Mayor yesterday were Samuel S. Koenig, Chairman of the Republican County Committee; Francis W. Bird, Chairman of the Progressive County Committee and August Schwarzler, Chairman of the Bronx Progressive Committee. They called to present the name of several candidates for jobs.

NAT. M. WILLS SUES WIFE.

Comedian Says She Had No Legal Right to Marry Him.

Nat M. Wills, known on the vaudeville stage as "The Tramp Comedian," has begun an action for the annulment of his marriage to Heloise Titcombe, known on the stage as "La Belle Titcombe," or the "Parisian Dancer on Horseback." The marriage was performed by an Alderman in Chicago on May 23, 1910, ten days after Mrs. Wills got a divorce from her former husband, Waine McEinbett. It was Mr. Wills's third venture in matrimony.

He asks for an annulment on the ground that it was a violation of Illinois law for Mrs. Wills to contract a new marriage within one year after her divorce. Persons guilty of the offense are liable to criminal prosecution, the papers in the case say.

CHICAGO LAWYER A SUICIDE.

I. H. Jordan Had Been Divorced from ex-Judge Grosscup's Daughter.

CHICAGO, Jan. 15.—I. H. Jordan, a member of the law firm of Heyman, Walker & Jordan, and until recently son-in-law of ex-United States District Judge Peter S. Grosscup, took a room in the Palmer House to-day and committed suicide by shooting himself after, it is believed, taking poison.

Mr. Jordan, who was 42 years old and a native of Cincinnati, married in 1903 Miss Katheryn Grosscup, who, after a long separation, obtained a divorce from him last March at San Diego, Cal., charging desertion. Since the couple parted Mr. Jordan had lived at the University Club and he left a letter addressed to W. H. Clark, who also is a lawyer. It read as follows:

Forgive my weakness. Good-bye. Please notify W. H. Kenney, 3,542 Clifton Avenue, Cincinnati, and J. W. O'Hara, Johnson Building, Cincinnati.

Another letter left by Jordan directed the Secretary of the University Club to destroy his (Jordan's) mail.

Mr. Heyman, one of his law partners, expressed the belief that Jordan's act was the result of despondency over his divorce.

"Mrs. Jordan obtained the divorce on the grounds of desertion and non-support," said Mr. Heyman. "Mr. Jordan did not contest the suit. Mrs. Jordan and one daughter 5 years old are now living at Coronado Beach, Cal."

Mr. O'Hara, mentioned in the suicide's letter, was a close personal friend. Mr. Kenney is his sister's husband.

FITZSIMMONS ASKS LEAVE TO BOX AGAIN

Opposing State Commission's Prohibition, Experts Say He's as Tough as Sole Leather.

TANGO TOO MUCH IN RING

Ex-Champion Wants to Teach White Hopes to Fight—Hopes to Have Ten Rounds with Kearns.

The crowd that jammed Justice Seabury's part of the Supreme Court yesterday, to hear the argument on the application of "Lanky Bob" Fitzsimmons to compel the New York State Athletic Commission to permit him to enter the ring again, was disappointed. The hearing was adjourned until to-morrow at the request of Deputy Attorney General John J. Dwyer. He said he wanted an opportunity to study the merits of the case.

The pugilist was promptly on hand at 10:30 with his counsel, George C. Norton. As he appeared in the dark corridor, an advance guard heralded his arrival and there was a flocking of idlers and clerks. Fitzsimmons smiled genially and greeted everybody who spoke to him. He had to use his big shoulders to get into the court room, and then the noise of his admirers was so great that the court officers had a job to silence them.

Finally it was suggested that Fitzsimmons hold his reception in the corridor, while his lawyers looked after his interests in the court. Fitzsimmons grinned and said that suited him. He pushed his way out, and so many followed him that there was scarcely a corporal's guard left.

Mr. Norton submitted a number of affdavits concerning the ability of Fitzsimmons to stand hard and fast work in the ring. The first of these was signed by Mike Donovan, head boxing instructor of the New York Athletic Club, who said he had been boxing for twenty-six years and that, although he is now 66 years old, he still boxes four hours a day.

Anthony J. Drexel Biddle of Philadelphia, who has himself done some boxing in the ring as well as out of it, said in his affidavit that he also had boxed with Fitzsimmons, and he would like to see the man capable of causing the "light heavyweight" any distress.

Other affidavits were from Dr. Thomas A. Kenyon and Dr. Edward D. Rudderow, who said they had examined Fitzsimmons and found him hard as sole leather and capable of standing any amount of so-called "punishment" in a ring.

Meanwhile Fitzsimmons was having a fine time with his friends in the corridor.

"There is too much tangoing in the ring nowadays and not enough real fighting. When I go in the ring I don't go in to dance, but to box. That's what I always have done and I always will do it. I ain't afraid of getting hurt. Any hurt any man can do me I can stand. Don't let anybody have any fear about that."

SCHOOLBOYS WON'T STRIKE

Stuyvesant Students Not Planning Walkout in Sympathy for Harder.

George Harder, 17 years old, a fifth-term student in the Stuyvesant High School, Fifteenth Street, between First and Second Avenues, was arrested in the school building on Tuesday afternoon on a charge of disorderly conduct. The complaint against the student was made by Vice Principal Walter Foster, who called in Patrolman Connell of the East Twenty-second Street police station to arrest Harder.

According to some of Harder's classmates, he was seen by Harry T. Knox, teacher of drawing, smoking on the school premises in violation of the rules. The drawing teacher, it is said, reprimanded the student, but the latter paid no attention to the teacher. Later he was confronted by the teacher in the presence of Mr. Foster. Harder, it is reported, threatened bodily harm to the Vice Principal and the teacher, and started to leave the room. At the police station the student gave his address as Bayside, L. I. He is the son of Julius F. Harder, an architect. The boy was paroled in the custody of his father until 2 o'clock this afternoon, when he will be arraigned in the Essex Market Court. Members of Harder's class in drawing denied yesterday afternoon that they intended to go on a strike unless the charge against him was dropped by the Vice Principal. Neither the Principal, Ernest L. von Nardroff, nor Vice Principal Foster would discuss the affair.

CONEY HOTEL BURNS.

Firemen Save Building Near in Spite of 60-Mile Gale.

The Roseben Hotel, on Seaside Walk, in Coney Island, was destroyed by fire in the early hours of yesterday morning and its burning furnished a two-hour fight for the firemen, who had to work in the bitter cold and a sixty-mile gale.

The fire, which did a damage of $25,000, was kept from other buildings only by stubborn resistance, and Stauch's dance hall, across the way, was saved by the steady work of a bucket brigade made up of all the Stauch employes. Joseph White, the proprietor, was in Manhattan at the time and Mrs. White, with her bulldog in her arms, was carried from the burning building by the police.

FOR FEDERAL ALASKAN ROAD

Supporters Say It Will Pay Its Construction Cost in One Year.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 14.—Congress learned much of the resources of Alaska to-day, both houses devoting most of their time to debate on bills for a Government railroad from the coast to the interior of the Territory. With maps and pointer, Senator Walsh of Montana held the floor in the Senate, supporting the Chamberlain bill, while Delegate Wickersham of Alaska championed in the House a similar measure introduced by himself.

Supporters of the project thought to-night that the bills would pass both houses without serious opposition, probably early next week. Some delay may be caused, however, by an amendment offered by Senator Norris to provide for a Government-owned steamship line from Alaska to Pacific Coast ports and to the Atlantic via the Panama Canal. This proposal was not touched upon to-day.

Estimating that the Government would need at least 300,000 tons of coal annually on the Pacific for naval purposes, Senator Walsh said the cost of transporting this amount of coal from Atlantic ports would amount to more than $1,500,000, the greater part of that sum going to foreign ship owners. With the building of only twenty-five miles of railroad to the Bering coal fields of Alaska this could be saved, he said, and the cost of construction repaid in one year's economy.

Delegate Wickersham told the House that lobbyists for the Guggenheim interests in Alaska had been in Washington working against the passage of the bill.

MISS BOODY ELECTED DEAN.

New Head of Radcliffe Now in Charge of New York School.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Jan. 14.—The Associates of Radcliffe College have elected Miss Bertha May Boody to the office of Dean.

Miss Boody was born in Brookline, Feb. 26, 1877. She received the A. B. degree from Radcliffe in 1899, and the A. M. degree from Columbia in 1912. She studied one Winter in the American School for Classical Studies in Rome, and one Summer in the University of Cambridge, England. She taught for nine years in the Cambridge School for Girls, Cambridge, (formerly the Gilman School,) and for two years in Miss Madeira's private school, Washington, and has been for two years head of the Charlton School, New York. She was treasurer of the Radcliffe College Alumnae Association from 1902 to 1905, and Second Vice President of the association from 1903 to 1907. In October, 1912, she was elected an Associate of Radcliffe College for a term of three years, on the nomination of the Alumnae.

Day's Imprisonment for Contempt.

Judge Hough yesterday in the Federal District Court fined Robert Corn, alias Leon Guiterman, $150 and placed him in the custody of Marshal Henkel for one day for having committed contempt of court by violating an injunction restraining him from the sale of certain pin fasteners and pin protectors, which were alleged to have been patented by Maximilian Fischer. The fine was paid.

J. M. Gidding & Co.

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Rich Furs & Apparel
Priced for Prompt Clearance

With *real* Winter weather just beginning, this is indeed a most opportune time for thoughtful women to take advantage of fur and garment prices which are the *lowest of the season.*

Many articles heretofore not on sale are included.

$65 to $150 Velvet Gowns, $35 & $65

Handsome afternoon styles, trimmed with lace, fur and chiffon.

$95 to $125 Velvet Suits—$45

Trimmed with rich furs—also fur-trimmed corduroy suits.

$95 to $150 Steamer & Utility Coats—$55

Latest Winter models, of imported materials, fur-trimmed.

Furs—Immediate Clearance

Entire stocks of Coats, Sets, Muffs, Scarfs—all prime skins—at reductions averaging

Half Former Prices

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Columbia Record A-5513

Step in and hear it.

Other Columbia Double-Disc Dance records now ready, including the latest One-steps, Turkey-trots, Bostons, Hesitations, Waltzes and Tangos.

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Fuller, Bagley & Beers, 2106 Broadway, New York
F. G. Smith, Bradbury Piano Warerooms, 60 Flatbush Av., Brooklyn, N. Y.
Pease Piano Company, 34 Flatbush Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y.
W. I. Fancher, Jr., 738 Flatbush Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y.
F. G. Smith, Bradbury Piano Warerooms, 1227 Broadway, Brooklyn, N. Y.
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Rumler Bros., 3-5 Park Ave., Paterson, N. J.

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Commences Thursday, January 15th

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At Drastic Reductions in Prices

The stock consists only of well selected, perfectly matched Furs of the better to the finest grades, and the most fashionable models, including our entire stock of Imported Novelties.

Hudson Seal Coats

Formerly	$165.00	$185.00	$200.00	$225.00	$275.00	to	$450.00
Reduced to	100.00	115.00	120.00	135.00	150.00		250.00

Black Caracul Coats

Formerly	$75.00	$85.00	$90.00	$100.00	$135.00	to	$175.00
Reduced to	48.00	50.00	58.00	68.00	85.00		98.00

Hair Seal Coats	formerly $85.00	48.00	Ocelot Coats	formerly $300.00	150.00
Black Pony Coats	formerly $55.00	38.00	Jap Mink Coat	formerly $200.00	145.00
Black Pony Coats	formerly $100.00	60.00	Raccoon Coat	formerly $200.00	145.00
Natural Pony Coats	formerly $115.00	75.00	Leopard Coat	formerly $200.00	115.00
Rat Head Coats	formerly $150.00	75.00	Sable Squirrel Coat	formerly $275.00	165.00
Tiger Cat Coats	formerly $100.00	68.00	Taupe Squirrel Coat	formerly $275.00	165.00

Imported Model Coats

Half Price and Less than Half Price

A truly remarkable opportunity—various Furs and Fur Combinations of the most fashionable kinds—all this season's latest Parisian creations.

Formerly	$200.00	$400.00	$400.00	$600.00	$450.00	$600.00	$850.00
Reduced to	85.00	175.00	200.00	200.00	215.00	250.00	375.00

Muffs

Formerly $100 to $115	65.00, 68.00, 75.00
Formerly $115	75.00
Formerly $68 to $135	45.00, 68.00, 90.00
Formerly $68 and $95	45.00, 68.00
Formerly $95	60.00
Formerly $80.00	45.00
Formerly $110.00	68.00
Formerly $75.00	45.00

Scarfs

Sitka Fox	formerly $100	68.00, 70.00
Black Fox	formerly $110	68.00
Natural Fitch	formerly $60	38.00
Scotch Mole	formerly $100 and $125	68.00, 72.00
Kit Fox	formerly $65	38.00
Seal and Fitch	formerly $80	45.00
Jap Mink	formerly $65	42.00
Seal and Ermine	formerly $110	75.00

Annual Sale of Medium and Winter Weight
Underwear and Hosiery

Most Remarkable Reductions from Regular Prices

Thousands of garments of the dependable grades only. Covering almost every style in use at the present time, perfectly made and finished throughout, and the great price savings surpass former offerings

Women's Underwear

VESTS AND TIGHTS, soft cotton, medium weight; vests high neck, long or short sleeves; tights ankle length. *Regular price 50c* .35

VESTS AND TIGHTS, fine ribbed merino, medium weight; vest high neck, long or short sleeves; tights ankle length. *Regular price $1.25* .68

VESTS AND TIGHTS, fine ribbed cashmere, medium weight; vests high neck and short sleeves; tights ankle length. *Regular price $1.50* .95

VESTS AND TIGHTS, fine ribbed silk and wool, winter weight; vests low neck, sleeveless; tights ankle length. *Regular price $2.00* .95

UNION SUITS, fine ribbed cotton, medium weight, low neck, sleeveless or high neck and short sleeves; regular and out sizes. *Regular price $1.00* .68

UNION SUITS, fine ribbed, soft, pure white cotton, medium weight, silk trimmed; all shapes. *Regular price $1.25* .95

UNION SUITS, fine ribbed merino, medium weight; low neck and short sleeves or high neck and long sleeves. *Regular price $2.00* .95

UNION SUITS, fine ribbed cashmere, winter weight; low neck and sleeveless. *Regular price $2.50* 1.50

BLACK WOOL TIGHTS, knee or ankle length, winter weight. *Regular price $2.50* 1.50

Women's Stockings

IMPORTED BLACK COTTON, winter weight, double high spliced heels, soles and toes. *Regular Price $4.00 doz.* Box ½ doz. for 1.25

IMPORTED BLACK LISLE THREAD, open worked insteps, high spliced heels soles and toes; garter tops. *Regular price 50c pair* .25

EXTRA FINE BLACK COTTON, medium weight, double high spliced heels, soles and toes; garter tops. *Regular price 35c pair* .25

EXTRA FINE BLACK COTTON, medium weight, double high spliced heels, soles and toes; garter tops. *Regular price 50c pair* .35

BLACK THREAD SILK, high grade, double high spliced heels, soles and toes. *Regular price $1.00 pair.* 3 pairs for $2.25 .78

12,000 Pairs Children's Stockings

FINE RIBBED COTTON, medium weight, black, white or tan, double heels and toes. ½ doz. for .85

ARTIFICIAL SILK, fine ribbed, very lustrous and durable; black, white, tan, pink or sky. *Pair* .29

BOYS' SCHOOL STOCKINGS, fine ribbed combed yarn, strong and durable, double linen heels and toes. *Pair* .23

The Annual Sale of Finest French Lingerie

At the most attractive prices and a further extra special

Discount of 15 Per Cent.

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will continue from day to day. The stock comprises a most refined selection of NIGHT GOWNS, COMBINATIONS, CHEMISES, PETTICOATS, PRINCESS SLIPS AND BRIDAL SETS.

Hand made, hand embroidered and lace trimmed. Of finest French materials, exquisitely made and finished. The latest models, made expressly for us by the most famous makers and designers of Paris, expressly to suit the prevailing style of dress.

An Unusual Sale of Blouses and Waists

Especially choice lots, entirely new and most striking models

Cream Net Blouses with flesh colored linings; Shadow Lace Blouses, hemstitched; Chiffon Blouses trimmed with Shadow Laces; French Voile Blouses with Brocade Crepe Collar and Cuffs. Regularly $6.75 4.85

Chiffon Cloth Blouses with white Chiffon Vestee; Crepe Chiffon Blouses with Maline and Shadow Laces; Cream Lace Blouses with fancy frills; Chiffon Cloth Waists in white and colors; Hand Embroidered Fancy Voile Waists. Regularly $9.50 7.50

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32 to 40 Chest Measure.

240 Suits. Smart three or four button models with patch or flap pockets, all-woolen fabrics; stripes, neat checks, mixtures and one-tone effects. *Heretofore 15.00, 18.00 and 20.00* 10.00

185 Overcoats. Semi-fitted and belted back English models, single or double-breasted, of vicuna cheviot and mixtures. Self or velvet collars. *Heretofore 18.00 and 20.00* 10.00

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250,000 MILITIAMEN FOR SERVICE ABROAD

States' Forces to be Doubled and Made Available for Action in Foreign Lands.

GUARDSMEN TO BE PAID

New Administration Measure Has the Support of Militia Commanders of 32 States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 14.—A new bill, much broader in its scope and practically revolutionary in its effect, has been agreed upon by Secretary of War Garrison, the officers in charge of the militia division of the regular army and the Adjutant Generals commanding the militia in thirty-two States, to supersede the oVlunteer Army bill passed by the House of Representatives just before the holiday recess and now pending in the Senate.

The new measure is designed to convert the State militia of the country, now numbering approximately 120,000 enlisted men, into an effective fighting force instantly at the command of the Federal Government for purposes of invading a foreign country, if necessary, as well as to repel invasion at home. Recruited to full war strength, the militia wing of the regular army, as now promised, would number in round figures 250,000 men.

There is every reason to believe that the bill will be enacted by Congress early in the present session and with little or no debate. Secretary Garrison has assured the Adjutant Generals of the States, meeting here with the National Militia Board, that President Wilson strongly favors the bill and will use his influence with Congress to have it pushed through with no unnecessary delay.

The Adjutant Generals, when they gathered here this week, were prepared to urge certain amendments to the pending Volunteer Army bill. The conferences with the heads of the War Department resulted in the decision to unite all the elements having to do with the handling of the National Guard in support of the substitute and very much broader legislation.

The new measure will meet, in a roundabout but nevertheless, effective way, the requirements of the Federal Constitution, that members of the National Guard cannot be called into the service of the Federal Government in connection with the invasion of a foreign country, such as would be the case should the United States intervene in Mexico. Those enlisting in the militia will take what will amount to two oaths, one affecting service strictly for the States, and the other covering service for the United States should the militia be called out by the Federal Government. Thus, the National Guard could at once, without formalities, be called into the Federal service under a call so arranged that the guardsmen immediately would take their places in the regular army as volunteers rather than as militiamen.

It is intended to provide for Federal pay for members of the National Guard as a regular practice in time of peace as well as of war. Under this feature of the bill the Government, at the outset, would expend about $8,000,000 annually in payments for the National Guard, this money to be distributed equitably, or as nearly so as possible, among the guardsmen of the various States.

It is proposed to regulate payments on the basis of a graduated scale, starting from the privates down rather than from the officers down as is usually the case. Enlisted men in the National Guard are to be paid at the rate of one dollar for each drill attended. The pay of the officers is to be on a very much smaller scale.

The Federal Government will not pay directly, but through the States, which will serve as disbursing agents. This will avoid complications over such questions as pensions and other points which might tend to hinder the acceptance by Congress of the new measure.

SALE OF LINCOLN RELICS.

Two Sessions of Lambert Sale Realize a Total of $15,675.

The first two sessions of the sale of the late Major William H. Lambert's remarkable collection of Lincolniana, conducted by the Metropolitan Art Association at the Anderson Galleries yesterday, established a number of new record prices. The total for the day was $15,675, of which $8,408 was obtained last evening.

The largest sum paid for a single item was $3,250. It was one of three copies of the original Thirteenth Constitutional Amendment, written on vellum, made by the Chief Engrossing Clerk and his two assistants by special permission, and at their request signed by Abraham Lincoln, Vice President Hannibal Hamlin, and Speaker Schuyler Colfax. George D. Smith was the successful bidder. It was reported that he was buying for Henry E. Huntington in this and other instances.

He also obtained for $1,900 one of fifty authorized copies of the original Emancipation Proclamation, signed by Lincoln, William H. Seward, and John G. Nicolay. These fifty copies were signed by Lincoln for Charles G. Leland at the request of George H. Boker.

A scarce Southern pamphlet "Abraham Lincoln Demonstrated to be the Gog of the Bible," Memphis, 1868, went to F. W. Morris for $126. A fine copy of the broadside offering $100,000 reward for the capture of Lincoln's assassins, containing photographs of Surratt, Wilkes Booth, and Harold, was knocked down to H. Whitman for $400.

Charles F. Heartman gave $185 for a collection of Lincolniana in nine octavo volumes. E. D. North obtained for $675 the original play bills issued at Ford's Theatre, Washington, on the morning and evening of the day on which Lincoln was shot. The scarcest of the lot, is the play bill printed in the afternoon after it had been definitely ascertained that Lincoln would attend the performance of "Our American Cousin." Mr. Smith gave $225 for a "Biograph and Sketch of Lincoln" by Charles H. Hart, Albany, 1870, and "Bibliographia Lincolniana," two volumes in one.

Among the persons present at the sale was Montagu Barlow, Member of Parliament and a member of the firm of Sotheby, Wilkinson & Hodge, London. Two more sessions will be held to-day. This afternoon the remarkable series of Lincoln autograph letters will be dispersed.

$6,000 FOR "PICKPOCKET."

Knaus's Painting Brings Top Price at Rohlson Sale—Total $19,582.

There were a good audience and good prices at the concluding sale of pictures of Mrs. Bertha Rohlson of Hamburg, Germany, and others at Silo's Fifth Avenue Art Galleries last evening. The highest price of the evening was brought by Ludwig Knaus's "The Pickpocket," a large painting, a market scene, which went to Snedecor & Babcock, as agents, for $6,100. The same buyers made a number of purchases. "Approaching Storm," by Houget, went to them for $425. They paid $350 for a Clays, "Fishing Boats on the North Sea," and $1,550 for "The Picture," two girls looking at an album, by Vautier.

A number of pictures not on the catalogue were sold following the regular numbers. Of these a rich interior with red curtains at the windows, a large palm in the centre of the background, and two figures, by Munkacsy, went to W. Michel for $1,450. H. Moberly paid $560 for a picture, "Landscape and Sheep," by Jacques. John Levy paid $505 for a large and beautiful flower picture by Robie, "In the Park at Versailles," The "Portrait of a Man," by Frans Hals, went to J. Rathburn, agent, for $700, and "The Puppet Show," by Decamps, to the same buyer for $560.

A large cattle picture, "Coming Home," went to the Holland Galleries for $500, and a very large picture, 56 by 92, by M. F. H. de Haas, "Cape Ann Off the Coast of Maine," went to the same buyers for $470. There were large rocks in the foreground of this picture shown in the shadow, while the sun was flushing the sky in the background and the water beside the rocks. Henry P. Smith's big landscape, "The Loue Oak Tree," went to A. T. Scofield for $475. A. G. Scopes of Albany paid $525 for Moreland's "The Smugglers."

The returns for the evening were $15,482 and for the sale $19,582.

Suffrage Leader Named.

Mrs. Florence Howe Hall, daughter of the late Julia Ward Howe, has been appointed leader of the Twelfth Assembly District of the Woman Suffrage Party to succeed Mrs. Frederick Gillette.

DISMISS MOTHER FROM HER SCHOOL

Mrs. Griswold, a Clerical Assistant, Concealed the Birth of Her Child.

WOMEN VOTE AGAINST HER

Board of Education Unanimous in Action on Charges in Staten Island Case.

Mrs. Carolyn W. Griswold, clerical assistant in the Curtis High School, New Brighton, Staten Island, was dismissed from the service by the Board of Education yesterday because, as alleged, she made false statements about her absence from the school, which was due to the birth of her child. The vote for her dismissal was unanimous. All of the women Commissioners present cast their votes against her. Mrs. Giswold's salary was $1,200 a year.

The Board of Superintendents first learned of Mrs. Griswold's absence from school in November last, when the report of her Principal was received, giving the number of days she had failed to report for duty. District Supt. Bardwell investigated the case, and learned that Mrs. Griswold had given birth to a child. As a result of his investigation Mrs. Griswold was suspended on Dec. 8.

Her case was heard on Jan. 7 by the Committee on High Schools. The accused was present with her counsel, John S. Wise, Jr. The testimony was to the effect that when she was questioned as to the reason for her absence she made, as alleged, false statements for the purpose of concealing the facts, and deceiving the Education Department officials. It was also alleged that she had refused to give proper answers to questions put to her by City Supt. Maxwell and District Supt. Bardwell, and had withheld necessary information asked by them. The High Schools Committee, after hearing all the evidence, decided unanimously to report in favor of her dismissal. It is said that Mrs. Griswold will apepal to the courts.

The Board of Education was in a dismissing mood yesterday. It found Samuel E. Schenck, a cleaner in Public School 6, Queens, guilty of charges of absence without leave and neglect of duty and dismissed him. It also found George E. Butterfield, janitor of Public School 111, Manhattan, guilty of charges of gross misconduct and dismissed him also.

Leniency was shown in the case of Mrs. Rena G. Schweitzer, a teacher in School 13, Manhattan. She was suspended by District Superintendent Jenkins on Dec. 6 for neglect of duty in absenting herself from her school. When a copy of the charges was taken to her house it was learned that she had sailed for Bermuda. She did not return until Jan. 13. The Committee on Elementary Schools recommended that, in view of the fact that she had been teaching with satisfaction to the committee for some time, punishment be limited to a fine representing her salary from Dec. 2, the first day of her absence, to Jan. 13, inclusive, and that she be allowed to resume her duties with full pay dating from Saturday. The Board of Education so ordered.

All of the new members of the board were present at the meeting, including Dr. Abraham Flexner, William Harkness, and John J. Keller of Brooklyn and William G. Willcox of Richmond. Dr. Flexner took no part in any of the day's discussions. Mr. Harkness, a former member of the Board of Education, was warmly welcomed by the older members.

On motion of Gen. George W. Wingate the board authorized the Brooklyn Committee on Public Safety to conduct a children's safety crusade in the public schools of Brooklyn.

Secretary Palmer informed the board of the receipt of a letter from parents of pupils in Public School 52, Broadway and Academy Street, asking that Van Evrie Kilpatrick, who has been acting teacher in charge there, be appointed as Principal. President Churchill said that he had been visited by a delegation of citizens who urged Mr. Kilpatrick's appointment. It appears, however, that Mr. Kilpatrick has lost a Principal's license, and the board therefore could not appoint him without violating its rules.

Henry M. Leipziger, Supervisor of Lectures, was authorized to visit colleges and universities to obtain lecturers for lecture courses, his expenses to be paid by the Education Department.

On the recommendation of the Board of Superintendents it was decided to set aside rooms in Public School 54, Manhattan, and Public School 69, Brooklyn, as annexes of the Julia Richman High School and Commercial High School respectively.

Leave of absence without pay from Jan. 1 to Dec. 31, 1914, was granted to Owen M. Kiernan, inspector of fuel, Bureau of Supplies, to enable him to serve as a member of the Legislature.

It was decided to appoint a special committee with reference to public school class work exhibit at the Panama-Pacific Exposition in 1915. The Board of Superintendents was permitted to withdraw its nomination of Robert S. Stantial as Principal of Public School 104, Brooklyn.

SMELTING INQUIRY STILL ON

Rumors of Negotiations with Government Are Denied.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 14.—There have been rumors recently of tentative efforts on the part of the American Smelting and Refining Company to provide by negotiations for compliance with the anti-trust law and thus avoid possible prosecution by the Government.

Inquiry at the Department of Justice to-night brought the statement from high authority that the investigation of the operations of the company is still in progress and a complete denial was given to the report that efforts at a compromise were under headway. It was asserted positively that no such compromise was even contemplated by the representatives of the company or by the Government.

The field of inquiry into the business of the smelting company is so vast and intricate, it was explained, that it will take a long time to obtain the information necessary to determine the basis and scope of any proposed prosecution.

FAVOR RATE INCREASE.

Boot and Shoe Manufacturers Appeal for Railroads.

The National Boot and Shoe Manufacturers' Association met yesterday at the Hotel Astor in an all-day convention. Among the resolutions passed was one urging the Interstate Commerce Commission to hasten its decision on the application of the Eastern railroads for an increase in freight rates so that "this influence halting trade" might be abolished as soon as possible. In the resolution it was said that "the business men of the country will acquiesce without prejudice in an advance in rates if such is found necessary by the commission in order to provide business with efficient service."

Last night the convention was brought to a close by a dinner in the Hotel Astor, at which William A. Marble, President of the Merchants' Association; William H. McElroy, and the Right Rev. W. A. Quayle of the Methodist Episcopal Church were the speakers.

John H. Hanan of Hanan & Son, was presented with a framed testimonial of appreciation by Congressman Kreider in the name of the association. Mr. Hanan served the association as President from the time of its organization nine years ago until last year.

A RECORD FIGURE

The filling at the

Apollinaris Spring

during the year 1913

Exceeded 40,000,000 Bottles

WHY ARE YOU COLD?

Elderly Men need not fear cold weather. Ask any first-class dealer for Style 3821 pure white merino underwear.

"No Better in the World."

American Hosiery Co

225 Fourth Ave.

(Wholesale Only.)

$100,000 FOR SANITARIUM.

Anonymous Endowment Gift for Medford, L. I., Institution.

The Medford Sanitarium for working people at Medford, L. I., will receive a $100,000 endowment, if the prospective donor is satisfied after an inquiry that the work now being done there may be made of general benefit to humanity. The philanthropist making the offer, whose name is withheld for the present, resides outside the State.

The sanitarium was started by a number of labor unions to provide for tuberculosis patients. They bought a tract of forty acres and have contributed toward its support by assessing union members one to two cents each monthly. Other large contributors are Charles M. and Frederick B. Pratt, 26 Broadway.

Work was begun last Spring and several small buildings were erected. Thirty patients are now being cared for. At the first annual meeting yesterday these officers were re-elected: Howard F. Whitney, President; Dr. Arthur Meyer, Vice President, and Henry J. Davenport, Treasurer.

COUPLE DEAD IN AUTO.

Infatuated, Cunningham Shot Woman Business Partner and Himself.

LONG BEACH, Cal., Jan. 14.—Belief that his infatuation for Mrs. Violet A. Kerr, his business partner, had become known to his wife, his parents, his intimate friends, and business associates, coupled with the fact that Mrs. Kerr had refused to desert her husband and children to elope with him, was given by the police to-day as the reason why Arthur E. Cunningham, a realty man of this city, shot and killed Mrs. Kerr last night and then took his own life.

The bodies of Cunningham and Mrs. Kerr were found in an automobile standing by the roadside in a lonely part of the city. Both had been shot through the head, and in the man's hand was the revolver.

For the Southern Season

NEWEST ideas in Fashions for The Riviera, Palm Beach, Southern California, Florida, Panama and other climes.

Importations just received from Paris are now being shown for the first time—an exhibit of *Authentic Spring Styles*, rivaling the best efforts of previous seasons and including models exhibited simultaneously by the leading couturiers of Paris.

Gowns Dresses Wraps
Tailleur and Demi-tailleur Suits, Coats,
Separate Skirts, Blouses and Millinery

J. M. Gidding & Co.

Fifth Ave. at 46th St. New York.

This Afternoon at 2:30 o'clock.
This Evening at 8:15 o'clock.

American Art Galleries

Madison Square South, New York

Interesting Unrestricted Public Sales

THIS (Thurs.) and Friday Afternoons at 2:30 o'clock.

BY ORDER OF AN ADMINISTRATOR

A large quantity of

Antique and Modern Silver

Sheffield and Other Plate

Empire & Other Furniture

Candelabra and Table Garnitures, in Gilt Ormolu by Thomire.

Old Mirrors, Bronzes, Clocks, Ceramics, Napoleona, Sculpture, Sporting Prints, Etchings, Engravings and other objects removed from an old Colonial Mansion in the Vicinity of New York.

THIS (Thurs.) and Friday Evenings at 8:15 o'clock.

BY ORDER OF THE EXECUTOR of B. R. Redman, Deceased, the EQUITABLE TRUST COMPANY of New York, Trustee of the ESTATE OF DANIEL O'DAY, Deceased, and an Administrator,

Modern Oil Paintings

by

American and Foreign Artists

Rix	Sorolla (2)	Blommers
Blakelock (3)	Hassam (3)	Truesdell
Ochtman	Crane	Weeks, E. L. (3)
Turner, C. Y.	Piot	Signorini
Lawson (3)	Bogert	Jones, F. C.
Poore, H. R. (2)	McCord (3)	Blenner, C.
Ribera	O'Kelly (3) and others	De Haven (2)

and a number of Interesting

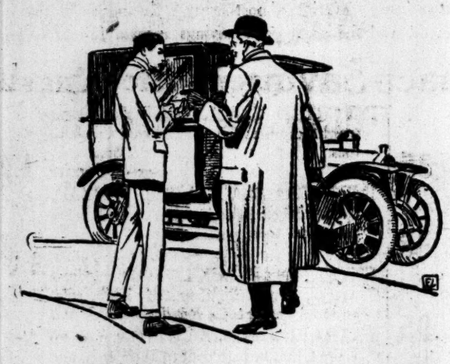
OLD PORTRAITS

of the Early English, French, Flemish, Dutch and Spanish Schools and early American Paintings.

The sale will be conducted by MR. THOMAS E. KIRBY, assisted by Mr. Otto Bernet, of

THE AMERICAN ART ASSOCIATION, Mgrs.

6 East 23d Street, Madison Square South, New York.



You can count on getting there in time in a Yellow Taxi.

Reason. The mechanism of every Yellow Taxicab is inspected thoroughly every night, and the slightest thing loose or wrong made tight and right. We have a complete shop with tools and men and $75,000 worth of extra parts constantly on hand.

No Yellow Taxicab can start out for its day's work unless it is in perfect working order.

That's our kind of service.

Yellow Taxicab Company

Call up Columbus Ten Thousand

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Irving National Bank

NEW YORK

WOOLWORTH BUILDING

STATEMENT OF CONDITION,
JANUARY 13TH, 1914
Submitted at Annual Meeting of Shareholders

ASSETS

IMMEDIATELY AVAILABLE		
Cash in Vault and Checks for Clearings	$13,157,356.58	
Due from Correspondents and Demand Loans	10,710,017.28	$23,867,373.86
AVAILABLE WITHIN 30 DAYS		
Loans Due in 30 Days	8,279,222.93	
United States Bonds	1,640,501.94	
Other Bonds and Investments	2,558,956.34	12,478,681.21
OTHER LOANS & DISCOUNTS		
Due Within 4 Months	14,429,555.83	
Due After 4 Months	4,664,806.66	19,094,362.49
Customers' Liability—Letters of Credit		1,067,216.00
		$56,507,633.56

LIABILITIES

CAPITAL	$4,000,000.00
SURPLUS AND PROFITS	3,447,932.53
Circulation	1,582,400.00
Letters of Credit	1,321,510.15
Deposits	46,155,790.88
	$56,507,633.56

Directors

LEWIS E. PIERSON, Chairman Executive Committee.
F. A. M. BURRELL, Brooklyn, N. Y.
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HARRY M. WILLIAMS, President Union News Company.
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ROLLIN P. GRANT, PRESIDENT.

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SAMUEL REDFERN, *Ass't Cashier*

STRICTLY A COMMERCIAL BANK

Mother's Cleanser makes glass sparkle and shine. For all kinds of cleaning around the house, it's a wonder worker. Nothing can equal

MOTHER'S CLEANSER

for cleaning and polishing woodwork, china and glassware, pots and pans, brass, tiling, painted walls, etc. An odorless antiseptic—contains no grit nor acid and positively will not roughen or harm the most delicate skin.

10c at all dealers. Cash or premium certificates with each can.

W. J. DAWES & CO., 110-112 W. 40th St., New York City

Now Open Under Entire New Management

F. HOLLENDERS

Russian-Turkish Baths

Positively the largest and finest Baths in the United States. Entirely renovated with latest improvements.

Also NEW EQUIPMENTS Up-to-date

Reopens Thursday, Jan. 15th

Main Entrance Now 152-160 W. 126th St.

Cafe Entrance, 149 W. 125th St.

Chiropody and Tonsorial Parlor conducted by Dr. Krauss and Dr. Cohen.

The Handsome New Cafe and Restaurant conducted by Schumann Bros.

ROBERT MANDEL, Superintendent.

Relief For Unemployed

In response to an article published, yesterday, in a newspaper, calling attention to the vast number of suffering unemployed in New York, LOTOS TEA CONCERN, Inc., is prepared to supply a good grade of coffee at actual gross cost to any one who desires to contribute coffee to the Salvation Army, Bowery Mission or other relief stations.

We will, if desired, deliver the coffee for the donor, forwarding the acknowledgment to the giver.

LOTOS TEA CONCERN, Inc.,
57th Street and Lexington Ave.

Wild's Orientals

The cost of extravagant advertising and selling must be paid for somehow. Such extravagance is nowhere more easily covered up than in the profits on inferior Oriental Rugs.

Our only extravagance is in sparing no expense to obtain the best obtainable.

JOSEPH WILD & CO.
Fifth Ave. and 35th St.
Largest Specialty Rug House in America

WILLIAMS EXPLAINS MUNSEY TRUST DEAL

Other Washington Institutions Refused to Take Over U. S. Trust, He Tells Senators.

BANKERS HEAR STATEMENT

Total of 1,626 National Banks Now Enrolled for Federal Reserve—State Banks Also Joining.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 14.—The Senate Committee on Banking and Currency held extended hearings to-day in regard to John Skelton Williams' appointment as Controller of the Currency and ex-officio member of the Organization Committee and the Federal Reserve Board. The Democrats had hoped to dispose of the matter this afternoon, but the hearings lasted so long that this was impossible. The committee will meet again to-morrow morning, and if witnesses conclude their testimony in time an effort will be made to report the nomination soon after the Senate convenes at noon.

The committee's inquiry this afternoon was confined almost exclusively to Mr. Williams's part as Assistant Secretary of the Treasury in facilitating the taking over of the United States Trust Company of Washington by the Munsey Trust Company of Washington, following a run on the first-named company. The charge was made that Mr. Williams was prompted by personal feelings for his brother, Lancaster Williams of the Munsey Trust of Baltimore, and had not required satisfactory collateral for $1,000,000 of Government money deposited to relieve the strain on the United States Trust.

Mr. Williams appeared before the committee and explained his course. He said the Treasury could not deal directly with a trust company, so that he had deposited $1,000,000 with twelve national banks of the District, and after proper security had been received from the United States Trust Company and the Munsey Trust Company, these banks were authorized to transfer their deposits to the tills of the United States Trust. There never had been any question, he said, of the institution's ultimate solvency.

Mr. Williams's testimony threw light on certain phases of the difficulties which confronted the United States Trust Company. He said the National Bank of Washington first thought of saving the local situation by taking over the business of the United States Trust Company, but finally decided not to do so. The Continental Trust then took up the matter, and it also decided against action. Then there was a meeting of the local bankers to discuss a remedy, and in the end Frank A. Munsey of the Munsey Trust Company took over the United States Trust Company.

The committee's hearing was in secret, but Mr. Williams's testimony was heard by W. F. Flather, Vice-President of the Riggs National Bank and Chairman of the Clearing House, and William R. Merriam and W. C. Warden of the Continental Trust Company. Mr. Flather said that to-morrow he would correct some of Mr. Williams's statements.

When the committee met early this afternoon, Senator Reed of Missouri, seconded by Senator Shafroth of Colorado, moved that Mr. Williams's nomination be favorably reported at once. Mr. Weeks, however, said he thought the committee should have further light on certain points affecting Mr. Williams's career. A short recess was then taken to allow Mr. Williams and the local bankers time to reach the Capitol.

Certified copies of resolutions adopted by the Boards of Directors of 1,626 national banks, accepting the provisions of the new currency law, had been received up to-night by the Treasury Department. The acceptances, it was said, included nearly all of the largest banks in the principal cities, and the list was being increased hourly by notifications from State banks announcing their intention to nationalize.

Of the total applications received 114 are from the New England States, 435 from the Eastern States, 286 from the Southern States, 522 from the Middle States, 185 from the Western States, and 84 from the Pacific States. Pennsylvania leads with 225 applications, Ohio is second with 136, New York third with 101, and Indiana fourth with 100. Fifty-three have been received from Oklahoma.

Uncle Sam stands back of the—
JOSÉ VILA
HAVANA CIGARS
Forty Sizes: 3¢ to 25¢ and up.
BECAUSE MADE IN BOND under Government supervision means IMPORTED HAVANA TOBACCO only is used in JOSE VILA CIGARS—made Spanish method—Uncle Sam guarantees this by his SPECIAL CUSTOM'S STAMP on each box. Read stamp.
Sold by Independent Dealers
BERRIMAN BROS., Makers, Tampa, Fla.
New York Office, 1170 Broadway
JOSÉ VILA

JAPANESE IS SLAYER OF WOMAN AND SELF

Namura Lures Mrs. Simmons from City and Kills Her After a Quarrel.

LETTER TELLS OF DESPAIR

A Coachman Finds the Bodies in House at Roslyn for Which the Murderer Was Caretaker.

Thomas Mallon, a coachman for A. C. Clarkson on the Roslyn Estates at Roslyn, L. I., entered the dwelling house yesterday morning intending to have breakfast with Kiji Mamura, the Japanese butler, who had been left in charge. No one was stirring and Mallon went to Namura's room. There he saw lying on the floor the bodies of Namura and a young American woman. There were two bullet wounds in the woman's body and one in Namura's head. The young woman wore a dark dress and had laid aside a gray fur hat and set of black fox furs. Mallon told Judge C. E. Remsen that he had seen the young woman drive to the Clarkson house from the railroad station with the butler on the night before and had heard them at 9 o'clock quarrelling in Namura's room. The bodies were removed to the morgue. Both had been dead for several hours and it was evident that the shooting must have occurred shortly after the quarrel.

Mrs. Lizzie Willer of 344 West Fifty-eighth Street, went to Roslyn late yesterday afternoon and identified the body of the woman as that of Mrs. Tessie Simmons, 26 years old.

"Mrs. Simmons had lived with me for six years," Mrs. Willer said. "She became acquainted with Namura about ten months ago when he was employed as steward on a yacht. They had been in each other's company frequently since then. Namura said that he was anxious to marry her, but, as this was impossible, since both of them were married, he wanted her to take up her abode with him.

"She refused to do this, and last Friday night, when he called upon her at 344 West Fifty-eighth Street, he threatened to kill her, if she would not go with him. He wrote to her later asking forgiveness and also called her on the telephone. Then he sent her a round-trip ticket to Roslyn, and asked her to visit him.

"I tried to persuade her not to do it, but she insisted on going. On Tuesday afternoon I went to the Pennsylvania Station with her when she started for Roslyn. She said she would return that night on the 11 o'clock train."

Several letters were left by Namura. An open letter was as follows:

I am very old friend. May I die my own way? I know the girl about four years. Some trouble came off a few weeks ago. Now I cannot go to her. I cannot stand it longer. I think the girl's mother and sister know about me and Tessie.

Now, all my friends and Tessie's friends, good-bye. I have been married in Japan in 1898. I was divorced in 1900. I was born in 1877. I came to this country in 1907 and married a Swedish girl by name of Anna. Half, 1912, April 21. My wife went home Sept. 29, 1912. I think she is in Brooklyn. Let Mrs. J. Johnson know and they know where my wife is. Tessie has two homes, one is downtown and one uptown. One is 344 West Fifty-eighth Street, and 19 Pell Street. Her mother's address, Mrs. Lizzie W. Miller, 1,966 Fulton Street, Brooklyn. This is her sister's address: Mrs. Charles Borum, 2,319 Van Cortlandt Avenue, Evergreen, L. I. Let them know. My marriage license Tessie has got. Tessie asked me for them some time ago. She wanted to use something with her aunt, Bessie. I gave her because I love her. She was always good to me. KIJI NAMURA.

Mrs. Willer, who is about the same age as the Simmons woman, denied that she was related to her. She said she never heard that Mrs. Simmons had a room at 19 Pell Street. This is the address of a Chinese lodging house.

Mrs. Miller, mother of the slain woman, who now lives at 711 Herkimer Street, Brooklyn, said last night that she had been worried about her daughter's safety and had called to see her on Tuesday.

Mr. Clarkson, who is a member of the automobile firm of Clarkson & Ford, said last night that the butler had been in his employ for a few months and had told him several weeks ago that he intended soon to be married.

DEFIES POSSE WITH RIFLE.

Farmer Holds House While Large Family Cry with Cold and Hunger.

Special to The New York Times.

JAMESTOWN, N. Y., Jan. 14.—Armed with two rifles, a shotgun, a revolver, and having apparently plenty of ammunition, Edward Beardsley, barricaded in his farmhouse near Mayville, has held off Sheriff Anderson and a posse of ten men since last evening. In the house with him are his wife and nine children and a woman relative.

The family is destitute, and when John G. W. Putnam, Overseer of the Poor, went to the house yesterday to remove the children to an institution, Beardsley shot and wounded him, it is believed, fatally. When the Sheriff went to arrest him, Beardsley opened fire, and Anderson had to retreat. The posse have surrounded the house all day, but have been unable to get near it. When an officer comes within ten rods of the house he is fired at.

The family must be suffering terribly from cold, for the mercury is below zero and there is no fuel in the house. By means of a field glass the officers could see that Beardsley's mustache was covered with frost when he appeared at a window. Moreover until late this afternoon the besieged family was without food.

This became known when Timothy Van Cise, the rural free delivery mail carrier, and William Walker, a friend of Beardsley, walked boldly up to the front door of the house. Beardsley refused to admit them but talked to them through a broken window for a short time. He declared that he would resist arrest until he was dead.

His friends urged him to surrender for the sake of the children, and Beardsley finally promised to give himself up tomorrow. Mrs. Beardsley came to the window and begged the men to bring food and firewood. She said there was no fire in the house and that the children were starving. The children could be heard whimpering and crying in an adjoining room.

Van Cise and Walker reported these conditions to Sheriff Andrews, who thereupon sent two men to the house with food. They had orders to rush Beardsley if they succeeded in getting inside. When they approached the house, however, Beardsley covered them with a rifle and made them pass the food through a window.

MAY CONTINUE ART EXHIBIT.

Work of Pupils of Bezalel School Finds Many Admirers.

The exhibition of arts and crafts of the Bezalel School at Jerusalem in the concert hall of the Madison Square Garden has been so successful that it is hoped to continue it until Jan. 22 instead of closing on Jan. 18, as was planned. The exhibition, which is held under the auspices of the Zionists, after it closes here will be given in Chicago, Philadelphia, Pittsburgh, Baltimore, and Buffalo.

The hostesses yesterday were Mrs. Marcus M. Marks, Miss Annette M. Kohn, Mrs. Samuel M. Stroock, and Mrs. N. Taylor Phillips. Especial interest is taken in the school by Mrs. Phillips, who has visited the institution. She will be one of the hostesses to-day with Mrs. M. Morgenthau, Jr., Miss Madeline Borg, Mrs. Stephen S. Wise, and Mrs. Gertrude Gattman. There is a good attendance daily.

DOCTOR MARRIES NURSE.

Hospital Romance Has a Fresh Start in Secret Wedding.

Dr. Harold Milne French, house surgeon at the Metropolitan Hospital, and Miss Susie N. Griffing of Shelter Island were secretly married in Jersey City on Dec. 27, and the news came out only yesterday. Their courtship was a hospital courtship between doctor and nurse, and their plan was to say nothing of their wedding until next June, when the doctor's services at the hospital come to an end, and he will start the practice of medicine in Mount Vernon, where Dr. French's home is at 6 North Tenth Avenue.

It was more than a year ago that Miss Griffing was a nurse in the surgical division at the Metropolitan, and she and Dr. French were thrown much in each other's society in their watch over a protracted and serious case.

Von Bernstorff to Speak Here.

Count Johann H. von Bernstorff, the German Ambassador, has been added to the list of speakers at the dinner of the Society of the Genesee in honor of Dr. David J. Hill, former Ambassador to Germany, at the Hotel Biltmore, on Saturday evening. The other speakers will be Gov. Glynn, Chancellor Elmer E. Brown of New York University, Prof. Walter M. Adriance of Princeton University, the Rev. Dr. Charles C. Albertson, and Frank R. Lawrence. Justice Peter A. Hendrick, President of the society, will preside.

ARREST FOUR MORE IN TRUNK MURDER

Two Men and Two Women Who Lived in Flat Where Man Died Are Caught.

BROUGHT HERE BY A RUSE

Extradition from New Jersey Avoided by Detectives — Men Admit Putting Body in the Trunk.

By a ruse, Detectives Steinkamp and Feian of the Clinton Street Station succeeded early yesterday in bringing back to New York without extradition papers two men wanted by Deputy Commissioner Dougherty on suspicion that they were implicated in the murder of Ivan Martysewicz, whose body was found in a trunk on Dec. 29, at noon, before 47 Pitt Street. Late on Tuesday night the police received word that Charles Draniewicz, in whose flat at 529 East Eleventh Street, Martysewicz died, and John Rabinoff, who lived at the flat, and at 172 Ferry Street, New York, had been seen loitering about a saloon at 110 Wittcoff Street, Newark.

The detectives, who speak several Slavic dialects, went over to Newark disguised as laborers and visited the saloon. They soon found the men they wanted and got into conversation with them. However, they did not want to call Newark policemen and place them under arrest, because extradition from New Jersey would take too long. They decided, if possible, to lure the two men back to New York, where they might be arrested.

They told Draniewicz, also known as Karal Dann, and Rabinoff, also known as Lenka, that they had just come down from work in Rockland County and wanted to go to New York for a good time. They invited the two men to go with them, but they balked, until the detectives promised to give them spending money and pay the expenses of the trip in return for guidance to gambling and other resorts.

The party of four boarded a tube train for New York. When the train reached Hudson Terminal the detectives flashed their badges and told Draniewicz and Rabinoff they were under arrest.

The two prisoners were held at the Clinton Street Station until about noon, when they were brought over to headquarters to be examined by Deputy Commissioner Dougherty, Inspector Faurot and Assistant District Attorney Breckenridge. According to information made public by Mr. Dougherty, the two men admitted that they had seen Martysewicz in the flat which Draniewicz has since abandoned, and that he partook freely of beer, wine and whiskey. On Saturday night they say they discovered that he was dead. Rabinoff held a mirror to his mouth, they said, to make sure that he was dead.

On Sunday morning, after sleeping all night in the flat with the corpse, they said they and Muravlof, who is already under arrest for having aided in the disposition of the body, assisted them to tie up the body with a piece of clothes line which was handy by in the hall of the tenement house, and then all hands lifted it into the trunk. The two men arrested early yesterday asserted that Muravlof was the man who forced the lid of the trunk down to lock it after the body had been put in in a sitting position. It was this blow that broke Martysewicz's neck.

Detectives Blaha and Pfaster also succeeded in finding late yesterday afternoon the two other women who were inmates of the East Eleventh Street flat with Mary Bodner, now under arrest in the Tombs charged with robbing a Pole by the use of "knock-out drops." The two women, Stefka Kwialtowska, of 103 Second Street, and Carrie Malgenheimer, of 33 Avenue A, were arrested at 30 Avenue D. They confessed according to the police, that they had been accustomed to lure men to the East Eleventh Street flat and that the men who ran the flat robbed most of their visitors by drugging them with "knock-out drops" in their beer. They said that on the Sunday preceeding the finding of the body, they were barred from the flat. They saw the trunk on the push-cart the next morning, but bribes and threats from Muravlof, Draniewitz, and Mary Bodner made them keep quiet, they said.

CARUSO AGAIN SINGS CANIO.

Exhausted from Tragic Feeling in "Pagliacci"—"Hansel und Gretel."

The special matinee yesterday at the Metropolitan Opera House with "Hansel und Gretel" and "I Pagliacci" as the bill, drew a large audience. The latter performance was notable for the fact that for the first time this season Antonio Scotti appeared as Tonio, Mme. Destinn as Nedda, and Dinh Gilly as Silvio in the latter opera. The cast of "Hansel und Gretel" was the usual one except that Robert Leonhardt sang the father for the second time and Mme. Duchene was the Sandmännchen. Mr. Leonhardt increased the good opinion of his work that the first performance had created. His characterization has not the broad, unctuous humor that Otto Goritz brings to the part, but it is quite adequate on the acting side and vocally very good. Mme. Duchene sang the Sandman's music very agreeably. Mme. Alten and Mme. Mattfeld, on whom the principal burden fall, were up to their best mark, and the whole performance went very well. Hans Morgenstern conducted.

The performance of "Pagliacci" was on the same level of excellence. Scotti's Tonio was good to hear and see again, and Mme. Destinn sang as usual with well-nigh perfect vocalization. The appearance of Gilly as Silvio raised that part to more than its usual significance. The baritone sang splendidly. It is doubtful whether Caruso ever put more beauty of tone or more tragic feeling into his singing of Vesti la Giubba than he did yesterday. These elements seem to be dominating his presentation of the rôle more and more, so that it is becoming less a matter of lung power and vibrant tone and taking on a deeper significance. He worked himself into a state of nervous intensity yesterday during the "Ridi Pagliaccio" that left him exhausted when the audience saw him taking his curtain calls. The audience did not know that after they were over he had to be half carried to his dressing room.

In the evening "Boris Godunoff" was given with the usual cast, including Mmes. Ober, Case, Sparkes, Duchene, and Maubourg, and Messrs. Didur, Althouse, Bada, Rothier, de Segurola, Reiss, Reschiglian, Audisio, and Rossi. Mr. Toscanini conducted. The only change was that Anna Case sang the rôle of Boris's son, Miss Braslau being indisposed.

HAMMERSMITH KEATS SOLD.

Scarce 1894 Edition Brings $29 at the Richmond Co. Dispersal.

The Library of Congress paid $29 for a choice copy of the scarce Hammersmith, 1894, "Poems of John Keats" at the George H. Richmond Company's auction room yesterday. George D. Smith gave $45 for the "Heptomeron" of Margaret Queen of Navarre, printed at Berne in 1789. An extra-illustrated copy of "The Table Talk of John Selden," London, 1847, brought $24. A line engraving of the Declaration of Independence, by A. B. Durand, after John Trumbull, large folio, 1820, open letter proof, went to Robert Friedenberg for $25.

"Sheremill Pond," etching, by Seymour Haden, quarto, 1860, was bought by James F. Drake for $19. The same bidder obtained for $22.50 "The Agamemnon," another Haden etching, oblong folio, 1870. A colored mezzotint of Benjamin Franklin at the Court of France, 1778, by Gelles, after Bacon Jolly, Philadelphia, 1853, brought $10.50. E. Scott paid $13 for "Washingtoniana," octavo, Blandford Press, 1800.

The sale will end this afternoon.

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BRUERE CUTS EXPENSES.

New City Chamberlain Sifts Office Force—Dismisses J. J. Hagan, Jr.

Carrying out the instructions of Mayor Mitchel regarding economy, City Chamberlain Henry Bruere yesterday made several changes in his office which will reduce expenses materially.

James J. Hagan, Jr., a warrant clerk, was told that his services no longer were required. Hagan is a son of James J. Hagan, Tammany leader of the Fifteenth District, but the Chamberlain said that this was not the reason for his removal. Hagan is the most recent appointee of the office. His place will be filled by transferring Abraham Rossman, another warrant clerk. Hagan received $3,500 a year and Rossman will get $2,150.

Deputy Chamberlain Harry J. Walsh was made chief warrant clerk at a salary of $4,000 a year. Mr. Walsh received $5,000 as deputy. He formerly was a Brooklyn newspaper man. John V. Smith, the Chamberlain's secretary, was told that in the interest of economy his place was to be given to Miss Ida Fingerhut, who was with Mr. Bruere when he was head of the Bureau of Municipal Research. Mr. Smith was appointed private secretary to Charles H. Hyde at a salary of $5,000 a year and served under City Chamberlain Moore. The salary of his successor is to be $2,000. Mr. Smith probably will be employed by the Bureau of Municipal Research, as the Chamberlain is anxious to have him to do some work of investigation.

Mr. Bruere's changes leave a vacancy in the office of Deputy Chamberlain with a salary of $5,000, but it was said that no appointment would be made to fill it.

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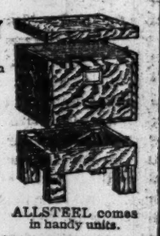
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AFTER WAR, PEACE.

In warfare between civilized nations no blood is shed after the battle has been won. It is the great good fortune of President WILSON that in the first year of his Administration victory has come to the Federal Government in its long war against industrial combinations accused of wrongful acts. The President, with the magnanimity of a successful commander, and with the wisdom of a broad-minded statesman, is resolved that hostilities shall now cease and is concerned chiefly with the establishment of a peace that shall be permanent. That, at least, is the belief of those who essay to read his mind near at hand in Washington; the country shares that belief. The radicals in Congress, on the other hand, would continue to hack and hew the corporations after they have accepted terms of surrender. The industries and the commerce of the country, in which a spirit of renewed activity, of hope, and of confidence is visibly stirring, would be chilled and disheartened by a renewal of the Federal assault, and prolonged prostration, not business revival, would follow. The people, then, in their actual losses and in the shrinking of their gains, would pay the costs of this war. Profit, and that political, could accrue only to the fomenters of strife. A great part of the cost, too, would be assessed upon the Administration. Presidents are most popular when the country is prosperous.

Mr. WILSON is wise in his insight and in his foresight. He sees, he cannot help seeing, for the proofs are before him, that the corporations and the men accused of doing business in defiance of law or contrary to the country's declared policy have yielded to the irresistible. They have yielded in more instances than the public is aware of. They are sincerely desirous to put themselves within the zone of safety by withdrawing from the forbidden zone. The Administration, without failing in its duty, without the waiver of any prohibitions, has helpfully met them half way. In the present temper of the public it is only those who have some other than the general interest to serve who are vindictive, who clamor for extermination. The law has been misconstrued, it is largely the fault of the courts that it has been so long misunderstood. There is a general disposition to acquit most of the offenders of a willful intent to disregard the law. Intelligent men know and candid men admit that it has been exceedingly difficult in many cases to distinguish between the prohibited and the permitted. The President's purpose, at least that seems to be his disposition, is to accept in good faith the offers of submission to authority and to take more thought about the rebuilding of prosperity under the law than of punishing past transgressions now repented of.

Patriotism, wise statesmanship, and sound judgment counsel that policy. It is the path to prosperity for the people, to new and higher esteem and honor for the President.

"SEA SLAVES."

"A bill to abolish the involuntary "servitude imposed upon seamen in "the merchant marine of the United "States while in foreign ports, and "the involuntary servitude imposed "upon the seamen of the merchant "marine of foreign countries while "in ports of the United States"—that is the title of Senator LA FOLLETTE'S Seamen's bill. Are sailors slaves while in port?

If they have not broken their contracts their service is not involuntary and it is not servitude. The question is pertinent, however, whether a civil contract for service, if broken, should involve criminal proceedings. The treaties of the United States with foreign countries permit the foreign consular officers in American ports to decide whether deserters from the merchant marine of their respective countries shall be arrested; a Federal law pledges the aid of the American police in enforcing the consular decisions.

If civil damages can be collected, either in practice or in theory, the penalty of imprisonment should not be inflicted. A contract with a great singer to appear in opera may be enforced to the extent of putting the vocalist in jail, because no one else can be hired to do what he alone is peculiarly fitted to do. The La Follette bill requires that, in case of desertion of all or part of a crew, the master shall ship a number of men at the first port "equal to the number of those whose services he has "been deprived of." If the crew when in a distant port should desert, the master might not find men whom he could ship to continue the voyage. Interference with the transportation of the mails and practices of extortion would be easy under this amendment.

The law now gives discretion to the foreign consular officers in such cases. Might it not properly be amended to require that, save when it is impossible otherwise to obtain a full complement of men, the penalty of arrest for desertion be abolished?

The bill provides that "flogging "and all other forms of cruel punishment are hereby prohibited on board "of any vessel." The law already forbids cruel or inhuman treatment of seamen. Flogging is no longer practiced on board ocean steamships, as it was practiced on sailing vessels in the old days. The insertion in the bill of a clause prohibiting flogging must, therefore, be due to an effort to mislead the public.

GOLD EXPORTS TO PARIS.

New York lets gold go to Paris because Paris needs gold more than New York. Very large operations in Government finance are under way in Paris, and preparation must be made. Paris will seek gold where it can be found, here or in Europe. By letting her have the gold, we avert the danger of a strained financial situation in Europe. That is a wise course for us, for tension there would be unpleasantly felt here.

Although on ordinary trade balance we could take a great deal of gold from Europe, we do not take it because we do not need it. In truth, it does us more good there than here. It is the resource in time of need, a large secondary reserve. Our volume of currency surpasses our present needs. There is a good deal of money not in use. The market rate for money reveals that condition, and also gives the signal to Paris that here is the place to get gold. Conceivably, exports of gold might be checked or prevented by the use of our present machinery, but the mechanism is so ill adapted to the purpose that the process would be awkward and expensive for us. We have blundered along without the usual and convenient means habitually employed abroad to control the gold current. When we have been in sore need we have got gold somehow; sometimes the outward flow has been greater than was to our liking, but we are not worried much about it. In such cases our discount rate has gone up, not by the act of a bank board, but through the slow operation of the general law of the money market.

Under the Federal reserve system we shall have a greater power over the movement of gold. Then there will be an official discount rate, to be raised or lowered as conditions demand. If the Federal reserve system were now in operation, it is not likely that any steps would be taken to resist the enticements of Paris. Gold is a commodity, it is also a servant of men and of nations. There is not the slightest reason why a market should not part with gold which it does not need, provided only that it has the power to recall its servant when its need is greater than that of the other employer. It is well to remember that when gold crosses the ocean it goes to pay a debt or make one.

THE FEDERAL RESERVE BOARD.

President WILSON has said that he thought his duties in connection with the selection of the officials who are to administer the new banking and currency system are as difficult and delicate as in the selection of Judges of the Supreme Court. It is desirable that comment upon his appointments should be cast in like elevation of tone, with first thought of the welfare of the country, and with as little prejudice regarding politics or personalities as the case allows. It is necessary to assume, in the first place, that Mr. WILLIAMS has the capacity for the office of Controller of the Currency and for service as a member of the Reserve Board. He is too well known to the President and the Secretary of the Treasury for them to be mistaken about that. It is also necessary to assume that Mr. WILLIAMS is in the right of the transactions which are being revived as an obstruction to his confirmation. The investigation of the Senate may reach the same favorable conclusion as the inquiry on the President's behalf, and confirmation then would follow. Nevertheless, there is room to regret the nomination.

In the first place, Mr. WILLIAMS cannot hope for unanimous approval and support in his new and delicate duties. He represents contentions, for all his career has been combative. That arouses opposition, and is unfortunate in the case of a venture which needs all the support it can get. Surely there are men in the United States who would bring strength and peace to the Federal Reserve system. It is no personal reproach to Mr. WILLIAMS that he is not one of those men, even if he is in the right of the incidents with which he is associated. Nominations of that character make it necessary to try the issues rather than the personal fitness of persons. It is Mr. WILLIAMS'S misfortune that his nomination strengthens the idea that the new system is being organized consistently with the prejudice against Wall Street and big business.

Senator ROOT told the Chamber of Commerce of New York that "There "are hundreds of thousands of people "outside the great industrial com-"munities who think you are a den "of thieves." The facts are contrary to the belief, though the belief is as much a fact as any other. Mr. WILLIAMS is associated with that belief, and his nomination therefore assumes a certain connection with the official disposition to organize the Federal Reserve system upon a theory of decentralization which is not consistent with the established course of trade. There can be no objection to the appointment of openminded persons who should reach a decision either way upon the merits, and command the confidence of the country in their decision. But the appointment of persons supposed to have prejudged the point makes it necessary to consider the merits of the contention, rather than of the nominee. There was a delay before the President could bring himself to make the nomination. There will be delay before the Senate can bring itself to confirm the nomination. And delay is undesirable.

The Federal Reserve Board is to consist of seven members, a number so small that it is desirable that each member shall be independent. An agreement by any two members would require an agreement with only an equal number to make a majority. The minority might be composed of any single member agreeing with any agreed two. The board should be worked by agreements, rather than by disagreements, and yet the appointment of a Controller of the Currency in ready sympathy with the present Secretary of the Treasury on the points to come before the Federal Reserve Board cannot be accepted enthusiastically by those who dislike the workings of the Secretary's mind as shown by the meetings of the Organizing Committee here. Harmony between the Secretary and the Controller on administrative duties connected with the Treasury is more desirable than like pre-existing harmony upon new and difficult questions of banking policy. Wall Street and the interior have an equal right to expect an open court and a fair deal.

New York has a high opinion of Mr. MCADOO, but he would hardly esteem it a compliment to be regarded as a representative of New York, since he disapproves about all that the New York bankers stand for. Either New York will have no representative or else it must have a representative not in agreement with much that Mr MCADOO has done both as Secretary and as organizer of the Federal system.

JAPAN'S CALAMITIES.

Earthquakes in rapid succession, floods of lava and clouds of volcanic ashes and tidal waves from the sea menace the habitable parts of northern Japan, while 10,000,000 people in the north are said to be starving. The city of Kagoshima, crumbling near the most active volcano, was the first city in Japan to feel the influence of Western civilization.

Kagoshima was bombarded by Admiral PERRY and later by the British. Now that it is at the mercy of the dread forces of nature the time has come for the Western peoples to bring aid and comfort to its terror-stricken thousands. Their great agencies of relief cannot be put too soon in action to prevent the serious loss of life that must follow the destruction of towns and cities. The millions in northern Hondo and Hokkaido need food, or they will perish. This is the time for the American people to express actively their friendship for Japan.

THE FRENCH RAILWAY LOAN.

The cable announces that at the end of this month subscriptions will be asked for $40,000,000 on account of $360,000,000 guaranteed by the French Government for the improvement of the Western Railway of the State system. The competition between loans for the purposes of government and the purposes of railway development may be as embarrassing for France as the competition between the British Admiralty and Exchequer to get to the bottom of the pockets of the taxpayers. It is difficult to say whether France or England will empty the national treasure chest first. The rivalry in England between the claims of social justice and naval defense is a pretty study in extravagance, but France's effort with its railways is not without merit of the same sort.

The result of State ownership of the Western Railway in deterioration of service, with inconvenience to shippers and danger of life to passengers, is apart from the present loan. What bears directly upon that point is the fact that the worse service cost an increase of $11,000,000 in three years, besides $2,000,000 charged to capital account, although merely upkeep. The increase was at the rate of 26 per cent., against 11 per cent. for the privately owned French railways over the same period. In 1908 CAILLAUX promised that the Government's taking over of the Western Railway would cost the State nothing. It has already cost 944,000,000 francs, and the total current deficit on the State railways is 327,000,000 francs. This financing is irregular, having been done without Parliamentary sanction. It is useless to ask just where France will come out with its railways, but it is apropos to our own affairs to ask those in favor of Government ownership of American railways to multiply these figures for France by figures increased according to the greater proportions of our railways, and then to ask where the money would come from at 3 per cent. That favorite figure would not survive the first application to the money market, and the shippers who have complained of rates and service under private ownership would complain in vain of what the Government supplied. The only reason Government ownership of railways is in favor is that there is no experience in this country of its meaning in cost and service.

THE GOVERNMENT'S ARMOR PLATE PLANT.

Secretary DANIELS thinks that the Government could save $1,000,000 by buying an armor plant instead of building one, and he is overwhelmed with offers from owners of plants willing to sell. It would seem that both facts might give the Secretary cause to ponder. How can the Secretary retain his confidence in cheap making of armor by the Government if it cannot build the plant cheaply? And why should the patriotic armor makers be willing to sell so cheap if they made such profits in the armor business as the Secretary believes?

The doubt with which the Secretary's proposal is regarded would be removed, or at least lessened, if he would guarantee results, instead of promise them. But the construction of a plant could hardly be completed before he would have ceased to be Secretary, unless the President should succeed himself, and should reappoint his Naval Secretary. Of course Mr. DANIELS would not be in any degree responsible for the production of cheap armor by his successor. If the proposal had every other merit it would be defective on that point to a fatal degree.

The stone which the builders rejected becomes the head of the corner. We bowed out WILLIAM R. WILLCOX after he had been for several years Chairman of our Public Service Commission. He acquired such knowledge and competence in our service that now Chicago is going to take him as her subway expert.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Another Wright Victory.

When the WRIGHT brothers, WILBUR and ORVILLE, proved, ten years ago, that flight in machines heavier than air was not the dream of crazy people and poets which it had for centuries been called by everybody credited with sound sense, no doubts were expressed anywhere about their "prior rights" to fame. We all knew, of course, that dozens of other men had been working on the same problem, but we also knew that none of those others had succeeded in solving it. As soon, however, as the WRIGHTS succeeded in getting up into the air and staying there, at first for minutes and then for hours, the hitherto impossible task became easy for not a few ingenious and courageous mechanics, in this and other countries.

Each of the suddenly competent fliers claimed to navigate the air by a device of his own, and long before more than a few of us had yet seen an aeroplane in action the WRIGHTS were spending more time and money in defending their patents in court than in the development of the new art. This litigation has continued ever since. WILBUR WRIGHT did not live till the end of it was even in sight, but now it really looks as if the surviving brother might get, not many years hence, the conclusive decision which our patent laws so generously offer to every inventor—who happens to have an almost unlimited supply of patience, determination and money.

Court after court has held valid the contentions of the WRIGHTS as to the fundamental nature of their method of control, and now the same thing has been done in the United States Circuit Court of Appeals. There remains, of course, the United States Supreme Court, but there can hardly be a sincere doubt as to what its decision must be. If against the alleged infringers the matter will be at last settled—for this country.

From some points of view the complete sustention of the WRIGHT patents can be regretted. It will tend, for instance, to restrict the number of experimenters in aerial navigation. But while our method of rewarding inventors is by giving them a limited monopoly of their discoveries, there is no justice in finding fault with the privilege of exclusive exploitation merely because what may be called a sporting interest is added to the commercial. There is no excuse for assuming that Mr. WRIGHT will abuse any power which the law gives him or that he will impose prohibitive charges and conditions on all aviators except his own.

Boston Chooses A Mayor

As Massachusetts has what almost everybody admits to be a form of ballot that not only enables but compels its voters to have and use intelligence in marking it, one can assume with confidence that Boston's new Mayor was selected with more than fairly full knowledge of his capacities and peculiarities. In other words, Boston has chosen exactly the man wanted by a majority of its enfranchised citizens. That being the case, the purpose of free government is realized, and nobody has a right to complain, Boston least of all.

Nevertheless is it permissible to express appreciation of the fact that Mr. CURLEY'S qualifications are hardly those to be expected in the Chief Executive of a city which has been called the American Athens. He fails, as it were, to consist with the Bostonian traditions on with the associations which cluster around the most famous of Commons. He is not a light of literature or of philosophy or of statesmanship, and his record includes a prison term served, not for conscience sake, but after a conviction, not less just than legal, of an offense admittedly serious.

The transgression proved against Mr. CURLEY was not, indeed, of the most deeply turpitudinous character, since it was in another's interest, not his own. Yet it was as antagonistic to "reform" as any that could be imagined, since its object was to put on the public payroll an unqualified and presumably incompetent man. But Boston seemed to mind neither the crime nor its punishment, and Mr. CURLEY'S political career has since been an uninterrupted series of triumphs.

Now he is Mayor, in spite of the fact that solidly arrayed against him were all the influences that give the city its reputation as distinguished from its character. The disinterested observer, especially if he happen to know more about historic than about contemporaneous Boston, views Mr. CURLEY with much the same astonishment as such an observer feels when he chances upon a copy of any of the Boston papers except the venerable Transcript. They, too, are strangely incongruous, both in appearance and contents, with the Bostonian idea. Like Mr. CURLEY, however, they are—they must be—just what Boston wants, so it's all right.

Considered the Public for Once.

Few, perhaps none, will be able to recall in all the history of "labor troubles" a precedent for the action just taken by the striking drivers of New York's coal carts. All of them, some 400 in number, went back to work on Tuesday because, they say, of the general suffering which a scarcity of fuel would bring upon the city in such arctic weather as we are now having!

The situation of almost desperate need which this notably frigid wave has created would have been taken by the vast majority of strikers as a reason for standing out more firmly than ever and as a basis for confident hope that their employers would promptly yield to almost any demands. The teamsters took the opposite course and have tried to earn sympathy by showing consideration for the public.

There is, indeed, a cynical theory of their remarkable conduct—the theory that the strike was progressing steadily toward inevitable failure, and that the men seized an opportunity to get back their jobs without confession of failure. Even if this explanation of their return were true, however, it would none the less be proof of notable intelligence, and rather against its acceptance is the fact that all of the 400 found jobs still open and waiting for them.

That could hardly have been the case had substitutes for the strikers been numerous or satisfactory.

MR. ZERKOWITZ GOES BACK.

Banker Excluded for Dueling Has High Praise for America.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Before I sail to Europe on the 14th inst. by the Lusitania I consider it my pleasant duty to extend my most heartfelt thanks to the American press for its noble attitude concerning my case in America. I regret exceedingly that I cannot use up the thirty days that were granted to me.

I was glad to note that the American press and the fair people of this country, without exception, dealt so vigorously and with justice in my case and ignored absolutely the unqualified denunciation. I was glad to see, also, that only two minor officials at Ellis Island decided against my case, while the third one was absolutely and without hesitation for my admission. I am glad to know that our Ambassador in Washington, through official channels, did everything in his power to settle this case for good and all, so that there will be no more difficulty as to my admission to this country, which I intend to visit quite frequently.

I love America, this country of high ideals and freedom—this country where I worked six years in the interests of my country and with the view of fostering commercial relationship between American and Hungary. I love this country, where my children received their first education in the public schools of New York, and where they have learned to love and cherish those true American and higher ideals which they have taken over with them to the other side. EMIL ZERKOWITZ.

New York, Jan. 13, 1914.

UNIONS IN MINORITY.

Said to Include Only 5 2-3 Per Cent. of American Workers.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

It would seem that all right-thinking individuals should commend Vincent Astor's stand on Socialism. There is, however, a statement in his letter to Upton Sinclair which, though voicing a lamentably common belief, is erroneous.

The writer has before him a competent authority which states that the A. F. of L. has 2,000,000 members and the I. W. W. 70,000. Allowing for the unions not affiliated with above, it can safely be said that there are not more than 2,500,000 labor unionists in this country. The total employed population is between 35,000,000 and 40,000,000.

Therefore I protest against Mr. Astor's statement that "the representatives of labor" referred to are "men whom the great mass of the working people of our country have authorized to speak for them." Though heartily indorsing conservative, law-abiding unionism, I am one of the great mass not members of such organizations, comprising 94 1-3 per cent. of all the workers, and prefer not to be classed with the 5 2-3 per cent. whom the labor leaders in question actually represent with their radical and un-American speech and actions. E. H. C.

New York, Jan. 13, 1914.

The Wood-Chopping "Cure."

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Having preached and practiced the wood-chopping "cure" for several years, I am pleased to learn, through the medium of a special Berlin cable published in THE TIMES, that no less a personage than Emperor William of Germany has derived great benefit from this form of exercise. The felling of trees and the chopping and sawing of logs tend not only to reduce surplus flesh, but also to build up those who are too thin. Other forms of exercise are desirable in producing these results, but wood chopping is far from being the least important. The Kaiser's physicians prescribed a remedy which I have used successfully in hundreds of cases.

The fact that tree felling and wood chopping must be carried on in the open is, of course, an important part of the "cure," since it necessitates deep breathing of pure air. The motions used in chopping and sawing exercise many of the most important muscles and organs of the body. The perspiration induced by such activity rids the system of poisons. A cold shower and brisk rubbing should follow the exercise.

MAC LEVY.

Babylon, N. Y., Jan. 13, 1914.

Smooth Streets Bad for Horses.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The boasted intelligence of the human family, as compared with brute creation, is brought into question by the first fall of snow. Does any one believe that a horse, if man were his helper, would be fool enough to put him at work on a pavement that he could not stand up on?

If we must have asphalt paving, why not have it grooved or corrugated, as it were, so that the horses may be able at least to stand up when it happens to snow? E. D. W.

New York, Jan. 13, 1914.

Swift's Verses on the Flea.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In the favorable review in THE TIMES of the "Queen of the Movies" your dramatic critic alludes to a quotation which is frequently alluded to and seldom given completely and correctly. The lines are from Swift and are as follows:

So, naturalists observe, a flea
Has smaller fleas that on him prey;
And these have smaller still to bite 'em,
And so proceed ad infinitum.

NEAR-PEDAGOGUE.

New York, Jan. 13, 1914.

HARVARD—TECHNOLOGY

President Maclaurin Points Out Advantages of New Union.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The plan for co-operation between Harvard and the Massachusetts Institute of Technology—a plan that has recently been accepted by the governing bodies of both institutions—has at least the merit of simplicity. In its essentials it is simply this: Harvard University agrees that in the future it will carry on all its work in engineering and mining in the buildings of Technology under the executive control of the President of Technology, and that it will commit all instruction in that field and the laying down of courses therein to the Faculty of Technology, after that Faculty has been enlarged and strengthened by the addition of men from the university's graduate schools of engineering and mining. The plan provides that each corporation shall retain the power of controlling appropriations from the funds that each supplies, and leaves each free to lay down such regulations as it pleases with reference to the degrees that it will grant.

As the same Faculty will lay down courses for the degrees of both institutions, it is probable that the courses will, at least in their essentials, be identical. In the future, therefore, a student at the Institute of Technology in the departments either of mechanical, electrical, civil, sanitary, or mining engineering will have the opportunity of graduating from Harvard as well as from the institute, and, in addition to the advantages that he will have as a student at the institute, will be entitled to the privileges of students in the professional schools of the university.

This consolidation has been brought about by the inexorable logic of facts. Two schools of engineering might be placed very near to one another and maintained in that position with advantage to the community, even although, as in this case, their students were drawn from all parts of the union and from various quarters of the world. Such an arrangement might be desirable if the two schools appealed to students of a different class, or if their methods of instruction and educational aims were essentially different. In this case, however, experience had proved that the two schools were really dealing with students of the same type, of approximately the same age, and with practically the same ends in view. The methods of dealing with students in the two schools were inevitably approximating one to the other, and it had become evident that there was no substantial gain to the community by a continuation of the double effort.

Such a continuation involved a serious economic burden on the community, for the type of education that was being dealt with was especially costly, involving great expense in equipment and machinery most of which would not be overtaxed by considerable additions to the numbers of the students. Much more serious even than this was the loss due to the duplication of effort on the part of the teachers. Men of eminence in the teaching profession are all too rare, and there are not enough of them to go around. Harvard or Technology, in many cases, could get the best men only by taking them from the other institution, and thereby depriving a large number of students of the benefit of their influence. It seemed clearly, therefore, to be to the advantage of the community to make some arrangement whereby the resources of both institutions should be at the disposal of all the students of engineering who wished to be connected with either, and the plan that has been adopted makes this possible.

The main results of this agreement will, I think, be two. Perhaps the most far-reaching will be its effect on the public mind in laying new emphasis on a principle that lies at the very root of all education, and, like many other such principles, is often more honored in the breach than in the observance. The principle is that educational institutions existing for the good of the community should have a single eye to the community's good. They have no right to consider their own interests, far less their own pride, unless in so far as these things affect their service to the community. All over the world this well-known principle is being daily disregarded, and waste and inefficiency in the educational field are the results. Discussion and exposition of theories often avail little for bringing about reform, but great is the power of example.

The other great result of this agreement will follow chiefly from the opportunities that will be presented for building up in this country a technological institution of tremendous power in fields where the country's needs are greatest. The domain of applied science which Harvard and Technology will occupy in common is one that all thoughtful men recognize to-day to be of the very first importance. That importance is bound to wax rather than to wane, especially as the resources of the country will call more and more for scientific methods of development, if we are to hold our own in the world-wide battle for commercial and industrial supremacy.

RICHARD C. MACLAURIN,
President Massachusetts Institute of Technology.

Boston, Mass., Jan. 13, 1914.

Disease Through Postage Stamps.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In these days, when so much is being written about hygiene and germ diseases, it seems to me that the evils to which the public is more commonly exposed are the more openly neglected. I have yet to see the clerk of a sub-station in any of our drug stores who, when stamps are called for, will not invariably drag them, gummed side downward, along a glass or marble slab upon which foul money has been handled all day. And there is never a well sponge at hand. M. G.

New York, Jan. 13, 1914.

THE BIRTHDAYS.

My night-light leaps and flares in a dying dance;
I hear the clock strike five in the town below,
And past my bed there files in a grisly row
A Company that mock me as they go—
My years, my misspent years.

Down the old cobbled street, in the stormy dawn,
Stride hulking seamen, faring toward the quay.
The eyes of their bygone years stare proud and free—
In Time Past's misty world they scorn my Company
And walk apart with jeers.

No year of mine looks back on me with charity,
There is not one that is not crippled, blind, or dumb,
Of half a century they make the awful sum!
O miserable ghosts! Why did ye come?
Was it to see my tears?

E. H. WOLFF.

GLYNN FOR LAND BANKS.

Would Have Them Sell Bonds as Part of Farm Credits Plan.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Jan. 14.—At the close of this afternoon's conference on agricultural credits, at which Gov. Glynn and several agricultural experts were present, these propositions were agreed to:

First—The amendment of the commission merchants law of last year, providing for records of sales to be made by the commission merchants.

Second—The formation of co-operative and credit unions and the appropriation of about $30,000 for the education of the farmers in organization. This plan, it is believed, will provide for short-term loans.

Third—A plan for long-term loans through a union of organizations like the building and loan associations and household societies, providing land banks, similar to those of Germany, to sell debenture bonds under the supervision of the State.

Frederick H. Allen of Westchester County said that a committee had drafted a market bill for New York City.

"The only way to protect the farmer," Mr. Allen said, "is to make the market a municipal function."

"Will the bill make provision for the other cities?" Gov. Glynn asked. "It will," said Mr. Allen.

It was decided to await the framing of the committee's bill. The Governor said that it would be advisable to amend the home rule law passed last year, which to some extent permitted the cities to regulate the markets.

"I believe the only way is to have a bank whose sole business, or a fraction of it, shall be a credit business," the Governor said.

Commissioner Huson of the State Agricultural Department said that the law permitting the organization of co-operative societies passed last year had accomplished something. A group of housekeepers in Brooklyn had organized to obtain goods from a group of farmers. He believed that the law would work well.

Prof. Kemmerer of Princeton said that he was in favor of the appropriation of $30,000 and believed that four men could be used to advantage in educating the farmers.

John J. Dillon, editor of The Rural New Yorker, said that the plan that would work the best was entirely co-operative. The land bank or central institution, he said, would furnish all the money needed for the credit associations.

In addition to the system of farm credits, the Governor is desirous of establishing a market commission to make provision for the disposition of the farm products when they are sent to the markets.

Among those who attended to-day's conference were Mrs. Haviland H. Lunn of Los Angeles, Vice President of the National Forward to the Land Movement; George W. Van Kennan, President of the State Conservation Commission; L. H. Bailey, formerly Dean of the Agricultural College of Cornell; Prof. L. Auman of Cornell, and Robert Van Courtland.

These will meet next week, when it is expected that the proposed legislation for the system of agricultural credits will be ready for submission to the State Agricultural Society.

DRENNAN AFTER NEW JOB.

May Go on Compensation Board—Other Appointments Talked Of.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Jan. 14.—Thomas J. Drennan of Brooklyn, who was Secretary of the Board of Assessors for Kings County, is candidate for a place on the proposed new Compensation Commission. There will be five members of the commission, the President to enjoy a salary of $10,000 and the other members of $7,500 a year.

John H. McCooey, the Democratic leader of Kings, came to the Capitol to-day to promote Mr. Drennan's candidacy, and probably to look about for anything else that he can land in the way of patronage among the several good things that are to be handed out by Gov. Glynn within the next couple of weeks. Mr. Drennan, who was the only organization man from Kings to receive an appointment from the late Mayor Gaynor, is said to be Gov. Glynn's choice for the position on the commission.

William Temple Emmet, State Superintendent of Insurance, has been talked of for Chairman of the commission, but it is understood that Mr. Emmet would much prefer to be appointed either to the Court of Appeals or as Chairman of the Public Service Commission for the Second District.

Alfred J. Talley, who was a Civil Service Commissioner in New York during part of the Gaynor administration and who a week ago resigned as counsel to the Insurance Department, may be appointed to one of the positions on the Compensation Commission.

Some of Gov. Glynn's appointments may be announced before the end of the present week.

DECISION HITS COMMUTERS.

Appellate Court Annuls Order Reducing Westchester Rates.

ALBANY, Jan. 14.—The decision of the Public Service Commission of the Second District, reducing the rate of commutation charges on the New York Central and the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroads between New York City and points in Westchester County and Connecticut, was annulled to-day by the Appellate Division, Third Department. It is stated in the decision that the annulment is without prejudice to a new application.

The court held that the burden of proof had been placed upon the railroads and that the law gave no such right to the commission.

Justices Howard and Woodward entered a dissenting opinion, which Justice Howard wrote. It assailed the majority opinion vigorously.

"The case has been swung on a technicality," he said. "Decisions of this kind cause the courts to be criticised. Legislatures are untying the hands of the courts, and they refuse to be set free."

The original order of the commission was that the rates should be placed at the lowest possible figure that the interests of the railroads and the public would warrant. It was held that the terminal charges imposed upon the New York, New Haven & Hartford were in the nature of rent and therefore did not justify an increase in toll rates.

MUST RETURN INSURANCE.

Oil Found in Albany Building—Owners Out $16,996.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Jan. 14.—In the Supreme Court here to-day the Royal and other insurance companies obtained a judgment against John J. Guiton and others for money paid to them for losses on a fire which destroyed the old House of the Good Shepherd, which was purchased by the defendants when the institution moved into its new structure.

When the fire was extinguished the firemen found in the débris bladders and cans filled with gasoline. The testimony was of a sensational character and detailed the delivery of the gasoline at Guiton's store and offers of bribes to witnesses to leave town. When the testimony was closed Guiton and Mary A. McArdle were ordered to pay over to the plaintiffs $16,996 at once.

Justice Cochrane, before whom the case was tried, directed the stenographer to deliver the testimony to the District Attorney.

BIG INCREASE IN CRIME.

19,474 More State Convictions to Dec. 1, 1913, Than in Same Period of 1912.

ALBANY, Jan. 14.—There were 68,337 persons convicted of crimes in the State during 1913 up to Dec. 1, marking an increase of 19,494 over the same period in 1912, Mitchell May, Secretary of State, said to-day.

Most of the prisoners were between 21 and 30 years old.

ENGLISH PAINTINGS SHOWN IN VARIETY

Gainsborough's Famous "Miss Linley and Her Brother" in Collection at Knoedler's.

PORTRAITS OF BATH PERIOD

Widener's "Mrs. Graham" an Enchanting Example of Artist's Latest Work—Turners Also on View.

At the Knoedler Galleries are Gainsboroughs and Turners in variety and quality. Further up the avenue we have the great full-length British portraits, more full-lengths than ever have been seen together here from that period, and representing all the members of the famous "British School." Yet the Knoedler pictures have been assembled with so much judgment that the limitation to the two masters is not felt as a restriction, and there is a delightful sense of variety in the collection.

There is also a sense of coming into the presence of masterpieces so well-known by reputation that a personal encounter has the zest of adventure. There is, for example, the "Miss Linley and Her Brother," famous over two continents, and fresh from the Agnew Galleries, where the critic of The London Times wrote of it: "The Linley group is artistically interesting as an example of the successful alteration of an original design. In 1768 Gainsborough wrote from Bath to his friend Jackson, the musician, 'I have begun a large picture of Tommy Linley and his sister,' and there is no doubt that something went wrong with the composition, and that it was cut down to the two heads in the picture before us. For years it was at Knole, whence it was sold a short time ago to the irresistible American." The picture, unlike most of Gainsborough's portraits, is full of strong color and frank appeal to public taste.

On the left of it hangs "Miss Adney," painted in an oval evidently not meant to be gilded, as in the case of many of the artist's painted frameworks, but to be seen, as he has pulled a bit of the lace sleeve out of the oval inclosure with an entertaining effect of piquancy. On the other side is the Capt. Bragge who became the lady's husband. Both are typical works of the Bath period, when Gainsborough was profiting by the fondness the fashionable world displayed for having its portrait painted and developing his art together with his fortunes. On the opposite side of the gallery is a work, hitherto unrecorded, of a still earlier period, when, with his young wife, he established himself at Ipswich. The sitter is Lady Innes. She is dressed in blue, and Gainsborough already shows his facility in the use of the difficult color. The landscape background is one in which roses play a pleasant part and the whole composition is graciously decorative. The face, however, now as later holds first place in the painter's interest, a candid, agreeable face, with a wide, good-humored mouth, a thick nose, kind, intelligent eyes, a lady sufficiently fair and one with whom to live would be certain and serene pleasure. It is easy to discern from the manner of painting how sincere was the young Gainsborough in searching out his structure and finding the boundaries of the planes. Then you see him a bit dissatisfied with the substantial appearance of his work.

He picks up a stubby brush or possibly a brush handle, and, while his paint is still a trifle fresh and tacky, breaks up the surface and gets his vibrations with a kind of hatching stroke, later in its subtler form to become a famous characteristic of his style.

Still earlier is the portrait of "Scheming Jack," clever John Gainsborough, brother of the artist, and very much of an artist himself in the line of turbines and chronometers and flying machines. The portrait is close and simple and rich and free, like anything but the work of a boy. Other portraits of men are those of James Bouchier, Gen. Scott Chad, Philip Dupont, David Garrick, Viscount Hampden, Edmund Morton Pleydell, Mr. Widener's superb "Lord Darnley," and "Major Johnson," a full length version of a gentleman in a scarlet coat and green breeches leaning against a tree. He was so gallant a personage and so much a favorite with the ladies that Gainsborough asked the favor of painting his portrait in order to bring himself into vogue.

Among the remaining ladies is the beautiful Duchess of Cumberland, of whom Walpole said that her eyes were the "most amorous in the world" with "eyelashes a yard long," and according to the same authority the Duchess was "coquette beyond measure, artful as Cleopatra, and completely mistress of all her passions and projects." The face bears out the description, long, with sinuous brows and lips that look witty and cold. The white dress and transparent veil are heightened with touches of gold, and the effect is characteristically distinguished. Apparently the artist at first painted pearls about the slim neck and fastened the bodice with a jewel, but for one reason or another, possibly because beauty of so subtle a type was better unadorned, he painted them out and it is only in a certain light and by close observation that they can be discerned beneath the outer film of pigment.

Then there is Mr. Widener's most enchanting "Mrs. Graham," a half-length version of the full-length portrait in the National Gallery of Scotland. It is a portrait of the artist's latest period, as fresh as a flower from its long seclusion, when it, with the larger canvas, was banished by the sitter's heart-broken husband after her early death. The broken violets of the draperies and sweet, childish face, surmounted by its crown of lightly powdered dark hair, are as beautiful as anything in the list of Gainsborough's accomplishment. Mr. Frick's "Mrs. Hatchett," in quite another vein, is a frank presentment of an aristocratic type, and is shown in the frame put on it by the painter. H. L. Terrell's portrait of Miss Isabel Howland deserves a page by itself. One can only say in brief that in the characterization Gainsborough would seem to have borrowed Raeburn's incisive vision and used it in his own infinitely more delicate fashion. The almost colorless and sculptured beauty of Mrs. Chad also calls for special comment. The other things, the Turners and the beautiful Gainsborough drawings must be left for later mention.

42d Street Association to Meet.

The Forty-second Street Association will hold a meeting this morning in the Green Room of the Aeolian Hall, West Forty-second Street. Several matters concerning the subway situation in

JORGE ANDRE WEDS MISS LAURA WEBB

Throng of Well-Known New Yorkers at the Ceremony in Church of Heavenly Rest.

COUSINS ATTEND THE BRIDE

Count Gunther von Bernstorff, Son of German Ambassador, Best Man—Honeymoon in Europe.

The wedding of Jorge André of Hamburg, Germany, and Miss Laura Virginia Webb, the only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. F. Egerton Webb, took place at 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon in the Church of the Heavenly Rest, at Forty-fifth Street and Fifth Avenue, which was filled with well-known New York guests. The church had ropes of smilax about the gallery and pillars, and the chancel was banked with palms and Easter lilies.

The bride, who walked up the nave with her father, who gave her in marriage, wore a soft white satin gown with a long square train embroidered at the edges in crystal. The low necked corsage was also embroidered in crystals, and had elbow sleeves of tulle and old Honiton lace. A large diamond plaque, a wedding gift, was the only ornament worn. The skirt of the gown was draped slightly at the front, and the draping was caught with sprays of orange blossoms. The veil of Honiton lace, an old family piece in the Randolph family, was brought closely down on the coiffure and held by a band wreath of jasmine and orange blossoms, just a single row of the tiny flowers. The veil spread out over the shoulders and fell far down the train, to which it was caught with trails of orange blossoms. The bride carried a large bouquet of white orchids and lilies of the valley tied with white tulle streamers with showers of valley lilies.

The bride's only attendants were the little Misses Margaret Trimble, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Richard Trimble, and Ellen Randolph, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Edmund Randolph, cousins of the bride. They wore pale pink chiffon frocks with folded pale blue sashes with ends at the back. The frocks had round necks and short sleeves of lace with touches of blue ribbons. The large old-time leghorn hats had ruches of white lace and wreaths of flowers around the crowns. Blue ribbons went from the sides of the hats under the chin to the left brim, where they were tied in bows with ends to the shoulder. They carried long-handled white wicker baskets filled with pink roses, shaded primroses, and ferns.

Mr. Andre's best man was Count Gunther von Bernstorff, son of the German Ambassador, and the ushers were Carl von Kuhlman, John G. A. Leishman, Jr., Wadsworth Lewis, J. Griswold Webb, T. C. Richardson, Jr., Louis W. Noel, Francis Roche, and Lothrop Randolph, who took the place left vacant by Vincent Astor, who was unable to be present.

The bride's mother, Mrs. F. Egerton Webb, wore a white silk panier gown, brocaded in quaint old-time nosegays of pink roses and leaves. The elbow sleeves were finished with pointed flounces of white lace headed with brown fur. Fur outlined the V-shaped neck, and a knot and ends of black satin finished the back. Her small, oval black hat had a wired black lace frill rising high at the left back.

The church ceremony was followed by a very small reception for the relatives and a few intimate friends at 925 Park Avenue. The decorations there were also Easter lilies.

Mr. and Mrs. André will sail for Europe to spend their honeymoon, and on their return will live in New York.

Among those invited to the church were Mr. an Mrs. John Henry Hammond, Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Osgood Field, Mrs. H. McK. Twombly, Mr. and Mrs. James A. Burden, Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Schieffelin, Mr. and Mrs. W. D. Sloane, Mrs. Vanderbilt, Mr. and Mrs. Frederick Allen, Mr. and Mrs. August Belmont, Dr. W. Seward Webb and Mrs. Webb, G. Creighton Webb, Mr. and Mrs. Edmund Randolph, Mr. and Mrs. J. Sergeant Cram, Mrs. W. Bayard Cutting, Mr. and Mrs. Vanderbilt Webb, Mr. and Mrs. J. Frederic Tams, Mr. and Mrs. James Watson Webb, Mr. and Mrs. Richard Trimble, Mr. and Mrs. Edmund D. Randolph, Mrs. Richard Irvin, Mr. and Mrs. George Bird, Mr. and Mrs. W. T. Guthrie, Mr. and Mrs. Robert P. Huntington and Miss Helen D. Huntington, Mr. and Mrs. Robert Bacon, Mr. and Mrs. Moses Taylor Pyne, Mr. and Mrs. Robert Livingston, Percy R. Pyne, Mr. and Mrs. Grafton Pyne, M. T. and P. R. Pyne, 2d.

Also Mr. and Mrs. Chauncey M. Depew, Mr. and Mrs. Ralph Pulitzer, Mr. and Mrs. Ogden Mills, Mr. and Mrs. Henry A. Murray, Mrs. Crawford Clark, Mr. and Mrs. John E. Cowdin, Mr. and Mrs. George B. de Forest, Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Webb, Jr., Mrs. C. Grosvenor Wyeth, Mrs. Reginald de Koven, Mr. and Mrs. Oliver Gould Jennings, Mrs. Alexander D. B. Pratt, the Misses Louise Iselin, Laura Livingston, Alice Kortright, Charlotte, Frances, and Caroline Wyeth, Mabel Gerry, Frieda Pierson, Pearson, Zelina Clark, Ruth Twombly, Gabrielle Warren, Mary Pyne, Miss Phipps, and others.

Mr. Andre is a cousin of the late Baron von Andre, who married a sister of Mrs. Chauncey Depew. He was in business in Siam for several years before coming to New York a year ago.

Mrs. Andre is a granddaughter of the late Gen. James Watson Webb, and on her mother's side she is a granddaughter of Mr. and Mrs. Edmund D. Randolph of Mount St. Vincent-on-Hudson.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

Fourteen members of the Iowa New Yorkers, headed by their President, Mrs. James S. Clarkson, saw Elsie Ferguson in "The Strange Woman" at the matinee at the Gaity Theatre yesterday.

Emmy Wehlen, who plays the double part of Winifred, the girl, and Freddy, the boy, in "The Girl on the Film" at the Forty-fourth Street Theatre, was yesterday elected President of a newly formed tango club.

Frederic McKay has engaged Marie Flynn for the support of Blanche Ring, who will shortly appear here in "When Claudia Smiles." Miss Flynn was last seen as the heroine of "When Dreams Come True" at the Lyric.

In commemoration of the nineteenth anniversary of the Victoria Theatre, Manager William Hammerstein will offer next week a nineteen-act programme.

The Princess Theatre will be closed next week during rehearsals by the company of five new plays. The new programme will start with the performances of Jan. 26.

Our Newest Pattern

The Cromwell, here shown, is one of real beauty, simple and without unnecessary ornamentation. Like all

1847 ROGERS BROS.

"Silver Plate that Wears"

it is made in the heaviest grade of plate. Absolutely guaranteed.

Sold by Leading Dealers

CHOICE FRESH CUT FLOWERS

Direct to your home by parcel post, (insure.) Carefully packed and delivered in fine condition to any home in suburban New York. Try our sample box of seasonable flowers at $1. Careful attention given to weekly orders. WALKER'S, Florists, 1,036 Southern Boulevard, New York.

C. B. DAVIS, AUTHOR, TO WED

Brother of Richard Harding Davis to Marry Miss Turgeon in London.

Charles Belmont Davis, author, is to be married on Saturday in St. James's Church, London, to Miss Dai Turgeon, daughter of Charles Edward Turgeon, formerly of Ottawa, Canada, and now living at Hinsdale, Ill. An announcement of the coming wedding reached Richard Harding Davis, brother of Charles Belmont Davis, by cable last night.

Miss Turgeon and Mr. Davis met in this city two years ago at the home of mutual friends. Miss Turgeon is a French Canadian. She accompanied her parents to Hinsdale about a year ago, and six months ago she went to visit with relatives in London. Mr. Davis left for London last month, and there the marriage plans were arranged.

1,000 GUESTS AT WEDDING.

Miss Julieta M. Lynn Married to George A. Moreno in New Rochelle.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW ROCHELLE, N. Y., Jan. 14.—Miss Julieta Montelegre Lynn, daughter of Mrs. William H. Lynn of 184 Centre Avenue, this city, and George Antonio Moreno of New York City, were married to-night in the Church of the Blessed Sacrament. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. James T. Hughes. One thousand guests attended the ceremony, which was followed by a reception at the Lynn residence for sixty relatives and friends.

Miss Barnes Weds A. H. Campbell.

The wedding of Miss Frances Spaulding Barnes, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas R. Barnes, to A. H. Campbell took place yesterday afternoon at 4 o'clock at the home of J. L. Mott, 2,122 Fifth Avenue. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. Dr. Benjamin Chambers of the Church of the Blessed Sacrament. Miss Grace Ryan was the maid of honor and Robert L. Campbell was best man. After a trip through the South and West, Mr. and Mrs. Campbell will live in this city.

Miss Hall, Debutante, to Wed.

Mrs. Charles McManus of 265 West Seventy-third Street announces the engagement of her daughter, Miss Estelle Hall, to James P. Silo, Jr., son of James P. Silo of this city. Miss Hall made her début on Dec. 12 at a dance at Sherry's, and is the second of the débutantes of the season to become engaged. No date has been set for the wedding.

Hutchinson-McMasters Engagement

The engagement of Miss Marion Hutchinson, daughter of Howard Hutchinson of Swampscott, Mass., to Albert M. C. McMasters is announced. Mr. McMasters is a member of the Faculty of Dartmouth College. He was graduated from Columbia University, class of '09, and was a teacher there and also at Williams College before going to Dartmouth. No date has been set for the wedding.

McDOWELL—PEIRCE.

The marriage of Miss Helen Peirce, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John Peirce, to Edward Irvine McDowell of this city, formerly of Louisville, Ky., took place yesterday afternoon at the hame of the bride's father, 11 East Fifty-first Street. The Rev. Dr. Theodore Sedgwick, rector of Calvary Church, performed the ceremony in the presence of the families and a few friends.

SOCIAL NOTES.

Mrs. J. E. Grote Higgens has taken Dr. J. Blake White's house, 1,013 Madison Avenue, for the balance of the Winter, and her mother, Mrs. Robert Emmet Robinson, is with her.

Mr. and Mrs. George Bird gave a dinner last night at the Hotel Gotham, where they are spending the Winter, the guests numbering about fifty.

Mrs. Charles Augustus Miller will give a coming-out reception to-morrow afternoon at her home, 37 West Seventy-second Street, for her daughter, Miss May Miller. The reception will be followed by a dance in the evening.

Mr. and Mrs. William Gunther Gardner are to give a reception and dance on next Monday evening at the Hotel Knickerbocker.

Mrs. Arthur B. Twombly, Miss Alice Dickson, and Mrs. Goelet Gallatin were hostesses yesterday at a small luncheon and dinner parties at the St. Regis.

Miss Winifred Holt gave an at home yesterday afternoon at her residence, 44 East Seventy-eighth Street. Mrs. Edward R. Hewitt, Miss Hewitt, Miss Blanche Underwood, and Mrs. Henry Phipps, assisted in receiving. The guests were entertained by Indian songs.

The entertainment which is to be given this afternoon at the residence of Mrs. Reginald de Koven, 1,025 Park Avenue, in aid of the Girl's Branch of the Public Schools Athletic League, will begin at 3 o'clock. Lady Decies, Mrs. Newell Tilton, Mrs. Kierstede Hudson, and Miss Theodora Lamb are among the society people who will pose in the tableaux. Tickets at $5 each, may be had at the door.

Mrs. H. Van Rensselaer Kennedy and her daughters, the Misses Maud and Marian V. R. Kennedy, are at the Vanderbilt for the Winter.

Miss Julia Robbins will appear as a pierrot at a prologue to the carnival entertainment which is to be given to-morrow night and Saturday afternoon and evening by the Junior League. The children of society will appear in dances at the Saturday matinee. The entire house is sold out for Friday night, and the general admission will be $2. The proceeds are to be devoted to charity.

A tea dance is to be given this afternoon at Sherry's from 4 to 7 o'clock by the New York Chapter of the National Park Seminary Alumnae Association for charity.

Henry Worthington Bull, son of the late William Lanman Bull, arrived yesterday on the Kronprinzessin Cecilie. He had gone to England with Harry P. Whitney on a shooting trip, but returned when he received word of the death of his father. He arrived too late for the funeral.

Miss Luisita Leland of 563 Park Avenue gave a small at home yesterday, at which Miss Hilda Beyer appeared in classic dances. Afterward there was general dancing and tea.

Mrs. Arthur Rutledge Pearson will entertain to-night with a small dance at 100 East Seventeenth Street.

Mrs. Henry G. Trevor will give a dinner to-night and so will Mrs. J. Stevens Ulman.

Mrs. W. R. Simons of 375 Park Avenue, will give a dance to-night at Sherry's.

Mrs. Charles F. Hoffman will entertain at dinner this evening for Mr. and Mrs. John Clinton Gray.

Mr. and Mrs. Russell Wellman Moore will give a musicale this evening at the Plaza, for which 600 invitations have been issued. Miss Maggie Teyte, Miss Ada Sassoli, Mr. Diaz, and Nahan Franko and his orchestra will appear.

Mrs. C. C. Ceyler gave a luncheon yesterday at her home, 26 East Fifty-fourth Street, for her niece, Miss Josephine Nicoll.

Mt. Sinai Hospital Alliance Dance.

The annual midwinter dance of the Mount Sinai Hospital Alliance is to be held at Sherry's on next Saturday evening. Mrs. Adolph Lewisohn, Mrs. Kalman Haas, Mrs. H. H. Moses, Mrs. Julius Beer, Mrs. William Rothschild, and Mrs. S. Langsdorf are among the patronesses. Admission is by guest card only, which may be obtained through members of the alliance or the Secretary, Miss Lillian Silbernagel, 60 West Ninety-sixth Street.

MUSIC NOTES.

Mischa Elman will be the soloist at the Metropolitan Opera House at next Sunday night's concert.

Samuel L. M. Barlow, son of Magistrate Barlow, has written the music for "Maria Rosa," in which Dorothy Donnelly will appear at the Thirty-ninth Street Theatre next Monday night.

The Aborns have engaged for the Century Opera Company Irene Langford, an American soprano, who will be heard for the first time next week in the production of "La Boheme." She was born in Norfolk, Va., and has studied for the operatic stage in New York and Paris.

'DON'T WEAKEN' SEEN AT MAXINE ELLIOTT'S

It Is an Optimistic Little Comedy Along Rather Familiar Lines.

PLAYED BY A GOOD CAST

Combination of Business and Love Affairs That Has Done Service in Several More Quickly Paced Farces.

DON'T WEAKEN. A Comedy in Three Acts. By Walter Hackett. At the Maxine Elliott Theatre.

Duncan Price	Earle Brown
Jim Meredith	Robert Kelly
Alexander Travis	Joseph Brennan
Roland Kent	Wallace Worsley
Dick Steele	Charles Lane
Will Cannon	A. Hylton Allen
Sam Merwin	Charles Wyngate
Ethel Travis	Renee Kelly
Mrs. Kent	Marion Lorne
Mrs. Cannon	Rose Lubonn
Maid	Eleanor Hines

Mr. Walter Hackett's "Don't Weaken" is an optimistic little comedy that would have created more interest had there never been a "Fortune Hunter," "Wallingford," or "Ready Money."

As it is its three-act exposition of how a youth with no money and little courage eventually puts through a big business deal and likewise wins the girl he loves seems a bit like a thrice-told tale. Moreover, though Mr. Hackett writes some amusing if improbable and impossible scenes, they are too frequently in the nature of padding, and too obviously designed to prolong the play to the length necessary for an evening's entertainment.

Such a scene is the one in the final act in which a more or less henpecked husband finally asserts his authority, with the result that the hitherto hectoring wife, who is constantly repeating what her mother said, admits that she never was as happy in her life. Though not altogether novel it is a funny little scene, and was much enjoyed by the first night audience. So were the occasional passages in which a group of men who had been college chums recite in chorus their creed of "Don't Weaken," using it to urge the really weak hero to try to improve his fortune after he has been hoodwinked into the belief that he was to fall heir to a large sum of money at the end of five years.

Thereupon, with $5,000 borrowed from one of his friends, he acquires an option on an invention designed to revolutionize the manufacture of rubber tires, and is able, ultimately, to save his prospective father-in-law from being shut out in the cold, while at the same time giving the girl of his heart a proof of his ability to care for her in the years to come. Another well-written scene which carries conviction is that in which the father of the girl convinces this young man that he has no right to make a proposal of marriage and ask the girl to wait for him.

"The real test to make money," he argues, "proves that a man has the capacity for taking care of his wife and family."

Which is a worldly wise doctrine that carries conviction to the hero, though one might reasonably ask where the families of some of our later day multimillionaires would be if the young men hadn't put their trust in the future.

However, neither the play nor the theory need be taken too seriously. As for the former it is pleasant though hardly likely to creat that intense interest which is required nowadays to fill theatres for any length of time. It suffers, moreover, from the inherent weakness of its hero, who in spite of his occasional flashes of false courage never quite seems to be possessed of real strength.

Nor is that fault to be laid at the door of Mr. Earle Brown, who plays him with considerable charm and vigor. Most pleasing was Joseph Brennan, of whom there was far too little. And good sketches were given by Robert Kelly, A. Hylton Allen, Charles Lane, and Charles Wyngate. Renee Kelly was as lovely a little heroine as could be imagined, and played with gentle and appealing charm, and Marion Lorne provided a touch of real humor. The other brief rôles were neatly done.

GIVES PARTY FOR DEBUTANTES

Mrs. Charles Bradley Entertains for Her Daughter and Miss Clark.

Mrs. Charles Bradley was the hostess yesterday at a luncheon of seventy-five covers at the Ritz-Carlton, followed by a party to the play, for her débutante daughter, Miss Anne Bradley, and Miss Estelle Clark. The luncheon was in a private room at the Ritz-Carlton, the half dozen large tables being decorated with large baskets filled with pink sweet peas or yellow jonquils. After luncheon the guests were taken to a matinée. The guests included a number of the Winter's buds, and some young as well as older married women and older girls.

DANCE FOR MISS OVERTON.

Mrs. Clough C. Overton Entertains for Her Daughter—The Guests.

Mrs. Clough Cosby Overton gave a small dance last night at 4 West Fortieth Street for her daughter, Miss Margaret Crittenden Overton. Several small dinners preceded it. Mrs. Overton gave one at her residence at 49 West Fifty-seventh Street, and Mrs. Edward S. Knapp and others also entertained. A seated supper was served shortly after midnight. The guests at Mrs. Overton's dinner were the Misses Catherine Colt, Margaret Trevor, Julia Edey, Cordelia Hepburn, Elizabeth Smuckler of Philadelphia, William Remsen, Edward Kimball, J. K. Hollins, Ransome Noble, Langdon Marvin, and Esmond O'Brien.

CHARITIES.

COLD CAUSING MUCH DISTRESS AMONG THE POOR

Hundreds are appealing to us for the bare necessities of life. Some need coal, others clothing and shelter and still others food.

Many families, threatened with dispossess, need help to prevent them from being thrown out in the cold. In hundreds of ways our Relief Visitors and Nurses are relieving suffering.

These are not chronic paupers. Misfortune is responsible for their plight. They don't want charity, but a chance to be self-supporting again.

They Appeal through Us to You to Help Them out of Dependency.

Neglect of destitute homes leads to chronic poverty, crime or disease. These fresh burdens upon society can be avoided by timely aid.

Every cent you contribute will be spent only for relief and ministration.

Send gifts to Robert Shaw Minturn, Treasurer, Room 210, 105 East 22nd Street.

NEW YORK ASSOCIATION FOR IMPROVING THE CONDITION OF THE POOR.

R. FULTON CUTTING, Chairman Finance Committee.
CORNELIUS N. BLISS, JR., President.

PRESIDENT IS DINNER GUEST

Vice President and Mrs. Marshall Give First of Cabinet Series.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 14.—At the first of a series of dinners planned for President and Mrs. Wilson, at which the Vice President and ten Cabinet officers will entertain in turn, and which was given this evening by Vice President and Mrs. Marshall at the Shoreham, it became apparent that in this Administration the old rule of inviting members of the Administration instead of guests from non-official circles of this or other cities has been revived.

In view of the fact that the President accepts no invitation to dine or lunch except from Cabinet officers or the Vice President, and that the Cabinet dinner parties occur at intervals never more than a week apart, the old rule of a family party was abandoned in the Roosevelt Administration at the suggestion of the then Secretary of State and Mrs. Root, and a plan accepted by which a totally different company was brought together at each dinner. So successful was this innovation as carried out by Mrs. Root that an invitation to meet the President and wife at dinner became the most coveted piece of pasteboard circulated from the capital.

Vice President and Mrs. Marshall, whose invitations were originally issued for Jan. 7 instead of Jan. 14 and deferred like the entire schedule of White House affairs on account of the President's absence from town, invited only the members of the Cabinet to dine with the President and Mrs. Wilson. The circle was complete this evening with the exception of the Secretary of State and Mrs. Bryan, who dined with the Argentine Minister and Mme. Naon, their engagement having been made by the Secretary of State when Jan. 7 was the supposed date of the Vice President's dinner party to President and Mrs. Wilson.

CARDINAL AT CONCERT.

Miss Leary Gives Entertainment for Rt. Rev. F. A. Gasquet, and Supper.

Miss Annie Leary, who was made a Papal Countess for her benefactions to the church, arranged the concert which was given last night at the Waldorf-Astoria for the Right Rev. Francis A. Gasquet, Abbot President of the English Congregation of Benedictines, under the auspices of Cardinal Farley.

There was a large and brilliant attendance, and before the musical programme, in which Miss Lucrezia Bori and Giovanni Martinelli of the Metropolitan Opera Company and Miss Ada Sassoli appeared, the Rev. Gasquet made a brief address on the work of the revision of the Latin Vulgate with which he has been intrusted by the Holy See, which necessitates the procuring of many valuable manuscripts, many of which have to be photographed.

After the concert Miss Leary gave a supper in the East Room for Cardinal Farley and the Rev. Gasquet. Among the guests at the supper were Miss Georgine Iselin, Mrs. Charles Astor Bristed, Mrs. Henry Waters Taft, Mr. and Mrs. W. Bourke Cockran, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Hughes Kelly, Mrs. Henry Phipps, Mr. and Mrs. Hamilton Fish, Mrs. Henry Clews, Miss Louise Ward McAllister, Mr. and Mrs. Michael J. Mulqueen, Mr. Bagby, and Mr. and Mrs. Walter Rutherfurd.

A number of society girls sold programmes before the concert, including the Misses Agnes Sheehy, Elizabeth Sabin, Estelle O'Brien, Frances Montague Ward, Harriet Lummis, Marjorie Cleveland, and Clare Brett. Afterward they occupied a box with Miss Leary in the gallery of the theatre.

Those present included Mrs. Geraldyn Redmond, Mrs. John G. Agar, Mrs. W. C. Adams, Mr. and Mrs. Josika-Herczeg, Mrs. Edson Bradley, Mrs. Alexander V. Chenoweth, Miss Aimee Delmonico, Mr. and Mrs. E. H. Gary, Mrs. William E. Iselin, Mrs. Mahlon Sandy Kane, the Right Rev. Mons. Michael J. Lavelle, Countess de Laugier-Villars, Mr. and Mrs. William Lummis, Mrs. A. Masters MacDonell, Mrs. Morgan J. O'Brien, Mrs. Charles M. Ulrichs, Mrs. William F. Sheehan, Mrs. J. Rich Steers, Mrs. Charles H. Truax, Mrs. Edward H. Hawke, Jr., Alfonso de Navarro, Joseph P. Grace, Mrs. Gerald L. Borden, Mrs. Joseph J. O'Donohue, and John D. Crimmins.

SEEK NEW HOME FOR 'IOLE.'

Chambers and Teal to Continue Their Musical Play Dropped by Frazee.

Rumors of ill-feeling between H. H. Frazee, producer of "Iole," and Ben Teal and Robert W. Chambers, the authors of the musical play which was made from Mr. Chambers's book of the same name, flew thick and fast through the theatrical district yesterday, and all concerned admitted that there was no love lost between them. "Iole" will leave Mr. Frazee's theatre, the Longacre, after next Saturday night's performance, when it will also cease to be a Frazee production. The authors were making great efforts yesterday to install the play in another theatre, and it was said that "Iole" would probably move into the Park Theatre, on Columbus, in a house in the Times Square district.

The trouble between the authors of "Iole" and Mr. Frazee began during the rehearsals of the play, but when "Iole" finally came to the Longacre Theatre and was apparently welcomed by the public all differences were cast aside. Despite the praise of the critics and the audiences which witnessed the performances, Frazee, after two weeks' run of the play, inserted advertisements in the newspapers announcing that "Iole" would end its run next Saturday night and that "The House of Bondage," a play recently produced at the Cecil Spooner Theatre and suppressed by the police, would be the succeeding attraction at the Longacre Theatre.

Both Ben Teal and Mr. Chambers were angry. They declared that their piece had not had a fair trial, and that its success was sure. Both the novelist and Teal made strong appeals to Frazee, but the theatrical manager said "Iole" would have to move out. It was said last night that a new home for the musical comedy would be announced to-day.

Dance for Charity at the Biltmore.

A dance was given last night at the Biltmore for the benefit of the Woman's Auxiliary of the East Side Tuberculosis Clinic.

The committee in charge was composed of Mrs. Charles Augustus Frank, Mrs. Albert B. Ashforth, Mrs. Frederick C. Brown, Mrs. Henry P. Davison, Mrs. J. Henry Dick, Mrs. Ralph Goddard, Mrs. W. R. Willcox, Mrs. Arthur C. Ketcham, Mrs. Daniel A. Poling, Jr., Mrs. James H. Ottley, Mrs. Arthur W. Rossiter, Mrs. Clarkson Runyon, and Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Warrin.

Among the society girls present were the Misses Dorothy Hollister, Cary L. Hackstaff, Flora B. McAlpin, Harriet McAlpin, Christina Nichols, Estella Romeyn, Barbara Shedd, Margaret Warren, and Josephine B. Wells.

OFF FOR EUROPE TO-DAY.

Some of the Passengers Sailing on Two Liners—The Arrivals.

Transatlantic liners sailing to-day and some of those booked to leave on them are:

BALTIC (Liverpool)—Miss Edith C. Anderson, Mrs. E. J. Barnard, Lieut. Col. A. C. and Mrs. Barnes, A. B. Carey, J. H. Cherry, Mr. and Mrs. Irving P. Favor, Mr. and Mrs. G. V. Hastings, Mr. and Mrs. N. Morton, J. T. Reid, Mr. and Mrs. J. Stephens, Capt. N. J. Willoughby.

CLEVELAND (Naples)—Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Bourne, Mr. and Mrs. F. C. Blaisdell, Pierce O. Butler, David Banks, Miss B. B. Bartlett, Miss Edith S. Culver, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Downey, Miss M. L. Davis, Mr. and Mrs. William Fitz-Simon, W. D. Gray, Major J. L. Johnston, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Kline, Mrs. W. T. Law, Mrs. C. H. Lee, Countess von Landberg, E. J. May, Mrs. S. W. Moore, Dr. B. F. Walker.

Liners arriving yesterday and some of their passengers were:

KRONPRINZESSIN CECILIE (Bremen)—Prof. Bashford, Dean Count Louis de Berenger, James L. A. Burrell, Dr. Jesse Benedict Carter, Col. William H. Comegys, Mrs. E. G. Hood, Count and Countess G. Gullinelli, Miss A. P. Harwood, C. H. Johnson, Miss Marion Morris, Mr. and Mrs. E. K. Putman, Prof. D. Riessel, Robert E. Strawbridge, Samuel Taylor, Major Clyde Ford, Lord Fairfax, Mrs. Clinton Miller, C. Romer Williams.

TAGUS (Southampton, via West Indies)—J. Brown, Mrs. C. C. Chapman, Mrs. G. H. Henry, W. D. McLellan, Dr. and Mrs. A. E. Morgan, and Mr. and Mrs. G. H. Whigham.

HAMMERSTEIN SUES TO OUST THE MOVIES

Leased Republic Theatre to David Belasco for First-Class Shows Only.

HIS REVENUE CUT OFF

No Commission for Him in Sale of Seats at 25 Cents Each—Ready to Cancel the Lease.

The Hammerstein Opera Company applied to the Supreme Court yesterday for an injunction restraining David Belasco and the Universal Film Company from using the Republic Theatre for the exhibition of moving-picture films. The theatre is owned by Oscar Hammerstein, who said last night that it was worth $650,000, and that about ten years ago it was leased to Mr. Belasco for twelve years and a half at an annual rental of $25,000, which was less than half its real rental value. But to make up for the low rent the contract contained a clause providing that Mr. Hammerstein should get a commission on the gross receipts ranging from 5 to 10 per cent. above a certain fixed amount. Mr. Hammerstein was reluctant to tell just what this fixed amount was, but he said that his commission ran sometimes as high as $1,000 a week.

There was also a clause in the contract binding Mr. Belasco to produce in the theatre only "first-class theatrical performances." This agreement was carefully adhered to as long as such players as Blanche Bates, David Warfield, Mrs. Leslie Carter, and others of the same class were the attractions, the law papers say. But when Mr. Belasco began, about two weeks ago, to present moving pictures Mr. Hammerstein objected. The two famous producers of plays had a talk after this. Mr. Hammerstein said last night that he was quite willing to release Mr. Belasco from his contract, but that the latter displayed no eagerness in this direction.

Complaint was also made in the papers that since the production of the moving pictures the insurance rates have increased 50 per cent.; that Mr. Hammerstein's commission on the receipts have fallen to practically nothing, and that the conversion of the theatre into a moving-picture house had a deteriorating effect on its reputation and value. The law papers say that the pictures now being produced, called the "Traffic in Souls," are of the same general character as those which recently received so much notoriety and caused so much public clamor.

PERCY R. PYNE, 2D, IS HOST.

Gives Big Dinner Dance at Sherry's—Musicians as Pierrots.

Percy Rivington Pyne, 2d, was the host last night at a dinner dance at Sherry's. The second floor was reserved for Mr. Pyne's guests, the dinner being served in the tapestried suite and the dance being in the small ballroom adjoining. The ballroom was decorated with pink roses and lilies of the valley, and pink roses and lilies were used in decorating the adjoining suite and the dinner tables. Mr. Pyne had his mother, Mrs. Moses Taylor Pyne, receiving with him. While the men were engaged in after-dinner smoking and the women were having coffee a dancer was brought in on a fanciful litter by men in costume, who also did several fancy dances. A Neapolitan orchestra played softly during the dinner and afterward a band of darkey musicians dressed as Pierrots played alternately with an orchestra for the dancing.

Several hundred people were invited, there being 140 for the dinner. A buffet supper was served at 11 o'clock.

PROF. BENJ. O. PEIRCE DEAD.

Harvard Professor of Mathematics Was a Prominent Physicist.

Benjamin Osgood Peirce, Hollis Professor of Mathematics and Natural Philosophy in Harvard College, died yesterday in Cambridge, Mass. He was born at Beverly, Mass., Feb. 11, 1854, and was a son of Benjamin Osgood Peirce. He received the degree of A. B. at Harvard in 1876; Ph.D. at the University of Leipzig, from 1879 to 1880, and was a student in Berlin.

Prof. Peirce taught in the Boston Latin School the year following his return from abroad. In 1881 he became instructor in mathematics, Assistant Professor of Mathematics and Physics, 1884 to 1888, when he became Hollis Professor at Harvard.

He was a member of the National Academy of Sciences, American Mathematical Society, American Physical Society, Astronomical and Astrophys ics Society, American Société Francaise de Physique, Circolo Matematico di Palermo, a Fellow of the American Academy of Arts and Sciences, and other learned societies.

Prof. Peirce was the author of "Theory of the Newtonian Potential Function," "Table of Integrals," and "Experiments in Magnetism."

COL. O. C. SABIN DEAD.

He Was "Bishop" of an Offshoot of the Christian Science Church.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 14.—Col. Oliver C. Sabin, a retired railroad lawyer, former politician and veteran of the civil war, who founded in Washington about ten years ago an offshoot of the Christian Science Church and created himself the "Bishop" of the new denomination, died here yesterday morning of cancer of the stomach. Announcement of his death was not made until this afternoon.

After coming to Washington about two decades ago Col. Sabin joined the Christian Science Church and started a newspaper, The Washington News Letter, in which he championed its tenets of "science and health."

"Bishop" Sabin called his sect the "Evangelical Christian Science Church." He had a number of followers and "disciples" in Washington.

Col. Sabin was born at Bladensburg, Ohio, in 1840. He studied law and practiced for several years at Bloomington, Ill., coming to Washington in 1890.

Mrs. George C. Lee.

BROOKLINE, Mass., Jan. 14.—Mrs. George C. Lee, grandmother of Mrs. Alice Roosevelt Longworth, died today, aged 80 years. She was the widow of a Boston banker. One of her daughters, Miss Alice Lee, was the first wife of Col. Theodore Roosevelt and the mother of Mrs. Longworth.

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556 FIFTH AVENUE

NEW YORK

Obituary Notes.

CHARLES HAWLEY CORBETT, Vice President of the Continental Iron Works, Greenpoint, died yesterday at his home, 157 Lefferts Place, Brooklyn. A widow and a son survive him.

LOUIS KEFER, for a number of years Captain of the German Rifles of Whitestone, died yesterday at the home of his daughter, Mrs. M. F. Godley, South Ninth Avenue, Whitestone, aged 77 years.

The Rev. LAURANCE F. BOWER, who spent two years in the service of Episcopal churches in this city, is dead at Avalon, Penn., his home, at the age of 41 years. Mr. Bower was a graduate of Princeton and the General Theological Seminary. His health began to fail four years ago, and this necessitated a retirement from the ministry.

NICHOLAS J. LAHEY, member of a family which has been prominent politically in New York for many years, died suddenly at his home, 67 Grove Street, Flushing, on Tuesday.

WILLIAM A. WILLETT, a retired painter and decorator, died suddenly yesterday at his home in the Clendening, 292 West 103d Street. Death was caused by cerebral hemorrhages. Mr. Willett was 50 years old. He is survived by his wife.

Miss JOSEPHINE B. CROSBY, daughter of the late Josiah Fraser Crosby of El Paso, Texas, died yesterday at the Hotel Seville of heart disease, after a short illness. She is survived by her mother, who was staying with her at the hotel.

Sister MARY MARCELLA of St. Joseph's Villa, North Plainfield, N. J., died Tuesday after a short illness. She had been a member of the order for forty-seven years.

VICTOR A. SNYDER, a commercial traveler, died Tuesday at his home in Edison Place, Brooklyn, aged 56 years.

ELIZABETH DENNIN, widow of Luke Dennin, for many years prominent in Democratic politics in Brooklyn, died Tuesday at her home, 261 Greene Avenue, Brooklyn, aged 62 years.

RICHARD NOTT DYER of the law firm of Dyer, Dyer & Taylor, 31 Nassau Street, and for many years patent attorney and chief counsel for Thomas A. Edison, died suddenly Tuesday night at his home in East Orange, N. J., of acute indigestion at the age of 70 years. Dyer fought the famous patent case of the incandescent light through all the courts to the United States Supreme Court, where he won a victory for Mr. Edison.

Dr. CORNELIUS WALKE, formerly a physician in this city, died Tuesday at his home in Ossining at the age of 92 years. He retired from active work fifteen years ago. He was a brother of the late Rear Admiral Henry Walke, U. S. N.

WILFRED R. JEFFERSON, Long Island representative of the firm of Austin, Nichols & Co., wholesale grocers, died Tuesday at his home in Riverhead, L. I., of heart disease, aged 40 years.

Dr. L. M. HALL, a dentist of 176 Manhattan Street, died Tuesday at his home of heart disease at the age of 80 years. He retired in 1901, after thirty-five years of practice in this city.

Dr. ISAAC F. LOCKWOOD, a dentist of 58 East 126th Street, died Tuesday at his home of pneumonia. He had practiced dentistry in Harlem for fifty-four years.

WILLIAM S. MILLER of Alexander Miller & Brothers, boat builders, died on Monday at his home, 238 Fort Washington Avenue. He was 63 years old.

Mrs. MARY E. SOMERINDYKE ANTRIM, who was born in the famous Somerindyke House on Broadway, between Seventy-fifth and Seventy-ninth Streets, 92 years ago, died, Tuesday at the home of her sister, Mrs. Martha A. Clarke, 71 Virginia Avenue, Jersey City. She was the widow of Samuel E. Antrim, a wealthy New York contractor.

NAJEEB HADAD, a lace importer in Manhattan, died on Tuesday at his home, 4,721 Sixth Avenue, Brooklyn, aged 27 years. He was editor of a Syrian newspaper, and President of the Syrian Phrenoblin Association.

HENRY WOLFF, a member of the firm of S. Appel & Co., sailors' clothing manufacturers, died at his residence, 1,072 Fourteenth Street, Brooklyn, on Tuesday, aged 65 years.

Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

CONFIRMATION.

ROSENFELD.—Mr. and Mrs. M. Rosenfeld, 203 East Broadway, announce the Bar-mitzvah of their son, Jacob B., on Saturday, Jan. 17, at the Synagogue Beth-Hamebrosh Agobol, 60 Norfolk St.

Married.

Brooklyn.

BOWMAN—McKENNA.—Jan. 11, Julia V. McKenna to Charles

DAY'S BASEBALL NEWS---WRESTLING AT THE GARDEN---BILLIARDS---BOXING---GOLF---FOOTBALL

BASEBALL PLAYERS GET WARNING NOTE

"Side Agreements" with Clubs Will Result in Fine and Probable Release.

Baseball players who are spending the Winter in this city were proudly showing the new major league contracts to their friends yesterday and pointing out the new provisions of the documents which were won from the magnates by the Players' Fraternity.

Each new contract has a large notice printed on it in a prominent place in red ink which warns the player against any deceptive side agreements which have been imposed upon players in the past. Hereafter, each contract must contain each agreement between player and club owner. All references to a change in salary or a bonus of any kind must be put down in black and white. No verbal agreement will hereafter be made between a manager and a player.

The National Commission granted more than the players asked for when they placarded each contract with the conspicuous notice concerning side agreements. The notice declares that the commission will also impose a fine of $500 on any club President who is found guilty of making a promise of any kind to a ballplayer not included in the contract. Not only that, but if the National Commission finds that a club has violated this new clause, the player's contract will be declared null and void, and the player will be unconditionally released and will be free to go where he may desire.

In the past club owners have influenced players with promises and side agreements, and often players have had a hard time compelling the club owners to live up to these agreements. Much of the work of the National Commission has been in unraveling tangles between ballplayers and managers which have been agreed upon outside of the regular contracts.

The notice of warning on the new contracts, which is printed in the most conspicuous place on the document, is as follows:

Each player before signing a major league contract should carefully scrutinize the same to ascertain whether or not all conditions agreed upon between the player and club President have been incorporated therein, and if any have been omitted the player should insist on having all the terms, conditions, promises, and agreements inserted in the contract before he signs the same. If at any time, as a result of an official investigation, it is ascertained that an agreement of any kind between a major league club President and a player is not fully set forth in the player's regular contract or made a part thereof, then a penalty shall be inflicted against the club violating this provision in the sum of $500, the same to be paid into the treasury of the league of which the contracting club is a member, and the said contract shall be null and void and the player unconditionally released.

There are other noticeable advantages to the ball player in the new contracts. One provides that each player must be given a duplicate copy of his contract when he signs. The new document also provides that a player must be notified in writing any time he is fined or suspended and he must also be notified in writing of his release or trade, with all the details involved in the deal.

The new contract provides that the club owner shall give the player two complete uniforms, not including shoes, for which the player must put up $20 deposit, which shall be returned at the end of the season or at the termination of the contract. Clubs must hereafter also be paid the traveling expenses of players from their home towns to the training camps.

It has fallen to the honor of the Newark Club to be the first to beat the Federal League at its own game. Charles H. Ebbets, Jr., of the Brooklyn and Newark Clubs, jumped into the Federal ranks and fished out one of their most promising catchers. He is Leo Wittenstetter, who made a name for himself in Indianapolis last year. Young Ebbets heard about him and made him an offer to join Newark. So Witter, as he is called, jumped from the outlaws back to organized ball. Of course, he automatically suspended himself by playing with the Federals last year, but Ebbets had already applied to the National Commission to have him reinstated.

There was much joy at Ebbets Field yesterday when President Ebbets received word that Nap Rucker and Zack Wheat would surely sign with the Dodgers within a few days. So Brooklyn will have major league baseball after all, in spite of the raid of the Federals. Rucker is spending the Winter at his home in Alpharetta, Ga. Nap whiles away the time burning up the Georgia roads in his new automobile. Wheat is spending the Winter at his home in Kansas City, and has informed Mr. Ebbets that he will sign his contract as soon as he receives it. Both will sign contracts for three years. Mike Heckinger, the Dodger catcher, is in Chicago, and he has notified the Brooklyn Club that he will sign in a short time.

President Ebbets left Brooklyn last night on a mysterious mission. It is stated that he received a telegram from Manager Robinson, who is in Indianapolis, and that he has gone to join him there. They will try to persuade Pitcher Elmer Brown to sign a contract before he hears any more of the Federal League's flattering offers.

Secretary John B. Foster of the Giants and Mrs. Foster sailed yesterday for a short vacation in Bermuda. Mr. Foster has been the busiest man in baseball since last Fall, and decided that he must have a rest. He did most of the preparatory work of the last world's series and the big Army and Navy football game, and did both games well.

George Burns of Utica, the Giants left fielder, yesterday signed his contract for next season. Burns had an offer from the Buffalo Club of the Federal League, but he has met with such excellent success under Manager McGraw that he refused to consider the offer of the "outlaws."

Jay Rogers, the promising young catcher who was purchased by the Yankees from the Richmond Club of the Virginia League last season, sent his signed contract to President Farrell yesterday. Rogers lives at Hornell, N. Y. He led his league last season with a batting average of .286. He caught in 91 games and had a fielding average of .974. Besides Rogers, Manager Chance will have three other catchers at Houston—Sweeney, Gossett, and Reynolds.

Charley Dooin, the manager of the Phillies, signed his contract to lead the team for next year at a salary said to be close to $10,000. Dooin has sent out notice to all his players not to come to terms with Federal League promoters until they have heard from the Philadelphia Club. While Dooin is disappointed over the jumping of Knabe, he states that the Phillies will have a man at second base next season who will be just as good. He still believes that Brennan and Killifer may be back in the Philadelphia fold. The Federals are now trying to entice Pitcher Eppa Rixey away from the Phillies.

Dick Rudolph, the former Giant, and now with the Boston Nationals, signed his contract yesterday for next season. Rudolph is spending the Winter at his home in the Bronx, and he says he is satisfied with the contract submitted by President Jim Gaffney.

A rumor buzzed its way from St. Louis last night that the Federals had practically come to terms with Bobby Byrne of the Phillies, D. Walsh, and that Lefty Leifield. Wallie Smith, Charley O'Leary, the former Detroit player, and Max Carey of the Pirates all had decided to cast their lot with the outlaws. Manager Fred Clarke of Pittsburgh last night also gave out the information that as far as he was able to learn the Federal League was just about 95 per cent. newspaper publicity.

The Federal League is making a quiet and careful canvass for minor league players, as well as for the major league men. Three players who live in the Bronx stated last night that they had been approached by Federal League scouts. They are Ed Wagner, a catcher, who was the best backstop on the Fort Wayne team last year; Jack Richards, a shortstop who played with the Asheville, N. C., Club, and Dan Tierney, an outfielder, who played in the Central League. Several members of the Knights of St. Antony team of Brooklyn have been approached by scouts from the Federal League club of Buffalo.

Ned Hanlon, who is interested in the Baltimore Club of the Federal League, will come to New York to-day to confer with Tim Hurst, the former American League umpire, relative to placing one of the outlaw clubs in New York. Hurst, it is stated, has been scouting around Manhattan, Brooklyn, and the Bronx for several days at Hanlon's suggestion, and has encouraging news to report to-day. Hanlon, it is said, will endeavor to persuade President Gilmore of the outlaws to change the circuit again, so that New York and Cincinnati will be included. To do this it is planned to take the franchises away from Buffalo and Toronto.

Ultimatum of Federal Club.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Jan. 14.—Five major league baseball players who for two months have been negotiating with the Indianapolis Federal League must sign three-year contracts at a conference to be held to-morrow or the negotiations will be ended, Manager William Phillips of the local team announced to-night. The men are Owen Bush, shortstop; George Dauss, pitcher, and Pat Bauman, infielder of the Detroit American League Club, and Elmer Brown, pitcher of the Brooklyn National League team. All of the players live in Indianapolis, and the Federal League promoters had hoped to have the local team largely composed of home players. Manager Phillips announced that George Mullin, formerly of the Detroit Club, had offered to sign a one-year contract to play with the Indianapolis Federal League team.

George Stone Wants to 'Come Back.'

LINCOLN, Neb., Jan. 14.—George Stone, former left fielder and heavy hitter of the St. Louis American League Club, has decided to re-enter baseball. He applied today for the position of manager of the Lincoln Club of the Western League under the impression that Manager Mullen had been released to Vancouver. Stone spent his major league career with the St. Louis Club. He was owned by Boston at one time, but was traded to St. Louis before he had a chance to play with the Red Sox. He led the American League in batting in 1906, with a percentage near .360. He retired from the game in 1910, and is now Assistant Cashier of a bank at Coleridge, Neb.

Cincinnati May Join Federal League

CINCINNATI, Jan. 14.—A local business man announced to-night that he and others associated with him have secured $250,000 to place a Federal League baseball club in this city. Officials of the league expected here to-day could not be found. The men backing the movement said that an application would be made at Chicago on Saturday for a Federal League franchise.

Smith May Manage Pittsburgh.

BALTIMORE, Jan. 14.—Frank Smith, a pitcher on the International League baseball team last season, has signed a three-year contract with the Baltimore Federal League Club, according to advices received here today from Pittsburgh. Smith, it is understood, was being considered for the position of manager of the Pittsburgh Federals when he signed with Baltimore.

Changes in Syracuse Nine.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., Jan. 14.—Several important deals were announced at a meeting of the officials of the Syracuse Baseball Club this afternoon. Good, right fielder, has been traded to Seattle of the Northwestern League for Strait; Pitcher Oldham of Trenton signed Pitzmorton, a second baseman secured from the Spokane Club to replace Parlenheimer at second base, and the Boston Red Sox have promised to send two young pitchers to Syracuse, Radloff and Mulhern.

Miller Signs with Brooklyn.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Jan. 14.—Otto Miller, catcher of the Brooklyn National League Club, who has been negotiating with the Federal League officials, announced late to-night that he had signed a contract to play with Brooklyn. "My contract calls for an increase in salary, and is for three years," Miller said.

Tufts Signs Baseball Coach.

MEDFORD, Mass., Jan. 14.—The Tufts College baseball management announced to-day that John P. Slattery, formerly catcher on the Washington, Chicago, and Boston teams of the American League, has been engaged as head coach for the nine. Candidates will report for practice March 1.

BASEBALL NEWS IN BRIEF.

Eddie Foster, third baseman of the Washington American League Baseball Club, has signed a two-year contract with the local team. It had been rumored that he would join the Federal League. It is understood that Foster will receive an increase in salary.

Hughie High, utility outfielder of the Detroit American League Baseball Club, yesterday signed a 1914 contract with the team. He is the first player to sign up with the Detroit Club since the new form of contract, containing all the changes granted the Players' Fraternity, was put into effect.

The first training trip games of the Chicago American League team will be played at Sacramento, Cal., March 9, 10, and 11, according to announcement yesterday. The signed contract of Melville Wolfgang, a pitcher, has been received at the White Sox office.

John Evers, manager of the Cubs, left Chicago yesterday without announcing his destination. It was said, however, that he would visit several cities and was expected to return with the contracts of several players.

SHAMROCK'S CENTERBOARD.

Lipton Has Adopted American Idea for His Cup Challenge Yacht.

LONDON, Jan. 14.—The Standard announces its belief, on good authority, that the most radical feature of Sir Thomas Lipton's Shamrock IV. will be the adoption of the American centreboard. This will be the first time in the history of British yachting that a large craft has been fitted with a centreboard, and the challenger will be the first yacht of this type to be sent across the Atlantic to compete for the America's Cup.

British yachtsmen have always protested against the use of this device, and its adoption at a time when the American types are beginning to approach the British designs is expected to cause much comment here.

Nautilus B. C. Elects Officers.

At the annual meeting of the Nautilus Boat Club of Bath Beach on Tuesday evening at the Brooklyn Masonic Temple the following officers were elected for the ensuing year: President—H. Dunn; Vice President—S. H. Baker; Treasurer—W. E. Pfanmuller; Secretary—W. Goat; Captain—C. W. Ruprecht, Jr.; First Lieutenant—W. A. Murtagh; Second Lieutenant—H. Hazeldine; members of Board of Governors—W. S. Salmon, R. De Nole, C. Gaetjens, and F. C. Surbeck.

The reports of the officers and the various committees showed the club in a prosperous condition, and the outlook for the forthcoming year is very promising. Peter Anderson was awarded the gold medal annually presented to the member with the greatest barge mileage to his credit, Anderson was credited with 343 miles.

The club will hold its annual midwinter entertainment and dance on Wednesday evening, Feb. 4, at the Brooklyn Masonic Temple. Chairman W. S. Salmon of the Entertainment Committee has arranged professional talent for the major portion of the show, but members of the club will appear in an amusing minstrel sketch.

Columbia Swimmer Ineligible.

Harold Osgood, one of the best sprinters that the Columbia swimming team has had in several years, has been declared ineligible by the university authorities, and the team will be seriously handicapped when it meets the University of Pennsylvania at Philadelphia on Friday night. In order to fill the gap caused by Osgood's absence, Frank Kennedy, the coach, is working with a new relay combination, made up of Coope, Barrett, Cochrane, and Rogers. Coope is the only veteran of the four. Barrett is a fancy diver, and the other two are new to the team this year. The water polo team, however, is in good condition to face the Quakers, although it still lacks team work.

WRESTLERS' COMEDY AMUSES BIG CROWD

Champions of Several Nations Grapple in Elimination Tournament.

The ancient sport of wrestling, at which every contestant was a champion of somewhere, had an inning at Madison Square Garden last night when twelve grapplers, each announced as a representative of some nation, came together in an elimination tournament. The matches furnished more comedy than wrestling skill, and were well enjoyed by a crowd of 3,000, who preferred the comfortable Garden to the cold outdoors. Although all the contestants were so-called champions, no titles were won or lost last night, and the wrestlers will carry the same titles during the season. The entry list on the programme contained the names of several notables who were not on hand, including Tom Jenkins, Americus, Hjalmar Lundin, Nell Olson, and lesser lights. Their absence helped to bring the tourney to a close much earlier than would have been possible otherwise. It was announced that there would be another elimination carnival at the Garden on March 12.

The contestants in the tournament, all of whom appeared in the ring to be introduced before the first bout began, were the following: Alexander Oberg, Finland; Gustav Fristensky, Bohemia; George Lurich, Russia; Mamutoff, Russia; John Haerckel, America; Paul Alvarez, Spain; Mort Henderson, America; Bernard Hansen, Norwegian; Wladek Zbyszko, Poland; Paul Samson, Germany; John McLaughlin, Ireland; Hans Lehner, Bavaria, and George Sandele, Greece.

George Sandele, the Greek who drew a storm of hoots and jeers when introduced, used all the old "stuff" which is designed to arouse the crowd, and succeeded especially well in his bout with George Haerckel of Delaware. Sandele did about everything on the calendar of roughness except bite his initials in Haerckel's back. He made all the false motions of pounding his opponent, and finally found himself on the under side of a grapple with his shoulders touching the mat. The crowd applauded vociferously, and Haerckel furnished some fancy poses in appreciation. Sandele did not leave the ring until pushed out by the referee.

Mamutoff and Paul Samson came together in the fourth bout. Each weighed close to 300 pounds, and their antics were highly amusing. Mamutoff wore a mustache that stood out like handlebars on a bicycle, and Samson made the mustache hold his favorite grip. Mamutoff shouted aloud every time his upper lip came in contact, and Referee Charley White ruled out this hold, but Samson kept at it. The big fellows spent most of the time on their feet doing a sort of tango. After 28 minutes Mamutoff picked Samson up bodily and gave him the hard toss against the boards. Samson shouted from beneath the pile of flesh that he had been injured. An appeal for a physician was made from the ring, but if there was any such person in the crowd he concealed his identity successfully. Some one suggested that Samson be removed on a stretcher for repairs, and Referee White awarded the bout to Mamutoff on the ground that Samson had "quit." Before leaving the ring Mamutoff tested his mustache and found that all of it was still there.

Wladek Zbyszko, brother of the noted Stanislaus, drew John McLaughlin, the Irish grappler, as his opponent, and had an easy time. He pinned McLaughlin to the mat in seven minutes, after allowing the Irishman to slip away from several dangerous holds. Zbyszko was the aggressor all the way, and so much superior to McLaughlin in size, strength, and knowledge of the game that the result was a certainty all the way.

The real wrestling contest of the tournament was that between Gustav Fristensky and George Lurich. Fristensky was the stronger of the pair and a better grappler, but Lurich evaded a fall for thirty seconds. They went at it again after a short rest and Fristensky pinned his opponent's shoulders to the mat in five minutes. There was real action every minute in this bout and the farcical antics of the other bouts were noticeably missing.

In the final bout Mort Henderson, an American, gave a fine exhibition of defensive wrestling against Alexander Aberg, the Finn, but the latter was too strong, and he finally succeeded in getting a fall after twenty-one minutes of fast work. Aberg was the aggressor all the way, and had many dangerous holds on Henderson, but the latter escaped one after another. The summaries:

Bernard Hansen, Norway, defeated Paul Alvarez, Spain, with half-nelson and crotch hold. Time—23 minutes.

Wladek Zbyszko, Poland, defeated John McLoughlin, Ireland, with throat and crotch hold. Time—7 minutes.

John Haerckel, America, defeated George Sandele, Greece, with half-nelson and leg hold. Time—— minutes.

Mamutoff, Russia, won from Paul Samson, Germany, in 28 minutes. Samson refused to continue after hard fall.

Gustav Fristensky, Bohemia, defeated George Lurich, Russia, with back arm and neck hold. Time—35 minutes. Extra bout ordered after the men had wrestled 30 minutes without a fall.

Alexander Aberg, Finland, defeated Mort Henderson, America, with half-nelson and back arm hold. Time—21 minutes.

N.Y.A.C. Members to Dine Giannini.

A testimonial dinner will be tendered by the members of the New York A. C. to Coach E. J. Giannini to-night at the club dining room. Coach Giannini leaves the club shortly to take up his duties as rowing coach at New Haven for the Yale crews. In inviting the members to attend the dinner, the committee points to the fact that "Giannini became a member of the club in 1898, was Captain in 1902, was a member of the Chippie senior eight-oared crew that swept the country in 1901 and 1902, winning the national championship of America those respective years. On the retirement of Prof. George Goldie, the club's physical instructor, to Princeton University, that position was tendered to Mr. Giannini. He accepted same, giving up a lucrative position for the club's sake. Since his advent as club instructor, the club's record has been one of continuous victories, both on track and water, and his devotion for the past twenty-five years warrants recognition by the club members."

Lehigh Defeats Fordham.

Special to The New York Times.

SOUTH BETHLEHEM, Penn., Jan. 14.—Lehigh to-night added Fordham to its string of basket ball victories. The score was 51 to 21. Fordham was only dangerous during the first five minutes of play, and then Lehigh stopped individual playing and got down to team work and forged ahead. The Brown and White's guards, Green and Price, played a strong game, the Fordham forwards only being able to get through for five floor goals, one of which was in the last half. Crichton and White at forward for Lehigh gave a fine exhibition of floor work that completely put the Fordham guards at sea.

Ritchie-Murphy Bout Postponed.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Jan. 14.—The Willie Ritchie-Harlem Tommy Murphy lightweight championship match scheduled for Jan. 23 in this city has been postponed until Jan. 30, at the request of the champion, because of a sprained heel tendon. It was explained that Ritchie sprained the tendon on one of his road workouts

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JOHNSON AND MORAN SIGN.

Championship Bout to Take Place in Paris Early in June.

PARIS, Jan. 14.—"Jack" Johnson, the colored heavyweight pugilist, and Frank Moran, the Pittsburgh heavyweight, to-day signed articles for a twenty-round boxing bout for the championship of the world to be fought on or before the date of the Paris Grand Prix Race during the first or second week of June this year. Johnson received a check for $35,000 from Charles MacCarthy, representing a group of American sporting men, while Moran got a guarantee of $5,000. The fight is to take place in Paris.

The articles were signed in the Pavilion Dauphine in the Bois de Boulogne. Johnson arrived there in a racing motor car and a long discussion of the terms ensued. Johnson raised numerous objections, one of which was his demand to be paid interest on the amount of the check, which is not payable until the day of the fight.

Johnson agreed not to fight anybody else before meeting Moran in the ring and if the colored pugilist fails to fight he is to forfeit the $35,000 except for the sum of $5,000 for his training expenses.

The signatures to the articles were finally affixed in the midst of dozens of champagne bottles and in the presence of many managers, promoters, boxing men, and other sportsmen and Johnson and Moran then drank each other's health in goblets of champagne. Three moving picture machines were working during the negotiations.

Charles MacCarthy intimates that the group he represents which is supplying the money is actuated by the desire to see the heavyweight championship of the world taken by a white man. The group consists of three wealthy Americans residing in Paris and does not include William Astor Chanler. The promoters are convinced that Moran will win.

WELLS KNOCKS OUT ROWLES

Bombardier Lands Sleep Punch in Tenth Round in Belfast Bout.

LONDON, Jan. 14.—Bombardier Wells, the heavyweight champion of England, knocked out Gunner Rawles in the tenth round of their scheduled twenty-round bout for the heavyweight championship at the Theatre Royal, Belfast, Ireland, to-night. In the sixth round Wells partly closed his opponent's left eye and from this stage of the bout the English champion had things easy. Twice in the ninth session Wells floored the Gunner for the count of nine, and in the tenth round he had little difficulty landing the knockout blow.

N. Y. A. C.'s Next Amateur Boxing.

Entries for the amateur boxing tournament to be held under the auspices of the New York Athletic Club on Jan. 22 and 24 will close on Monday, Jan. 19, with E. J. Giannini, Physical Director, Central Park South. All amateurs registered with the Metropolitan Association A. A. U. are eligible to enter in the different classes, which are 110, 120, 130, and 140 pounds. The prizes are the best that can be given—diamond ring to winner, gold watch to second, and New York A. C. sweater to the losers in the semi-final bout of each class; also a handsome trophy to the club scoring the most number of points.

Pugilist Blackburn Paroled.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 14.—Jack Blackburn, the negro pugilist, was paroled from the Eastern Penitentiary to-day, after having served four and a half years of a fifteen-year sentence for the killing of Alonzo Polk, another negro. Blackburn is in good physical condition, and is considering going to Paris in an effort to secure a match with Jack Johnson. Polk was shot by Blackburn during a quarrel at the latter's home in this city.

Mandot and Griffith Draw.

WINDSOR, Ontario, Jan. 14.—Joe Mandot of New Orleans and Johnny Griffith of Akron to-night fought one of the fastest and hardest eight-round bouts ever staged at Windsor and the popular verdict was a draw. Griffith, using his left hand with telling effect, held a lead for six rounds, but the New Orleans lightweight rallied and succeeded in overcoming the advantage. The men stood toe to toe and battled all the way, but neither scored a knockdown.

NEW YORK ATHLETES WIN.

Many Metropolitan Athletes in Newark T. A. B. Indoor Games.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWARK, N J., Jan. 14.—The Metropolitan District, A. A. U., was well represented to-night in the annual indoor athletic games of the Total Abstinence Society at the First Regiment Armory. Alfred O. Lake, New York A. C., won the two-mile bicycle race after a close contest with J. Townsend, Bronx Church House. R. B. Gifford, McCaddin Lyceum, started from scratch in the mile walk and finished second to Irwin Malone, Twenty-third Street Y. M. C. A., who received fifty seconds' start. William Gordon a team mate of Malone, accounted for the three-quarter mile run with a handicap of fifteen yards. The summary:

75-Yard Handicap.—Won by E. D. Maurer, unattached, (5 feet;) H. F. Rood, unattached, (11 feet,) second; A. Wills, Loughlin Lyceum, (9 feet,) third. Time—0:08.

One-Mile Race.—Won by A. M. Duncan, First Regiment A. A.; Arthur E. Stokes, Prudential Insurance Co. A. A., second; James E. Unger, unattached, third. Time—5:37.

Three-quarter-Mile Handicap.—Won by William Gordon, Twenty-third Street Y. M. C. A., (15 yards;) Jack O'Neil, N. Y. A. C., (25 yards,) second; J. J. Flaherty, N. Y. A. C., (7 yards,) third. Time—3:07 3-5.

Two-mile Bicycle Race.—Won by Alfred O. Lake, N. Y. A. C.; Jack Townsend, Bronx Church House, second; Edwin H. Goodwin, Irish-American A. C., third. Time—5:50 1-5.

One-Mile Walk. Handicap.—Won by Irwin Malone, Twenty-third Street Y. M. C. A., (50 seconds;) R. B. Gifford, McCaddin Lyceum, (scratch,) second; Arthur Davis, Irish-American A. C., (30 seconds,) third. Time—7:26.

One-Mile Interscholastic Relay.—Won by Central High School, with William Angus, Abe Rubin, Louis Kreitzberg, and Charles Boughton; Englewood High School, second. Time—8:40.

300-Yard Handicap.—Won by W. J. McDonough, Xavier A. A., (12 yards;) Paul E. Pimpel, Long Island A. C., (10 yards,) second; H. W. Park, Jr., Elizabeth Y. M. C. A., (11 yards,) third. Time—0:33 1-5.

300-Yard Special Handicap.—Won by M. Shepard, Irish-American A. C., (scratch;) W. F. Kelly, Belleville Catholic Club, (11 yards,) second; H. Heiland, Xavier A. C., (scratch,) third; James Myers, Long Island A. C., (9 yards,) fourth. Time—0:33.

One-Mile Club Relay Handicap.—Won by Knights of St. Anthony, (T. F. Corley, W. MacSaremy, Charles Bluhm, and William Gough,) 40 yards; New York Athletic Club, (J. Ross, V. Casey, Ollie De Grouchey, and T. Lennon,) 30 yards, second; Central Congregational Sunday School, (J. Athestin, B. Beardsley, E. W. Markee, and W. M. Selover,) 50 yards, third. Time—3:30 2-5.

Two-Mile Run, Handicap.—Won by Casper Cheffer, Long Island A. C., (125 yards;) Sidney Leslie, Long Island A. C., (scratch,) second; Thomas C. Nelson, unattached, (80 yards,) third; M. A. Devaney, Irish-American A. C., (20 yards,) fourth. Time—10:15 2-5.

YAMADA SURPRISES CUTLER WITH CUE

Japanese Billiardist Wins Block in 14.1 Match at Doyle's Academy.

Koji Yamada, the Japanese billiardist, showed form as a 14.1 balkline billiard player last night when he won his first victory in the third block of 500 points from Albert Cutler by a score of 500 to 466. Cutler had held the lead since the match series began, and showed himself to be a master at the new style, which is especially suited to a player of his type in open-table work, but the Oriental also demonstrated that he is something of an open-table expert, and came in for applause many times by his brilliant execution.

In the afternoon game of 200 points Cutler won from Yamada 200 to 179 in twenty-one innings, while the Jap took the evening contest 321 to 266 in thirty-one innings, making up for the deficiency of the afternoon game and beating Cutler 34 points on the day's play.

There are only 54 points now separating the two players on the aggregate score.

Both games yesterday were interesting, but the evening contest stood out and the rally of the Oriental toward the end, when he passed Cutler for the day's honors, was an interesting exhibition.

Starting with a handicap of 21 points from the matinée game Yamada trailed along in the ruck for twenty-seven of the thirty-one innings necessary for the game. The score at this point was, Cutler 228 and Yamada 221. On his twenty-eighth time at the table Yamada scored 33, which put him in front for the first time on the night's play, but was still in the rear on the day's tally. He left the balls well separated, and Cutler, although he scored in his next inning, could not get position, and failed after two more tallies.

The Jap came right back the next time up, and with a string of 57 buttons shot his score to 312, then needing only 10 for the victory. He missed after a hard attempt to make a difficult cushion carom, but ran out his string in two more times up. The scores:

AFTERNOON GAME.

A. Cutler—0 33 0 7 3 1 5 18 1 0 45 22 3 22 2 0 0 11 19 17. Total—200; high runs—45, 33, 22, 22; average—9 11-21.

Koji Yamada—14 1 0 4 3 24 10 0 4 21 2 1 55 1 0 8 7 0 7. Total—179; high runs—55, 24, 21; average—8 19-20.

EVENING GAME.

Cutler—6 31 24 0 4 0 17 3 3 1 2 4 18 2 0 8 11 2 47 10 1 13 0 1 0 8 2 19 3 1 15. Total—266; high runs—47, 31, 24; average—8 18-31.

Yamada—0 2 7 7 4 13 16 2 7 0 1 15 1 43 8 10 2 21 3 1 1 18 0 10 12 33 57 1 9. Total—321; high runs—57, 42, 33; average—10 11-31.

Grand total—Cutler, 1,466; Yamada, 1,412.

Poggenberg Defeated by Leonard.

W. Leonard, who won the Class B 18.2 balk line billiard championship Tuesday, defeated Ferdinand Poggenberg of the Amateur Billiard Club last night in the opening block of a handicap match at 18.2 at Maurice Daly's Academy, Forty-ninth Street and Broadway, by the score of 200 to 218, in 24 innings, which gives Leonard an average of 8 7-24, with high runs of 24, 20 and 42. Poggenberg's best runs were 22, 24, and 43, and he averaged 8 20-24. This is the first game of a series of three in which Poggenberg will oppose Leonard. C. Connors of Philadelphia, who finished second in the recent championship tournament, and Hal Coleman, the former title holder. The Amateur Billiard Club player is conceding a handicap of 300 points to his two opponents, the agreement being that Poggenberg must score 900 points in the three games, or 300 each night to 200 each night for his opponents.

Lewis an Easy Billiard Winner.

Claude R. Lewis easily defeated Charles Matthews in last night's game of the amateur Class C 18.2 balk-line billiard tournament at Keeney's Academy, in Brooklyn, by the score of 200 to 159. The contest required four-nine innings, and Lewis displayed excellent form, he leading from the start. He made high runs of 24, 18, and 16, with an average of 4 4-49. Matthews's high runs were 22, 20, and 18, showing an average of 3 12-49.

TO EXTEND MARKSMANSHIP.

National Rifle Association to Send Team to Canada and Maybe Peru.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 14.—With state militia representatives and army and marine corps officers present, the Board of Directors of the National Rifle Association, in its annual meeting to-night discussed plans for extension and encouragement of marksmanship throughout the country.

In his annual report Lieut. Albert S. Jones, Secretary of the association, advocated construction of rifle ranges in all large cities.

It was decided to send a team to Canada in August or September to compete for the Palma trophy, to compete again for the Dewar cup and to urge Congress to appropriate money to send a team to Peru for the international matches there this year. A proposal to send a team to Denmark for international matches there was not approved.

It was announced that a new match will be held in April for the individual gallery shooting championship of the United States.

Upon the suggestion of Brig. Gen. R. K. Evans, U. S. A., the association adopted a resolution proposing the purchase of the Camp Perry rifle range, Ohio, by the Federal Government.

The following officers were elected by acclamation: President, Gen. C. Gaither, Maryland; First Vice President, Gen. Frank Maloney, Tennessee; Second Vice President, Gen. Fred Wood, Minnesota; Third Vice President, Gen. Henry Hatchings, Texas; Treasurer, Col. H. G. Catron, Ohio, and Secretary, Lieut. Col. A. S. Jones, New Jersey.

Col. J. W. Ewing of Delaware, Lieut. Col. William Libbey of New Jersey, and Lieut. Col. E. B. Bruch of New York were elected as additional members of the Executive Committee.

Amateur Hockey Game To-night.

The Irish-American A. C. and St. Nicholas teams will be the contenders to-night in the American Hockey League championship series at the St. Nicholas Rink. This game will have an important bearing upon the battle that is now being waged for the lead as a victory for the St. Nicholas players will place them on an even footing with the hockey club champions, who now lead with two victories. The St. Nicks have shown considerable improvement this year, with Hall, the new cover point, and Pierson, the goal tender, two former college players. Trimble, who plays point, is also a new man who gives promise of being a real acquisition to this team of all-American players. Manager O'Brien of the Irish team expects to have Jim Cree, the sensational Indian player, in the line up, as well as Kilgour, both of whom have been under investigation by the Amateur League officials under the rule which necessitates a player being a local resident for six months before he is eligible to play. McGrath, Kelly, Harmon, and Stickney will be in the game under the leadership of Capt. Garon.

COLUMBIA DOWNS TIGERS.

New York Collegians Win Basket Ball Game in Last Minutes of Play.

Special to The New York Times.

PRINCETON, N. J., Jan. 14.—Columbia nosed out Princeton in basketball to-night by a score of 19 to 15 in a game filled with exciting plays. Columbia took an early lead, but the Tigers caught up after the beginning of the second half. After this it was nip and tuck for the lead, Columbia showing a burst of accurate shots when there was less than three minutes to play, and getting a lead which the Tigers were unable to overcome even by their shots from fouls.

Lee, Meenan, and Benson for Columbia showed some unusual one-hand shots, while all of the passing by Columbia men was much better than that of the Tigers. Gill, Salmon, and Jackson were the stars for Princeton, Gill making the cleverest shot of the game with a throw from a kneeling position. The line-up:

Columbia.	Position.	Princeton.
Meenan	Right forward	Salmon
Dwyer	Left forward	Jackson
Wegener	Centre	Schmidt
Lee	Right guard	Gill
Benson	Left guard	Trenkmann

Goals from field—For Columbia: Meenan, 2; Lee, 2; Benson, Reynolds. For Princeton: Gill, 2; Trenkmann, Salmon. Goals from foul line—Benson, 7; Salmon, 4; Jackson, 3. Substitutions—For Princeton: Okane for Jackson, Jackson for Schmidt. For Columbia: Reynolds for Lee. Referee—Mr. Fauver. Umpire—Mr. Dearing. Time of halves—Twenty minutes.

ENGLISH POLO PLANS.

Ten Men to Comprise Team Which Will Play Here in June.

It became known yesterday in polo circles that ten players would comprise the invading force of English experts who will come to America this year in quest of the Westchester Polo Club trophy, which is now held by America and is emblematic of the championship of the world.

These players will arrive May 8, and will immediately take up quarters at Piping Rock, where they will practice for the series scheduled to be played in June. The challengers will bring thirty-seven ponies, which will include the pick of the British Isles and the Continent, which has been scoured in anticipation of the accomplishment of "lifting" the cup.

A matter which contains a world of interest to polo players and enthusiasts generally is the announcement of the official list of handicaps issued by the Hurlingham Club, which new shows eleven men placed at the top of the list with ten goals as the maximum handicap they will be confronted with in matches during the coming season.

Among the "ten-point" men are Capt. F. W. Barrett, Fifteenth Hussars; Walter S. Buckmaster, Captain L. St. George Cheape, Foxhall P. Keene, Captain Cavendish Lloyd, Capt. Vivian Lockett, Devereux Milburn, Capt. R. G. Ritson, and Harry Payne Whitney.

In former years only one Englishman (Buckmaster) was included in the list of ten-point men, who will be a member of the team this year.

Capts. Barrett and Lockett have each been advanced two goals from the previous rating, while Capt. Ritson, who was the leader of last year's challenging team, has been advanced one point. Capt. E. W. E. Palmes and Louis E. Stoddart, the latter having played for America last year, have each been raised to nine points. Lord Ashby St. Ledgers, who is to be the financial sponsor for the British team this year, has been raised to seven points, as against six last year.

The annual meeting of the American Polo Association will be held at the Racquet and Tennis Club on Feb. 10, at which it is expected that the tournament dates for the year will be awarded and new delegates listed.

MAMLOK IN SEMI-FINALS.

Two Other Metropolitan Golfers to Play for Pinehurst Golf Trophy.

PINEHURST, N. C., Jan. 14.—The four players who enter to-morrow's semi-finals in the annual tournament here of the Winter Golf League are R. R. Mamlok of Fox Hills, N. Y., who to-day defeated L. A. Hamilton of Englewood, N. J.; R. M. Purves of Woodland, Mass., who won from J. J. Hazen of Oakland, L. I.; T. A. Ashley of Woodland, Mass., who won his match with W. J. MacDonald of the Calumet Club of Chicago, and Harold Slater of Fox Hills, who eliminated Z. T. Miller of Dunwoodie, N. Y. Mamlok is matched with Purves and Ashley with Slater.

Mrs. Herbert L. Jillson of the Bethlehem Country Club, N. H., to-day won the final round of the women's championship division from Mrs. M. B. Ormsbee of Brooklyn.

Survivors in the first division consolation of the men's tournament are George C. Sutton of Belmont, Mass., T. S. Boyd of Bellerieve, St. Louis; J. D. Plummer of Springfield, Mass., and Thomas T. Rushmore of Garden City, N. Y.

Seventy in Central Music Ride.

A class of seventy riders took part in the weekly music ride last night at the Central Park Riding Academy. It was one of the biggest classes of the season, and an interesting series of mounted evolutions were witnessed by friends of the riders, who filled the galleries. Following the ride, the two academy polo teams competed in a four-period match, which was won by the Reds, composed of J. E. Maher, E. Seilme, and M. Wilder, by a score of 5 goals to 0. Wilder played with an injured shoulder, but succeeded in scoring two goals. Seilme tallied twice and Maher once. In the Jere de Barre for women Mrs. F. Rowland captured the rosette after a close contest with Miss C. Unger and Miss J. Strauss.

Miss Lady Gladstone Wins.

ROGER SPRINGS, Tenn., Jan. 14.—Miss Lady Gladstone, setter, owned by G. W. Smith and W. Holly of Lamar, Miss., and handled by Lewis Hilsendegen of Detroit, to-day won the all-age stake of the all-American Field Trials Club, which carries with it the title of amateur champion of America. The pointer, Tidwell's Comet, owned by W. L. Tidwell of Washington, D. C., was second, and Moring, a setter, entered and handled by Dr. G. W. Overall, Chicago, third. Babblebrook Ben, a setter, owned and handled by Lewis McGrew, Pittsburgh, was placed fourth. The derby probably will be finished to-morrow.

CONNECTICUT DROPS OUT OF THE A. A. A.

State Body, with 4,000 Members, Withdraws from National

THE BUSINESS WORLD

Recovering Heat Saves Money.

In most small gas engine installations no attempt is made to recover the heat carried off by the exhaust and jacket water, says Power. As this available heat amounts to about 68 per cent. of the total heat supplied to the engine, using this heat wherever possible will effect a great saving. A Long Island factory furnishes a good illustration of this statement. Both exhaust and jacket water are used for heating, with a resultant saving of about $300 a year.

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Sidney Blumenthal & Co. Officers.

At the annual meeting of Sidney Blumenthal & Co., Incorporated, held yesterday at 305 Fourth Avenue, these officers were elected for the coming year: President and Treasurer, Sidney Blumenthal; Vice President, George Rosenfeld, and Secretary, Eugene Blumenthal. These officers, together with Martin Blumenthal, make up the Directors, who, with the exception of Mr. Rosenfeld, were re-elected.

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Invite Questions on Corporation Law

In General Letter No. 7 the National Association of Credit Men, 41 Park Row, invites officers of corporations doing business in foreign States to submit to it any problems arising from letters received from lawyers or registration companies telling of the necessity of the corporations being represented or registered in those States. In asking information of the association, it is requested that the inquiring corporation tell specifically how it is conducting its business in the State in question, whether through traveling men or local offices, whether stock is carried, work is performed, and if so, what arrangements are made to carry through a contract. The association executives have given much time to studying the rights and requirements of corporations in foreign States.

LATEST CUSTOMS RULINGS.

Rhinestone Bead Trimmings Reduced—Rosaries Held as Assessed.

The Board of United States General Appraisers yesterday sustained a protest by Bloomingdale Brothers, under the Tariff act of 1909, on imitation rhinestones set in paste for use on wearing apparel. Collector Malone returned them at 45 per cent. ad valorem, Paragraph 109, as manufactures of paste. The importers asked 35 per cent. under Paragraph 421, on beads. The Collector stated that the higher rate was erroneous.

The board also upheld C. Fischer under the old law on small trumpets of one tone. The goods were returned at one per cent., as musical instruments, and were claimed dutiable at 35 per cent., as toys.

P. J. Kennedy & Sons lost under the act of 1909 on rosaries of coco and metal, assessed at 45 per cent. ad valorem, as manufactures of metal. They asked to pay 35 per cent. on manufactures of wood, or 10 or 20 per cent. on articles unenumerated.

It was also decided that the authorities at San Francisco erred in exacting full duty on bottles of wine, brandy, cordials, and other spirituous beverages ordered by C. W. Craig & Co. and never received. The board directed the Collector to make an allowance together with the accruing refunds of duties.

CONSULAR TRADE NOTES.

Pending final decision as to whether footwear can legally be construed as included in the classes of merchandise made dutiable upon introduction into the consular district of Punta Arenas, Chile, importations of American shoes there are small. Regardless of the outcome of the ruling, there will doubtless remain a steady demand for American goods of the best quality and style, according to Consul C. L. Latham.

"There are now twenty glove factories in St. Junien, France, a small town that is one of the important centres of the glove industry in that country. The cutters in these factories are all men, but nearly every other worker is a woman. The cutters earn from $1 to $1.80 a day, the sewers are all women, and they earn an average wage of 50 cents a day. All work is paid for by the dozen.

Consul A. B. Cooke, Patras, Greece, says that there is a marked demand for beds in this district. Annual imports of these beds have a value of about $40,000 at the present time. All of the beds now imported there come from factories in Birmingham, England.

Business Notices.

40 Cents per agate line each insertion. Count six words agate to a line.

DRESSES.

To close out about 100 all wool and serge dresses at great sacrifice. D. Friedman & Co., 40 East 20th St.

Office Room for Rent.—Temporary or permanent; desirable light office room. New Croole Building, 220 5th Av., Room 805.

Contractors wanted with samples of crepe and poplin dresses, also washables, from $18 a dozen up. Ed. M. Weinstein, 30 and 32 West 15th St.

Corduroy Jullliard, 500 first quality, navy, brown, black, 27½c yard to close. Phone Monarch, Stuyvesant 774.

WAISTS.—Novelties in cotton, voiles, nets. Maxell's Mfg. Co., 34 East 29th St.

DRESS SUIT CASES and Traveling Bags. Special values discontinued lines. 75,000 bags and suit cases on hand. Sherman Bros., 9 Desbrosses.

SPECIAL SALE TO THE TRADE. MOORE MFG. CO., 81 Worth St., are offering Novelty Cottons and Cotton and Silk Goods at SPECIAL PRICES

PACE BUREAU (Agency) Placement Service. High Grade Commercial Positions that call for trust and technical training in Management, Accounting, Finance, etc. No charge to employers. 30 Church Street, New York. Telephone Cort. 1455.

PEGGY Introduced in this country by H. Samuels & Sons 33-39 West 34 Street. FROM PARIS COAT Dresses Large variety, latest creations, range from $9 to $60 per dozen. Buyers invited to inspect our new line. Look into our catalogue offer. Oriental Waist & Dress Co., 129 West 27th St.

CHILDREN'S DRESSES White only Sigelstein Co., 809 Broadway.

RALPH WILSON COLLIE BRAND. 12 EAST 33D ST.

LOOSE LEAF, MANIFOLD-BOOKS. Wm. of Loose Leaf Sheets, Binders, Manifolding Forms for all purposes of accounting. UNIVERSAL MANIFOLD-BOOK CO., Inc., 79 Chambers St., N.Y.

Aprons 1,000 Styles. Immediate Delivery. Lockstitched, Retail 25c. to $1. W. H. Dean Co., 45 E. 17th

TOYS NOVELTIES & JOKE ARTICLES. Jobbers Trade our Specialty. HARRY BROS., 369 Broadway.

KEWPIE GARTERS Arthur Frankenstein & Co., 516 Broadway. Send for samples of the new 25c. Children's Garter.

BUSINESS NOTES.

These officers have been elected by the Cotton Goods Association of New York for the coming year: President, J. A. Forny of Catlin & Co; Vice President, J. A. Kurvey of the J. Spencer Turner Company; Secretary, S. M. Coleman of Grinnell, Willis & Co., and Treasurer, M. Cronkhite of Smith, Hogg & Co. These Governors were elected also: G. B. Grey of Tatum, Pinkham & Grey; R. T. Nixon of Converse, Stanton & Co., and W. J. Mullen of Frederick Victor & Achelis.

Applications for membership in the National Metal Trades Association have been received in the last month from the Cincinnati Grinder Company, the Cincinnati Electrical Tool Company, and the Chapman Valve Manufacturing Company, Springfield, Mass.

There have been several changes of late in the location of local buying offices of out-of-town dry goods stores. Younker Brothers of Des Moines have moved from 220 Fifth Avenue to 303 Fifth Avenue, Frederick & Nelson, Seattle, have moved from 22 East Seventeenth Street to 400 Fourth Avenue, and Olds, Wortman & King of Portland, Ore., have changed their location from 438 Broadway to 434 Fourth Avenue. Fowler, Dick & Walker of Binghamton, N. Y., have moved from 104 Fifth Avenue to 1,130 Broadway. E. W. Edwards & Son of Syracuse have temporarily closed their local office, which was situated at 200 Fifth Avenue.

SIDELIGHTS ON SELLING.

The possibility of a strike in the cloak and suit industry as a result of the conflict between the manufacturers' association and the union over the chief clerk of the latter body is beginning to cause uneasiness among sellers of dress goods. This end of the woolen trade is now preparing to open its new Fall lines, and any trouble in the garment field would have a bad effect on business.

The main features of silks and ribbons to be used for trimming purposes this Spring will be brilliant colors and stripes. A wide range of widths and color combinations will be popular in ribbons. Plain silks in bright colorings are well thought of.

Arrival of Buyers.

Arriving buyers may register in this column by telephoning 1000 Bryant.

ALBANY—John G. Myers Co.; W. Harris, silks; 220 5th Av.

BALTIMORE—The Hub: Mrs. H. Sloman, ladies' ready-to-wear; Gregorian.

BALTIMORE.—Bernheimer Bros.; A. Goodman, domestics, dress goods; 221 4th Av.

BALTIMORE—O'Neill & Co.; F. P. Derr, notions, linings; Albert.

BINGHAMTON—Fowler, Dick & Walker; Geo. Gardner, laces, ribbons; 1,130 B'way.

BOSTON—Magrane-Houston Co.; C. E. Manning, representing; Great Northern.

BOSTON—Renry Siegel & Co.; Miss A. Golding, wrappers, waists; 6th Av. and 20; Collingwood.

BOSTON—Henry L. Kaufman, furs, dresses, waists; Prince George.

BOSTON—W. Filene's Sons Co.; Mr. Wright, assistant merchandise; F. M. Spear, misses' suits, dresses; Mrs. C. Phillip, costumes, dresses; C. A. Bleckman, ladies' suits; Miss M. J. Keegan, infants' dresses; Miss Gilman, children's dresse, (basement buyers;) W. Libby, millinery; M. V. Scott, jewelry, leather goods; Mr. Schroeder, muslin underwear, kimonos, house garments; 116 West 32d.

BOSTON.—R. H. Stearns & Co.; W. Finlayson, laces, gloves, hosiery; C. Campbell, Miss R. Fitzgerald, jewelry, neckwear; 45 E. 17th.

BOSTON—Jordan-Marsh Co.; F. C. Kemball, costumes; F. A. Fuller, furs; T. O'Donnell, tailored suits; Miss McNab, costumes, veilings; Miss Brickley, suits; N. S. Chandler, neckwear; 31 Union Square.

BUFFALO—Flint & Kent; C. B. Hope, boys' clothing; Marie Antoinette, 220 5th Av.

CHICAGO—The Fair; A. Guthman, ladies, children's sport coats; 225 4th Av.

CHICAGO—Henry Friend; J. J. Schnadig, boys' clothing, dresses, ural, plush coats; 1,261 Broadway.

CHICAGO—"Hillman's"; H. M. Hillman, waists; 116 W. 32d.

CHICAGO—The Singer Co.; B. Rosenthal, novelty coats; 40 W. 17th.

CINCINNATI—Louis Stix & Co.; Otto Steinwedel, notions, hosiery, gloves; 377 B'way.

CINCINNATI—H. Hibben D. G. Co.; J. A. Long, woolens; 377 Broadway.

CLEVELAND—William Taylor Son & Co.; A. W. Calder, cloaks, suits; F. Beckman, furs; 51 Leonard.

COLUMBUS—F. & R. Lazarus Co.; Miss B. Dunlap, muslin underwear, infants' wear; Miss S. Burch, veilings; 45 E. 17th.

COLUMBUS.—F. & R. Lazarus Co.; T. H. Siebert, dresses; men's shoes; Miss A. K. Smith, coats, skirts, furs; 45 E. 17th.

DAYTON—Rike, Kumler Co.; L. E. Gumple, furniture; 220 5th Av.

DALLAS—Harris-Lipstts Co.; M. F. Brackney, flannels, blankets; 75 Leonard.

DENVER.—Daniels & Fisher Stores Co.; R. H. Horner, carpets, rugs; R. A. Isbell, domestics, dress goods; 71 W. 23d.

DENVER—The Denver Dry Goods Co.; H. S. Bauman, ready-to-wear garments, cloaks, suits; 315 4th Av.

DENVER—May Co.; T. Milroy, men's hats, caps; 4 Washington Place.

DES MOINES—Lederer, Strauss & Co.; G. Strauss, millinery; 621 Broadway.

DES MOINES.—Younker Bros.; W. Hall, ladies' suits, waists, petticoats, sweaters; 303 5th Av.

GALVESTON—Fellman Dry Goods Co.; Miss A. Warren, cloaks, suits, waists; 116 W. 32d; Aberdeen.

GRAND RAPIDS—Spring W. G. Co.; J. Newman, cloaks, suits, waists; 214 Church; Hoffman House.

HARRISBURG — Kaufmann's — Underselling Store; Mr. Knipschild, suits; 15 East 26th.

HARRISBURG.—Strouse Bros.; B. Strouse, dry goods; Claridge.

KANSAS CITY—Jones Stores Co.; J. A. Mcpherson, Jr., general merchandise; 214 Church; Cumberland.

LANCASTER—Hager & Bro.; H. E. Misselman, furn. goods; 75 Spring; Herald Square.

LINCOLN—Famous Mercantile Co.; P. Bryon, millinery, furnishing goods; 7 E. 20th; Earlington.

LOS ANGELES—Cooper, Coate & Casey D. G. Co.; A. Price, linens, laces; 320 B'way.

LOS ANGELES.—Broadway Store; M. Cohen, bargain basement; 60 W 33¼ z z z z z

LOS ANGELES.—Muse-Faris-Walker Co.; S. S. Caskey, muslin underwear, corsets, infants' wear; 116 W. 32d.

LOUISVILLE—S. Shapinsky & Co.; Allan Shapinsky, hosiery, underwear; Prince George.

MIDDLETON, Conn.—J. H. Bunce Co.; W. W. Daniels, domestics; 75 Spring; Herald Square.

MINNEAPOLIS—Dayton Co.; John A. Karagheusian, Oriental rugs; McAlpin.

MINNEAPOLIS—Donaldson D. G. Co.; C. J. Peterson, carpets, rugs; 434 4th Av.

MINNEAPOLIS.—Minneapolis D. G. Co.; A. D. Bernard, dress goods, silks, velvets; 432 4th Av.

NASHVILLE—Rich, Schwarz & Joseph; J. Rich, jobs, suits; 13 E. 22d.

NEW HAVEN—F. A. Corbin, woolens; Collingwood.

OKLAHOMA CITY—Kirr D. G. Co.; W. L. Bulkley, cloaks, suits, skirts; Mrs. H. Westphaling, ready-to-wear; 39 W. 32d.

OAKLAND—Manheim & Mazor; P. Mazor, cloaks, suits; McAlpin.

OAKLAND—S. Cahn & Co.; S. S. Cahn, cloaks, suits; M. Cattle, waists; McAlpin.

OTTUMWA—Nelson Cloak Co.; A. H. Nelson, cloaks, suits; 7 W. 22d.

PHILADELPHIA—John Wanamaker; R. C. Cope, linens; H. G. Cressman, waists, infants' wear, muslin underwear; Broadway and 10.

PITTSBURGH—Boggs & Buhl Co.; Miss A. Bickey, cloaks, suits; Miss L. B. Wilson, representing; 4 Washington Place.

PITTSBURGH—Kaufmann & Baer Co.; Julius Strauss, jewelry; 95 Madison Av.

PITTSBURGH—Boggs & Buhl Co.; W. McCreery, ready to wear; 4 Washington Place.

PORTLAND, Ore.—Bartholomew & Co.; E. O. Bartholomew, cloaks, suits; Great Northern.

PROVIDENCE—Callender, McAuslan & Troup Co.; M. W. Smith, boys', children's clothing; 2 Walker.

TOLEDO—Thompson, Hudson Co.; H. J. Mason, dress goods, silks; Miss M. A. Murray, muslin unwerwear, infants' wear; 50 Union Square.

WASHINGTON—Woodward & Lothrop; J. M. Buzzell, dress goods, linings; J. H. Sloman, women's cloaks, suits, waists; H. Barschkies, silks; E. C. Gatchel, furn. goods; U. I. Burdett, groceries; S. J. Watts, housefurn. goods; 334 4th Av.

WORCHESTER—C. MacInnes Co.; C. E. Adams, knit underwear; 55 White.

WORCESTER, Mass.—Denholm & McKay Co.; P. J. Craddock, linings, silks, velvets; A. J. Groves, laces, handkerchiefs, embroideries; 2 Walker.

SAN ANTONIO—Wolff & Marx Co.; J. J. Sterne, domestics, dress goods, silks; 148 W. 23d.

SAN FRANCISCO—Prussia & Co.; J. J. Henkel, ladies' ready-to-wear; 683 Broadway; Cumberland.

SAN FRANCISCO.—H. L. Jackson Co.; H. L. Jackson, ladies' ready to wear; Wellington.

SAN FRANCISCO.—Roos Bros.; P. Epstein, cloaks, suits; 31 Union Square; Wallington.

SAN FRANCISCO.—Newman & Levinson; E. Newman, dry goods; 45 E. 17.

SAN FRANCISCO—A. Hamburger & Sons; A. Hamburger, day goods; Hoffman House.

SAN JOSE—I. Hart & Sons Co.; A. J. Hart, millinery; 129 W. 27th.

SAVANNAH—B. H. Levy & Co.; A. B. Levy, clothing; 71 W. 23.

SEATTLE—Cumberson-Grote-Rankin Co.; S. Seltenbach, cloaks, suits, waists, corsets, muslin underwear; 60 W. 33d.

SEATTLE—McDougall & Southwick Co.; M. Evoy, dress goods, silks; 214 Church.

SEATTLE—Weedin D G Co.; W. H. Lawrence, domestics, dress goods, silks; 225 4th Av.

SEATTLE—MacDougall & Southwick Co.; A. J. Jones, furnishing goods, umbrellas, leather goods; 214 Church.

SEATTLE—MacDougall & Southwick Co.; A. J. Jones, furnishing goods; 214 Church.

ST. LOUIS—B. Nugent & Bro. D. G. Co.; Miss D. Robinson, millinery; 31 Union Square; Woodward.

ST. LOUIS—Ely & Walker D. G. Co.; D. R. Calhoun, representing; 258 Church; Plaza.

ST. LOUIS—Roeschlein-Sloan Millinery Co.; M. G. Wiener, silks, laces; 621 Broadway.

ST. LOUIS—Famous & Barr Co.; R. Lockhart, ready to wear; F. J. Hughes, hats, caps; 4 Washington Place.

ST. PAUL—Lindeke, Warner & Sohs; L. W. Walterstoff, laces, white goods; 360 Broadway.

ST. PAUL—Finch, Van Slyck & McConville; T. Sharp, underwear; 320 Broadway.

SYRACUSE—Neal & Hyde; H. R. Hall, notions, fancy goods; 71 Leonard.

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34 East 12th St., S. E. Cor. University Place. **50x90, LOFTS.** Immediate Possession. CENTER OF CLOTHING TRADE.

23 West 24th St., 25x100. 4 room studio apartments with north skylight. Also 2 small rooms. Immediate Possession.

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97 Fifth Avenue, N. E. Cor. 17th Street. **30x100 LOFTS.** Immediate Possession. Excellent Light.

15-17 West 26th St., 45x100. **STORE, SALESROOMS.** Entire floor and parts of floors. Permanent Side Light.

112 East 19th St. Near Fourth Avenue. **50x92. Salesrooms and entire floors.** Permanent Side Light. Immediate Possession. New Building.

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16 East 23rd St., **25x100, facing Madison Sq.** Entire 6th floor and one-half 7th floor. For Salesrooms, Architect or Builder. Immediate Possession.

1178 Broadway, N. E. Cor. 28th St. **4th Floor—Corner. Also L on Street. 25x100.** Immediate Possession. Valuable Advertising Privileges.

19 West 24th St., 50x100. Near Broadway. **3d and 11th Lofts.** Sprinkler Equipment. Immediate Possession. Guaranteed Side Light.

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BUSINESS LOCATIONS.

AUCTION SALES

MERCHANDISE.

The Entire Stock and Fixtures formerly of **BEIERMEISTER BROS.**, makers of the Famous B. & B. Waists, Dresses, and Collars, inventoried at over $40,000, will be sold Tuesday and Wednesday, Jan. 20 and 21, commencing 10:30 A. M. each day, at the Annex Salesroom, 47 Walker St., near Broadway, City, by D. HARTMANN, Auctioneer.

This stock consists of very large lines cotton fabrics, such as Anderson white stripes and colored madras, S. F. cotton cloth, Premier cambrics, cantton flannel, sheetings, printed and crepe madras, colored repp, black and white chellines, Dwight's Pequot and Saratoga sheetings, Lounsdale cambric, white linen, white and cream net, plain crepe, striped poplin, black voile, fancy lawn, percale, and plain white cambrics; also a very extensive and fine line of laces, embroideries, and silovers, consisting of imitation baby irish, linen, Cluny, shadow, Venetian, French, and German Val., shadow and fancy edgings, and shadow all over; very large line of imported long and short embroideries and edgings; also fine line of scalloped lawn and cambric flouncings, hand-embroidered fronts, yokes and panels, allover embroideries and laces, and Bulgarian shadows; also a large stock of line 14, 18, 20 and 24 ocean shell, ivory, colored bone, glass, freshwater, and regular pearl buttons; also a line of thread, shir, and waist tape, cable cord, elastic, silk braids, hooks and eyes, etc.; also all the manufactured stock, consisting of about 6,500 waists and children's dresses, all put up in single cartons in regular sets of sizes, in the extreme latest designs; also about 10,000 dozen ladies' collars; also a large stock of Bogus, pattern, tissue, waist board and wrapping paper, and about 1,000 No. 88 carton; also all office and showroom fixtures, consisting of show tables, busts, window fixtures, revolving chairs, coat trees, dress forms, wax figures, sample cases and trunks, mirrors, wardrobe, filing cabinets, rolltop, flat and bookkeepers' desks, 2 typewriter desks, safe, office and showroom partition, mimeograph, scale, collar cases, and a great many other articles used in an establishment of this kind.

NOTICE.—I can safely state that this stock is one of the cleanest, most staple, and carefully selected put up at auction for many years, and is adaptable for the finest department stores, manufacturers and retail trade as well, and will be sold strictly without reserve. For information telephone Spring 4299.

Up-to-the-minute fitted up **Fire Underwriters Sale** **Plant**

Also one of the finest fitted up **Showrooms**

To-morrow, January 16th, 1914, At 10:30 A. M. at our Salesroom, **46-50 Wooster St., N. Y. City,** WE WILL SELL AT PUBLIC AUCTION, For account of whom it may concern, SALVAGE STOCK OF **WERBIN & SHELDIN BROS.,** N. Y. CITY. (M'f'rs Globe Shirts.) Also SALVAGE OF **WINDSOR WAIST MFG. CO.,** N. Y. CITY, Consisting of

500 doz. Silk, Crepe and Lingerie Waists, Kimonas, large quantity of Laces, Edgings, and Embroideries.

Also SEVERAL OTHER STOCKS Consisting of Negligee and Flannel Shirts, Muslins, Chambrays, Linens, Woolens, Damask Towels, Hosiery, Gloves, Underwear, Toques, etc., etc. Ladies' Neckwear and Trimmings. Ladies' and Misses' Coats and Raincoats. Also QUANTITY OF BARBOUR'S LINEN THREAD. Terms of Sale: CASH. Deposits required from all buyers. Stock arranged for sale and sold by LEOPOLD GANS COMPANY, Tel. Spring 18.

Ordered Woodwork and Veneers Woolens, Dress Goods, Silks, Velvets, Trimmings and Buttons

of Schafran Bros., retiring from business, WILL BE SOLD MONDAY JAN. 19, 1914, AT 10:30 A. M., AT PREMISES, 22-24-26-28 WEST 21ST ST., on 7th and 8th floors,

My Michael M. Weisz, Auctioneer

Everything imaginable in the line of fixtures and furnishings of a high-class manufacturing business to be found here. Any one contemplating to move or replenishing their places of business should not fail to attend this sale. For information telephone 2847 Franklin.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE ORDER OF Hon. Charles M. Hough, one of the Judges of the United States District Court, entered in said court on the 3rd day of November, 1913, and for the account of whom it may concern, Charles Shongood will sell on Monday, January 19th, 1914, at 10:30 o'clock A. M., at 539 Broadway, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, certain furs, consisting chiefly of dog mats, certain Chinese reeds, and likewise miscellaneous human hair goods, all of which merchandise will be displayed at the above address from January 15, 1914, to the date of sale.

All the human hair goods will be offered as one lot; all the Chinese reeds will be offered as another lot, after which the same merchandise will be offered in smaller and separate lots, upon the understanding that the bids in bulk for the three aforesaid classifications shall be accepted in the event that the aggregate of the bids for the smaller lots in such classifications shall not equal the amount of the separate bulk bids.

For further information apply to

CHARLES P. SANFORD, 346 Broadway.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of POCH & RUBIN, Bankrupts.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells Thursday, Jan. 15th, 1914, by order of the court, at 2 P. M., at 105 Eldridge St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of cotton, piece goods, woolens, dry goods, desk, safe, shelving, fixtures, &c.

SAUL S. MYERS, Receiver.

SOLOMON S. LEFF, Attorney for Receiver, 302 Broadway, New York.

Above sale adjourned until Thursday, Jan. 22d, same time and place.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of SOLOMON SILVERSTEIN, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells this day, Thursday, Jan. 15, 1914, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 185 Clinton St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of dry goods, hosiery, shirts, waists, underwear, sweaters, counters, fixtures, &c.

ARTHUR D. ALEXANDER, Receiver.

BERNARD F. NATHAN, Attorney for Receiver, 309 Broadway, New York.

DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In the matter of LOUIS MOUND, Bankrupt.

Charles Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer in Bankruptcy for this district, sells this day, January 15th, 1914, at 10:30 A. M., at No. 803 Eighth Avenue, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, by order of this Court, assets of the above-named bankrupt, consisting of men's furnishings, haberdashery and hats, show cases and fixtures.

ALFRED C. COXE, Jr., Receiver.

MORRIS LEIGHT, Att'y for Receiver, 115 Broadway, New York City.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of MAURICE MEISLER, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells Tuesday, Jan. 20th, 1914, by order of the Court, at 2 P. M., at 408 8th Av., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of dry goods, men's and ladies' furnishings, counters, fixtures, &c. Inspection Jan. 19, 1914, from 10 A. M. to 4 P. M.

MAURICE L. SHAIFE, Assignee.

LEONARD BRONNER, Attorney for Petitioning Creditors and Assignee, 309 B'way, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of CHITMAN, GOODMAN & BREGER, Bankrupts.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells this day, Thursday, Jan. 15, 1914, by order of the court, at 2 P. M., at 34 E. 10th St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupts, consisting of furs, muffs, scarfs, skins, machinery, office furniture, fixtures, &c.

FRANK J. WALDEYER, Receiver.

ARCHIBALD PALMER, Attorney for Receiver, 320 Broadway, New York.

MERCHANDISE.

AUCTION SALE OF FURNITURE, FIXTURES, &c.

Entire Stock of Ladies' Tailoring Establishment.

Sample Line of Ladies' Suits, Coats, Dresses, Waists, Skirts, Furs, Millinery, Etc.

Entire Stock of Men's Furnishings, Hats, Caps, Etc.

Entire Stock of Boys' Clothing, Furnishings, Etc.

Entire Stock of Shoes.

Entire Stock of Jewelry, Watches, Diamonds, Etc.

Entire Stock of Leather Goods, Trunks, Bags, Etc.

Entire Stock of Sporting Goods, Guns, Rifles, Etc.

Entire Stock of Cameras, Kodaks, Etc.

Entire Stock of Phonographs, Records, Etc.

Entire Stock of Musical Instruments, Etc.

Entire Stock of Toys, Dolls, Etc.

Entire Stock of Confectionery, Etc.

Entire Stock of Cigars, Cigarettes, Etc.

Entire Stock of Soda Fountain, Etc.

Entire Stock of Druggists' Sundries, Etc.

Entire Stock of Perfumes, Toilet Articles, Etc.

Entire Stock of Stationery, Etc.

Entire Stock of Office Furniture, Etc.

Entire Stock of Store Fixtures, Etc.

Entire Stock of Soda Fountain, Etc.

Entire Stock of Show Cases, Etc.

Entire Stock of Electric Fixtures, Etc.

Entire Stock of Gas Fixtures, Etc.

Entire Stock of Safes, Etc.

Entire Stock of Typewriters, Etc.

Entire Stock of Adding Machines, Etc.

Entire Stock of Cash Registers, Etc.

Entire Stock of Scales, Etc.

Entire Stock of Refrigerators, Etc.

Entire Stock of Ice Boxes, Etc.

Entire Stock of Awnings, Etc.

Entire Stock of Tools, Etc.

Entire Stock of Automobiles, Etc.

Entire Stock of Horses, Etc.

Entire Stock of Wagons, Etc.

Entire Stock of Harness, Etc.

Entire Stock of Blankets, Etc.

Entire Stock of Robes, Etc.

Entire Stock of Whips, Etc.

Entire Stock of Horse Clothing, Etc.

Entire Stock of Stable Fixtures, Etc.

Entire Stock of Stable Supplies, Etc.

Entire Stock of Feed, Etc.

Entire Stock of Hay, Etc.

Entire Stock of Straw, Etc.

Entire Stock of Grain, Etc.

Entire Stock of Coal, Etc.

Entire Stock of Wood, Etc.

Entire Stock of Ice, Etc.

Entire Stock of Water, Etc.

Entire Stock of Gas, Etc.

Entire Stock of Electricity, Etc.

Entire Stock of Steam, Etc.

Entire Stock of Heat, Etc.

Entire Stock of Light, Etc.

Entire Stock of Power, Etc.

Entire Stock of Everything, Etc.

Entire Stock of Nothing, Etc.

Entire Stock of Something, Etc.

Entire Stock of Anything, Etc.

Entire Stock of All Kinds, Etc.

Entire Stock of Every Description, Etc.

Entire Stock of Any Kind, Etc.

Entire Stock of Some Kind, Etc.

Entire Stock of No Kind, Etc.

Entire Stock of Every Kind, Etc.

Entire Stock of Any Description, Etc.

Entire Stock of Some Description, Etc.

**Entire Stock of No Description

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In 1911 a $1,000 underlying 5% industrial bond sold at $880.

For the year 1911 the Company earned a surplus over all charges, including depreciation, of $83,000

This bond is now selling at about $750.

For the first nine months of 1913 the Company earned a surplus over all charges of $2,865,000.

The bond yields nearly 7%.

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FINANCIAL MARKETS

Brisk Rise in Prices—Forecast of President's Message Encourages.

While the favorable impression created by the definite outline of the President's attitude in respect to proposed corporation legislation contained in yesterday morning's advices from Washington offered itself as a reasonable explanation for the strength which developed on the Stock Exchange yesterday, that movement, though more pronounced than that of any recent day, was in a broad view of the situation nothing more than a continuance of a tendency which had been pretty clearly defined for some time past. There have been ten days of Stock Exchange trading since the year opened, and on seven of these the general level of prices made net gains. The average of quotations stood at the close of the market yesterday 1⅞ points above the final figure of last year. This indicates sufficiently clearly what the underlying drift of values has been since the business and financial communities entered upon the new year.

It was, therefore, upon a favorable background that were thrown the reassuring intimations from Washington that in laying out the Administration's programme for further corporation legislation the President would put emphasis on the fact that the business interests of the country are showing a sincere desire to meet the requirements of law and would point out that the welfare of business is entitled to as full consideration as any other element entering into the formulation of further corporation legislation. The bearing out of these advices will unquestionably strengthen confidence and give full encouragement to those who have lately felt constrained to follow a more than usually conservative course in respect to commercial and financial engagements. Already there has been a noteworthy change for the better in business and financial sentiment, a change which has found reflection in the money market and in the bond market as well as in the stock market. The further reassurance which was had yesterday regarding the Administration's policy in respect to so-called anti-trust laws was well calculated to give impetus to the improvement already under way.

The iron trade has stood out prominently as the industry which more than any other had felt the effect of the contraction in orders. The figures of unemployment in that trade presented in Congressional debate the day before yesterday, served at least to emphasize the fact that since those figures were compiled there has been a distinct change for the better. No one alleges that normal conditions have been restored in this important industry, but the important fact at the moment is that there has been an upturn from the lowest level of production recently reached. The Iron Age in discussing the situation yesterday pointed out that at the beginning of this week the ingot production of the United States Steel Corporation was at the rate of 56 per cent. of capacity compared with 50 per cent. in the first week of this month. It adds that this is a fair measure of the change which has taken place since the beginning of the year. Those figures show an improvement of 12 per cent., which is very far from being negligible.

Partisan politics may suggest reasons for comparing the present or very recent condition of the steel trade with the situation as it stood the first of March last, but the fact is that long after that date the country's iron production was running at record figures. The pig iron output in 1913 exceeded by about one million tons the maximum production of any previous years. It is also true that the pending question of an increase in railroad rates has been a very important factor in the iron trade during the last few months. The railways have been placing orders sparingly for so long a time that it is an entirely reasonable assumption that if their buying capacity is increased by the grant of an increase in freight rates the railways will largely increase their orders for iron and steel supplies of all kinds. Improvement in the steeel trade because of an increase in railway orders suggests itself as one of the very most direct, as well as one of the very tangible favorable effects upon business which would be brought about by favorable action by the Interstate Commerce Commission on the proposed increase in rates.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Money on call loaned on Stock Exchange collateral at 2@2¼ per cent., with the last loan at 2¼ per cent. The renewal rate was 2¼ per cent.

Time money rates were 3¼@4 per cent. for sixty days, 3¾@4 per cent., for ninety days, and four months, 4@4¼ per cent. for five and six months, and 4¼@4½ per cent. for twelve months.

Commercial paper was quoted at 4½@5 per cent. for the best names.

Clearing House exchanges, $309,270,383; balances, $19,434,252; Sub-Treasury debit balance, $1,012,175.

The local banks have gained $36,000 on their Sub-Treasury operations since Friday.

FOREIGN RATES.

The discount rate in Paris yesterday was 3% per cent.; in Berlin, 3½ per cent.; in London, 3¼@3⅝ per cent. for short bills and 3¾@3 13-16 for three months bills. The Paris check rate on London was 25f. 27½c. The Berlin check rate was 20 marks 51 pfennigs. Money was 2½@3 per cent. in London and 2 per cent. in Berlin.

Sterling exchange was quoted as follows on the points noted.

CABLE AND SIGHT RATES.

Demand sterling—High, $4.8690; low, $4.8675; last, $4.8685.

CLOSING RATES.

London—Cable, $4.8720.
Paris—Cable, 5.78⅜; check, 5.78⅜; less, 1-16.
Berlin—Cable, 95; plus, 1-32; check, 94 15-16.
Switzerland—Cable, 5.19⅝; less, 3-64; check, 5.20; plus, 1-64.
Holland—Cable, 40.29; check, 40.25.
Belgium—Cable, 5.21¼; less, 1-16; check, 5.20⅝.

SIXTY AND NINETY DAY BILLS.

London-Bankers', 60 days, $4.83⅜; 90 days, $4.82¼.
London—Commercial, 60 days, 4.83⅛; 90 days, 4.8175.
Paris—Bankers', 60 days, 5.22½; plus, 1-32; 90 days, 5.23⅜; less, 1-16.
Paris—Commercial, 60 days, 5.22½; less, 1-16; 90 days, 5.24⅝.
Berlin—Bankers', 60 days, 94½; 90 days, 94¼.
Berlin—Commercial, 60 days, 94¼; plus, 1-32; 90 days, 94.00.
Amsterdam—Commercial, 60 days, 39.85; 90 days, 39.72.

DOMESTIC EXCHANGE RATES.

Boston, par; Chicago, par; St. Louis, 25c premium; St. Paul, 15c premium; San Francisco, 50c premium, Montreal, 62½c premium.

SILVER QUOTATIONS.

Bar silver was unchanged in London at 26⅝ per ounce, and unchanged in New York at 57¾c per ounce.

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

Central Pacific Suit Coming.

So little has been heard about the Attorney General's plan for taking into the courts the right of the Southern Pacific to retain a controling interest in Central Pacific under the Sherman law that many stockholders of Southern Pacific had begun to look back upon the report that another dissolution would result as a bad dream. Mr. McReynolds has not forgotten his threat, it developed yesterday, and has had special counsel at work drawing up the Government's brief in a suit which he expects to be ready to file in two weeks. Southern Pacific stock has exhibited little nervousness over the possibility of a forced sale of Central Pacific since the disappointment expressed after the original announcement. In yesterday afternoon's upward spurt Southern Pacific advanced 93, closing with a gain of 1⅛ points for the session.

***

Boston & Maine Crisis.

The Boston & Maine, to meet its problem of maturing notes, decided to sell its Maine Central stock for Maine Central bonds, which it could market for cash. It was a good plan, until some one discovered that under the laws of Maine a railroad could not issue bonds to retire stock. There are only three weeks left before maturity of the Boston & Maine's $10,000,000 of short-term notes, and as no plan for raising money to pay them has been hit upon, it is expected that the holders will be asked to accept an extension at a higher interest rate.

***

When is a Surplus?

President F. W. Whitridge of the Third Avenue Railway has a way of putting things that stands out in sharp contrast to the highly technical explanations usually vouchsafed to the inquiring stockholders. Also, he has a habit of frankness that makes it difficult to misunderstand what he is saying. His comments on the Third Avenue's position yesterday, in connection with the semi-annual report, made it reasonably clear that no one buying stock on the expectation of an early dividend is doing so at his suggestion. The Third Avenue's President thinks that a corporation should not pay out as dividends money needed for maintenance or replacement. That is a general rule, but many companies have circumvented it by discharging the men whose duty it is to report on maintenance. Financial history would be dull reading if no dividends had been paid until earned, in the meaning accepted by Mr. Whitridge. Take the Coney Island & Brooklyn's unexpected payment of 6 per cent. declared a couple of days ago; had the newly elected Directors of that company shared the narrow-minded views expressed by the Third Avenue President the stock might have been assessed.

***

Bank Changes Day Loan Rules.

Beginning to-day the National City Bank will make day loans to brokers under new regulations. Instead of securing such loans by a broker's note and a lien on the securities to be taken up brokers hereafter will have to put up collateral, which will not be limited to securities listed on the Stock Exchange, but may include stocks, bonds or commercial paper having the approval of the lender. As far as could be learned in advance of the first day's application of the new regulations, clients of the bank were not disturbed greatly when they were informed that the change would be made. The institution has not tried to build up a large business in loans to facilitate clearance of stocks, and it has few borrowers for this purpose in comparison with its leading power. It is expected that some of the other national banks also will depart from the present method within a short time, but none of the State banks and trust companies has given any indication of doing so.

***

A Loss Changes Custom.

The National City Bank's decision to demand collateral for so-called brokers' loans was the result of a recent decision by the Supreme Court that certain securities which were taken from the assets of a firm that failed in the Hocking Coal & Iron smash in 1909 should be returned. The bank was a creditor of the firm to the extent of $100,000. The court decided that by taking the particular stocks and bonds before the receiver could gather the assets together, the bank acted upon the presumption that it was a preferred creditor, whereas the court held that the bank was entitled to no greater consideration than other individuals and institutions to which the bankrupt house owed money.

***

The Last Half-Hour's Rise.

"I have never had much faith in eleventh hour confessions," said a stock market bear yesterday, "nor in bull movements that begin at 2:30 o'clock." The strong upturn of prices toward the close of business yesterday was in his mind. This observation would have found small favor with the rank and file of bullish followers of the market, if they had heard it, because they derived much satisfaction from the breadth of trading as well as from the bulge in quotations in the closing half-hour of business. The stocks most favored by speculators not alone were in demand. Numerous specialties of the investment class were purchased in fair quantity.

SHORT TERM NOTES.

Name.	Maturity.	Bid.	Asked.	Yld.
Amal. Copper.5	Mar.15,'15	100⅛	100⅜	4.70
Am. Locom..5	July, 1915	99¼	100	5.00
Austrian Gov.4½	July 14,'14	98⅜	98⅝	4.50
Balt. & Ohio.5	July, 1914	100⅛	100⅛	3.95
Boston & Me.5	Feb. 3, '14	..	99⅝	7.00
Boston & Me.6	June 2,'14	..	98	12.00
Brklyn. R. T..5	July, 1915	97⅛	97½	5.00
Ches. & Ohio.4½	June, 1914	99⅝	99⅝	5.10
Chi. & W. I..5	Sep., 1915	99¼	99⅝	5.45
Chi. El. Ry.5	July, 1914	96	97	12.00
Con. Gas Co..6	Feb.15,'14	100	100⅛	4.75
Erie R. R...6	Apr. 8,'14	100¼	100⅜	4.50
Erie R. R....5	Oct., 1914	100	100⅛	4.60
Erie R. R....5	Apr.; 1915	99½	99½	5.50
Gen. Elec...5	July, '14	97⅝	4.00%	
Gen. Motor..6	Oct., 1915	90½	100	6.00
Gen. Rubber.4½	July, 1915	97½	98¼	5.80
Hock. Valley.5	Nov., 1914	100¼	100⅜	4.50
Ill. Central.4½	July, 1914	100	100¼	4.25
Int. & Gt. N.5	Aug., 1914	94½	95¼	13.00
Int. Harvest..5	Feb.15,'15	100¼	100⅜	4.70
Lack. Steel...5	Mar., 1915	94	95	10.00
L. S. & M. S.4½	Mar.15,'14	100	100⅛	3.50
Mich. Cent...5	Mar.,1914	99⅞	100⅛	3.50
Minn. & St. L.6	Feb., 1914	95	97	43.00
Mo., K. & T.5	May, 1915	94	95	8.70
Mo. Pacific..5	June, 1914	96	96¾	16.23
M., St. P. & S.	Apr., 1915	98¼	100	4.90
N.Y.C. & H.R.4½	Mar., 1914	99⅞	100¼	3.50
N.Y.C. & H.R..5	Apr.21,'14	100	100¼	4.30
N.Y.C. & H.R..5	Sep.15,'14	100	100¼	4.60
N.Y.C. & H.R..5	Nov. 5,'14	100	100¼	4.65
N.Y.C. & H.R.4½	May, 1915	99⅝	99⅝	4.80
N.Y., N.H. & H.6	May18,'14	99½	99⅝	7.10
N. Y. State..5	Feb. 2,'14	100	100⅛	4.00
Nor. Pacific..6	July 1, '14	100⅜	100⅝	4.25
Pac. G. & E.6	June 25,'14	99½	100	6.00
Seaboard A.L.5	Mar., 1916	98	99	5.45
So. Pacific....5	June15,'14	100¼	100⅜	3.90
So. Railway..5	Feb., 1916	99⅝	100	5.00
Sulz. & Sons..5	June, 1915	98¼	99⅜	4.55
State of Tenn.5	July, 1914	100	100¼	4.45
U.S.S.R. & M..5	Aug., 1914	98½	100	5.00
Union Typew.6	Jan. 15,'16	96	97⅝	6.20
United Fruit..6	May, 1917	101¼	102	5.30
Utah Co 6	Apr., 1917	99½	100	6.00
West. E. & M.6	Aug., 1915	100¾	101¼	5.15
Western Md..5	July, 1915	98	98	4.50

The following are quoted on a percentage basis:

B. & O. eq. tr.4½	Apr., 1914-23	4.75%	4.60%	
C. & N.W.eq.tr.4½	July, 1914-23	4.85%	4.70%	
Erie eq. tr....5	Jan., 1914-23	5.25%	5.00%	
Ill. Cen. eq. tr.5	Aug., 1914-23	5.10%	4.90%	
Ill. C. eq. tr...4½	Aug., 1914-23	4.85%	4.70%	
N.Y.C.L. eq.tr.4½	Jan., 1914-23	5.00%	4.80%	
Penn. eq. tr...4½	Apr., 1914-23	4.80%	4.60%	
S. A. L. eq. tr.5	Feb.15,'14-'22	5.10%	5.00%	
So. Pac. eq. tr.4½	Mar., 1914-23	4.80%	4.70%	

OUTSIDE SECURITIES

Some of the Oil Issues Close Higher, but the General Tone Is Reactionary.

The outside security market was reactionary yesterday, although a few of the oil issues showed gains. The majority of the latter group closed lower, however, with the largest losses in Standard Oil of Ohio and Standard Oil of New York, each of which receded 6 points, and in Galena Signal Oil, Prairie Oil and Vacuum Oil, which closed 4 points lower each. The best gains were 15 points in Solar Refining and 5 points in Atlantic Refining. In the industrial list Kelly Springfield Tires advanced 2¼ points, but the preferred closed a point lower. Among bonds New York State 4½s, when issued, sold at 105⅝ to 105½.

Transactions reported were:

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
500..	Brit.-Am. Tob.	23⅞	24	23⅞	24
340..	Kelly Springf'd Tire	47	48¼	47	48¼
20..	Kelly Springf'd Tire pf	115	115	115	115
750..	Man. Transit..	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
100..	Marconi of Am.	4⅜	4⅜	4⅜	4⅜
20..	Maxwell Motors	4½	4½	4½	4½
250..	Max. Mot. 1st pf.	28⅝	28⅝	28	28
525..	Puebla Smelting & Refining ..	2⅜	2⅜	2⅜	2⅜
145..	Tob. Prod. pf..	84½	184½	82⅝	82⅝
300..	United Cigar Stores of Am.	93¼	93¼	93	93
30..	Willys Over'd.	58	59	58	59

STANDARD OIL SUBSIDIARIES.

2,500..	Anglo-Am. Oil, new	15½	15	15⅝	
35..	Atlantic Ref.	800	795	795	
75..	Buckeye P. L.	183	179	180½	
50..	Crescent P. L.	62	62	62	
50..	Galena Sig. Oil ..	187	184	184	
35..	Ind. Pipe Line. ..	150	148	148	
125..	Nat. Transit ..	45	43½	44	
5..	N. Y. Transit..	330	330	330	
30..	Northern P. L. ..	128	126	126	
290..	Ohio Oil	159	157	158	
20..	Pierce Oil	90	88	88	
75..	Prairie Oil & G. ..	450	448	448	
45..	Solar Refining. ..	370	355	370	
40..	South Penn Oil ..	296	291	291	
170..	Southern P. L. ..	257	255	255	
225..	Std. Oil, (Cal.). ..	291	287	289½	
500..	Std. Oil (Cal.) rights	..	17⅜	17⅜	17⅜
53..	Std. Oil, (Ind.). ..	453	450	453	
25..	Std. Oil, (Ky.). ..	700	690	690	
350..	Std. Oil, (N.J.). ..	430	427	429	
375..	Std. Oil, (N.Y.). ..	197	190	191	
25..	Std. Oil (Ohio). ..	390	385	385	
120..	Union Tank L. ..	98	96	96	
150..	Vacuum Oil	215	210	213	
400..	Washington Oil ..	62	51	62	

MINING STOCKS.

5,000..	‹Big Four.....	12½	13	12½	13
100..	Boston Mont..	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝
150..	Braden Copper.	6⅞	6⅞	6⅞	6⅞
400..	‹Caribou Cob..	68	68	68	68
800..	Cop. M. Con..	3	3 1-16	3	3
200..	‹Ely Central..	2	2	2	2
160..	Goldfield Con..	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝
2,000..	‹Greenwater ..	5½	5½	5½	5½
700..	Kerr Lake..	4⅛	4 9-16	4⅛	4⅛
700..	Nevada Hills.	37	38	37	37
300..	S. U. M. & S..	⅛	⅛	⅛	⅛
400..	Stand. S.-L....	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝
700..	Stewart	1 15-16	1⅝	1 15-16	1⅝
2,000..	‹Tonopah Ext.	1 15-16	2	1 15-16	1 15-16
2,500..	‹Tonopah Mer.	51	52	51	51
800..	Tonopah Min.	7	7 7-16	7	7 7-16
900..	Tularosa	⅝	11-16	⅝	11-16
100..	Tuol. Copper..	⅝	⅝	⅝	⅝
1,200..	‹W. End. Con.	1 9-32	1 9-32	1¼	1¼
2,500..	W. End Ext...	3	4	3	4

BOND.

$16,000..	N. Y. State 4½s, w. i.	105⅝	‡105⅝	105½	105½

‹Sells cents per share. ‡Odd lots.

***

INDUSTRIALS.

	Jan. 14.		Jan. 13.	
	Bid.	Asked.	Bid.	Asked.
Erit.-Am. Tob., new..	23⅜	24¼	23⅜	24¼
Int. Rub. Tr. ctfs....	8	9	8	9
Lehigh Valley Coal Sales Co	180	190	180	190
Maxw. Motors 2d pf.	8½	9¼	8½	9¼
Mays Oil	17	19	17	19
Riker-Hegeman....	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞
United Cigar Stores Co. of Am. pf.....	110	115	110	115
U. S. Light & Heat...	5	6	5	6
U.S. Light & Heat pf.	20	25	20	25
Willys Overland pf...	86	90	86	90

RAILROAD.

Union Pacific rights, excl. $3 cash div...	27⅜	27⅞	27⅜	27⅞

MINING STOCKS.

Arizona Belmont	3	3½	3	3½
Beaver Consol	30	32	30	32
Erit.-Col. Copper	2	2¼	2	2¼
Buffalo Mines	1⅞	2	1⅞	2
Butte-New York	¾	1	¾	1
Canadian Gold Sin...	7	10	7	10
Combination Fraction	4	5	4	5
Crown Reserve	1 11-16	1⅞	1 11-16	1⅞
Con. Arizona Smelt..	3-16	¼	3-16	¼
Davis-D. Copper...	1 15-16	2	1 15-16	2
El Paso Consolidated	2⅜	2½	2⅜	2½
First National	3	3½	3	3½
Florence	26	29	26	27
Greene-Cananea.. new	30	30½	30	30½
Halifax Tonopah....	1⅛	1¼	1⅛	1⅛
Hollinger	16⅜	17⅛	16⅜	17⅛
La Rose Consolidated	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝
Mason Valley	3⅜	3⅝	3⅜	3⅜
McKinley-Darragh...	1 11-16	1⅞	1 11-16	1⅞
Mines of America..	2	2¼	2	2¼
Nipissing Mines Co..	7⅞	8	7⅞	8
Ohio Copper	⅝	¾	⅝	¾
Portland	1-16	3-32	1-16	3-32
United Copper	⅝	¾	⅝	¾
United Copper pf....	3	5	3	5
Wettlaufer S. Mines.	7	8	7	8
Yukon Gold Mines...	2	2⅛	2	2⅛

BONDS.

B. & G. R. R. 6s....	103½	105	103½	104½
Braden Copper 6s....	142	148	142	148
Can. Pac. 6% notes..	101¾	102	101¾	102
Chi. Elev. 5% notes..	94	95	94	95
Kelly Spring. Tire 4s.	68	69	68	69
N. Y. City 4½s, 1962.	98⅝	99	98⅝	99
N.Y. City 4½s, 1960.	99	99¼	99	99¼
Western Pacific 5s..	73	75	73	75

STANDARD OIL STOCKS.

	Wednesday. Bid.	Asked.	Tuesday. Bid.	Asked.
Anglo-Am. Oil.....	15¼	15½	14½	15
Atlantic Refining ...	790	800	795	800
Borne-Scrymser.....	300	330	300	330
Buckeye Pipe Line...	180	182	181	183
Chesebrough Mfg.....	680	690	680	690
Colonial Oil	130	140	130	140
Continental Oil.....	230	235	230	235
Crescent Pipe Line..	61	62	62	65
Cumberland Pipe L.	67	70	68	71
Eureka Pipe Line....	340	350	340	350
Galena-Signal Oil...	184	186	184	187
Galena-Signal Oil pf..	135	140	135	140
Indiana Pipe Line...	147	149	149	151
National Transit....	43	44	44	46
New York Transit	327	332	330	336
Northern Pipe Line..	124	127	125	128
Ohio Oil	157	159	158	160
Prairie Oil & Gas....	445	450	451	454
Solar Refining	350	355	360	369
Southern Pipe Line..	254	257	255	259
South Penn. Oil.....	294	297	290	300
S. W. Penn. Pipe L.	157	162	160	163
Standard Oil (Cal.)..	286	291	288	290
Standard Oil (Ind.)..	451	455	450	455
Standard Oil (Kan.).	470	480	470	480
Standard Oil (Ky.)..	685	695	685	695
Stand. O. (Ky.), new.	225	230	225	225
Standard Oil (Neb.).	480	490	480	490
Standard Oil (N. J.).	428	430	428	430
Standard Oil (N. Y.).	192	194	196	197
Standard Oil (Ohio).	380	385	395	395
Swan & Finch.....	315	325	320	330
Union Tank Line....	96	98	97	99
Vacuum Oil	213	216	215	217
Washington Oil	49	52	60	64
Waters-Pierce Oil...	3000	..	3000	..

PUBLIC UTILITY SECURITIES.

	Bid.	Asked.
Am. Light & Traction com.....	336	340
Am. Light & Traction pf.....	107	109
Adirondack Electric com..	13	15
Adirondack Electric Power pf..	43	46
Am. Gas & Electric com.....	71	75
Am. Gas & Electric pf.....	47	49
Am. Power & Light com.....	60	65
Am. Power & Light pf.....	75	79
Am. Public Utilities com.....	46	49
Am. Public Utilities pf.....	72½	74½
Appalachian Power	9	10
Appalachian Power Co. pf.....	30	35
Cities Service com.....	81½	83
Cities Service pf.....	70½	72
Colorado Power Co.....	15½	18
Colorado Power Co. pf.....	78	85
Commonwealth P. R. & L. com..	53½	56½
Commonwealth P. R. & L. pf..	78	80
Denver Gas & Electric Gen. 5s...	90	93
Electric Bond Deposit pf.....	60	64
Electric Bond & Share pf.....	*97½	*100
Empire District Electric 5s.....	75	78
Empire District Electric 5s pf....	70	75
Federal Light & Traction com....	22	24
Federal Light & Traction pf.....	71	73
Gas & Electric Securities com....	90	100
Gas & Electric Securities pf.....	80	85
Lincoln Gas & Electric com.....	27	31
Montana Power Co. com.....	44	46
Montana Power Co. pf.....	96	97
Northern Ontario L. & P. com...	10	15
Northern Ontario L. & P. pf....	62	68
Northern States Power com.....	15	17
Northern States Power pf.....	70	73
Ozark Power & Water com.....	25	30
Pacific Gas & Electric com.....	37	38
Pacific Gas & Electric pf.....	94	94
Republic Ry. & Light Co. com...	14	16
Republic Ry. & Light Co. pf....	66	69
Southern California Edison com..	83½	85½
Southern California Edison pf....	95	97
Standard Gas & Electric com....	6	7
Standard Gas & Electric pf.....	25	26
Tenn. Ry., Light & Power Co....	13½	16
Tenn. Ry., Light & Power Co. pf.	64½	66½
United Utilities Co.....	25	30
United Utilities Co. pf.....	*97½	*101
United Light & Railways com....	77¼	79
United Light & Railways 1st pf..	74	76
United Light & Railways 2d pf..	71	73
Utah Securities	15	17
Western Power com.....	17	19
Western Power pf.....	53	55

*No dividend.

STOCKS OUT OF TOWN.

BALTIMORE.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
17..	Alabama Co.....	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛
5..	Am. Indemnity Ins.	50½	50½	50½
40..	A. C. Line of Conn.	242	234	242
10..	Cons. Power	104	104	104
11..	Fidelity & Deposit.	147	147	147
10..	First Nat. Bank...	147	147	147
200..	Houston Oil ctfs..	14¼	14¼	14¼
10..	Houston O. pf. ctfs.	57	57	57
67..	Merch.-M. Bank...	32	32	32
95..	Penn. Water & P.	67½	67½	67½
75..	Union Trust	60	60	60
375..	United Ry. & Elec.	25	24⅞	25
5..	U. S. Fidelity	177½	177½	177⅛

BONDS.

$24,000..	A. C. L. con. 4s..	94½	94	94½
5,000..	A. Ry. & Elec. 5s.	99½	99½	99½
2,000..	Elkhorn Fuel 5s....	93¼	93¼	93¼
10,000..	G. B. S. Brew. 4s.	41	40	40
5,000..	Ga.-Ala. con. 5s....	103½	103½	103½
6,000..	Ga., Car. & N. 5s.	103	103	103
8,000..	Sa. S. & Fla. 5s..	103	103	103
20,000..	Mt. V.-W. C. D. 5s.	39⅝	39	39
10,000..	N. O., M. & C. 5s.	55	55	55
2,000..	S. A. L. 4s. stam.	83½	83½	83½
7,000..	U. R. & E. 1st 4s..	82⅝	82⅝	82⅝
5,000..	U. R. & E. inc. 4s.	62¼	62¼	62¼
200..	U. R. & E. fdg. 5s.	87½	87½	87½

BOSTON.

MINING.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
10..	Ahmeek	290	290	290
950..	Alaska Gold	21¾	21	21¾
25..	Algomah	1¼	1¼	1¼
990..	Amalgamated	73½	72½	73½
100..	Am. Zinc	20	19¾	20
920..	Arizona Coml	4¾	4¼	4⅝
400..	Bonanza	75c	74c	74c
520..	Butte-Bal	4	4	4
605..	Butte & Superior....	32	32	33
12..	Calumet & Arizona.	64	63½	64
6..	Calumet & Hecla..	420	418	420
250..	Chino	38⅛	38¾	38⅞
35..	Copper Range	37	36½	36½
50..	East Butte	11¼	11¼	11½
952..	Granby	76	75	76
78..	Greene-Cananea ..	30½	30¼	30¼
90..	Island Creek	85	84	85
61..	Island Creek pf....	90	90	90
150..	Lake	9¼	9¼	9¼
70..	La Salle	4¾	4½	4¾
250..	Mason Valley

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100	Tidewater Oil
100	Dayton Power & Lighting Common
10	International Silver Co. Common
20	Federal Light & Traction Commen
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MUST OPEN CANALS EARLY.

Pennsylvania Road May Close Them Only a Month in New Jersey.

TRENTON, Jan. 14.—Under an order made to-day by the State Board of Public Utilities Commissioners, the Pennsylvania Railroad Company will be permitted to close the Delaware and Raritan Canal only one month in each year, from Jan. 15 to Feb. 15. As the rule takes effect immediately, the company will have to reopen the water way next month instead of in March as has been the custom.

The petition for the order was made by the Mayor and Common Council of New Brunswick. The decision is looked upon as a victory for the patrons of the canal who have protested against the alleged efforts of the railroad to divert courage its traffic and to disbusiness to its railroad lines.

The Board grants the month's closing in the belief that the time is needed for repairs to the canal and its equipment.

Run Closes National Bank.

BARNESVILLE, Minn., Jan. 14.—The Barnesville National Bank was closed to-day by it's officials. It is asserted that reports circulated recently caused a run on the funds, making the closing necessary. Every depositor will be paid in full, according to Cashier Van Gerpin.

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE.

Total sales Jan. 14, 1914			$3,522,000
Same day last year			1,925,500
Total year to date			28,901,500
Same period last year			26,601,500
Average closing price 40 bonds, with day's net change			87.50 +.22
Same day last year			92.05 —.01
	High.		Low.
This year's range to date	87.50	Jan. 14	86.40 Jan. 3
Same period last year	92.28	Jan. 9	91.86 Jan. 2
Range year 1913	92.31	Jan. 10	85.45 Dec. 18

City of Tokio 5s 2,000	86	3,000	83	2,000	76½	gen 5s, Tr Co ctfs	
Jap Gov 4½s, ster 1 5,000	89	C & E Ill gen 5s 1,000	96	Iowa Cent 1st 5s 2,000	88	5,000	52½
2d Series 1,000	87¾	Chi Gas Lgt & C 1st 5s 1,000	101¾	K C, Ft S & M 4s 1,000	74¾	5,000	51½
Va 6s, def, Brown Bros & Co ctfs 5,000	59¾	Chi Gr Westn 4s 8,000	71¾	8,000	75	8,000	61
6,000	59½	7,000	72¼	K C, Ft S & M 6s 2,000	109½	9,000	50½
10,000	59¾	1,000	72½	Lake S & Mich S 4s, 1928		St L & S F R R ref 4s 11,000	74½
N Y 3½s, 1954 7,000	85	5,000	72¼	34,000	91	St L & S F Ry gen 5s 20,000	100¾
4s, 1957 5,000	96¾	Chi, Mil & St P 4s, 1934 1,000	88¼	1931 1,000	89¾	St L S W 1st 4s 1,000	84½
4½s, 1960 4,000	100¾	gen 4s, Ser A 5,000	92¾	1,000	90¼	St P, M & M 4½s 1,000	101
4½s, Nov, 1966 6,000	104⅝	2,000	93	4,000	90	San A & A P 4s 2,000	79¾
4½s, 1963 4,000	104½	gen 4½s 1,000	101¼	2,000	90¼	12,000	80
Adams Express 4s 500	74	1,000	101⅝	10,000	90⅜	10,000	80½
5,000	75	conv 4½s 5,000	101¾	Ligg & Myers 7s, temp bonds 18,000	121	Seab A L gold 4s stamped 1,000	83¾
A, T & S F gen 4s 10,000	93¾	500	101¾	Ligg & Myers 5s 5,000	98¼	2,000	83½
3,000sf	93¾	3,000	101¾	2,000s20f	98¼	Seab A L adj 5s 8,000	76
19,000	93¾	31,000	101½	1,000s20f	98¾	So Bell Tel & T 1st 5s 5,000	98
adj 4s, stpd 11,000	85½	Dubuque 6s 2,000	108	Lorillard Co 7s, temp bonds 1,000	120	So Pac cv 4s 38,000	88¼
registered 5,000	83	C M & P Sd 4s 9,000	90	2,000	120¼	7,000	88¾
conv 4s, 1960 1,000	95	2,000	90¼	Lorillard Co 5s 5,000	98¾	1,000	85¾
25,000	95¼	C, I & P gen 4s 11,000	85	5,000	98¾	1,000	88¾
conv 4s, 1955 1,000	95	Chi, Rock Isl & P Ry ref 4s 1,000	75¾	15,000	98¾	So Pac, San Fran Term 4s 2,000	84¾
10,000	95¼	deb 5s 25,000	75	6,000	98¾	So Ry 1st 5s 11,000	103½
Atl & Birm 4s 2,000	84	1,000	75¾	1,000	98¾	So Ry gen 4s 10,000	74¾
Atl Coast L 4s 2,000	92¾	5,000	75¾	15,000	98¾	13,000	74¾
L & N col 4s 5,000	91¼	15,000	76¼	6,000	98¾	49,000	74¾
2,000	91¼	13,000	76¾	1,000	98¾	20,000	74¾
6,000	91¼	43,000	76¾	14,000	98¾	Tenn Coal, I & R gen 5s 4,000	99
15,000	91¼	5,000	52	3,000	98¾	Term Assn of St L ref 4s 2,000	85¼
8,000	91¼	19,000	52	5,000	98¾	Tex Co cv 6s 10,000	103⅞
10,000	91¼	8,000	52	22,000	98¾	10,000	104
5,000	92	15,000	52	3,000	98¾	3,000	103¾
B & O gold 4s 3,000	96½	6,000	51¾	5,000	98¾	10,000	104
pr lien 3½s 10,000	91	1,000	51¾	10,000	98¾	22,000	104½
B & O conv 4½s 25,000	92	14,000	51¾	22,000	98¾	5,000	104¾
10,000	92¼	10,000	51¾	3,000	98¾	Tex & N O con 5s 1,000	96
5,000	91¾	5,000	51¾	38,000	98¾	Tex & Pac, 1st 5s 6,000	99¾
7,000	92	8,000	51¾	10,000	98¾	14,000	100
2,000	92¼	20,000	51¾	4,000	98¾	Third Av ref 4s 5,000	82
500	92¼	5,000	51¾	67,000	98¾	2,000	81¾
9,000	92¼	2,000	52	97,000	98¾	2,000	82¼
14,000	92¼	5,000	52¼	2,000	98¾	10,000	82
11,000	92¼	20,000	52	6,000	98¾	5,000	81¾
P, Lake E & W Va 4s 4,000s20f	85¾	Chi, St P, M & O deb 5s 5,000	101⅝	Corn Prod Ref s f 5s, 1934 2,000	92½	4,000	81¾
1,000	80	Col F & I gen 5s 3,000	91½	Cumberld Tel 5s 7,000	96½	adj 5s 13,000	53¼
S W Div 3½s 7,000	89	Col Sou ref & ext 4½s 28,000	91¼	Detroit Edison 5s 5,000	102	13,000	53¾
Beth Steel 5s 1st & ref 5s 1,000	94½ 62¼	1,000	91¾	Det Un Ry con 4½s 3,000	70½	13,000	54¾
10,000	82¼	12,000	92	Erie 1st con 4s 3,000	84	10,000	54¾
B R T gold 5s 1,000	102	6,000	92¼	1st gen 4s 18,000	72¾	10,000	55¼
5s, 1918 20,000	97¼	Corn Prod Ref s f 5s, 1934 2,000	92½	10,000	73¼	10,000	55¾
17,000	97¼	Cumberld Tel 5s 7,000	96½	5,000	73	10,000	56¼
1,000	97¼	Det Un Ry con 4½s 3,000	70½	11,000	73¼	10,000	56¾
11,000	97¼	Erie 1st con 4s 3,000	84	conv 4s, Ser A 9,000	73⅝	10,000	57¼
20,000	97¼	1st gen 4s 18,000	72¾	5,000	73⅝	10,000	57¾
ref conv 4s 5,000	89¼	10,000	73¼	10,000	74	10,000	58¼
5,000	89¼	5,000	73	4,000	74¼	10,000	58¾
5,000	89¼	11,000	73¼	cv 4s, Ser B 10,000	74¼	25,000	58¾
32,000	89¼	conv 4s, Ser A 9,000	73⅝	4,000	74¾	6,000	58¾
10,000	89¼	5,000	74	cv 4s, Ser B 5,000	72⅞	14,000	58¾
Bklyn Un Gas 5s 1,000	103¼	10,000	74¼	3,000	73	9,000	58¾
Cal G & Elec 5s 2,000	92¾	1,000	74¼	1,000	73¼	25,000	58¾
Canada So con 5s, Series A 1,000	105	10,000	74¼	1,000	73½	17,000	58¾
Carolina, Clinch-field & Ohio 5s 1,000	98½	4,000	74¾	8,000	73½	55,000	58¾
2,000	99	cv 4s, Ser B 5,000	72⅞	Gen Elec deb 5s 3,000	104	N Y Tel 4½s 2,000	96¼
C of Ga R con 5s 32,000	103½	3,000	73	Gen Motors 6s 11,000	99¾	1,000	96
Cent Leather 5s 3,000	97¾	1,000	73¼	Green, Bay & Wn deb Ctfs B 11,000	13½	N Y Westchester & Boston 4½s 5,000	80
6,000	97¾	8,000	73½	Hock Val 1st 4½s 1,000	98½	Norf & So 1st 5s 4,000	94
2,000	98	Gen Elec deb 5s 3,000	104	Ill C 3½s, 1952 5,000	79	1,000	94¾
Ches & O con 5s 9,000	105¾	Gen Motors 6s 11,000	99¾	Ill Steel 4½s 7,000	87	1,000	95
gen 4½s 3,000	94¾	Green, Bay & Wn deb Ctfs B 11,000	13½	Indiana Steel 5s 1,000	99¼	Norf & W con 4s 4,000s10f	94¼
15,000	94½	Hock Val 1st 4½s 1,000	98½	1,000	99¾	Norf & W cv 4½s 1,000	101¾
conv 4½s 10,000	80¾	Ill C 3½s, 1952 5,000	79	6,000	99½	5,000	102
12,000	80¾	Ill Steel 4½s 7,000	87	Insp Con Cop 6s, sub r, full pd 4,000	97½	5,000	102¼
2,000	80¾	Indiana Steel 5s 1,000	99¼	Inter-Met 4½s 68,000	77	10,000	102¾
25,000	80¾	1,000	99¾	1,000	77¼	10,000	103¼
5,000	80¾	6,000	99½	1,000	77¼	North Pac 4s 26,000	93
4,000	80¾	Insp Con Cop 6s, sub r, full pd 4,000	97½	1,000	77¼	41,000	93¼
28,000	81	Inter-Met 4½s 68,000	77	1,000	77¼	1,000	93
10,000	80¾	1,000	77¼	4,000	77¼	10,000s20f	93¼
Chi & Alton 3½s 6,000	54	1,000	77	Internati Nav 5s		North Pac 8s 2,000	66¼
C, B & Q gen 4s 4,000	92¾	1,000	77¼			Ore S L gtd ref 4s 8,000	90¾
1,000	92½	1,000	77¼			15,000	90¾
10,000s6f	92¼	1,000	77¼			Pac T & T 6s 6,000	97¼
6,000	92¾	1,000	77¼			1,000	97½
1,000	92¼	4,000	77¼			Penn cv 3½s 1,000	98¼
5,000s6f joint 4s	95¾	3,000	77¾			5,000	98¼
3,000	95¼	11,000	77¼			5,000	98¼
25,000	95¾	2,000	77¼			10,000	98¼
40,000	95¾	15,000	77¼			Peo G & C of Chi ref 5s 17,000	99¼
2,000	95¾	I R T 1st & ref 5s 1,000	98¾			Peo & E inc 4s 1,000	30
registered $,000	95¼	1,000	98½			Pub S Corp s f 5s 2,000	89¼
1,000	95¾	2,000	98¾			Rdg gen 4s 74,000	93
Ill Div 3½s 2,000	82¾	Internati Nav 5s				Rio Gr Wn 1st 4s 1,000	79½
						St L & S F R R gen 5s 5,000	52¼
						5,000	51½
						8,000	51½
						9,000	50½
						St L & S F R R ref 4s 11,000	74½
						20,000	74½
						St L & S F Ry gen 5s 1,000	100¾
						St L S W 1st 4s 1,000	84½
						St P, M & M 4½s 1,000	101
						San A & A P 4s 2,000	79¾
						12,000	80
						10,000	80½
						Seab A L gold 4s stamped 1,000	83¾
						2,000	83½
						Seab A L adj 5s 8,000	76
						So Bell Tel & T 1st 5s 5,000	98
						So Pac cv 4s 38,000	88¼
						6,000	88¾
						7,000	88¾
						1,000	88¾
						5,000	88¾
						So Pac 1st ref 4s 10,000	91
						5,000	91¼
						2,000	91¼
						1,000	91¼
						1,000	91½
						So Pac, San Fran Term 4s 2,000	84¾
						So Ry 1st 5s 11,000	103½
						So Ry gen 4s 10,000	74¾
						13,000	74¾
						49,000	74½
						20,000	74¾
						Tenn Coal, I & R gen 5s 4,000	99
						Term Assn of St L ref 4s 2,000	85¼
						Tex Co cv 6s 10,000	103⅞
						10,000	104
						3,000	103¾
						10,000	104
						22,000	104½
						5,000	104¾
						Tex & N O con 5s 1,000	96
						Tex & Pac, 1st 5s 6,000	99¾
						14,000	100
						Third Av ref 4s 5,000	82
						2,000	81¾
						2,000	82¼
						10,000	82
						5,000	81¾
						4,000	81¾
						adj 5s 1,000	77¼
						2,000	77¾
						5,000	77¼
						2,000	77¾
						38,000	77¾
						1,000	77¾
						5,000	77¾
						Trl City 5s 1,000	96¾
						Un Pac conv 4s 43,000	90¾
						8,000s10f	90¾
						1,000	90¾
						15,000	90¾
						10,000s15f	90¾
						20,000	90¾
						21,000	91
						1st & ref 4s 11,000	91¾
						U S Rs of S F 4s 2,000	54½
						U S Rubber 6s 2,000	55
						6,000	102¾
						1,000	103
						U S Steel C s f 5s 5,000	101⅞
						2,000	101¾
						3,000	101¾
						13,000	102
						10,000	102¼
						3,000	101¾
						1,000	102
						Va-Car Ch 1st 5s 8,000	92¾
						1,000	93
						1,000	93½
						Virgn Rwy 1st 5s 10,000	98¾
						Wabash 1st 5s 10,000	102¼
						10,000	102⅝
						Wabash R R ref & ext 4s 2,000	55¾
						1,000	55
						3,000	54¾
						2,000	54¾
						2,000	54
						5,000	54¾
						Wm Maryland 4s 1,000	77¼
						1,000	77¾
						Westn U fund & real estate 4½s 12,000	88½
						2,000	90
						West Shore 4s 1,000	91¼
						10,000 registered	91¼
						6,000	89¾
						10,000	90
						Westingh El & M 1st cv s f 5s 11,000	91¼
						1,000	91¾
						1,000	91½
						1,000	92
						5,000 notes 7,000	96¾
						Wheel & L E 1st con 4s 1,000	75
						Wis Cent gen 4s 36,000	86
						1,000	86¼

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

WEDNESDAY, JAN. 14, 1914.

Total sales Jan. 14, 1914					390,934
Same day last year					504,040
Total year to date					3,128,446
Same period last year					4,021,168
Average closing price 50 stocks, with day's net change					69.97 +.81
Same day last year					75.87 +.13
	High.		Low.		
This year's range to date	70.30	Jan. 14	67.50	Jan. 3	
Same period last year	79.05	Jan. 2	75.43	Jan. 15	
Range year 1913	79.10	Jan. 9	63.09	June 10	
Range year 1912	85.33	Sep. 30	75.24	Feb. 1	

	Call Money.			Sterling Exchange.		
	High.	Low.	Ren'al.	High.	Low.	Close.
Jan. 14, 1914	2½	2	2¼	$4.8690	$4.8675	$4.8685
Same day last year	3	2¾	2¾	4.87	4.8690	4.87
Year's range to date	10	2	...	4.8695	4.8550	.....
Same period last y'r	5	2½	...	4.87	4.8570	.....

Closing. Bid.	Closing. Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
21⅝	21⅞	1,200	Alaska Gold Mines	21¼	21¼	21	21¼	+ ⅛
8⅝	9⅛	100	Allis-Chalmers Mfg	9¼	9¼	9⅛	9⅛	+ ⅛
73⅝	73½	15,500	Amalgamated Cop	72⅞	73½	71⅞	73⅜	+ 1⅞
53	53	200	Am. Agricul. Chem	52⅞	52⅞	51⅝	51⅝	- 1⅛
26⅜	27	2,400	Am. Beet Sugar	25⅝	27	25⅝	27	+ 1⅜
35⅝	33½	31,200	Am. Can pf	33¾	33¾	31⅜	33½	+ 1⅞
94½	94¾	1,407	Am. Car Fdry	93	96	93	94½	+ ⅛
46¾	47½	1,100	Am. Express	46½	47	46¼	47	+ ⅛
103	108	15	Am. Hide L. pf	104¾	104¾	104¾	104¾	
20¾	21¼	100	Am. Ice Securities	25	25	24½	25	+ ⅛
24½	25	600	Am. Locomotive	21½	21½	21½	21½	+ ⅛
33⅞	34	2,100	Am. Locomotive pf	33¾	34	33¾	34	+ ⅛
98	99	200	Am. Malt	97½	98	97½	98	+ ⅛
6	10	3,900	Am. Smelt. Ref	7	7	7	7	- 1½
65⅞	68	300	Am. Smelt. & R. pf	64	66	64	66	+ ⅛
99¾	100¼	100	Am. Snuff	100	100	97⅞	99½	- ⅞
162	162½	1,100	Am. Steel F'dries	160	160	160	160	- ⅞
32¼	34	800	Am. Sugar Refin	31½	32	31½	32	+ ⅛
106	106¼	200	Am. Teleph. & Tel	105	106½	104	106¼	+ 1⅛
120¼	120⅝	1,000	Am. Tobacco	119⅞	120¼	119⅞	120¼	+ ⅛
242¼	243	2,200	Am. Tobacco pf	244	244	242¼	242¼	- 2¼
13½	14¼	150	Am. Writing P. pf	14	14	14	14	+ ⅛
34½	34⅞	2,720	Anaconda Cop. Co	34¼	34⅝	34¼	34⅝	- ⅛
21	30	100	Assets Realization	27	27	27	27	- 2
96	96½	200	Atch., Top. & S. F	93	96½	95	96	+ 1
97⅝	97⅞	1,500	Atch., T. & S. F. pf	97½	97½	97½	97½	
124	124¼	200	Atch. Topeka & Sta	123½	123½	120	123½	+ ⅛
91	91¼	1,700	Atlantic Coast Line	120	120¼	120	120¼	+ ⅝
169¾	170	4,400	Baltimore & Ohio	90¾	91¼	89¾	91¼	+ ⅛
84	84½	30	Bank of Commerce	169¾	170	169¾	170	+ ⅛
71¾	72	3,100	Bethlehem Steel	84	84½	83¾	84½	+ ⅛
89½	89¾	900	Brook. Rapid Tran	71¾	72	71	72	+ ⅝
8	8½	2,200	Brook. Rapid Tran.	89¾	89¾	89¼	89⅝	
28½	29	1,400	Bruns. Ter. & Ry. S	8	8	8	8	- ⅛
64	64½	4,850	California Petrol'm	28½	29	27¼	28½	+ ⅛
206¾	207	900	California Pet. pf	64	64½	63½	64⅝	+ ⅛
25⅞	26	9,890	Canadian Pacific	206¾	208¼	206¾	208	+ 1⅛
60⅝	62	1,800	Central Leather Co	25⅞	26½	25⅞	26½	+ ½
10	10	1,500	Chesapeake & Ohio	60⅝	62	60⅝	62	+ 1
12⅞	13	100	Chicago Gt. West'n	10	10	10	10	- ⅛
20¾	20¾	400	Chicago Gt. Western pf	12⅞	13	12⅞	13	+ ⅛
102	102	100	Chi., Mil & St. P	20¾	20¾	20¾	20¾	+ ⅛
131	131	2,922	Chi. & Northwest'n	102	102	101	101	- 1
38¾	39	1,300	Chino Copper	131	131	130	130	- 1
32	32½	2,800	Col. Fuel & Iron	38¾	39	38¾	38¾	+ ⅛
131¾	131¾	1,700	Consolidated Gas	32	32½	31⅞	32½	+ ⅛
10	9¾	200	Corn Products Ref	131¾	131¾	131¾	131¾	+ ⅛
66	66	300	Corn Prod. Ref. pf	10	10	9¾	10	+ ⅛
153	158	100	Delaware & Hud	66	66	66	66	+ 2
390	390	700	Del., Lack. & West	152½	152½	152½	152½	+ 1¼
17¼	17¾	500	Den. & Rio Grande	390	390	390	390	
17⅞	18	100	Distillers' Secur	17¼	17¾	17¼	17¾	+ ⅝
28⅝	29	200	Erie	17⅞	18	17⅞	17⅞	+ ⅛
45⅞	46	9,500	Erie 1st pf	28⅝	29¼	28⅝	29¼	+ ⅛
37¼	37¾	1,900	Erie 2d pf	45⅞	46¼	45⅞	46	+ ⅛
180	180	400	General Chemical	37¼	37¾	37¼	37½	+ 1
143	144½	3	General Electric	180	180	180	180	+ 1
43¾	43¾	600	General Motors	143	144½	143	144½	+ 1
84¾	84¾	800	General Motors pf	43¾	45	43¾	45	+ ½
21⅞	22	400	Goodrich (B. F.) Co	84¾	85	84¾	85	+ 2
82½	82½	600	Goodrich pf	21⅞	22	21⅞	22	
127½	127¾	180	Great Northern pf	82½	82½	82½	82½	+ ⅛
37	37	1,200	G. N. certs. ore prop	126¾	127¾	126¾	127¾	+ 1⅛
36¾	36¾	1,100	Guggenheim Explor	37	37	37	37	+ ⅛
45	46¼	1,200	Illinois Central	36¾	36¾	36¾	36¾	+ ⅛
110¼	110½	100	Inspiration Copper	45	46¼	45	46	+ 1⅛
15¾	15¾	125	Inter.-Met. v. tr. ctf	110¼	110½	110¼	110½	+ ⅛
15¾	15¾	200	Inter.-Met. pf	15¾	15¾	15¾	15¾	+ ⅛
61¾	62	2,300	Int. Harvester, N. J	61¾	62	61¾	62	+ ⅛
105	105½	295	Int. Harvester Corp	105	105	105	105	+ ⅛
8¾	8¾	100	Int. Paper	8¾	8¾	8¾	8¾	+ ⅛
37¾	37¾	300	Int. Paper pf	37¾	37¾	37¾	37¾	+ ⅛
6¾	6¾	100	Int. Steam Pump	6¾	6¾	6¾	6¾	+ ⅛
20	20	200	Int. Steam Pump pf	20	20	20	20	
19⅞	20¼	800	Kan. City Southern	19⅞	20¼	19⅞	20	+ ⅛
25¼	25¾	800	Kan. City South. pf	25¼	25¾	25¼	25¾	+ ⅛
58⅞	58⅞	300	Kansas City Co	58⅞	58⅞	58⅞	58⅞	+ ⅛
84	84	300	Kresge (S. S.) Co	84	84	84	84	+ ⅛
95¾	96¼	100	Laclede Gas	95¾	96¼	95¾	96¼	+ ⅛
7¼	7¾	637	Lake Erie & West	7¼	7¾	7¼	7¾	+ ⅛
152½	153¾	5,400	Lehigh Valley	152½	153¾	151⅝	153¼	+ 1⅝
223½	223½	200	Liggett & Myers pf	223½	223½	222	222	- 1½
111¾	112	100	Liggett & Myers pf	111¾	112	111¾	112	+ ⅛
32¾	33	100	Loose-Wiles Biscuit	32¾	32¾	32¾	32¾	+ ⅛
139¾	140	1,100	Louis. & Nash	139¾	139¾	139¾	139¾

CREDIT TO BE FREER BUT ON FIRM BASIS

New Law Will Not Let Down the Bars, Manufacturers Are Told.

FOREIGN TRADE LIKE HOME

With the Same Problems to Meet—The Need of Ships and American Banks Abroad.

In an address before the convention of the Manufacturers' Association of New Jersey at Trenton yesterday William C. Cornwell called attention to the fact that the newly enacted currency statute would not let down the bars so far as credits are concerned.

"The class of paper available for rediscount at the Federal reserve banks," said he, "must be of liquid character. The maturity of ninety days does not, of course, mean that only paper made for that length of time can be used. On the contrary, no matter for how long originally drawn, what is required is that the obligation must fall due within ninety days. The tendency among banks, in order to be equipped with plenty of available paper, will be to encourage their customers to avoid renewals. Loans which are not liquid, even though well secured, will not be looked upon with as much favor. All this will, of course, tend to make the banking assets of the country sounder. And, too, the influence upon merchants and others, by encouraging promptness and more liquidity in financial arrangements, will, in the end, be beneficial for all business.

"There is some belief prevailing in regard to the new measure that it is intended, as it is called, to make credit easier. This calls up a vision of loosening up on the part of the banker as to the character of loans which will pass muster. Nothing of the kind is in contemplation and no such effect will follow. Credit is one of the functions which can only be safely determined on business principles, and legislation which attempts to make it unnaturally liberal, is sure to bring disaster. The bill does not affect the status in this respect It only supplies greater facilities for extending safe credits. This will result in ample, but legitimate expansion. This does not mean inflation. The two are as different as gold and gas. The effect, with the banking situation free from annual contraction of loanable funds, will be to stabilize business."

Before the same convention, Hugh Kahler told the members that export problems were in the main very much the same as the problems met with in the domestic competition. Thus in each case, to secure credit the applicant must show credit-worth. Competition is no different in the foreign than in the home market. "In fact," he observed, "some of my friends have confided to me that they could a lot rather face the stiffest competition England and Germany can give them than stand up against the price-cutting pirate right around the corner. As a salesman to any Latin-American country I had rather sell the quality article at the top of the market than any low-priced article, even the lowest in the market, and I've had to sell in both divisions, too."

As to other facilities for foreign trade, Mr. Kahler had this to say: "There never will be any shortage of tonnage to carry for our foreign freight, whether or not it flies the American flag. I, for one, don't care a particle which particular banner waves above my vessels so long as I can get decent deliveries at decent rates, and both of these, I submit, we have generally been able to secure from the shipping at present available. As for banks, if you and I want American banks abroad, there is one and only one way to get them, and I take it that we are both doing everything we can in that direction for motives quite apart from our desire for these institutions. For the only way in which we can secure these aids to American commerce is to get a volume of business sufficient to ensure them a profitable field."

A BOOKKEEPING PROTEST.

Bankers Object to Method of Figuring Net Income.

The banking firm of Swartwout & Appenzeller, as the representative of holders of several million dollars of New York Railways adjustment mortgage 5 per cent. income bonds, has protested to the company's Directors against the method in vogue of figuring net income.

The bankers say that in the eighteen months ended with June 30, 1913, $975,516 was taken from the gross income account and credited to the account of "Injuries to persons and property deferred."

As the money was not actually expended, the firm says that it should have been returned to the income account and made applicable to the payment of interest on the bonds.

METAL MARKET REPORTS.

On the Metal Exchange yesterday copper was unchanged. Tin was a shade easier. Spelter was up 5 points; 50,000 pounds of spot East St. Louis spelter sold at 5.15, and 100,000 January at 5.12½.

The close, bid and asked prices follow:

	Wednesday.		Tuesday.
Stand. Copper—	Bid.	Asked.	Bid. Asked.
Spot	13.87½		13.87½
January	13.87½	..	13.87½
February	13.87½	..	13.87½
March	13.87½	..	13.87½
Spelter	5.25	5.30	5.20 5.35
Zinc	5.25	5.30	5.20 5.35
Lead	4.05	4.10	4.05 4.10
Tin	36.75	37.00	36.85 37.00

Final prices in London yesterday for copper and pig tin, compared with Tuesday, follow:

	Wed'day.	Tuesday.
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Copper, spot	62 11 3	62 17 6
Copper, futures	62 17 6	63 5 0
Pig tin, spot	167 0 0	167 15 0
Pig tin, futures	169 0 0	169 10 0

The market ended quiet. Spanish pig lead, £19 10s, up 2s 6d. Spelter, £21 11s 3d, up 1s 3d. Cleveland warrants, 50s 3d, down 3d.

FINANCIAL NOTES.

Stockholders of the New York Trust Company yesterday elected these Directors to serve three years: Elbert H. Gary, S. Reading Bertron, Henry Anderson, Grace Dodge, Frederick B. Jennings, Joseph J. Bloom, James Parmalee, John S. Phipps, Norman B. Ream, B. Aymar Sands, and John W. Sterling.

The Toronto investment house of Emilius Jarvis & Co. has bought an issue of $1,000,000 Albert University 4½ per cent. bonds, guaranteed principal and interest by the Province of Alberta.

James M. Kurn, General Superintendent of the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe Railroad, has accepted the management of the new company formed to take over the properties of the Detroit, Toledo & Ironton Railroad.

Nathan J. Miller, Mandelbaum, and Archibald McCrea have been elected Directors of the Mutual Alliance Trust Company.

The Public Bank was opened a branch at Broadway and Twenty-sixth Street. These Directors have been elected for the ensuing year: N. M. Markwell, Alfred S. Rossin, Edward S. Rothschild, M. A. Isaacs, Louis Biel, Emil Berolzheimer, H. P. Goldschmidt, John C. Eisele, Joseph J. Bach, Henry Ollesheimer.

Fred B. Dalzell, President of the Dalzell Towing Company, has been elected a Director of the Hamilton Trust Company of Brooklyn to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Timothy L. Woodruff.

Charles E. Newton and William K. Swartz have been selected as Directors of the Home Trust Company of Brooklyn to succeed J. Edward Swanstrom and John Ludwig, both deceased.

H. Duncan Bulkley of 1 Wall Street and C. B. Schweppe of 66 Broadway are offering Illinois Steel Company 4½ per cent. bonds at a price to yield about 5.45 per cent.

The sixty-third annual statement of the Manhattan Life Insurance Company, issued yesterday, shows total assets of $22,157,996.

NO THIRD AVE. DIVIDEND.

President Whitridge Would Wait Several Years Yet.

President F. W. Whitridge of the Third Avenue Railway made public a statement which he had submitted to the Directors on the outlook for dividends on the company's stock. Mr. Whitridge says that the Third Avenue should not resume dividends for several years.

The company reports for December operating revenue of $916,843, an increase of $121,548, and a gain in surplus of $18,202. For the first six months earings were $5,653,864, an increase of $670,622, and the surplus $578,908, a gain of $48,607. Regarding dividends, Mr. Whitridge says:

> There is hardly a day when I am not asked about a dividend on the Third Avenue stock, because, I suppose, there appears to be such large surplus earnings, wich, in ordinary pariance, are "applicable to the payment of dividends" on that stock.
>
> Our accounts are kept in accordance with the rules of the Public Service Commission, and if there is any odium attached to reporting large net earnings, and thereby misleading investors or speculators, I am happy to have that odium shared by the commission.
>
> Money, however, which is applicable to the payment of dividends is, as I understand, money in the bank not necessary to be spent for other purposes. That is not our case. Our present surplus earnings are not applicable to the payment of dividends at all, because it is necessary and desirable, and, so far as I can foresee, it will continue to be necessary and desirable to expend these earnings upon the property for several years to come.
>
> Mr. Whitridge adds that the dividend should wait until the allowance for depreciation will care for the needs of the property over and above the ordinary maintenance and until the effect of the new subways on earnings has been ascertained.

Chicago Sells New Bonds.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Jan. 14.—Cook County today disposed of an issue of $1,000,000 4 per cent. county and municipal bonds for $985,110 and accrued interest from June 1, 1913. The bonds went to a syndicate composed of the Merchants' Loan and Trust Company, N. W. Halsey & Co., and T. B. Leach & Co. Four bids were received, including one from W. A. Reil & Co. of New York for $973,137. The high figures offered for the bonds is due, according to financial men, to the provision of the new income tax law which excludes municipal and Government bonds from income taxation.

IN 'NUTMEG' SAVINGS BANKS

Half Connecticut's Population Has Deposits of $307,526,397.

HARTFORD, Conn., Jan. 14.—More than half the people who live in Connecticut have deposits in the savings banks, according to the annual report of the Bank Commissioners submitted to the Governor to-day. The $22,087 depositors have $307,526,397 to their credit. These figures show an increase of 15,945 depositors and $9,014,349 over the fiscal year in 1912.

The average amount due each depositor is $494.35, a per capita increase of $1.88. The estimated population of the State is 1,176,621. Of the total number of depositors 528,301 have accounts of $1,000 or less.

General Films Texas Fine $25,000.

AUSTIN, Texas, Jan. 14.—The General Film Company of New York yesterday pleaded guilty to violating the monopoly section of the Texas anti-trust law, paid a fine of $25,000 and was enjoined from discriminating in the distribution of its films against exhibitors who deal also with independent producers. These terms were agreed to by Attorney General Looney of Texas, in settlement of the State's suit against the General Film Company and ten manufacturers named as its owners. The maximum penalty asked in the suit as originally filed was $27,000,000.

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO.

Alta	.05	Julia	.02
Alpha Con	.02	Justice	.04
Andes	.03	Kentucky Con	.04
Best & Belcher	.04	Mexican	1.15
Bullion	.01	Occidental Con	.70
Caledonia	1.30	Ophir	.16
Challenge Con	.14	Potosi	.01
Chollar	.02	Savage	.09
Con. Cal. & Va	.20	Seg. Belcher	.06
Con. Imperial	.03	Sierra Nevada	.07
Crown Point	.38	Union Con	.09
Gould & Curry	.02	Utah Con	.02
Hale & Norcross	.07	Yellow Jacket	.29

TONOPAH.		C. O. D.	.03
Belmont	7.75	Comb. Fraction	.06
Jim Butler	.80	Diamondf. B. B.	.01
McNamara	.09	Florence	.27
Midway	.37	Goldfield Con. M.	1.37½
Mizpah Ext	.30	Goldfield Merger.	.11
Montana	1.10	Jumbo Ext	.14
North Star	.38	Lone Star	.01
Rescue Eula	.09	Silver Pick	.04
Tonopah Ext	1.90	Vernal	.05
Tonopah Merger	.51	Nevada Hills	.37
West End	1.22½	Round Mount	.43
GOLDFIELD.		MANHATTAN.	
Atlanta	.14	Manhattan Con	.04
Booth	.02	Manhat. Big F	.11

COLORADO.	Bid.	Asked.	Bid. Asked.
Dr. Jackpot	6	6¾	Jackpot 5½ 5¾
Elkton	51	52	McKinney 59¼ 60
El Paso	244	280	Old Gold 1 2½
Findlay	2	2¼	Portland 100 105
Gold Dollar	5¼	7½	Vindicator 81 85
Isabella	9¼	10	Rav. B. H. 3 4½

COMMODITIES MARKETS

Wheat and corn were active and strong, and oats moved forward with a firm tone. Wheat sold into new high ground for the present movement. Corn advanced from 1 to 1¼c. and oats from ⅛ to ⅝c. Cotton rose from 7 to 14 points net under steady buying. Provisions and cotton oil were rather soft.

WHEAT.

The wheat market moved into new high ground during yesterday's operations, the May position at Chicago selling at 93c, which was the highest point reached since Sept. 30, and which represented an advance of 6¼c per bushel from the low of the season, made on Oct. 17. The advance was due largely to a growing feeling of confidence on the buying side, which has been developing recently. The continued light shipments from Russia to Europe have had a bullish effect, and it was apparent that the trade generally considered the market in a strong commercial position, which justified higher values.

Broomhall in his weekly summary of conditions said that supplies in both Argentina and Australia would doubtless increase in the near future. Crop advices from European countries have been generally favorable, although there were some complaints received during the day of a lack of snow covering in some parts of Russia, where the weather is severely cold. The weather in the West was warmer and generally favorable.

In the local cash market No. 2 hard Winter wheat was quoted at 98¼c, cost, insurance, and freight, New York; No. 2 red Winter, $1.00½, elevator; No. 1 Northern Manitoba, $1.00¾, free on board, and No. 1 Northern Duluth, $1.01¾, free on board.

NEW YORK PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
May	99⅞	98 5-16	99⅞	99 1-16	100⅜
July	..	..	96⅞	96⅛	98⅝

CHICAGO PRICES.

May	93	92¼	93	92¼	95
July	88⅛	88⅛	88⅞	88	91⅛
Sept	..	..	..	..	90

CORN.

Reports that Argentina has finally disposed of its surplus stock of old corn removed one of the principal bearish features in the corn market, as the Eastern cash demand has been supplied for several months past largely from the Argentine apparently caused Europe to look to other markets for supplies, and there were inquiries from abroad for American corn through Baltimore, with bids very close to a working basis.

In the local cash market No. 3 yellow corn was quoted at 71c, cost, insurance, and freight, to arrive.

CHICAGO FUTURE MARKETS.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
January	61¼	61	61¼	60⅛	..
May	66⅝	65⅞	66⅞	65⅝	52⅝
July	66⅜	65	66⅛	64⅞	53¼
September	..	..	..	..	54

OATS.

The oats market shared the firmness of wheat and corn, and prices closed ¼@⅜c net higher. Offerings were small, and commission houses were fairly active buyers.

The local cash market was firm, standard white being quoted at 45½@46c; No. 2, 46@46¼c; No. 3, 45@46c; No. 4, 44¼@46¼c; ordinary clipped white, 44@46c; fancy clipped white, 45½@47c, all elevator.

CHICAGO FUTURE MARKETS.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
January	..	..	..	38⅝	38½
May	40⅜	40	40⅜	38¾	34⅝
July	39⅜	39⅛	39⅜	38½	34⅛
September	..	..	..	..	34⅞

PROVISIONS.

The provision market was firm and higher during the early operations based on continued strength in the hog market and in sympathy with grain, but the price of the leading products was believed to be above a parity with hogs, and this resulted in considerable selling late in the day. Prices were easy at the close. Receipts of hogs at Chicago were 30,000, estimated for Thursday, 26,000; Kansas City received 10,000, and Omaha 11,000.

CHICAGO FUTURE MARKETS.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Lard—						
January	11.12	11.05	11.07	..	11.07	9.75
May	11.40	11.32	11.35	..	11.27	9.97
Ribs—						
January	11.60	11.50	11.50	11.37	11.37	9.77
May	11.72	11.60	11.60	11.57	11.57	9.95
Pork—						
January	21.55	21.47	21.47	21.37	21.37	18.20
May	21.80	21.62	21.62	21.55	21.55	18.55

COTTONSEED OIL.

Further advances occurred in the cottonseed oil market with continued covering as well as buying by the West and the South. The strength of lard was again a bullish feature, and it was thought that leading refiners, who recently were active sellers, were on the buying side. Late in the session there was a quick reaction under renewed selling by refiners, and on the demand was less active prices gave way quickly, closing at about the low of the day.

The range of contract prices in the local market was as follows:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Spot	..	..	6.90@7.15	7.00
January	7.12	7.12	7.08@7.12	7.05
February	7.20	7.18	7.14@7.20	7.14
March	7.29	7.23	7.22@7.23	7.25
April	7.38	7.31	7.30@7.32	7.34
May	7.45	7.39	7.39@7.40	7.42
June	..	..	7.42@7.50	7.50
July	7.70	7.58	7.58@7.60	7.59
August	7.80	7.78	7.65@7.72	7.70

COTTON.

The cotton market was higher yesterday on continued reports of an improved spot demand and a bullish interpretation of the census report on supply and distribution for the month of December. March contracts sold up to 12.8¢, or 13 points above the closing figures of Tuesday, and 6 points over the best level reached on the bulge which followed the small ginning figures of last Friday. The close was steady and from 7 to 14 points net higher.

The market opened steady at a decline of 1 point under a few overnight selling orders and in sympathy with rather disappointing cables. There was no important selling pressure, however, and prices quickly firmed up on Wall Street buying, a considerable demand from Southern sources, and support in March from leading spot house brokers. This latter demand seemed to increase the uneasiness of recent sellers, and near months led the advance which carried all the old crop positions some 11 to 15 points net higher in the late trading. Closing prices were a shade off from the best under realizing.

The census report showing domestic mill consumption of 1,108 bales for the month of December indicated a well-maintained volume of activity, and a consumption of 1,977,000 bales for the first four months of this season compared with 1,870,000 for the same time last year.

Southern spot markets officially reported were unchanged to ⅛ up, with several of the markets reporting a firm undertone. The local market for spot cotton was quiet and 10 points higher at 12.70 for middling upland. Sales, nil.

The range of contract prices in the local market was as follows:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
January	12.28	12.18	12.27@12.28	12.13
February	..	..	12.28@12.30	12.15
March	12.57	12.43	12.54@12.55	12.44
April	..	..	12.39@12.42	12.30
May	12.39	12.26	12.37@12.38	12.28
June	12.30	12.30	12.32@12.35	12.23
July	12.33	12.20	12.31@12.32	12.22
August	12.07	12.06	12.10@12.12	12.02
September	..	..	11.74@11.78	11.67
October	11.68	11.61	11.68@11.69	11.61

COFFEE.

The setback which occurred in the coffee market during the last hour on Tuesday caused an easier feeling in the European markets, but the local market failed to respond, and prices at the opening were steady at 4 points lower for March and 2 to 6 points higher for the other months.

Sales of the day were 65,700 bags. Cost and freight offers from Brazil were firm and about unchanged. The conditions in mild coffee were considered a bullish factor, as stocks here are about 57,000 bags less than a year ago and the leading grades are commanding unusual premiums over Brazilian coffee and offers of new crop milds for future shipment are light, notwithstanding early predictions of a large yield. The Havre market at the close was ¼f to ½f net lower, and Hamburg declined ¼ to ½ pfennig. In Brazil the Rio spot market was firm and 125 reis higher; Santos spots were unchanged, and futures opened at a decline of 75 reis.

The local spot market was moderately active and prices remained firm and unchanged at 9¾c for Rio 7s.

Contract prices follow:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
January	..	..	9.35@ 9.36	9.30
February	9.38	9.38	9.45@ 9.47	9.42
March	9.58	9.46	9.53@ 9.54	9.53
April	..	..	9.66@ 9.68	9.64
May	9.85	9.75	9.80@ 9.81	9.76
June	9.85	9.85	9.90@ 9.91	9.88
July	10.04	9.98	10.01@10.02	9.96
August	..	..	10.10@10.11	10.05
September	10.22	10.12	10.18@10.19	10.15
October	..	..	10.22@10.24	10.19
November	..	..	10.28@10.29	10.24
December	10.30	10.26	10.33@10.34	10.29

COUNTRY PRODUCE MARKETS.

BUTTER.—Receipts yesterday, 4,536 packages. Somewhat larger buying interest is giving the market a firmer tone on the better grades of fresh table butter. Secondary qualities are steady. Creamery, extras, 32@33¾c; firsts, 28@32c; seconds, 24@27½c; thirds, 22½@23½c; held, extras, 31@32½c; firsts, 28@30¼c; seconds, 24@27½c; thirds, 22@23c. State dairy, finest, 31@32c; good to prime, 26@30c; common to fair, 20@25c; process, extras, 24½@25c; firsts, 23@24c; seconds, 20@22c; imitation creamery, firsts, 22½@23½c; ladles, held, 20@22c; current make, firsts, 21@21¼c; seconds, 20@20¼c; thirds, 18@19c; packing stock, held, 19½@20½c; current make, No. 2, 20c; No. 1, 19½@19¾c.

CHEESE.—Receipts yesterday, 747 boxes. Feeling generally firm, but very little business reported, owing to the continued cold weather. State whole milk, held, specials, 17¼c; average fancy, 17@17¼c; State whole milk, fresh, specials, 17c; average fancy, 16½c; under grades, 14¼@16¼c; State whole milk, Daisies, held, best 17¼@17¼c; State whole milk, Young Americas, fancy, 17@17¼c; State skims, held, specials, 13@14c; held, good to choice, 11@12¼c; skims, fresh, good to choice, 10¼@11½c; skims, poor to fair, 6@10c; skims, full skims, or partly defective, 3@9c.

EGGS.—Receipts yesterday, 7,001 cases. Trade has fallen flat. Hardly enough business doing to give clear definition to values, but few sales reported are chiefly at about the range of yesterday's quotations, outside figures, however, are more extreme. Fresh gathered, extras, dozen, 37¢@38c; extra firsts, 35¢@36c; firsts, 34¢@35c; seconds, 32¢@33½c; dirties, 28@30c; checks, 25@27c; refrigerator, firsts, 31@32c; seconds, 29½@30c; lower grades, 22@26c; State, Pennsylvania, and near by, henery whites, fine to fancy, large, 41@43c; gathered whites, fine to finest, large, 41@42c; State, Pennsylvania, and near by, whites, fair to good, 39@40c; small or pullety, use seriously whites, 36@38c; Western, gathered white, 36@40c; State, Pennsylvania, and near by, hennery brown, 37@38c; gathered brown and mixed colors, 35@36c; fresh, foreign, 120-dozen cases, fair to prime, 29@32c; held, fresh, 120-dozen cases, poor to fair, 24@29c; refrigerator, 120-dozen cases, poor to good, 24@28c; limed, 120-dozen cases, fair to prime, 24@26c.

MISCELLANEOUS MARKETS.

BEEF.—There were no changes here yesterday in the prices quoted on wholesale cuts of Western beef.

SUGAR.—The refined sugar market continued quiet yesterday on the basis of $4 for fine granulated. The raw sugar market was steady, with prices unchanged, but with holders firmer in their views. The London beet sugar market stood at 9s 2½d for January, 9s 3d for February, and 9s 6¾d for May.

MOLASSES AND SYRUPS.—There was a fair demand for the grocery grades of molasses yesterday, stimulated by the colder weather. Prices were generally unchanged.

RICE.—There was no change of note in the rice market, either in prices or the condition of business.

FLOUR AND MEAL.—Business was not active in the flour market, but prices were nominally higher in sympathy with the advance in wheat.

OILS.—Linseed oil was without change. Refined petroleum was steady at recent prices.

NAVAL STORES.—There was a little firmer market yesterday for spirits turpentine, in sympathy with the stronger feeling in the South. Prices showed no real change, however, and prices on rosin and tar were steady and unchanged.

TEXTILE BUSINESS GAINS.

Improvement in Cotton and Wool Market, Says American Reporter.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Jan. 14.—The American Wool and Cotton Reporter will say tomorrow:

"Quite a little improvement has occurred in the cotton goods market during the past week, at least in most fabrics of a staple or a semi-staple character. Two things may be given for this improvement, first, a firmer price for raw cotton, and, second, because buyers have been unable to obtain various lines of cotton goods in anything like the delivery that many of them expected. Mills have been kept in operation and the demand has been quite regular, so that practically no stocks of goods are available for spot delivery. Prices are not as favorable as they might be, and buyers are beginning to realize that present prices are not likely to be any lower in the near future, in fact slight advances have occurred upon some fabrics, especially those in which large amounts of raw material are used, such as ducks and drills.

"The week ends with the worsted and woolen yarn market in an encouraging condition. Even domestic spinners who were recently pessimistic are becoming convinced that they will enjoy one of the best seasons on record. Cotton yarn spinners are sufficiently anxious for business so that no attempt has yet been made to advance prices. At this writing quotations of a week ago generally remain unchanged. The raw silk market shows a more buoyant condition than has been noted for several weeks previously. If domestic wool and worsted manufacturers are able to hold the entire market against foreign competition the time is opportune to eliminate the easy practice of permitting buyers to cancel their orders or refuse to receive goods without sufficient regard to equity or justice."

BUSINESS TROUBLES.

ARTHUR H. JONES, banker and bond broker, of 141 Broadway, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $69,152 and assets of $7,650, consisting of notes, $448; accounts, $7,206, and rugs, tables, and hat trees, $5. Among the creditors are the New York State Banking Department, $37,000, suit pending to collect an assessment of 100 per cent. on 370 shares of stock of the Carnegie Trust Company; Hungarian-American Bank, $20,001, money borrowed for William J. Cummins and J. B. Reichman on 370 shares of stock of the Carnegie Trust Company; Carnegie Trust Company, $235; Dr. R. W. Jones, Laurel, Miss., $2,823; R. W. Jones, Jr., Monroe, N. Y., $2,194; Charles Randolph Jones, Kansas City, Mo., $1,203; Delta Kappa Epsilon Fraternity, 3; New York Southern Society, $10, and Babson Statistical Organization, Wellesley Hill, Mass., $380. Among those indebted to Mr. Jones are J. B. Reichman and William J. Cummins, $1,498, and Herbert T. Jennings, $5,625.

ADOLPH WERTHMANN, wholesale dealer in cotton goods, 299 Church Street, has filed a petition, with liabilities of $24,296 and assets of $4,000 in a claim. He has only three creditors, Abraham Harris, $16,268; estate of Thomas Lewis, $6,900, and Thomas J. Morgan, $1,098.

SELIG HANDEL.—A petition has been filed against Selig Handel, manufacturer of furs, 223 Sixth Avenue, by these creditors: Ernest K. Coulter, $750; E. S. Wheeler, $44, and Louis Rein, $125. Judge Mayer appointed Ernest K. Coulter receiver, bond $2,000, with authority to carry on the business for five days. Handel indorsed accommodation paper for $15,000 for Jacob Stern & Sons, importers of furs and skins, of 34 West Twenty-sixth Street, against whom a petition was filed on Monday, and he also owes them $1,000. His business liabilities are $3,000, and he has assets about $4,000.

GOLDEN EAGLE MERCHANDISE COMPANY, INC.—A petition has been filed against the Golden Eagle Merchandise Company, Inc., dealer in fancy goods and notions, 467 Broadway, by these creditors: Tilford Wolf, $101; Abraham Weiner, $311, and Mario G. De Pino, $160. The company made an assignment on Monday.

G. FALLARA & SONS.—A petition has been filed against G. Fallara & Sons, dealers sin oils and groceries, 170 Elizabeth Street, by these creditors: A. A. Barbati & Co., $950; J. A. Kirsch & Co., $26, and Lorenz Roman, $191. The liabilities are said to be $16,000 and assets $3,000. Judge Mayer appointed Oscar Igstaedter receiver, bond $1,500, with authority to carry on business for eight days on application of J. A. Kirsch, who stated that he was advised that $10,000 worth of property which had been shipped to their place of business had disappeared.

LA SPINA CUT STONE COMPANY.—A petition has been filed against La Spina Cut Stone Company of East 135th Street and Canal Place by the Twenty-third Ward Bank, a creditor for $850. A petition was filed on Nov. 17 against Peter La Spina Company, Inc., at the same address, and on Oct. 4 against Peter La Spina, also at the same address.

BENJAMIN TRANEN.—A petition has been filed against Benjamin Tranen, jeweler, of 182 Broome Street, by two creditors—Joseph Nordenschild, $421, and Lyman Stupock, $80. The liabilities are $7,000 and assets $4,000.

HUNT & HUNT.—Elisha J., Newman H., and Augusta R. Hunt, who compose the firm of Hunt & Hunt, contractors, of 103 Park Avenue, have filed a petition, with liabilities of $8,833 and assets of $8,867.

AVERY M. WALSH, salesman, of Poughkeepsie, has filed a petition, with liabilities of $1,542 and no assets.

ISAAC LESSER.—Schedules of Isaac Lesser, dealer in clothing, 32 Eldridge Street, show liabilities of $15,664 and assets of $12,424.

WORLD KNITTING MILLS, INC.—Schedules of the World Knitting Mills, Inc., of 1,133 Broadway, show liabilities of $7,147 and assets of $4,845.

PAUL FLATTAU.—Schedules of Paul Flattau, dealer in furniture and carpets, 855 Second Avenue, show liabilities of $6,406 and assets of $3,498.

CHARLES G. WISE.—Judge Mayer has confirmed the composition of Charles G. Wise, dealer in building materials at the foot of East Seventy-ninth Street, with creditors at 25 cents on the dollar cash. The liabilities were $12,887.

PRUDENTIAL POST CARD AND NOVELTY CO.—Judge Mayer has confirmed a composition of the Prudential Post Card and Novelty Company of 82 Duane Street with creditors at 30 cents on the dollar cash. The liabilities are $6,840.

HENRY W. NESSLER.—Judge Mayer has granted a motion for a discharge to Henry W. Nessler, a partner in the firm of Fishel, Nessler & Co., manufacturers of jewelry, formerly at 556 Broadway, against whom a petition in bankruptcy was filed on Nov. 3, 1910. The firm liabilities were $356,035 and Nessler had individual liabilities of $220,000.

FRAZIN & OPPENHEIM.—Judge Mayer has appointed James G. Graham receiver for Frazin & Oppenheim, (Corporation,) shoe dealers, at 340 Sixth Avenue, in place of Lex. S. Mason, who was unable to serve.

EPSTEIN BROTHERS.—Louis and Jacob Epstein, who compose the firm of Epstein Brothers, furriers, of 148 West Twenty-sixth Street, have made an assignment to Herman H. Moscovits.

GEORGE C. WEIDMAN, confectioner at 259 West Thirty-fourth Street, has made an assignment to Otto F. Zeigenbein.

SATISFIED JUDGMENTS.

The first name is that of the debtor, the second that of the creditor, and the date that when judgment was filed.

Rubel, Max—R. S. Smith, Oct. 28, 1913, $428.
Same—Same, June 19, 1912, $2,232.
Horse Aid Society—J. A. Allen, Jan. 8, 1914, $368.
Realty Remodeling and Reconstruction Co., Louis N. Adler, and Ralph V. Wechsler—D. Smith et al., Oct. 15, 1913, (vacated,) $332.
Rawlings, Walter G.—H. Herrmann Lumber Co., Oct. 8, 1909, $181.
Manes, Max, and Louis Ehrlich—S. Leinhardt, May 22, 1908, $793.
McMillian, Albert—M. M. Driscoll, Dec. 28, 1911, $171.
Rothstein, Arnold—City of New York, Dec. 18, 1913, $559.
Domroe, David—I. Schnitzler, Dec. 26, 1913, $1,031.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 14.—Forecast:

N. and S. Car.—Fair, warmer Thurs. Fri., fair, warmer in e.; mod. e. to s. winds.
Ga.—Fair, warmer Thurs. Fri., fair; mod. e. to s. winds.
Fla.—Fair Thurs.; warmer in n. Fri., fair; mod. n. to e. winds.
Ala., Miss.—Fair Thurs. and Fri.; mod. e. to s. winds.
La. E. Tex.—Fair Thurs. and Fri.; mod. s. winds.
W. Tex.—Fair Thurs. and Fri.
Utah—Snows Thurs. and Fri.; colder Thurs. night.
Okla.—Fair, warmer Thurs. Fri., fair.
Ark.—Fair Thurs. and Fri.
Tenn., Ky.—Fair Thurs.; warmer in e. Fri., fair.
Ohio—Partly cloudy in s., snows or rains in n. Thurs.; warmer, Fri., prob. fair; brisk s. w. to n. winds.
Ind.—Fair Thurs. and prob. Fri.
Ill.—Fair Thurs.; warmer in ext. s. Fri., fair; mod. w. to n. w. winds, becom. var. by Fri.
Lower Mich.—Snows Thurs. Fri., fair; mod. w. to s. w. winds, becoming var.
Upper Mich.—Fair Thurs., exc. snows in e. Fri., fair.
Wisc.—Fair Thurs. and prob. Fri.; mod. n. to s. w. winds, becoming var.
Minn.—Fair Thurs. Fri., unsettled.
Iowa—Fair Thurs. and Fri.
Mo.—Fair Thurs.; warmer in s. Fri., fair.
N. Dak.—Increasing cloudiness Thurs.; snows or rain at night or Fri.; colder Fri. in n. and w.
S. Dak.—Partly cloudy Thurs. Fri., unsett., prob. rains or snows.
Neb.—Partly cloudy Thurs. Fri., unsett., prob. rains or snows in s. w.
Kan.—Fair, warmer Thurs. Fri., fair.

NEW INCORPORATIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Jan. 14.—Incorporated to-day:

Arden by the Sea, Manhattan; realty, quarrying, const., mfg. mdse.; $500,000. Moses Morris, J. G. Eichenbaum, Wm. Schaumberg, 150 Nassau St.

Gebhard-Rowley Hydro-Carbon Vaporizing Co., Buffalo; $100,000. L. G. Gebhard, J. M. and J. F. Rowley.

Lineatime Mfg. Co., Rochester; machinery, office supplies; $50,000. C. R. Drake, E. M. Thenay, W. A. Wright.

Helix Tube Co.; autos, bicycles, accessories; $250,000. G. C. Howard, J. D. Gabler, C. S. Houghton, 111 B'way.

H. H. Hamilton Co.; underwear, textile; $50,000. E. M. Gildert, Alphonsine and H. H. Hamilton, 15 Claremont Av.

Atlantic Knitting Mills; $25,000. J. W. Bethman, Max Strassner, Emanuel Steindler, 200 5 Av.

American-Oriental Trading Co.; commission, provs., mfg.; $10,000. W. A. Burns, R. H. Blake, L. R. Williams, 12 B'way.

Kelly Construction Co., Yonkers; $10,000. Genevieve and M. F. Kelly, Harold Levy.

C. & L. Corporation; advertising, mail order; $10,000. W. W. Capers, Jr., C. A. Nevins, Rudolph Leichner, 516 W. 184 St.

Bayer-Stroud Corp., advertising; $12,000. C. H. Bayer, H. K. Stroud, C. R. Rose, 34 Nassau St.

Griffiths & Pierce, Utica, contr. supplies, elec. systems, $50,000; Griffith and Waldo Griffiths, Pierce Jones.

Cafe Billies, $20,000; W. J. Frank, and Jos Gallagher, 306 W. 146 St.

Walder-Croshier-Sullivan Co., Poughkeepsie, hardware, $51,000; R. S. Croshier, L. J. Walder, J. D. Sullivan.

Bronx County Family Wine & Liquor Stores, $15,000; David Neiss, Jos. Friedenfall, Leo Thomases, 222 E. 11 St.

G. G. Chemical Corp., $25,000; J. N. Gunst, G. P. and W. M. Goldstein, Hotel Belleclaire.

Barnaber Co., pharmaceuticals; $100,000; Ignatius Haas, C. M. Fauldy, Bertalan Barna, 144 W. 44th St.

W. G. & E. G. Murphy Co., liquors; $75,000; W. G. Jones, Ellen Kilbourn, G. A. Ellis, 14 Cent. Pk. West.

Gareys, Inc., ladies' clothing, $10,000; Max Goldstein, Max and Morris Wiesen, 68 Lenox Av.

C. F. Allen & Co., Gloversville, paper boxes, $15,000; C. F. Allen, C. A. and E. E. Bogart

Hudson Oil Co., Goshen, $200,000; H. M. Haviland, Arthur N. Taylor, J. B. Summerfield, 71 Wall St., N. Y.

Triton Phonograph Co.; $10,000. J. A. Kraus, A. L. Marks, Wm. Relsfeld, 99 Nassau St.

Fast White Co., leather dressings and paste; $10,000. Pelay

COURT CALENDARS

CASES WILL BE CALLED IN THE ORDER GIVEN BELOW.
(c) This character means versus or against.

FEDERAL.

SUPREME COURT.—585—Alabama, pltf. in error, vs. Sudie Schmidt. Leave granted to file an add. brief for pltf. 586—Oceanic Steam Nav. Co., Limited, as owners of the SS Titanic, vs. William J. Waller and Harry Anderson. Argument continued.

97—The Interstate Commerce Com. et al., appellants, vs. S. Pac. Co. et al.; and 98—Same et al., appellants, vs. the A., T. & S. F. Ry. Co. et al. Argument commenced.

Day call for Jan. 15: Nos. 97, (and 98,) 102, 128, 151, 154, 156, 159, 160, 161, and 164.

CIRCUIT APPEALS.—Lacombe, Coxe, Ward, and Rogers, JJ.
In re Wright<Dana Hardware Co.
Patents Selling Co<Dunn.
Spec Mach Co<Ashcroft Mfg Co.
Weber Elec Co<N Gas Fixture.
Same<same.

DISTRICT COURT, (Equity.)—Hunt, J.
Hennessy<Wine G As.
Riddle<same.
Martell & Co<same.
John Gillon & Co, Ltd, <same.
Hiram Walker & Son, Ltd<same.
J. Jameson Son, Ltd<same
Gilka<same.
Tanqueray, Gordon & Co, Ltd<same.

DISTRICT COURT, (Admiralty.)—Hough, J.
Carman<Tug B Bush.
McCumber<Boat Amagansett.
NY & NJ Transp Co<Tug Pencoyd.
Kahnweiler<Yacht Respite.
Same<Tug Brockton.
UE<Tug Union.
Same<Dalzelline.
Cahill<SS Olympic.
White<SS Baltic.
Pill<Cunard Co.
Stevens<Yacht Nettie.

DISTRICT COURT, (Jury.)—Hand, J.
US<Marshall.
Cauble<Cent Vt RR.
Sharon<Mason & Hanger Co.
Bernes<Firemans' Fd Ins Co.

DISTRICT COURT.—(Jury.)—Ray, J.
Calansky<L V RR.

STATE.

Court of Appeals.

DAY CAL.
Batchelor<Hinkle.
Ebling<Nekarda.
People<Gerdine.
Mercantile Nat Bk<Silverman.
Burton<NY&NH, &c.
Heeran<same.

NEW YORK COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIV.—Ingraham, McLaughlin, Laughlin, Dowling, and Hotchkiss, JJ. Enumerated motions.
Borgman<Waldo.
Drucker<Mann Ry.
Hauptman<Edison Co.
Korapjeck<Bohack.
Press Pub Co<G & T L Assn.
Watts<Zucca.
Brandy<Mail & Exp.
McKinley, R & C Co<Beers.
Twomey<Walsh.
Schenieben<Int R T.
McNamara<Parrell.
Davidson<Howell.
Ladner<Rieger.
Williams<CNY.
Duffy<Linch.

SPECIAL TERM.—Part I.—Seabury, J. Litigated motions.
U Drug Co<Loeb.
Blight Overfield Co<O'Neil.
Rambaud<Rambaud.
In re Lipschitz.
Stern<Stern.
Platz<Hall-Chandler
Bachmann<Little.
Bohlinger<Frentz.
Brown<Simon.
Sarli<Sarli.
Dupay<Galbini.
Olcott<Converse.
Porter<Dobbs.
Weinberg<G U Paper Kaufman Costume Co<Kaufman G Co.
Creighton<S B Auto, &c.
Adlers<same.
Dalton<same.
Gallagher & Shean<Barton.
In re Solomon.
State Bk<King Const
Hobbs<Schumacher.
Spiegelman<Spiegel'n.
Cong, &c, Mikalwarie<Schiff.
In re Molea.
Margolas<Jet Realty
Cabot<Mark.
Same<same.
Benisch<Mandelbaum.
Same<same.
Lowe<Leary.
Foy<McGarry.
D A Ronco<Carners.
Steiner<Krimsky.
Wacker<Brown R & C.
Simon<Simon.
Wann<Hoppenstedt.
Luther<Garaway.
Uplift Film<Photo Drama.
Alwell<NY Ed Co.
Sayre<Prog C & L Co.
In re CNY.
Weinstein<Weeden.
Briedenbach<Briedenbach.
Stein<Caled G C, &c.
Haessler<Brower.
Jarmulowsky<Russell.
McDonald<Jacobs.
Millet<CNY.
Stevens<Minsker Rity.
Ablowich<Ablowich.
Stein<Stein.
Boland<Phillips.
Colozzi<Scerbo.
Hancock<Hancock.
Lowe<Leary.
Witmark & Sons<Peters.
Leavitt<Hald.
M G Babcock Co<Goodwin.
Same<same.
In re Stable Co.
Nichols<Decker.
Vingut<Sire.
CNY<Solomon.
In re Pabst Brew Co.
Hevenor<Hevenor.
Lippmann<Fanto.
Ambusch<Swimer.
Cohen<Swimer.
Mitchell<Van Duzer.
Pavlowa Bal't<Atwell.
Ettla<Engle.
McDowell<Sullivan.
Grassl<CNY.
Coffin<Mass B & Ins
Rambaut<same.
Kaufman<Kaufman.
Kurzman<Olsen.
Ferris<McClenahan.
Mandel<Hopkins.
Ryder<Hud S Steel.

PART II.—Guy, J. Ex parte business.

PART III.—Newburger, J. Motions. Demurrers.
Tochtadji<Marcogian. Preferred causes:
Coster<Woolley.
Spooner<Spooner
Public Bk<London.
Montgomery<Gibson.
Undefended divorces:
Hurwitz<Hurwitz.
Alperowitz<Alperowitz.
Levin<Levin.
Benger<Senger.
Ertler<Ertler.
Getz<Getz.
General calendar:
Alsop<McHugh.
Reinert<Schmidt.
Eidlitz<Mann Wrk Co.
Malcolm<Hoyt.
Koch<Fox.
Weinstein<Co-Free R
Kees<U S Oxygen Co.
Klein<Metz.
Van Hofe<Glasson.
Travers<Travers.
Price<Alexander.
Collins<De Jorio.
La Sala<Friedman.
Sciabla<Isel S Co.
Calvert<Calvert.
At 2 P. M.—Greenberg<Greenberg.
Clear.

PART IV.—Case on. PART VI.—Case on. PART VII.—Clear.

TRIAL TERM.—Part I. (Criminal.) Motions. Pleadings. Trial cal.
Nathan<Miller.
Clear.
M. H. Shamforoff.

TRIAL TERM.—Part II.—Erlanger, J.
Pilling<Cobe.
F. Butterfield Co<Lasher.
Clear.
De Cicco<Schweiser.
Same<same.
Miller<Soisol.

PART III.—Amend, J.
Fausini<NY,NH&C
Geary<Hinkle Iron Co.
Appe<Beadleston & Woerz.
Dixon<NY,NH&H.
Dagan<ThompsonStarrett Co.
Auerbach<Man Steam Dye Works.
Regan<Burt & Co.
Regan<Dorr.
Katz<Fishman.
Case on.

PART IV.—Cohalan, J.
Formanack<3d Av Ry.
Lendlin<De Blasio.
Hitzl<Bradley Con Co.
Greenberg<Peskin.
Dynes<Gimbel Bros.
Gaspermont<Same.
Clear.
Coglio<Bradley ConCo.
Nobile<Vogal.
Carfarte<Ocean Coast.
Libster<Lewis.
Shatzoff<B U El RR.
Maurice<Winslow.

PART V.—Dugro, J.
Bertham<Dohany
Palazza<B Hts, &c.
Baum<NY Rys.
Trench<Cleary.
Doherty<Constable.
Accia<T J Steen Co.
Allen<Henry.
Davey<same.
O'Donnell<Brown.
Coffyn<CNY.
Rosen<Degnon C Co.
Case on.

PART VI.—Gavegan, J.
Gudat<McOnie.
Flanagan<C Pk Taxi.
Bauerschmidt<Hemmingway Co.
Sale<Bradley Con Co.
Light<Fischer.
Cassati<Daggerty.
Gormley<CanavanBros Co.
Silberfreund<Murtha.
Cohn<Levy.
Fasolino<Linch.
Bonnett<Clay Met Co.
Concoaite<Cody, &c.
McCann<Fitzpatrick.
Nelson<Schaeffer.
Rela<Concie.
Clear.

PART VII.—Delany, J.
Levine<Levy.
Connell<Oceanic Steam Nav Co.
Gold<Kostein.
Baum<N Y Taxicab & Auto Co.
Beckett<CNY.
Case on.
Same<same.
Haberman<same.
Stander<same.
Fowler<Green.
Harris<S & M Con Co.
Drury<Am Fruit, &c.
Baum<N Y Taxi, &c.

PART VIII.—Brady, J.
Dalvey<C L Smith Co.
Clear.

PART IX.—Ford, J.
Newmark<Int Tr Co.
Frank<Berkowitz.
Slade<Dominick.
Frank<Berkowitz.
Slade<Dominick.
Steinberger<Nas H RR.
Williams<Bal Hts RR
Case on.
Bayer<Colonial Mantel & Ref Co.
Leary<Yellow Taxi Co.
Kenney<Campbell.
Forman<NY,NH,&c.
McCarran<Maas.
Benderman<Glassbury
Case on.

PART X.—Blanchard, J.
Romer<NY&HRRR.
Augustine<Schaefer.
Welply<Solomon.
Stumpf<Burns.
Williams<Bal Hts RR
Case on.
Buch<Barsky.
Desell<CNY.
Harris<CNY.
Patterson<Green.
Preifer<Orbach.
Zigler<Holbrook,C&R.

PART XI.—Goff, J.
Nocum<Mooyer.
Case on.

PART XII.—Hendrick, J.
Zimmer<Freund.
Fejes<Int R T.
Hackstein<Figueron.
Campe<Gilmer.
Wagner<Mager.
Case on.

PART XIV.—Philbin, J.
Sure Seal Co<Laeber.
Cohen<Weinstein.
Same<4d NY Waist Co.
Same<Schulelnowitz.
Bergen<Met Dairy Co.
Case on.

PART XV.—Whitaker, J.
Gerden<Giner.
Title G & T Co<Asbestos S, S & S Co.
Schubert<Baker.
Shellwerck & Co<Stollwerck.
Fagan<Com Tr Co NY.
85% Auto Supply Co<Hartford Susp Co.
Karp<L V RR.
Case on.

PART XVI.—Donnelly, J.
Meier<Stegmeier.
Currie<Vreeland.
Croker<Williamson.
Sheffield<C N Y.
Sanders<Schuemacher.
Killer<Hay.
Rand<1st C Christ Scientist.
Case on.

PART XVII.—Pendleton, J.—Case on. Herman<Wolff. No day cal.

PART XVIII.—Platzek, J.
Com of Ky<C E Merrill Co.
Marks<Springer.
Schlettman<Rodgers.
Alexander<Camb Tile Co.
Case on.

Surrogates' Court.

CHAMBERS.—Wills for probate.
Whitney Kerr.
Gustav Hoffman.
Frank Ott.
Fanny Fischer.
Zerlina Koff.
Julie Metzger.
Sidney W. Hopkins.
G. A. Goldsmith.
Bertha Strauss.
Henriette Colell.

City Court.

TRIAL TERM.—Part I., Schmuck, J.; II. Greene, J.; III., Delehanty, J.; IV., Smith, J.; V., Lynch, J.; VI., Finelite, J.; VII., McAvoy, J.; VIII., Gluck<Maker-Guiman.
Shapiro<Int RT Co.
Wall<Bernard.
Sanders & B<Cohen.
Tasch<Int RT Co.
Cicinelli<Muscella.
Arkush<Joline.
Picard<Kamber.
Ostrowsky<Kennedy.
Itkowitz<Robbins.
Alexander<De Marco.
Fletcher & S<Cronin.
Goldthwaite<NY Ry.
Le Chair<NYC & INT
Lascoy<Joline.
Dooley<Int RT.
Leaf<Roosen.
Goldfaden<Linch.
Forgeusen<Fordy.
Zeiler<Int RT.
Sniffen<Prud Dev Co.
Brown<Livelle.
Port<NY Transp.
Wanamaker<Am B Co
Fargo<Heusm'n M, &c
Kahn<Int RT.
Lowenstein<Abberd'ch
Norris<Gorden.
Whamend<N S Bd Tr.
Fidelity & Deposit Co<Marhbraugello.
Disbeaher<Cadillac H.
Menage<Pratt.
Beck<Dav Leath Co.
Quealy<C Sweet Co.
Schwal<Joline.
Jolly<Lederer.
Liritsky<Dorman.
Villaggio<OBrien, &c.
Bradshaw<Bradley C.
Giacania<same.
Johnson<W St Ry.
Tamraz<Schwartz.
US Trust<Terry.
Wenz<W Lt Co.
O'Donnell<Met P P Co.
Rosenthal<Sladon IW.
Banker<Cooley.
Kolger<Bowman.
Newell<Mt Vernon.
Gododnneix<Jackson Inc.
Vanscoy<W St Ry.
Liberty Br Co<Olt.
Wheipley<W St R R.
Wheipley<same.
Hopfer<NYCRR.
Conway<Naylor Bros.
Nichtern<W St Ry.
Nicoletto<Whitridge.
Chubaroff<Conc Bldg.
Stalnaoh Hards Co<same.

TRIAL TERM.—Part II.—Green, J.
Rosenstreich<Trieb.
Mendetz<Wood.
Endelman<Dallin.
Klein<US Grand Lge.
Cohen<Belsinger.
Martorano<B & O RR.
Wilcox<Wolf.
Press<Md Cas Co.
Suarez<Berdoulay.
Hotchkiss Bros Co<Superior Glass Co.
Hart<Rubinstein.
Grubitz<Osann Co.
Wagner<Katz.
Markert & H, &c, Co<Travelers' Ins Co.
Larman<Haffner.
Rosenthal<Block.
Garcia<Knight.
Wildback<Hopkins.
Rooney<Neuburg.
Weatherbee<Lawrence
Isaer<Cohen.
Hill<Raabe.
Axelrad<Brown Wreal Roth<Wallenberg.
Same<Weif.
Fuchs<Forrester.
Security Bank<Abrams
D'Angelo<Mestanis.
Riverside Mansions<Van Frankenberg.
Fischer<Whiton.
Aster<Buchler.
Polonsky<Wm.
IntlHatWks<Barthold.
Oppenheim—La Cros, Clear.

TRIAL TERM.—III., Case on; IV., case on; V., case on; VI., clear; VII., clear; VIII., case on.

PART II.—Green, J.
Rosenstreich<Trieb.
Mendetz<Wood.
Endelman<Dallin.
Klein<US Grand Lge.
Cohen<Belsinger.
Martorano<B & O RR.
Wilcox<Wolf.
Press<Md Cas Co.
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D'Angelo<Mestanis.
Riverside Mansions<Van Frankenberg.
Fischer<Whiton.
Aster<Buchler.
Polonsky<Wm.
IntlHatWks<Barthold.
Oppenhelm—La Cros, Clear.

PART III.—Erlanger, J.
Case on; IV., case on; V., case on; VI., clear; VII., clear; VIII., case on.

PART II.—Green, J.
Rosenstreich<Trieb.
Mendetz<Wood.
Endelman<Dallin.
Klein<US Grand Lge.
Cohen<Belsinger.
Martorano<B & O RR.
Wilcox<Wolf.
Press<Md Cas Co.
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Hotchkiss Bros Co<Superior Glass Co.
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Riverside Mansions<Van Frankenberg.
Fischer<Whiton.
Aster<Buchler.
Polonsky<Wm.
IntlHatWks<Barthold.
Oppenhelm—La Cros, Clear.

Surrogates' Court.

WILLS—Ketcham, S.
Margaret Connaughty, John Heller, Edward Slevin.
Charles Leuger. Magnus Anderson.

Accounting in the estates of:
Margaret Bell, Benjamin Fein, Hannah Clarke, John Hillard, William Maxwell, D. J. Beyers, Martin Nash,
Martin Burns, M. Urengal, A. J. Palmer, M. D. Palmer, Annie Smith, Eliza Mulry,
Estates of:
Peter Vogel, Florence Worthly, Eugene Tyler, Ross infants.
Frank Roos, Fred Hauck, Leopold Wicklund,

Contested Calendar—Wills of:
Louis Abelansky, Timothy Rafferty.
Antone Forlaenbach.

County Court.

CIVIL CAL.—Part IV.—Andrews, J.
Scaglione<Brooks.
Ginsberg<Bklyn, Q & Sub RR Co.
Murray<McCauls
Gibbons<Bkl Hts RR Co.
Carr<Nassau Elec RR.
Hume<Nassau RR Co.
Bowden<BHRR.
Heath<Miller.
D'Arcy<McCrystal.
Massino<McManus.

Reserved cal. marked ready, passed until Jan. 19.
These causes, if answered ready, will be passed for the day:

CRIMINAL CAL.—Part I.—Fawcett, J.
Frank Madison, John Hill, Emino Cimino, William Rapp, Jr., Wilmot H. Smith.
Joseph Byrne, John Legeo, Daniel Crawford, Hugh Bell.
Part II.—Dike, J.
John Mangan, Thomas Banahan, Charles Edw Scouten, Camino Castagnimo, William Gerard,
Part III.—Addington, J.—
Carmella Pisano, William Kehoe, Harry Pashkoff, Nicola Breco.

SPECIAL TERM—Manning, J.
Bahlman<Bahlman.
Mut Poultry Co<Morgan.
Mowery<Baker.
Van Buren<Humer.
Earl<Richardson.
Newland<Eagle&L'n
Keenan<Wallace.
Clark<Clark.
Scheinberg<Ptaschkinck.
Rose<Hancock Life In.
Green<Engelowitz.
Kirkpatrick<NY S Bk
Highest number rea
Price<Price.
Rupp<Rupp.
Reserve Calendar:
Rosenberg<Rosenberg.
Fine<Berson.
Culp<Culp.
Murray<Murray.
Dangler<Dangler.
Flynn<O'Keefe.
Crapp<Stanley.
Bell<Bell.
Simonson<Nafis.
O'Connell<O'Connell.
ched, 614.

TRIAL TERM—Part I., Garretson J.; II., Aspinall, J.; III., Kelby, J.; IV., Benedict, J.; V., Kelly, J.; VI., Kapper, J.; VII., Jaycox, J.
Nichols<CNY.
Walsh<Nungesser.
Miller<CNY.
Haeberle<Haeberle.
Bongard<Thos. et al.
Sherry<BHRR.
Dreyer<Brehowskyetal
Beck<CNY & ano.
Flaherty<Owens.
Johnson<NY & Cuba SS Co.
Drumm<Mer & Chap.
Sullivan<Bor Dev Co.
Donahue<B Un El.
Katzke<Sobel.
Tully<NY Herald.
Althert<Sohmer.
Lederer<Nassau RR
Holmes<BHRR.
Henning<BHRR.

These causes, if marked ready, will be passed for the day:
Schad<BHRR.
Reddy<Nassau RR.
Earl<Taunton.
Birsey<Tracy.
Bielewski<Turner Con.
Dougherty<BHRR.
Messing<Stand V Co.
Meyers<NY Ev Journ Pub Co.
Cassidy<BHRR.
Grant<Kirkman&Son.
Johnston<Cranford Co.
Nicholas<CNY.
Marshall<Sand&WCo.
O'Neill<Int Suns Soc.
Devny<Plaut.
Hanway<BHRR.
Highest number rea ched, 2210.
Obermeyer & Liebmann<McKeever.
Fettel<Ulnick.
Mickelson<Nat Firepr't
Bratrow<NassauBCo.
Keilman<Hyde&Sons.
Morin<Nassau RR.
Pilato<Smith & Sons.
Chilaghan<SmithCCo.
Schultz<Young.
Bario<AmSh Roll Co.
Lenger<BHRR.
Hunt<Ham-AmL&an.
Rose<Woolfall.
Sussman<CNY.
Crook<B,QCo&BRR
Danna<Reilly.

SPECIAL TERM—Aspinall, J. Ex parte business.

CRIMINAL CAL.—Part VII.—Jaycox, J.
Thomas McCarthy. John Trainor.

Surrogate's Court.

WILLS—Ketcham, S.
Margaret Connaughty, John Heller, Edward Slevin.
Charles Leuger. Magnus Anderson.

Accounting in the estates of:
Margaret Bell, Benjamin Fein, Hannah Clarke, John Hillard, William Maxwell, D. J. Beyers, Martin Nash,
Martin Burns, M. Urengal, A. J. Palmer, M. D. Palmer, Annie Smith, Eliza Mulry,
Estates of:
Peter Vogel, Florence Worthly, Eugene Tyler, Ross infants.
Frank Roos, Fred Hauck, Leopold Wicklund,

Contested Calendar—Wills of:
Louis Abelansky, Timothy Rafferty.
Antone Forlaenbach.

County Court.

CIVIL CAL.—Part IV.—Andrews, J.
Scaglione<Brooks.
Ginsberg<Bklyn, Q & Sub RR Co.
Murray<McCauls
Gibbons<Bkl Hts RR Co.
Carr<Nassau Elec RR.
Hume<Nassau RR Co.
Bowden<BHRR.
Heath<Miller.
D'Arcy<McCrystal.
Massino<McManus.

Reserved cal. marked ready, passed until Jan. 19.
These causes, if answered ready, will be passed for the day:

CRIMINAL CAL.—Part I.—Fawcett, J.
Frank Madison, John Hill, Emino Cimino, William Rapp, Jr., Wilmot H. Smith.
Joseph Byrne, John Legeo, Daniel Crawford, Hugh Bell.
Part II.—Dike, J.
John Mangan, Thomas Banahan, Charles Edw Scouten, Camino Castagnimo, William Gerard,
Part III.—Addington, J.—
Carmella Pisano, William Kehoe, Harry Pashkoff, Nicola Breco.

SPECIAL TERM—Scudder, J.—Litigated motions.
Koffler<Klauber & an.
Anderson<Anderson.
Dikeal<Silman et al.
Dikeal<Silman.
In re NY M Ry (13 & 14th Ave) Anfreana.
People<Grosul.
People<Askey.
In re Celia Maybaum.
Fox<BHRR Co.
Bruggner<Bruggner.
Nemoiter<Nemoiter.
Duss<Duss.
J B Friesander Co<Parshelsky Bros.
Eisenhauer<Jones.
In re Farley (DeRaes)
In re Farley(Goldman)
E'burnt Oc<Jones et al.
Reimer<O Singer DCo.
Kiernan<Kiernan.
Stoercke<Stoercke.
Brooks<Singer S Mfg Co.
Drake & ano<Griggs et al.
In re Robinson St (Ingram.)
Kusiak<Hues.
Naughton<Joyce et al.
Kilheimer<Kendall et al.
In re Palmer.
Klopsch<Klopsch.
Skouger<Skouger.
Wick<Wick.
Judson<Edwards et al.
Matthewson<Mente.
Baldinger & K Mfg Co<Rosenbluth.
Hansen, Peder<Wemple Co.
Hansen, Geo.<Wemple Co.
Moresco<Moresco.
Kangan, P.<Tartarsky.
Kangan, I.<BMenRity.
Clarke<Sicil Asphalt.
Paulsen<Paulsen.
Randelstein<Wahl.
Cohen<Coast M & CCo.
Tisdale, L Co<Read S & ano.

These causes, if marked ready, will be passed for the day:
Finkelson<NY & L I Trac.
Krantz<Mayer.
Erschek<US Metal, &c, & ano.
Zandi<U'pin & Found Co.
Bistritzsky<Silman.
Miller<Geo Ringler Co.
Mack<CNY.
Jones<CNY.
Gonenbusky<Nat Sug Ref.

Highest No. reached, 805.

County Court.

CRIMINAL TERM.—Humphrey, J.
People<B McSorley, J O'Brien, C Tobin.
People<A Ambrosino.
People<J Allocco, & J Senna.
People<H McDonald, T J Alger.

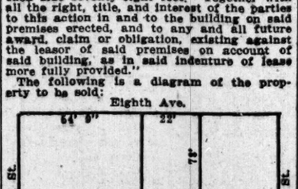
Referees' Notices

SUPREME COURT, NEW YORK COUNTY.—AMELIE LAMBERT, Plaintiff, against CAMILLE O. A. PERCEVAL, Frederiqua Pauline Roach, (formerly Frederiqua Pauline Nouvel,) and Gustave N. Nouvel, both individually and as executrix and executor, respectively, under the last will and testament of Amelie Nouvel, deceased, and Giovanni Batisto Raffetto and Robert Strange Maffitt, as executors under the last will and testament of said Amelie Nouvel, deceased.

In pursuance of an interlocutory judgment of partition and sale, duly made and entered in the above-entitled action, and bearing date the 24th day of December, 1913, I, the undersigned, the referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction, at the Exchange Salesroom, Nos. 14-16 Vesey Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 28th day of January, 1914, at 12 o'clock noon on that day, by Joseph P. Day, auctioneer, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold, and therein described as follows:

"All that certain leasehold or lease, dated February 1st, 1911, expiring May 1st, 1932, recorded in the office of the Register of the County of New York on the 22d day of May, 1912, in Block Series (Conveyances) section 3, Liber 176, page 104, and relating to premises known as 360 Eighth Avenue, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, County of New York, more particularly bounded and described as follows: All that certain lot of land, with the building and improvements thereon, being part of two certain lots, situate, lying, and being in the Twentieth Ward of the City of New York, distinguished on a certain map of the Twelfth (now Twentieth) Ward of the City of New York, belonging to the estate of Cornelius Ray, deceased, dated February 11th, 1834, made by Edwin Smith, City Surveyor, on file in the Register's office of the City and County of New York, by numbers seventy-three and seventy-four, and bounded and described as follows: Southeastwardly and in front by Eighth Avenue, southwestwardly by a line parallel with the northeasterly side of Twenty-eighth Street, and distant fifty-four feet and nine inches northeastwardly therefrom, northwestwardly by a line parallel with the northwesterly side of Eighth Avenue and distant seventy-eight feet northwestwardly therefrom, and northeastwardly by a line parallel with Twenty-eighth Street and distant seventy-six feet and nine inches northeastwardly therefrom; containing in width and front on Eighth Avenue and the rear twenty-two feet, and in length on each side seventy-eight feet. Together with all the right, title, and interest of the parties to this action in and to the building on said premises erected, and to any and all future award, claim or obligation, existing against the leasor of said premises on account of said building, as in said indenture of lease more fully provided."

The following is a diagram of the property to be sold:



Dated New York, December 26th, 1913.
ROBERT P. BEYER, Attorney for Plaintiff, 220 Broadway, N. Y.

SURROGATE NOTICES.

Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of the County of New York:

Notice is herby given to all persons having claims against BERTHA FUCHS, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscribers at their place of transacting business, at the office of Stern & Pompan, No. 261 Broadway, in the City of New York, on or before the 3d day of March next.

Dated New York, the 20th day of August, 1913. EUGENE I. GOTTLIEBS, IGNATZ GROSS, Executors.
STERN & POMPAN, Attorneys for Executors, 261 Broadway, Manhattan, N. Y. C.

JACOBSEN, ANNA.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against Anna Jacobsen, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at his place of transacting business, the office of De Forest Brothers, No. 80 Broad Street, in the City of New York, on or before the 15th day of May next. Dated New York, the 10th day of November, 1913. FREDERIC B. MORLOCK, Executor. DE FOREST BROTHERS, Attorneys. Executor, 80 Broad Street, New York.

High-class Business Opportunities are offered daily on next to last page of The New York Times. An advertisement under this classification to-morrow may obtain the desired result.—Adv.

WILLS FOR PROBATE.

AMEND, ROBERT F., (died Jan. 6;) left $10,000 each of realty and personalty; $5,000 to Frieda Kuehner; uncomputed amounts to Josephine B. Amend, wife, Gertrude Amend, daughter.

BECKER, MARY, (Dec. 18;) about $8,500 personalty; one-ninth of residuary estate each to Paul J., Jackson H., John and Charles Becker, sons, and Elizabeth Neuberger and Catherine Genither, daughters; one-eighteenth of the residuary estate each to Edward O. Weyrauch and John Weyrauch, grandsons, and Laura Weyrauch, Mary Weyrauch, Mary Roberts, and Maud Shaw, granddaughters.

HADDEN, JAMES E. S., (Jan. 4;) more than $2,000 realty and more than $5,000 personalty to Emily G. Hadden, wife.

KUHLKE, JACOB, (June 5;) more than $200 personalty; $100 to the Fritz Reuter Altenheim; residue in uncomputed amounts to relatives and friends.

MANIFOLD, ALBERT W. F., (Oct. 30;) left less than $10,000 personalty to Isabella Manifold, sister.

MEGARGEE, JOHN A., (Oct. 8;) more than $5,000 each of realty and personalty in equal shares to Franklin Megargee, father, and Elizana B. Megargee, mother.

ROLAND, JAMES, (Jan. 2;) more than $5,000 realty and less than $5,000 personalty in equal shares to James M. Roland, son, and Margaret W. Custons and Josephine F. R. Ward, daughters.

SAVAGE, CATHERINE L., (Jan. 3;) $9,000 personalty to C. J. Savage, son.

SLOMAN, ELIZABETH C., (Dec. 13;) less than $4,000 personalty to Anne W. Sloman, her sister.

VON GLAHN, GUSTAV T., (Jan. 5;) more than $5,000 each of realty and personalty; $3,000 each to Metta Heinemann, Anna Bolten, Dorothea Bolten, Johann Bolten, Hinrich Bolten, Hermann Mehrtens; $1,000 each to Hermann Bolten, Hinrich Mehrtens, Henry Pein, Lutheran Cemetery, Wartburg Orphans' Farm School, Fritz Reuter Altenheim, and the St. John's Evan. Luth. Church; $500 each to Bette Bolten, sister, Claus Bolten, Carrie Heintz, and Anna Mehrtens, half sister; uncomputed amounts to H. W. Von Glahn, brother, Meta Von Glahn, sister-in-law, Anna D. Fuchs, niece, and Hermann H. Von Glahn, nephew.

WESTCHESTER COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

DAY CALENDAR.—Part I.—Keogh, J.; II., Morschauser, J.
Furo<Desalvo.
Gibbs<Gen Savgs, &c.
Mende<McHugh.
Vernon Cont & C Co<N Y I U Dev Co.
Havey<Harris.
McKeon<Webbe.
Sheets<Yonkers RR.

These causes, if answered ready, will be passed for the day:
Keery<Daniels Co.
Toronto<W St Ry.
Saladino<NY, NH, &c.
Jenks<Pres. of Ossining.
Conklin<Birdsall.
Berry<NYC RR.
Cornell<Boylston.
Scheidler<NY, NH, &c.
Wilson<White Plains.
Thomas<Benz A J Co.
Phillips<NY, W&BRR.
Muench<Terry & T.
Taranto<Bd Ed, N Y.
Linehan<Silver.
Donohue<McGrath.
Landati<Pksk1 Lt Co.
Rosenthal<Sladon IW.
Banker<Cooley.
Kolger<Bowman.
Newell<Mt Vernon.
Gododnneix<Jackson Inc.
Vanscoy<W St Ry.
Liberty Br Co<Olt.
Wheipley<W St R R.
Wheipley<same.
Hopfer<NYCRR.
Conway<Naylor Bros.
Nichtern<W St Ry.
Nicoletto<Whitridge.
Chubaroff<Conc Bldg.
Stalnaoh Hards Co<same.

SPECIAL TERM—Mills, J.
Smith<Bath.
Reardon<Lynch.
Fell<Pignotero.
Miller<Baker.
Koster<Moore.
Nuboer<Haight.
Levinton<Kadish.
Port Chester L Co<Travers.
Paine<Mattern.
Same<same.

County Court.

DAY CALENDAR.—Platt, J.
Aiello<Rocco.
Mastey<Delillo.
Allan<Downin.
Stocker<Zrzybowski.
Larsen<Murray.
Cregier<Sharkey.
Same<same.
Gibson<Hope.
Seymour<Farley.
Seidel<Miller.
Sutherland<Fox.
Wyndeen<Yonk Fin Co.
Kurotz<NY&StamRy.
Lay<Ianni.
Delasho<Yonkers RR.
Brennans Garage<Lawrence.
Scott<Witt.
Heassler<Secor.
Obermeyer & Liebmann<Newill.
Mingoy<G Spr Wa Co.
Conklin<Sansone.
Silano<Siwanoy C Cl.
Silano<same.
Malcolm<Siwanoy C C
Silano<same.
Malcolm<Glasier.
Boyle<Seymour.
Luper<W St Ry Co.

These causes, if answered ready, will be passed for the day:
Eagle Savings, &c,<Brigh'n H Dev et al.
Nahe<Maguire.
Bischoff & ano<Thompson & ano.
Lynch<Gold et al.
Highest number reached, 280.
Same<Thompson & ano.
Mayo, as admr<Todd & ano.
Godett<N Deutsche Ins. &c.
Tesar<NY & Q Ry.
Bossert & ano<Katz et al.
Bossert & ano<Harskowitz et al.
Bk of L I<Folger.
Haviland<Nebeling et al.

TRIAL TERM.—Crane, J.
Com Farley<Winkler & ano.
Same<Thompson & ano.
Godett<N Deutsche Ins. &c.
Tesar<NY & Q Ry.
Vickers, as admx<Midtown Cont Co.
McCutcheon<Beling.
Graham et al<Kelly.
Garbon<Kerry.
Remlinger<Neptune Meter Co.
Lutz<Bender & ano.
Cullman<Bklyn Hts RR.

These causes, if marked ready, will be passed for the day:
Gyntwy<Arbuckle & ano.
Karlson<Gilbert & B Mfg.
Atl Marconi Co<P C Cas Co.
Nowakowski<NY&NS Trac.
Moynihan<CNY et al.
Rybacki, as admx<NY Tel & ano.
Huscher, as admx<NY & Q E Light, &c.
Hetner<King, as rec.
Fletcher<CNY.
Highest No. reached, 805.
Finkelson<NY & L I Trac.
Krantz<Mayer.
Erschek<US Metal, &c, & ano.
Zandi<U'pin & Found Co.
Bistritzsky<Silman.
Miller<Geo Ringler Co.
Mack<CNY.
Jones<CNY.
Gonenbusky<Nat Sug Ref.

County Court.

CRIMINAL TERM.—Humphrey, J.
People<B McSorley, J O'Brien, C Tobin.
People<A Ambrosino.
People<J Allocco, & J Senna.
People<H McDonald, T J Alger.

Referees' Notices

SUPREME COURT, NEW YORK COUNTY.—AMELIE LAMBERT, Plaintiff, against CAMILLE O. A. PERCEVAL, Frederiqua Pauline Roach, (formerly Frederiqua Pauline Nouvel,) and Gustave N. Nouvel, both individually and as executrix and executor, respectively, under the last will and testament of Amelie Nouvel, deceased, and Giovanni Batisto Raffetto and Robert Strange Maffitt, as executors under the last will and testament of said Amelie Nouvel, deceased.

In pursuance of an interlocutory judgment of partition and sale, duly made and entered in the above-entitled action, and bearing date the 24th day of December, 1913, I, the undersigned, the referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction, at the Exchange Salesroom, Nos. 14-16 Vesey Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 28th day of January, 1914, at 12 o'clock noon on that day, by Joseph P. Day, auctioneer, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold, and therein described as follows:

"All that certain leasehold or lease, dated February 1st, 1911, expiring May 1st, 1932, recorded in the office of the Register of the County of New York on the 22d day of May, 1912, in Block Series (Conveyances) section 3, Liber 176, page 104, and relating to premises known as 360 Eighth Avenue, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, County of New York, more particularly bounded and described as follows: All that certain lot of land, with the building and improvements thereon, being part of two certain lots, situate, lying, and being in the Twentieth Ward of the City of New York, distinguished on a certain map of the Twelfth (now Twentieth) Ward of the City of New York, belonging to the estate of Cornelius Ray, deceased, dated February 11th, 1834, made by Edwin Smith, City Surveyor, on file in the Register's office of the City and County of New York, by numbers seventy-three and seventy-four, and bounded and described as follows: Southeastwardly and in front by Eighth Avenue, southwestwardly by a line parallel with the northeasterly side of Twenty-eighth Street, and distant fifty-four feet and nine inches northeastwardly therefrom, northwestwardly by a line parallel with the northwesterly side of Eighth Avenue and distant seventy-eight feet northwestwardly therefrom, and northeastwardly by a line parallel with Twenty-eighth Street and distant seventy-six feet and nine inches northeastwardly therefrom; containing in width and front on Eighth Avenue and the rear twenty-two feet, and in length on each side seventy-

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 14.—The cold wave continues in New England, although with some moderation since Tuesday night, and low temperatures also continue in the Middle and South Atlantic States, but over the interior it is generally warmer, with temperatures much above the seasonal average in the lake region and the West generally, except in the central Rocky Mountain region.

A disturbance now central over Lake Superior has caused some snow in the upper lake region, and rains and snows also continue west of the Rocky Mountains, with another pronounced depression over British Columbia.

There will be local snows Thursday in the lower lake region and Thursday night or Friday in New England and Eastern New York.

Rains and snows will also continue west of the Rockies, and will extend into the Northwest.

Elsewhere the weather will be fair Thursday and Friday.

It will be warmer Thursday in the Atlantic States, the lower lake region, and the Ohio Valley, and moderate temperatures will prevail Friday over all districts.

Winds for Thursday and Friday along the North Atlantic Coast will be variable, becoming south during Thursday and increasing; Middle Atlantic Coast, south and increasing; South Atlantic Coast, moderate northeast and east.

FORECASTS; TO-DAY AND FRIDAY.

Eastern New York—Increasing cloudiness and warmer Thursday; probably local snows at night. Friday, fair; brisk and high southwest to west winds.

New Jersey—Fair, warmer Thursday. Friday, fair; brisk to moderate southwest to west winds.

New England—Increasing cloudiness and warmer Thursday; snow at night or Friday; warmer Friday in Eastern Maine; variable winds, becoming south and southwest and increasing.

Western New York—Snow and warmer Thursday. Friday, probably fair, brisk and high southwest to west winds.

Eastern Pennsylvania—Increasing cloudiness and warmer Thursday; probably snow in afternoon or night in north. Friday, fair; brisk to moderate light southwest to northwest winds.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at midnight, taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

1913.	1914.		1913.	1914.
8 A. M.....27	—3	4 P. M.....35	19	
6 A. M.....26	—3	6 P. M.....34	18	
9 A. M.....31	0	9 P. M.....32	13	
12 M.....34	10	11 P. M.....33	13	

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 7; for the corresponding date last year it was 30; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 30.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 1 below zero; at 8 P. M. it was 14 above. Maximum temperature, 19 degrees at 4 P. M.; minimum, 5 below zero at 2 A. M. Humidity, 58 per cent. at 8 A. M.; 48 per cent. at 8 P. M.

The barometer at 8 A. M. yesterday registered 30.51 inches; at 8 P. M. it stood at 30.39 inches.

FIRE RECORD.

A. M.

12:20—209 E. Houston St.; H. Cult.....$20
2:10—100 Bowery; Emanuel Wagner, $2,500
2:25—427 Walton Av.; R. Stephens; not given
3:80—Ft. E. 30 St.; the city.....Slight
4:45—876 Amstd. Av.; Louis Klein; not given
4:45—237 W. 126th St.; Margaret Schaefer, $500
4:52—37 Col. Av.; James & Leonard..Slight
5:30—248 E. 84 St.; Friendly Aid....$1,000
6:45—240 Sullivan St.; not given.....Not given
7:30—211 Eldridge St.; not given.....Slight
7:30—118 Columbia St.; J. Fireman.....$25
7:30—1,059 B'way; Mathusek Bros.....$60
7:45—20 E. 8th St.; not given.....Not given
8:00—740 2d Av.; Tony Brito.....Slight
8:35—911 Eagle Av.; Isaac Brooke.....$10
9:00—374 W. 125 St.; G. B. Wilson..Slight
9:00—37 E. 75 St.; F. H. Cabot...Not given
9:25—221 W. 41 St.; not given.....Not given
9:30—C St. at Dykeman St.; Jos. Eirmann.....$2,000
9:35—2 W. 39 St.; Lord & Taylor.....Slight
10:40—18 W. 18 St.; Louisa Minturn..Slight
10:45—284 E. 2 St.; David Vasinsky..Slight
10:50—525 W. 143 St.; Cohen R. E. Co..Slight
10:50—145 Essex St.; Morris Green.....Slight
11:00—144 Av. Harry Parker.....Slight
11:10—140 Mad Av. Dr. Mittendorf...Slight
11:20—186 E. 109 St.; H. Stern.....Slight
11:25—251 E. 125 St.; Jennie Wulffin..Slight
11:30—630 E. 9 St.; Marcus Miller.....Slight
11:30—408 W. 88 St.; not given.....None
11:30—147 Elizabeth St.; not given.....$25
11:35—320 E. Houston St.; Roppelfeld..Slight
11:45—535 W. 69 St.; C. Gosaling.....Slight
11:55—794 W. End Av.; G. O'Neill's Mate.

P. M.

12:10—872 W. End Av.; A. K. Wright..Slight
12:20—5 E. 125d St.; Mrs. Frowstein..Slight
12:25—895 Hudson St.; Mrs. Thompson..Slight
12:35—211 Henry St.; Morris Solowf..Slight
12:35—444 B'wy; not given.....None
12:45—146 Mad. Av.; Mariana Bergeron..$30
12:50—262 34 St.; Adolph Kline.....Slight
12:50—3,320 Barker Av.; Dr. A. F. Maise.....Slight
12:55—201 W. 147 St.; Mrs. Chandler...$100
1:00—424 E. 51 St.; Mrs. McDonald..Slight
1:30—314-316 E. 101 St.; H. Webber..Slight
1:40—418 6 Av.; Aaron Green.....Slight
1:40—1,004 Eathgate Av.; Fox.....$500
1:50—38 W. 47 St.; M. Mohlman.....Slight
2:00—330 W. 56 St.; H. Hausman.....$25
2:25—449 W. 38 St.; Warren Green..Slight
2:30—186 Delancey St.; H. Rusone.....$100
2:30—180 W. Moses Bec.....$20
3:20—658 11 Av. Aug. Burke.....Slight
3:40—34 Delancey St.; J. Fischman..Slight
3:45—61 Courtland St.; not given.....$500
4:00—46 W. 29 St.; Rosenthal.....Slight
4:00—840 6 Av.; Burns Florist.....Slight
4:00—113 Fulton St.; not given.....Slight
4:20—1,083 Webster Av.; A. Neugbauer.....Slight
4:50—184 Chambers St.; J. M. Schneider & Co.....Slight
5:00—131 W. 100 St.; H. W. Gilbert...Slight
5:05—84 E. 111 St.; Esther Weinberg..Slight
5:15—1,100 F'klin Av.; H. E. McCabe..Slight
5:30—407 E. 121 St.; Ex. Bottl. Co.....Slight
5:30—55 St. at 1 Av.; St. John Ch....Slight
6:00—220 W. 115 St.; Mary Russell.....Slight
6:15—2,000 Boston Av.; C. Farley.....$100
6:20—202 E. 116 St.; Mary Jackson.....Slight
7:30—9-11 E. 16 St.; Jos. Ullman.....Slight
8:00—1,026 Park Av.; B. Maxman.....$1,000
8:00—450 W. 163 St.; Chas. Bresser..Trifling
8:15—188 Av. A; Washton Beef Co..Slight
8:33—10 Pitt St.; A. Hienicke.....Slight
9:00—35 E. 116 St.; Leo Sanders.....Slight
9:00—302 W. 146 St.; Jas. Williams..Slight
9:20—300 Cherry St.; Mr. Miller.....Slight
9:40—1,132 3 Av.; N. Silverstein.....Slight
9:45—519 W. 139 St.; Mrs. Shannon..Slight
11:45—52 Norfolk St.; Backarch.....Slight
11:50—102 W. 138th St.; Am. Ex. Realty Co.....Slight

THE UNITED SERVICE.

Special to The New York Times.

Army Orders.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 14.—Capt. D. H. Currie, Sig. Corps, Hqs. Southern Dept., to Texas City, before April 1, to relieve Capt. H. Rubottom.

Medical Corps board: Maj. T. S. Bratton, Capt. W. P. Banta, to meet Jan. 19 at Fort McPherson, Ga., to exam. appl. appt. in Med. Corps.

Col. J. T. Thompson, Ord. Dept., to the Springfield Armory, Mass., business.

Col. R. M. Blatchford, Inf., 11 to 12 Inf.

1st Lt. S. L. Pike, Inf., military prison, to Texas City for duty on Brig. Gen. T. F. Davis's staff.

2d Lts. N. W. Peek, 13 Inf., and H. Polk, 8 Cav., Letterman Hosp., San Fran., to A. & N. Hosp., Hot Springs, for observ.

Leaves: Capt. A. C. Voris, Sig. Corps, 10 days; 1st Lt. W. F. Shrap, 2 F. A., 3 mos.; Capt. O. P. Townshend, Porto Rico, Inf., 4 days.

Navy Orders.

Lt. K. B. Crittenden, the Colo. to the Charleston.

Lt. R. V. Lowe, detached Na., Kansas City, to the Birmingham as Sr. eng. officer.

Lt. T. B. Barnette, the Maine, to the Mass.

Ens. F. H. Kelley, S. Dak., to the St. Louis.

Ens. F. C. Sherman the Md. to the Cheyenne.

Ch. Mach. G. Grow[illegible] the S. Dak. to the Chattanooga.

Mach. H. A. Re[illegible]p N. Y., to N. Y., N. Y., with[illegible] out the N. Y. and on her when com.

Marine Corps.

Maj. M. J. Shaw, barracks, D. C., to mar. off., P. Pac. fleet.

Capt. C. C. Carpenter, army serv. sch., Ft. Leavenworth, to barracks, N. Y.

Naval Vessels.

Arrived—Pittsburgh at San Blas, Mex.

Sailed—Wilmington, Hongkong, for Amoy; Mich., Vera Cruz, for N. Y.; Arethusa, Port Arthur, Tex., for Guantanamo, and Rocket, Norfolk, for Indian Head and Washington.

Tacoma from e. coast Mex. for Portsmouth, N. H., to arrive about Jan. 25.

Nashville ordered Guantanamo to Port au Prince, Haiti.

POLICE AND FIRE NEWS.

Police Department.

Transfers.—Sergt. Thomas Connolly, 35, to 33 Prect.; Patrol. James Breen, 21, to 20 Prect.; F. X. Hogan, 21 Prect., to 3d Insp. Dist.; Francis Mullahey, 3d [illegible] to 36 Prect. (Mutual.) Patrolmen [illegible] n, 35 to 65 Prect.; E. D. Tay[illegible] to 38 Prect.

Restored to Duty.—Lieut. G. S. Wheeler, 15 Prect. Patrol, Jos. Rosenstock, 15 Prect.

Suspended.—Lieut. G. S. Wheeler, 15 Prect.; Patrol. Jos. Rosenstock, 15 Prect.; G. T. Bosch, 167 Prect. Prob. Patrol—M. T. Fick, 26 Prect.

Fire Department.

Prob. Firemen J. J. Harrington to report to Medical Board Jan. 16.

Capt. Isaac Ludgate, H. & L. 104, is designated Act. Ch. of B. Battalion, vice Capt. T. J. Connelly, Eng. 221, whose detail is revoked.

EDUCATION NOTES.

The fourth annual reunion and dance of the Alumni Association of Public School 16, the Bronx, will be held on the evening of Jan. 23 at the Bedford Park Casino, 200th Street and Webster Avenue.

A meeting of the Evening High School Teachers' Association will be held at 4 P. M., Friday, in the De Witt Clinton High School, Fifty-ninth Street and Tenth Avenue.

New Public School 172, Fourth Avenue and Twenty-ninth Street, Brooklyn, will be opened next month.

Public School 70, Middle Village, Queens, will be discontinued and its pupils transferred to Public School 87, Middle Village.

The following were appointed yesterday as teachers of physical training in the elementary schools: Alice A. Kurlander, Gertrude A. Dix, Vera Seaton Schmauss, Jacob Silbert, and Sidney Kranz. Their appointments are to take effect Feb. 2.

B. L. Snyder and W. M. Van Name were appointed yesterday as elementary school Principals. The former will be assigned to Public School 52, Manhattan, and the latter to Public School 122, Brooklyn.

The Board of Education has made the seven classes organized in the Jewish Protectory School at Hawthorne, N. Y., an annex to Public School 192, Manhattan.

Kate Van Wagenen, Principal of Public School 2, the Bronx, was transferred yesterday by the Board of Education to Public School 33, Manhattan.

The kindergarten is the subject of special study by a newly organized division of the United States Bureau of Education. The new division, which is made possible by a cooperative arrangement between the National Kindergarten Association and the Government, is directed by Miss Bessie Locke, Secretary of the association, with headquarters in New York City. Miss Myra Winchester has been placed in charge of the work of the bureau. The first published work of the division, which will be ready in a few weeks, is a report on present kindergarten conditions in the United States. The report will include statistics of public and private kindergartens for the last year; opinions of school Superintendents, supervisors, and primary teachers as to the advantage possessed by the kindergarten-trained child over the child without such training, and other material dealing with current school problems as affected by the kindergarten.

THE CIVIL SERVICE.

City.

The following eligible lists have been promulgated by the Municipal Civil Service Commission:

Micro-Photographer, Pathological Laboratory—Kenneth D. Bryson, 88.

Pharmacist—Ignatz Shuloff, 85.60; Raymond D. Cullen, 82.60; Frederick W. Werner, 81; Rose Shuloff, 78.20; Henry Rubinstein, 77.70; George F. Clayton, 77.20; Louis Merin, 76.40.

United States.

The United States Civil Service Commission announces an open competitive examination for the New York Custom House for Inspector of mechanical and electrical engineering, for men only, on Jan 21, 22, and 23, to fill a vacancy, at $2,000 a year, in the office of the Supervising Architect of the Treasury. Competitors will be examined in practical questions in mechanical and electrical engineering, drawing and design, and training and experience. Applicants who do not show that they have had sufficient training and experience to entitle them to a rating of 70 per cent. or more in this subject will not be admitted to the examination. The duties consist of inspecting and testing the mechanical and electrical equipments entering into the modern Government or office building. It is desired that applicants shall have had practical experience in the design, construction, and inspection of work in the following branches of mechanical, electrical, and sanitary engineering: Heating and ventilating apparatus, plumbing, water supply and drainage, conduit and wiring work, elevators, vacuum cleaning systems, and electric generating plants. The duties of the position in which a vacancy exists at present will necessitate constant travel on department business. Age limit, 20 years or over on the date of the examination. Further information may be obtained from the United States Civil Service Commission, Washington, D. C.

ESTATES APPRAISED.

CHAMPION, LOUISE, (died May 6, 1913;) net estate, $4,821.45; property on Watchogue Rd., Richmond, N. Y., $4,500; cash, $372.68; rents collected, $256.56, jewelry, $372.50; furniture, $250.

COSTIKYAN, HARGAZOON, (July 14, 1913;) net estate, $20,191.39; ins. policies, $13,000; notes, $7,486.25; personal effects, $100.

FEIST, HENRIETTA, (April 2, 1912;) net estate, $15,782.09; one-half interest in 437 W. 46 St., $11,300 (mortg. $8,000;) one-half int. in 442 E. 52 St., $7,500 (mortg. $6,000;) prem., 107 W. 134 St., $20,000 (mortg. $15,000;) lot at Greenburgh, N. Y., $100; total realty, $10,100; bank, $6,119.64; ins., &c., $189.20; personalty, $325.

GUNN, ELISHA, (Mar. 26, 1897;) net estate in N. Y., $12,277.28; 300 shares Adams Exp. Co. stock, $6,584.31; 155 shares B. & A. R. R., $6,114.68; entire estate, $243,500.

KOEHLER, FLORENCE, (Jan. 4, 1910;) net estate, $11,993.48; int. in realty under will of her father, $6,937.50; bank, $2,159.79; int. in money from mortg., $3,877.60.

LEVISON, HATTIE, (Apr. 7, 1913;) net estate, $42,472.29; 123 W. 45 St., $43,000 (mortg., int. & taxes, $20,465.75;) bank, $20,-149.90; personal ef., $1,313.

McGEE, CATHERINE M., (June 17, 1910;) gross estate, $8,850; net estate, $2,167.50; stable on E. 24 St., $34,000 (mortg. $30,000;) lot, $4,000 (mortg. $3,000;) bank, $600; personal ef., $50.

RYAN, CORNELIUS J., (April 20, 1911;) net estate, $723,450.37; 140 W. 42 St., $250,000; 556 7 Av., $80,000 (mortg. $35,000;) 318 W. 72 St., $70,000 (mortg. $39,000;) 712 St. Nicholas Av., $18,000 (mortg. $16,500;) 61 Whitestone Av., Flushing, $10,364.80; 200 acres land at Lloyd's Neck, L. I., $50,000; premises, Waterloo, N. Y., $1,200; total realty, $385,434.80; bank, $327.50; stocks, bonds, $376,379.05; these stocks: 85 shares Md. Trust Co., 575 Manor Min. & Mfg. Co., 200 Druid Ridge Cemetery & Balto. Co., 20 Balto. & Nat. Auto. Fire Ahrm Co., 250 So. Balto. Steel Car & Iron Co., 31 B'klyn W. & Storage Co., 100 Am. Cement Co., 200 Cooper Diamond C. & Polishing Co., 1,400 Elec. Lead Reduction Co., 2,000 U. Gold & Plat. Mines, 4 Rice Elec. Tract., 50 Brake Co., 94.52 N. Y. Mail & Newspaper Transp. Co., 100 Degnon Realty & Terminal Co., 25 Bonzano Railjoint Co., 50 Trust Co. of Am., 700 Phila. Co., common; 200 Seattle C. & I. Co., 361 Nat'l Car Wheel Co., 150 Am. Union Mills Co., 100 N. Y. Elec. Vehicle Co., 100 West. Terminal Co., 104 Cayuta Mfg. Co., 20 23 Ward Bk., 125 Const. Realty Co., 100 D. & Rio Grande, 100 Lincoln Safe Dep. Co. These bonds: $5,000 Old Point Comfort Imp. Co.; $2,000 Am. Cement Co., $3,000 West. Terminal Co., $9,000 Monongahela Riv. R. R., $11,000 Nat'l Car Wheel, $24,000 Cambridge & Muskingum V. Coal Co., $6,700 Lyons Water Works Co., $50,000 N. Y. C. 4½s, $900 Am. Ice Securities Co., $10,000 Consld. Cambridge Coal Co., $10,000 Old Point Comfort Imp. Co., $60,000 Valley Farms Co., $30 000 Wabash, $20,000 N. Y., L. & W. R. R., $10,000 same, $10,000 N. Y., Susq. & W. R. R., $15,000 Va. Midland.

SHEA, JOANNA, (Jan. 13, 1901;) net estate, $760; bank, $800.

WIERSCH, JOHANNA, (Feb. 24, 1913;) net estate, $3,549.17; 165 E. 96 St., $24,000 (mortg. $20,000;) bank, $228.72; cash, $502.50; bond and mortg., $5,000; notes, $1,500.

LIS PENDENS.

Manhattan.

7TH AV, 2,580; Amsterdam Av, 1,495 and 1,489; three actions; Metropolitan Savings Bank against Herrmann Realty Co. et al., (foreclosure of three mortgages;) attorneys, A. S & W. Hutchins.

25TH ST, 413 West; John A. McDonnell et al. against Ellen Reynolds et al., (partition;) attorney, W. L. Tierney.

76TH ST, n s, 100 ft e of Columbus Av, 20.11 x102.2; Southern Boulevard, e s, 125 ft n of 167th St, 25x100; Union Bank of Brooklyn against Ellen Tompkins et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, L. Goldstein.

101ST ST, 50 East; Josephine Stein against Mary Sturman et al, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, J. P. Stier.

119TH ST, 855 West; Frances M. Cavanaugh against Josephine A. Murphy et al., (action to declare lien;) attorney, T. M. Rowlette.

120TH ST, s s, 300 ft w of 1st Av, 18.9x100.10; Sarah L. McC. Marsh against Josephine Norcum et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Cary & Carroll.

125TH ST, 71 and 73 East; two actions; William R. Appleby against Thomas J. McLaughlin et al., (foreclosure of two mortgages;) attorneys, Canno & Cannon.

197TH ST, s s, between Concourse and Creston Av, Lot 17; Bronx Tax Lien Co of N. Y. against Anna Livingston et al., (amended foreclosure of tax lien;) attorney, A. Weymann.

Bronx.

ANDREWS AV, e s, 467.65 ft s of 183d St, 58x100; Nellie L. Vought against Jessamine C. Bliss, (action to enforce covenants;) attorney, E. B. Mead.

WHEELER AV, w s, 270 ft n of Westchester Av, 40x100; Mary J. Mullis against Bernard Badanes et al, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, J. C. Meyers.

76TH ST, n s, 100 ft ¾ in e of Columbus Av, 20 ft 11¾ in x102 ft 2 in; Southern Boulevard, e s, 125 ft n of 167th St, 25x100; Union Bank of Brooklyn against Ellen Tompkins et al, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, L. Goldstein.

152D ST, n s, 300 ft e of Courtland Av, 25x100; Katherine Ungermach against Charles G. Adolph Hohle, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, C. H. Luscomb.

226TH ST, Lot 241, map Village of Wakefield; Oliver E. Davis, G. & S. Realty Co. against Badalamente et al, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, A. Frankenthaler.

237TH ST, s s, 137.68 ft e of Martha Av, 37.68x99.82; Otto G. Hupfel against Wesley Construction Co. et al, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, Harry Robitzek.

237TH ST, s s, 137.68 ft e of Martha Av, 37.68x99.82; Otto G. Hupfel against Wesley Construction Co. et al, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, Harry Robitzek.

MORTGAGE LOANS.

MONEY TO LOAN
5% Manhattan or Brooklyn Private Dwellings
Other Funds to suit at 5½%
MORGENTHAU JR. CO.
95 LIBERTY STREET

SECOND MORTGAGE MONEY
2 $100,000 to loan, lowest fees, prompt decision. 2
HOWARD H. MOSHER.
"The Second Mortgage Man."
135 Broadway.

THE REAL ESTATE FIELD

Mrs. Morris K. Jesup Buys New Park Avenue Apartment in $2,000,000 Deal—$5,000,000 Additional Mortgage on Equitable Block—Harlem Y. M. C. A. Purchases Three Houses—Brooklyn Building at Auction for $280,000.

The largest apartment house deal of the year and the most important since the purchase by Arthur Curtiss James late last year of the big twelve-story Fifth Avenue house on the northeast corner of Eighty-first Street, was closed yesterday in the purchase by Mrs. Morris K. Jesup of the tallest apartment structure in the city, the seventeen-story building on the northeast corner of Park Avenue and Seventy-ninth Street. The transaction involved a large element of trade in which Mrs. Jesup gave in part payment west side property.

The Park Avenue building was bought from the operators, Bing & Bing, who erected the building last season. It was ready for occupancy in October, and about fourteen of the suites, there being but one on a floor, are rented at from $12,000 to $15,000. Among the tenants are Dr. W. Seward Webb, Mrs. N. Bramhall Gilbert, John Hays Hammond, J. Benjamin Strong, Jr., Walter G. Oakman, Norman B. Ream, and Mrs. George De Forest Lord. The building covers a plot 100 on the avenue by 85 on the street and has been held at over $1,000,000.

In part payment Mrs. Jesup gave to Bing & Bing two west side apartment houses, one being the seven-story building known as the Saxony, on the southwest corner of Broadway and Eighty-second Street, 90.4 on Broadway by 102 on the street, and the adjoining six-story house known as the Dewitt, at 254 West Eighty-second Street, fronting 55 by 103 deep, thus giving a total street frontage for the two houses of 157 feet. These properties are at present assessed at $480,000.

The aggregate value of the entire properties was in excess of $2,000,000. The transaction was closed through the brokerage firm of the Douglas Robinson, Charles S. Brown Company, who were also the brokers in the sale a short time ago to Mr. James of the Fifth Avenue apartment, which in some what less than the total falling off in the five boroughs of New York. In the Borough of Manhattan building plans filed totaled $70,000,000, the smallest in any year since 1899.

Englishman Heads Meat Syndicate.

A syndicate headed by Sir William Vestey is the lessee of the four warehouses and large water front property owned by the New York Dock Company in the South Brooklyn district, to be used as the distributing centre for the large meat importations from South American and Australian countries. Sir William Vestey is the head of a large meat importing company in England bearing his name.

Dyckman Block at Auction.

The block bounded by Post Avenue, Dyckman Street, Academy Street and Nagle Avenue, will be sold at auction to-day in the Vesey Street salesroom by Joseph P. Day. The property has a frontage of 600 feet on Post Avenue, 310 feet on Academy Street, 600 feet on Nagle Avenue, and 310 feet on Dyckman Street.

Building Statistics.

Statistics compiled by Engineering News relative to the building industry of the United States for the years 1912-1913 show a falling off of $60,000,000 in 111 cities. In forty-six Eastern cities, including New York, having a population of 10,805,000 the cost of the contemplated building from plans filed in 1913 was $338,776,000 compared with $392,774,000 in the same cities in 1912. This represents a falling off of $53,998,000 or 16.3 per cent., which is somewhat less than the total falling off in the five boroughs of New York. In the Borough of Manhattan building plans filed totaled $70,000,000, the smallest in any year since 1899.

Realty Notes.

The Westchester County Chamber of Commerce will hold its annual meeting this evening in the Murray Hill Hotel.

The M. Morgenthau, Jr. Company has been appointed agents for the Sixth Avenue, Twenty-third Street Corporation, owners of the property on the west side of Sixth Avenue from Twenty-second to Twenty-third Streets, formerly occupied by Kessner's and Ehrich Brothers' department stores. The premises are being altered into stores on the ground floor and lofts above. The top loft is leased to the Ocean Bathing Suit Company, formerly of Houston Street and the third loft to M. D. Irsky & Co.

The new office building of The Hale & Towne Manufacturing Company at 9 East Fortieth Street, will be formally opened this afternoon with a reception to the architects of the metropolitan district, their clients and friends.

Bronx Borough Sale.

A builder has purchased from Samuel Carucci a vacant plot 157 by 150 feet on the southwest corner of 176th Street and Clinton Avenue. The site is to be improved with two six-story apartment houses.

An all cash deal was reported yesterday by the John W. Cornish Construction Company, which sold 1,816 Marmion Avenue, a five-story flat house, on a plot 52 by 70 feet. The buyer is an investor.

Eugene Benjamin of Alfred Benjamin & Co. has bought from the Bruce Brown Land Company and the Estates Development Company thirty-two lots at Throgs Neck Gardens, located one block from Long Island Sound in the eastern section of the Bronx. They were bought for investment.

The D. H. Jackson Company (Daniel H. Jackson, President,) has bought from Mary A. McCann, 639 East 137th Street, a six-story new law tenement, on plot 37.6 by 100. John F. Dowd was the broker in the transaction.

$100,000 Bronx Apartments.

Plans have been completed by Gronenberg & Leuchtag for two five-story apartment houses to be erected on a lot 104 by 77 feet for the Til Mil Realty Company. Samuel Williams, President, located on the east side of Washington Avenue, 123 feet north of 169th Street. The buildings will accommodate forty-six families, and cost $100,000.

$280,000 for Brooklyn Building.

The Brooklyn auction room furnished an important sale yesterday in the offering by William H. Smith, of the Baldwin Building at 380 and 382 Fulton Street, sounthwest corner of Smith Street. It was purchased by Balch, Price & Co., furriers, for $280,000. The buyers occupy the adjoining building at 378 Fulton Street, and two floors of the Baldwin Building, the remainder of which is tenanted by the Hilton Company, clothiers, whose lease expires in August, 1915. Its frontage is 48.9 feet on Fulton Street by 125 feet on Smith Street. It is assessed by the city for $311,000.

Long Island.

Joseph Ward of Manhattan has purchased from T. B. Ackerson & Co. a dwelling and two acres of ground on the Ackerson Boulevard.

New Long Island City Apartments.

The Van Alst Construction Company will build for Gronenberg & Leuchtag two five-story apartment houses on the southeast corner of Twelfth Street and Van Alst Avenue, Long Island City, on a lot 75 feet by 90 feet, to cost $70,000. These buildings have been designed to accommodate forty-eight families.

Leases.

William J. Roome & Co. have leased for the estate of Nicholas Wernert, the property at the northeast corner of Twenty-third Street and Seventh Avenue, for a long term of years. The station for the new Seventh Avenue Subway will be at the corner.

The Charles F. Noyes Company has leased for the 318-24 East Thirty-second Street Company (F. J. Agate, President,) five floors and the basement of the twelve-story building, 318-24 East Thirty-second Street, to the Fuller-Burr Company, for a term of five years, at an aggregate rental of about $80,000 a boot 60,000 square feet of space is involved. The same brokers reported the lease, a short time ago, of six floors in the building, to Frankel Brothers, clothing manufacturers. The building shows a rent roll of $35,000, and negotiations are pending for a lease of the last remaining loft in the building. The quick renting of the building shows that space in the neighborhood is in demand.

Sydney S. Cohen has leased the store at 243 West 125th Street, to McCarthy & Carey, for ten years at an aggregate rental of $40,000; the store 245 West 125th Street, to J. H. Libman; the store 247 West 125th Street, to Clarke & Bandenhoefen, and the store 249 West 125th Street, to H. Ritter.

Mooyer & Marston have rented 324 East 124th Street, a four-story dwelling, for Percy B. and H. Moreau Carpenter, to Bertram Bieber, and for August Heckshер space on the second floor of the Fifth Avenue Arcade Building, Fifth Avenue and Fifty-seventh Street, to John T. Kersig & Co., importers of rugs.

RESULTS AT AUCTION.

The Auction Offerings of Real Estate Yesterday Were as Follows:

AT 14 VESEY STREET.
By Wm. H. Smith, Jr.

Lexington Av, 1,800, s w corner of 118th St, 17.2x55, three-story dwelling; also 130 East 118th St, adjoining, 20x100.11, two-story dwelling; executor's sale; knocked down at $16,350; also,

Alexander Av, 126 and 128, e s, 79.10 ft n of Southern Boulevard, 39.7x91.19x irregular; two four-story flats; to Henry M. Greenberg; also, Alexander Av, e s, 22 ft s of 134th St, 19.6x89.8, four-story flat; executor's sale; to the Selvin Realty Co., for $7,175; also,

Webster Av, 1,479, e corner of 171st St, 25x98.3x irregular, five-story flat; executor's sale; knocked down at $32,000; also,

Washington Av, n w corner of 189th St, 100x96, vacant; executor's sale; estate of Joseph Bierhoff, deceased; knocked down at $14,800.

Walton Av, 623, w s, 316.8 ft n of 150th St, 16.10x92.9, three-story dwelling; executor's sale; estate of George A. Mott, deceased; to Joseph B. Cook, for $5,000.

100th St, 206 East, s s, 130 ft e of 3d Av, 25x100.11, six-story tenement and stores; A. B. Fletcher et al., trustees, against Louis Siegelbohm et al.; Action 1; W. P. S. Melvin, attorney. Ryan, referee; due, $23,574; taxes, &c., $1,900; to the plaintiff, for $17,000.

100th St, 208 East, s s, 155 ft e of 3d Av, 25x100.11, six-story tenement and stores; A. B. Fletcher et al., trustees, against Louis Siegelbohm et al.; Action 2; same attorney; same referee; due, $23,574; taxes, &c., $1,300; to the plaintiff, for $20,000.

By Joseph P. Day.

20th St, 4 East, s s, 120.6 ft e of 5th Av, 20x98.9, four-story dwelling; Seamen's Bank for Savings against Louise Brummel et al; Strong & C., attorneys; H. B. Tibbetts, referee; due, $52,717.77; taxes, &c, $1,140.30; to the plaintiff, for $52,000.

124th St, 19 West, n s, 241.3 ft w of 5th Av, 18.9x100.11, four-story dwelling; Wentworth Mortgage Co. against Anna Lalcrolx; Sproull, H. & S., attorneys; C. E. F. McCann, referee; due, $3,346.32; taxes, &c, $416.30; subject to prior mortgage of $14,000; to the plaintiff for $1,500.

8th Av, 2,380-2,840, s e corner of 151st St, 179.1 to McComb's Place x203.5 to 151st St x96.7, three six-story tenements and stores on avenue; New York County National Bank against C. H. Peckworth et al; Kellogg & R., attorneys; J. F. Couch, referee; due, $32,040.95; taxes, &c, $3,274.70; subject to five mortgages aggregating $139,000; adjourned to Jan. 28.

65th St, 326-328 East, s s, 275 ft e of 2d Av, 37.6x100, six-story tenement and stores; W. S. Gurnee et al, trustees, against J. F. Stodder et al; Sullivan & C., attorneys; J. H. Regan, referee; due, $34,702.38; taxes, &c, $535.15; to the plaintiff for $33,000.

Lafayette St, 204, w s, about 136.4 ft n of Broome St, 21.8x100, three-story shop; H. D. Colt, trustee, against C. T. Richter et al; S. P. Savage, attorney; W. S. Kellogg, referee; due, $14,811.14; taxes, &c, $1,156.18; to Folsom Brothers, for a client, for $16,200.

138th St, West, s s, 225 ft e of Lenox Av, 100x99.11, vacant; E. P. Earle against Leo Kohn et al; Greene, H. & S., attorneys; F. S. McAvoy, referee; due, $81,747.65; taxes, &c, $2,113.36; to the plaintiff, for $14,000.

AT 3,208 3D AV.
By Joseph P. Day.

Holland Av, 3,644, e s, 100 ft s of 215th St, 25x95; C. C. Hill against Luciano Minutillo et al George Hill, attorney; W. C. Arnold, referee; due, $2,262.59; taxes, &c, $489.49; adjourned to Jan. 21.

TO-DAY'S AUCTION SALES.

Local and Suburban Realty Offerings in the Salesrooms.

AT 14 VESEY STREET.
By Joseph P. Day.

Block bounded by Dyckman and Academy Sts and Post and Nagle Avs, 310x600, vacant; Empire Trust Co. against Nagle Realty Co. et al; W. A. Barber, attorney; J. T. Canavan, referee; due, $268,271.98; taxes, &c., $18,897.89.

67th St, 52-54 West, s s, 200 ft e of Columbus Av, 50x100.5, three-story garage; Franklin Savings Bank against W. W. Hubbell et al.; W. M. Powell, attorney; E. G. O'Connell, referee; due, $51,779.53; taxes, &c, $2,702.26.

Avenue A, 262, s s, 77.6 ft s of 16th St, 25.9 x95.5, four-story tenement and stores; Caroline Stern against Julius Lichtenstein et al.; Herbert Cracauer, attorney; F. J. Ryan, referee; due, $18,538.20; taxes, &c., $2,194.30.

By J. H. Mayers.

19th St, 21 West, n s, 345 ft w of 5th Av, 25x92, seven-story loft building; Manhattan Life Insurance Co. against Emblem Construction Co. et al.; Rapallo & K., attorneys; M. G. Wyvill, referee; due, $62,-877.62; taxes, &c., $1,770.

AT 3,208 THIRD AVENUE.
By Joseph P. Day.

Bristow St, 1,829-1941, n s, 95 ft s of Jennings St, 70x100, five-story tenement; German Savings Bank against Bates & Oesting, Jr., Co. et al.; Amend & A., attorneys; W. S. Grey, referee; due, $36,804.03; taxes, &c., $1,888.46.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

List of Plans Filed for New Structures in Manhattan and the Bronx.

80th St, 311 to 317 West, for an eight-story fireproof apartment, 80x84; Excelsior Holding Co., Samuel Levy, President, 600 West End Av, owner; Wallis & Goodwillie, 346 4th Av, architects; cost $200,000

Madison Av, e s, 51 ft s of 137th St, for a one-story office building, 16x32; Estate of Henry A. Cram, 47 Cedar St, owner; Walter Bates to Charles T. Pegg, 32 West 89th St, May 16, 1911, (prior mtg $28,000,) 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Conklin & R., 31 Nassau St $2,400

140TH ST, 516 and 518 West, 30x99.11; Eugenie R. Eliscu to Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway, 5 years, Jan. 14 .....$14,000

143D ST, 255 West, 37.6x99.11; Country Homes Realty Co. to Frederick S. Heinsheimer and another, 104 West 70th St, prior mtg $28,000, Jan. 8, 2 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, S. H. Raphael Co., 43 West 125th St, $3,000

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

WEDNESDAY, JAN. 14.

With name and address of purchaser and attorney. When attorney's name is omitted address party of the second part.

Manhattan.

AMSTERDAM AV, s w corner of 126th St, 25x100; Mabel A. Gilroy to Kate Halk and another, 254 West 76th St., Jan. 10; attorneys, Deyo & B., 111 Broadway $100

DELANCEY ST, 186-188, n s, 43x86.5; Mary Berkowitz to Carrie B. Weiss, 600 Park Place, Brooklyn, Dec. 12, 1913; attorney, Louis Lorence, 27 Cedar St $1

ESSEX ST, e s, 150.4 ft s of Broome St, 25.1 100.6; Mary Berkowitz to Carrie B. Weiss, 600 Park Place, Brooklyn, Dec. 12, 1913; attorney, Louis Lorence, 27 Cedar St $1

LEWIS ST, 117, w s, 25x100; Barbara Fliss to Elizabeth A. Toop, Mount Vernon, N. Y., Jan. 12, (mtg $26,500;) attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway $100

WEST END AV, 210, e s, 25x82; Gerhard Steeneck to Adeline, his wife, 210 West End Av, (mtg $24,000,) Jan. 13; attorneys, F. & W. Block, 150 N

Real Estate

Thirty cents a line.

Manhattan—For Sale.

Offer wanted four-story and basement brown-stone dwelling, 22 feet wide; electric light; all improvements; 94th St., near 5th Av. P 108 Times.

Long Island—For Sale or to Let.

In Flushing, beautiful eight-room house, with all modern improvements and garage; fine location; I must sell on account of change in my business; property is worth $7,500; will sell Street, without broker's commission, for $6,950; easy terms; an unusual opportunity to secure a fine home. 2 321 Times.

Owing to business reverses, owner must dispose of his country residence, 10 rooms, 3 baths; all modern improvements; 2½ acres on the north shore of Long Island; bargain; will also sell furniture. Owner, Room 47, 11 Wall St., New York.

New Jersey—For Sale or to Let.

MAGNIFICENT MANUFACTURING SITE IN NEWARK, N. J., 80 ACRES OR PART OF IT, WITH RAILROAD SIDING FROM LEHIGH VALLEY AND CENTRAL R. R. OF N. J.; 550 FEET WATER FRONT DOCK RIGHTS; CHEAP. FOR FURTHER INFORMATION ADDRESS Z 809 TIMES.

Orange Mountains.—Bungalows and cottages, facing South Mountain Park; all-year-round homes in one of the most beautiful and healthful locations at the city's back door; electric light, city water, telephone; automobile by appointment at Orange Station, Lackawanna Railroad, or Orange Station, Erie Railroad. P. H. Smith, Sheridan Park, Northfield Av., West Orange. Phone 1247W Orange.

Panwood Palace, nine big rooms with every possible convenience; parquet floors, steam heat, &c.; two blocks to station; big forest trees on a hill; also several smaller houses; easiest terms. Send for pictures. H. C. Lockwood Co., Woolworth Bldg., N. Y.

Real Estate—Out of City.

Augusta, Ga.—Obliged to sublet for season new house, fully furnished; 10 rooms, 3 baths; garage, chauffeur's quarters; large sunny living porch; bargain. Apply E. C. Smith, 1,152 Dean St., Brooklyn.

Real Estate for Exchange.

Wanted.—Four-story private house on west side; exchange for two Amsterdam Av. tenement houses, all rented; equity $16,000 over the mortgages. Herman, 601 West 135th St., Apt. 4D.

Eight-room cottage, bath, ten minutes' walk of station, for sale or rent cheap. BURKE STONE, INC., BRONXVILLE.

City Houses to Let—Unfurnished.

A—810 WEST END AV., 4 stories, 2 baths, parquet floors; rent low. Caretaker.

Country Houses Wanted.

Wanted—Six-room house, improvements, near station; commuting distance; full particulars. P 106 Times.

Mortgage Loans.

$3,000 $4,000 $4,500 $5,000 $10,000 $12,000 $20,000 $30,000 $50,000

TO LOAN on FIRST MORTGAGE on BRONX PROPERTY, 5 per cent. and 5½ per cent. Principals only. E. J. BUSHER, 149th St. & Courtlandt Ave.

$50,000 and $33,000 to loan on first mortgage on Manhattan property; principals only. E. J. BUSHER, 149th St. and Courtlandt Avenue.

MORTGAGE MONEY.—Firsts, 5%; seconds, 6%. R. M. de Leeuw & Co., 15 Broad St.

Money loaned for interest and taxes. Call afternoons. Bancker, 768 9th Av.

Mortgage Loan Wanted.

Wanted—First mortgages, paying 6% interest; New York suburban property; in amounts from $300 to $6,000. Herrich, Suite 459, Fifth Avenue Building.

$20,000 wanted on first mortgage; rental income will pay interest twice over; Nassau County; principals only. W 152 Times.

To Let for Business Purposes.

Thirty cents a line.

Loft to Let.—East 163d St. and Brook Av., Bronx, second loft, about 6,000 sq. ft., in new fireproof re-enforced concrete brick building; sprinkler system; use of railroad siding, and steam heat included. Inquire 256 West St., Manhattan.

DESIRABLE SITES.
WATER FRONT LOTS ON EAST RIVER; VACANT LOTS CONVENIENT AND WELL LOCATED; LARGE LOFTS, FACING EAST RIVER. APPLY SHERMAN ESTATE, 52 EXCHANGE PLACE.

At 502-6 East 74th St.—Floor, basement, and upper floor to let; exceptionally well equipped factory building; elevator, sprinkler system, watchman; power and live steam; rent very low. Apply Guarantor Realty Co., 437 5th Av.

Two light lofts, 50x95, with or without power, non-fireproof; also one loft, 50x90, with power, fireproof building. A. Happell, 403 East 93d.

Sublet—Corner; old-established place; central; 10-year lease; reasonable. Ames, 29 West 31st.

SPACE TO LET SUITABLE FOR OFFICE AND SHOWROOM OR SMALL BUSINESS. SHAPIRO & OCHSHORN, 159 W. 25TH ST.

Offices very light, steam heated, 109 Broad St.; $15 per month up.

Schools.

Thirty cents a line.

French lessons by native Frenchman; college graduate; speaking English and Spanish; rapid progress; personal method; hour-and-a-half lessons at pupil's residence, $1.50. Lagree, 347 West 37th St.

French, Italian taught by graduated, native teachers; sight reading, accompaniment for singers. Barabini, 118 E. 31st, (near Subway.)

56th Year.—Stern's, Broadway, cor. Myrtle Av., Brooklyn. Telephone 4943 Bushwick.—All Modern Dances, Tangoes, Hesitation, New Creations.

Dancing.

REFINED DANCING.
PRIVATE LESSONS; FINISHED INSTRUCTORS; MODERN SOCIETY DANCES; 10 A. M. TO 10 P. M.
CHILDREN'S CLASSES SATURDAY.
208 WEST 78TH STREET.
'PHONE SCHUYLER 3534.

Society's latest twirls, privately, en classe. Eugenia Christian, 611 West End. 6752 River.

Modern dances taught privately by refined lady. Mlle. Mindere, 102 W. 71st. 2507 Col.

Modern dances taught privately. Miss Mae, 118 East 29th. Madison Square 5853.

Dancing.—First door west Vanderbilt Hotel. Eleanor Arthur. Murray Hill 3492.

For Sale—Miscellaneous.

Thirty cents a line.

TYPEWRITERS RENTED
TYPEWRITERS RENTED
4 months for $5 and upward.
4 months for $5 and upward.
AMERICAN WRITING MACHINE CO., Inc.
345 Broadway, at Leonard St. Tel. 5408
366 Broadway, at 23d St. Franklin.
50 Nassau St., at Maiden Lane.
10 Barclay St. Tel. 6353 Cortlandt.

Membership in Arizona community, including transportation and free board; healthy, warm climate; position with moderate income. D 77 Times.

For Office Furniture go to Budd, 71-73 Spring St. Tel. Spring 8483. Special offer this week: Mahogany double desks and telephone booths.

Man's imported fur coat, $100; will also sell complete furnishing of apartment. 607 Cauldwell Av., Bronx. Apartment 41.

For Sale.—Bedroom suite, antique hand-carved mahogany; 4 pieces. A. B. H., 12 Edwards Court, Bayonne, N. J.

Going abroad, sacrificing contents apartment, furniture, household effects. 859 Rugby Road, Flatbush.

Purchase and Exchange.

50 cents a line.

A. S. BORG, 146 WEST 23D ST.
Highest prices for diamonds, platinum, old gold, silver, old teeth, pawn tickets; 25 to 50 per cent. for Provident tickets.

JACK'S CURIOSITY SHOP — Buys old jewelry, silver, antiques, pawn tickets, &c.; highest prices. 73 Flatbush Av., Brooklyn.

I pay highest cash prices for furniture, bric-a-brac, paintings, rugs, pianos. Myers, 116 University Place. 2206 Stuyvesant.

Highest price paid for old sealskin, Persian lamb, and other high-grade furs. Ehrlich, 1st floor, 1265 Broadway, at 32d St.

Pianos and Organs.

50 cents a line.

Chickering upright piano, fine condition; cost $500; sacrifice for $125. Angwera, 316 W. 42d.

Lost

Thirty-five cents a line.

LOST—Somewhere in the neighborhood of the Pennsylvania Station, Thursday night, gentleman's purse, containing large sum of money, note, and few other memoranda which will be fully described by the owner and a liberal reward given for its return. Marcus Ward Company, 116-124 39th St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

VERY LIBERAL REWARD FOR CIRCLET PIN OF PEARLS AND DIAMONDS SET IN PLATINUM; LOST THURSDAY MORNING, JAN. 8TH, BETWEEN 58TH ST. AND LEXINGTON AV. AND HOTEL PLAZA. RETURN TO W. K. LUNT, HOTEL PLAZA.

LOST—DIAMOND, 6¾ 3-32 KARAT SET IN PLATINUM BEZEL; LARGE REWARD. NO QUESTIONS ASKED. H. MARKS, ATTORNEY, 10 WALL ST., NEW YORK.

LOST—Silver meshbag, between 44th St., 5th Av., and 66th St., or between 66th and 62d, Madison Av., on Jan. 14; reward. H. S. Green, 55 West 44th.

LOST—A gentleman's diamond ring, on Green Mountain Flyer, due New York 10:41 Jan. 11. Liberal reward if returned to Mr. Wilson, 13 Maiden Lane.

LOST—Sunday, between Pacific and Clinton, Henry and Congress Sts., Brooklyn, gold meshbag; reward; no questions asked. Mogabgab, 621 5th Av., New York.

LOST—Gold brooch, between Fort Lee Ferry and Grand Central Subway, Wednesday. Notify Public Library, Englewood, N. J. Reward.

LOST—New Year's Day, Broadway, near 86th St., silver mesh chain purse. Return to William F. Norwell, 116 West 32d St. Reward.

LOST—Sapphire and diamond gold bar pin, Sunday night, between Opera House, Times Square Subway, to 86th St.; reward. River 3447.

LOST—18th, between 49th and 34th Sts. and 5th Av., index book, leather covered; finder reward. James Lynch, Room 1,003, 1 West 34th St.

LOST—Gold watch fob, monogram "M. H. L.," in red stone. Return M. H. Longnecker, 245 West 45th St.; liberal reward.

LOST—Jan. 13, a platinum link bracelet, set with small sapphires and diamonds. R. S. Lord, Room 301, 60 Broadway, New York.

LOST—Diamond and sapphire barpin, between 42d St. and 110th St., West; $100 reward if returned. Phone 8757 Morningside.

LOST—Small diamond bracelet Saturday night, between Astor Theatre and Cafe de Paree; reward. Room 62, 65 Nassau St.

LOST—Zeta Psi Pin, Reisenweber's, Saturday night. Return R. W. Harrison, 1,149 Broadway. Reward.

LOST.—Jan. 6, small piece diamond chain; suitable reward. Wyler, 6 East 46th St.

LOST—81st., near Park Av., skunk neckpiece; $10 reward. 925 Park Av.

$5,000 REWARD
for return or information leading to recovery of jewelry stolen from the premises 606 West 8th St., Plainfield, N. J. No questions asked. G. W. Johnston, 55 John St.

Lost and Found, Cats and Dogs.

LIBERAL REWARD.—Pekingese dog, biscuit color, black mask, answers Peter, at 129th St. and 5th Av. J. S. Joseph, 225 West 86th St. Schuyler 8223.

Public Notices

Forty cents a line.

MY WIFE, FREDA AITKEN, HAVING left my bed and board, I am exempt from bills she may incur. JOHN AITKEN, Jr., 4,196 Park Av.

Apartments to Let

Thirty cents a line.

Unfurnished.

West Side.

A very desirable 5-room apartment to sublet, unfurnished, in the Luxor, Apartment 54, 600 West 115th St.; lease expires October 1, 1914. Offer considered.

501 West 147th (The Edwin.)—Modern elevator building, corner apartment of outside rooms overlooking Hudson; 6-room apartment; also a handsome 8-room doctor's apartment; moderate. Owner on premises and 216.

117TH ST., 27 WEST.—"The Larchmont," high class elevator apartments; best part Washington Square section; 8 large, sunny rooms, unusually desirable; rentals moderate.

Eight outside rooms, newly decorated; two baths; reasonable; account moving West. 441 Ft. Washington Av. Tel. Audubon 4173.

Sublet.—Apartment, 5 rooms and bath; 4th floor; immediate possession; 843 West 179th St. Apply janitor.

A beautiful apartment, 8 rooms, 2 baths, all outside rooms; reasonable rent. 400 Riverside Drive.

47th, 16 West.—Desirable kitchenette apartment, bath, hot water, improvements; references.

East Side.

Attractive apartments, 5, 6, and 7 rooms, with bath; all improvements, including elevator and telephone service; special rates, $40 to $70 a month. Apply Superintendent on premises, Clement Court, 99th St. and Madison Av.

4-room apartment; unusual opportunity; must be subleased at once at sacrifice. Apply premises, 1228 East 83d, or A. B. Holmes, 48 Cedar St. 4984 John.

Brooklyn.

$42 HIGH-CLASS END APARTMENT $42.
6 light rooms; tiled bath; parquet floors; electric lights; walking distance Navy Yard. Golden Realty, St. James's Pl., near Fulton.

Apartments to Let

Thirty cents a line.

Furnished.

West Side.

3,120 BROADWAY,
CORNER 124TH ST.
Elegantly furnished 2, 3, and 4 room apartments; modern conveniences, bath, elevator, telephone service, night and day; near Subway; crosstown cars and theatres; moderate rent; week or month; restaurant in building. Open evenings. Phone 8766 Morningside.

A.—A.—CATHEDRAL PLAZA,
100 Cathedral Parkway, 110th, Columbus Av. 1, 2, AND 3 ROOMS
Private bath, kitchenette, furnished, $30, $40, $50 up monthly; unfurnished, $25, $30, $40; elevator, hotel service; near "L" and Subway, references; special rates on lease.

Magnificently furnished high-class corner apartment, overlooking Central Park; ten all outside large rooms; two bathrooms; must be seen to be appreciated; mornings, 10 to 12, 65 Central Park West.

Six-room apartment, furnished or unfurnished; modern conveniences; near Broadway cars and 110th Subway; references required. Z 324 Times.

35TH ST., 36 WEST.
Sublet 2 rooms, bath, furnished; elevator, telephone, hotel service; moderate. Supt.

West 90th St.—Two or three rooms and bath; telephone; piano; maid service; southern exposure. 'Phone Schuyler 9774.

Prettily furnished suites and rooms; maid service. The Suborel, 156 West 65th St.

East Side.

TO SUBLET, AT ATTRACTIVE RENTAL, SMALL HOUSEKEEPING APARTMENT OF SIX ROOMS, FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED, FOR THE SEASON OR YEAR; ALSO HOTEL APARTMENTS, ONE AND FOUR ROOMS, WITH ONE OR MORE BATHS, FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED, FOR LONG OR SHORT PERIODS. MADISON SQUARE APARTMENTS, 40 EAST 26TH ST.

127 EAST 72D.
Desirable apartments of one to five rooms; elevator, electricity, telephones; excellent restaurant; from $7 weekly. Tel. 130 Lenox.

Apartment 2 rooms and bath to sublet; parties going South; all light; handsomely furnished; great bargain; full hotel service. Hotel St. Louis, 34 East 82d St.

West End, 80s, new building, 5-room apartment, beautifully furnished; immediate possession; $130 monthly. Phone Murray Hill 3392.

Two rooms, kitchenette; Gramercy Park; sublet to business woman. Lelands, 4 W. 33d.

45th, St., 19 East.—Well furnished two and three rooms, bath; conveniences; $65.

Apartments Wanted—Furnished

Thirty cents a line.

HOME WANTED.

Do you want a divine poor home with us? Myself, wife and baby will pay half expenses in some refined home; no boarding house considered; references exchanged. Z 823 Times.

Storage.

Thirty cents a line.

AMERICAN STORAGE CO.—Store your furniture, $3; moving, $3 vanload; also boxing and shipping at moderate charges; send postal. American Storage Co., 604-606 West 15th. Telephone 3607 Bryant.

ANSONIA STORAGE.
Moving, packing and shipping; automobile vans for long-distance moving; let us estimate. Send postal 137-139 West 66th St., or 'Tel. 3023 or 3026 Riverside.

Boarders Wanted

Twenty cents a line.

East Side.

17TH ST., 116 EAST.—Newly furnished large, small rooms; excellent board; table guests.

29TH, 38 EAST.—Comfortable rooms; private dining room; transient.

34TH ST., 117 AND 119 EAST.—Large and small rooms, with board.

53D ST., 37 and 52 EAST.—Room with board; table board; references.

IRVING PLACE, 71.—Attractive large rooms; private baths; small rooms; excellent table; telephone.

71 MADISON AV.
Large and small rooms, with board; telephone; references.

MADISON AV., 210—With board; desirable rooms; appointments first class; references exchanged.

West Side.

39TH ST., 49 WEST.—One room and bath, with or without board.

54TH ST., 54 WEST.
ROOMS; FIRST CLASS; REFERENCES.

56TH ST., 62 WEST.—Desirable rooms; superior board; references.

68TH, 56 WEST.—Handsomely furnished room; private bath; exceptionally well appointed house; suitable for particular people requiring exclusiveness.

68TH, 58 WEST.—Attractively furnished rooms; all conveniences; table guests accommodated; parlor dining.

68TH, 74 WEST.—Desirable double, single rooms; private baths; excellent table; reasonable.

69TH, 111 WEST.—ELEGANT ROOMS; PRIVATE BATHS; TABLE GUESTS.

70TH, 30 WEST.—Attractively furnished large, small rooms; conveniences; table board; select location.

71ST ST., 135 WEST.—Exceptional board; luxurious rooms; private baths, electricity, steam; reasonable.

72D, 263 WEST.—Large room; private bath; southern exposure; home cooking; superior accommodations.

72D, 263 WEST.—Large, small rooms; private baths; French cuisine; telephone; reference.

72D, 266 WEST.—Large, sunny room, running water; also small room; excellent table.

72D, 122 WEST.
Attractive, homelike rooms; high-class accommodations.

73D, 256 WEST.—Attractive private room; bath adjoining; excellent table; conveniences; near Subway

76TH, 127-129 WEST.—Sunny double front room; reasonable; parlor dining; guests accommodated.

76TH ST., 174 WEST.—Large furnished room; also single room; board if desired; references.

76TH, 111 WEST.—Large, well-heated room; small room; excellent table; table guests.

79TH ST., 114 and 132 WEST.
Norece Hall and The Bonheur, residential hotels; attractive, homelike, unusual; Southern cooking; white maid service; steam heat; telephone in every room; booklet on request.

80TH ST., 106-108-110 WEST.
The House Richards—a satisfactory home for permanent, refined people; all new, high type furnishings; pure food; wholesome, generous, well-balanced meals; parlor, dining room; table guests; reasonable.

80TH, 144 WEST.—Handsome room; private baths; also medium; electricity; French cuisine.

81ST ST., 116 WEST.—Sunny room, strictly high-class table board; references necessary.

81ST, 120 WEST.—Warm, large rooms, private baths; smaller room, $7; telephone.

82D ST., 33 WEST.—Private family rent beautiful front room, newly furnished; references.

82D ST., 52 WEST.—Attractive rooms; electricity; bath; excellent table. Schuyler 8397.

84TH, 53 WEST.—Exceptionally good home; fine rooms; excellent table; reference; moderate.

85TH, 209 WEST.—Fine large room; meals unusually good; table guests accommodated.

86TH, 58 EAST.—Rooms and board; clean, comfortable; suitable couples or gentlemen.

89TH ST., 276 WEST.—Very attractive double rooms; steam, electricity; table a specialty.

93D ST., 128-130 WEST.—Rooms; high-class boarding; table guests accommodated; parlor dining. J. Potter Hollan.

93D, 29-31 WEST.—All home comforts; bright rooms; well furnished; heated; good meals; congenial boarders; table guests.

94TH, 16 WEST.—Large and medium-sized rooms; southern exposure; telephone; reference.

102D, 250 WEST.—Large, small rooms; private baths; select house; excellent table; references.

128D, 111 WEST.—Large light front room suitable for two; running water; ample closet space; southern exposure; reasonable.

140TH ST., 455 WEST.—Rooms, heated; closets; with or without private bath; electricity.

160TH, WEST, (25 Fort Washington Av.)—Comfortable room; elevator apartment; references.

Charming Winter Home,
Away from city and noise,
yet within 20 minutes from Manhattan;
grand location, overlooking city, country, sea;
cool in Summer, warm in Winter.
THE EVELYN LODGE."
Lovely, sunny rooms, suites, all outside, beautifully furnished, magnificent dining room, excellent chef and service; separate tables; everything sweet and clean; very attractive. Single, from $9; two, from $17, with meals. Take boat at Battery; fare 5 cents. 71 Central Av., Tompkinsville, S. I.

PRIVATE RESIDENCE.—Handsomely furnished room, every modern convenience; delicious food; highest references given and required. Phone 5262 Riverside.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE (127th St.)—Beautiful large front room; private bath; dressing room; sunny square room; excellent board. 3,753 Morning. Apt. 4B.

SUNNY rooms, board; also second-floor suite; West Seventies. Lelands, 4 West 38d.

WEST END AV., 879.—Corner room; excellent meals; 103d Subway; reasonable; reference.

Table Boarders

Twenty cents a line.

EXCELLENT TABLE BOARD.
70 West 87th. Telephone Schuyler 8441.

Furnished Rooms

Twenty cents a line.

East Side.

19TH, 134 EAST, (Gramercy section.)—2 sunny large, connecting rooms; telephone; bath; references.

30TH, 119 EAST.—Large, newly furnished room; modern conveniences.

34TH ST., 56 EAST.—Handsomely furnished small, clean room; telephone; $4 up.

44TH, 23 EAST, (between 5th and Madison.)—Large, attractive room; bath adjoining; club district.

45TH ST., 25 EAST.—Attractive rooms, private baths; gentlemen; references.

49TH ST., 38 EAST.—Two rooms for gentlemen; refined house; conveniently located; references.

53D, 58 EAST.—Attractive rooms; handsomely furnished; connecting bath.

116TH ST., 104 EAST.—Nicely furnished room; refined family; elevator apartment. Alexander.

IRVING PLACE, 14.—Front rooms; box-spring beds; tiled bathrooms; absolute cleanliness.

West Side.

97TH ST., 17 WEST.—Private residence; charming room for gentleman; conveniences; electricity; references. 4627—Stuyvesant.

107H, 205 WEST.—Clean, comfortable rooms; gentlemen or light housekeeping; low rates.

39TH ST., 11 WEST.—Clean rooms; southern exposure; in well-kept house; reference.

44TH ST., 256 WEST.—Elegant furnished parlor, with alcove bedroom; steam heat. Coleman.

47TH, 1 WEST.—Elegant front room; complete; shower bath; electricity; steam; select.

49TH, 73 WEST.—Desirable room for young man; other rooms; every convenience.

50TH, 313 WEST.—Attractive large, small rooms; all conveniences; Subway, "L." 9362 Columbus.

52D, 200 WEST.—Attractive room; modern apartment; near Broadway; reference exchanged. Grevert.

53D ST., 62 WEST.—Very desirable single rooms; every modern convenience; quiet home.

55TH, 251 WEST.—Attractively furnished large, small rooms; steam; bath; conveniences. 1476 Columbus.

55TH, 345 WEST.—Handsome back parlor; hot and cold running water; conveniences; also front basement; telephone; references.

56TH, 125 WEST.—Attractively furnished parlor bedroom and bath; every convenience. 6286 Columbus.

56TH, 63 WEST.—Beautiful suite, rooms; steam, hot water, private baths, telephone.

58TH, 128 WEST.—Handsome large room, alcove; one or two gentlemen. 2303 Columbus.

62D, 105 WEST.—Second floor room, bath; very desirable; permanent gentleman; reference.

The Effective Way

The New York Times:

Some time ago I lost a watch charm which I value highly on account of associations. Immediately upon its loss I advertised in a morning newspaper, but without result. I placed the same advertisement in The New York Times, and it gives me pleasure to state that through The New York Times my charm has been recovered.

Believing this may be a matter of interest to you and thanking you for the interest taken in my case.

J. H. FOOTE,
116 West 39th St.,
New York.

Furnished Rooms

Twenty cents a line.

West Side.

64TH, 122 WEST.—Attractive large rooms; running water; Subway, "L"; every modern convenience.

66TH, 42 WEST.—A French family would let handsome front parlor and two bedrooms, bath; private entrance; all conveniences; $12. Lamballe.

68TH ST., 26 WEST.—Furnished rooms; hot running water; location unexcelled; also skylight room; $3 per week.

68TH ST., 70 WEST.—Handsome, large rooms, with private baths; also single rooms.

69TH, 118 WEST.—Handsomely furnished rooms; well appointed house; select; modern improvements; Subway.

69TH, 95 WEST.—Room suitable two persons, with bath; toilet; also hall room.

70TH, 109 WEST.—ATTRACTIVE ROOMS; ALL CONVENIENCES; TELEPHONE; REFERENCES.

70TH ST., 134 WEST.—Elegant, comfortable room, with, without private bath; phone; reference.

70TH ST., 206 WEST.—Handsomely furnished large, small rooms with running water; references.

70TH, 136 WEST.—Large, warm, comfortable room; suitable for two; running water.

71ST, 68 WEST.—Unusually attractive sunny, well-heated rooms; every convenience; references.

71ST, 69 WEST.—Large front parlor; also small room; telephone; "L," Subway.

71ST, 308 WEST.—Small room; adjoining bath; $8. Telephone 9087 Columbus.

72D, 268 WEST.—Large rooms with kitchenette; private bath; medium, small rooms.

73D ST., 103 WEST.—Neatly furnished, large, medium rooms; one or two; telephone; reference.

73D, 255 WEST.—Medium room; heat; running water; $6; telephone; Subway express.

74TH, 149 WEST.—Attractive single room; running water; reasonable; references.

75TH, 226 WEST, (Broadway.)—Sunny suite; family; single; apartment; Subway; 7249 Columbus, Savin.

75TH, 258 WEST.—Large front room; private bath; smaller room; gentlemen; telephone.

76TH, 242 WEST.—Attractive rooms; private baths; suitable couple; board optional; telephone.

77TH, 111 WEST.—Desirable room; references; reasonable; gentlemen.

78TH, 217 WEST.—Newly, elegantly furnished rooms; piano and all modern conveniences.

78TH ST., 160 WEST.
Nicely furnished large and small rooms.

81ST, 133 WEST.—Large front room, southern exposure; also single; phone; references.

82D ST., 50 WEST.—Attractively furnished large, front room; private bath; electricity; telephone; references.

82D, 140 WEST.—Furnished rooms, large, small; reasonable; private house; telephone; references.

82D ST., 146 WEST.—Light, clean, comfortable; electricity, lavatories, elevator. 8706 Schuyler. Haskins.

84TH ST., 42 WEST.—Furnished room; running water; private house; telephone.

92D, 100 WEST.—Two rooms; one flight; corner; private hall; conveniences. Wyatt.

93D, 157 WEST.—Small rooms; convenient; gentlemen; running water; closet; private family; references.

98TH ST., 47 WEST.—Desirable front room for two gentlemen; all modern conveniences.

97TH ST., 209 WEST.—A comfortably furnished outside room in high-class elevator apartment; all modern conveniences; private family; Broadway subway express one block; board optional.

99TH, 304 WEST.—Large, attractive, single room, elevator apartment; comfortable, clean. Tomlinson.

101ST, 16 WEST.—Beautiful parlor suites; telephone, electricity, kitchen; $7-$8. McNamara.

102D ST., 216 WEST, (cor. Broadway.)—Two communicating sunny, outside rooms, together or singly; modern elevator apartment; gentlemen or business women. Gilbough.

102D, 254 WEST.—Attractive single room; adjoining bath; private house; refined neighborhood.

103D, 128 WEST.—Small room in private house, with bath; 'phone; near Subway and L stations; $2.50.

103D, 145 WEST.—Attractive rooms, suitable business gentlemen; private house; telephone; references.

106TH ST., 50 WEST.—Newly furnished rooms, large, small; $2.50 up; telephone; conveniences.

111TH ST., 605 WEST.—Pleasant, light room for gentleman; modern elevator apartment Apt. 19.

115TH ST., 419 WEST.—Board optional; room, bath adjoining; elevator; telephone; near Subway, surface; references. Apt. 5 F. P.

115TH ST., 400 WEST.—Large room, overlooking Morningside; elevator, electricity. Apartment 41. Camp.

120TH ST., 414 WEST, (Columbia.)—Large, handsomely furnished, sunny rooms, in new apartment, 5-D.

121ST ST., 119 WEST.—Large, light room; comfortably furnished; lavatory; private family; gentlemen.

123D, 243 WEST.—Nicely furnished large, small rooms; private house; terms moderate; gentlemen.

122D, (130 Claremont Av.)—Attractive single, double; all conveniences. Wells, After 5.

129D ST., 540 WEST.—Large, homelike corner rooms. Phone Morningside 4880. Apt. 51.

122D, 500 WEST.—Front room, nicely furnished; elevator apartment; board optional. Apt. 5D.

127TH, 278 WEST.—Private steam-heated house; newly furnished; excellent table; $7 up; 'phone.

128TH SUBWAY, (134 Lawrence St.)—Single, double rooms; comfortable, cozy; gentlemen; moderate. Curtis.

137TH ST., 612 WEST.—Warm, comfortable rooms, modern apartment; shower, electricity; 'phone; half block Subway; reasonable. 2 F. E.

137TH, 606 WEST.—Bright, comfortable room, delightful location; electricity; near Subway. Norbury.

140TH ST., 510 WEST.—Attractive room with small family; lady preferred; elevator; references. Apt. 22.

144TH, 562 WEST.—Newly furnished high-class elevator apartment; board optional. Apt. 24.

144TH ST., 615 WEST.—A large, light front room; private bath; 'phone. Apt. 14.

161ST ST., 554 WEST.—Two large, sunny rooms, bath; homelike; moderate; references. 7862—Audubon.

ADVERTISER OWNING elegantly kept private home will rent floor, private bath, $100 monthly, or would consider two gentlemen, $50 each, breakfast included, or will divide. Address West Side, 2,029 Broadway.

EDGECOMBE AV., 261.—Room in high-class apartment; telephone; near 145th St. West. Harris.

ELEGANTLY FURNISHED room in the finest apartment house on Riverside Drive with private family of two; room is suitable for one or two; would rent a suite of two rooms if desired. Cor. 96th St. 'Phone 2607 River any forenoon.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 244, Apartment 6B.—En suite furnished rooms, facing Drive; select; references; bus, 96th express, Subway. Meek.

WEST END AV., 811.—Magnificent room; private bath; excellent plumbing; electricity; large closets; private family; near 81st Subway; reference.

Brooklyn.

BEDFORD PARK BOULEVARD, 245.—Large, sunny furnished room, all modern conveniences; desirable neighborhood; private family; opportunity to speak French; reasonable price. Mrs. Botsalo.

Furnished Rooms

Twenty cents a line.

Brooklyn.

PRESIDENT ST., 908.—Attractive, newly furnished, large, small rooms; breakfast optional. 6373-J Prospect.

WILLOW ST., 146.—Large, small rooms; hot, cold running water; heat. 6060 Main.

Rooms Wanted—Furnished

Twenty cents a line.

Wanted by middle-aged gentile couple in private family, two rooms with or without bath, furnished or unfurnished, and with board; must be between 58th St. and 80th St.; all modern conveniences; highest references required and furnished. N 258 Times Downtown.

WANTED.
One or two furnished rooms, bath, breakfast and dinner, in private family, by responsible couple; away during day; walking distance from 50th St. and 5th Av. desired. Box 36, 90 William St.

Help Wanted Female

Fifteen cents a line.

A WELL-EDUCATED woman over 25 for outside position requiring more than ordinary tact and ability, but pays accordingly; must be self-supporting; good income (salary) guaranteed to suitable person. Ask for manager, Room 711, 110 West 34th St.

BOOKKEEPER.—Experienced woman to take full charge of large auditing department of retail mercantile house; applications must state age, experience in detail, and salary desired. P 115 Times.

CHAMBERMAID and WAITRESS, experienced, wanted; private family; first-class city references required. Address by letter, E. A., 1,364 Broadway.

COMPETENT MILLINERY SALESWOMEN OF FIRST-CLASS ABILITY AND EXPERIENCED FROM 5TH AV. HOUSES; NO OTHERS NEED APPLY. J. M. GIDDING & CO., 566 5TH AV.

DIPLOMATIC young woman in office of dancing school to interview prospective pupils; one with experience preferred; not absolutely required; hours, 11 A. M. to 10 P. M. M 142 Times.

GENERAL HOUSEWORK.—Girl who can cook; references. 130 East 78th.

HENDERSON SCHOOL of Oratory and Dramatic Arts of Aeolian Hall, New York, and Presser Building, Philadelphia, requires (for New York) cultured, educated lady, having clear diction, good appearance, and possessing business ability (accompanist preferred) as secretary; one whose goal is the stage or lyceum platform will find this an ideal opportunity; salary and commission contract, with class training, for one year. Prof. Alfred E. Henderson, Director, Suite 1,128-1,129, Aeolian Hall. Telephone Bryant 6800.

HOUSEWORK.—Middle-aged woman wanted to do housework and take care of two little girls; must have city references. Apply at once, McClintock, 507 Amsterdam Av., New York City.

NURSE.—One thoroughly competent and with personal Manhattan references to care for small child; good home for right party. Apply C. O. Johnson, 2d floor, 229 West 42d St.

NURSE-MAID wanted for two-year-old girl; do not apply unless you have personal city references, or call 318 West 100th St.

SOLICITORS wanted for a nationally advertised, high-grade patented specialty in big demand. Very unusual opportunity for women who are capable of earning big money. Commission. Apply Room 35, 529 Cortlandt Av., after 1 P. M.

STENOGRAPHER, TYPIST.—Knowledge of bookkeeping; good penman; quick at figures; experienced preferred; will entertain right beginner; state references and salary. Write only "Shirts," 104 East 14th St.

Instruction.

A.—THE NEW YORK SCHOOL OF SECRETARIES, AEOLIAN HALL, 29 WEST 42D ST. SECRETARIAL COURSES ONLY; STENOGRAPHY, SECRETARIAL ENGLISH, ACCOUNTANCY AND SOCIAL ELEMENTARIES. V. M. WHEAT, DIRECTOR.

A SPECIAL COURSE FOR TRAINING SECRETARIES at a reliable school. Registered and Inspected by the Regents of the University of the State of New York. Individual instruction; monthly payments. PRATT SCHOOL, 64 West 45th St. Known throughout the country for thorough work.

MISS CONKLIN'S SECRETARIAL SCHOOL,
7 West 42d St., opp. the Library.
STENOGRAPHY, TYPEWRITING, SECRETARIAL WORK, ENGLISH.

Help Wanted, Male

Fifteen cents a line.

A.—SALESMEN WANTED.
100 GOOD LIVE SALESMEN. SALARY AND COMMISSION, FOR CITY OF NEW YORK; MUST BE REPRESENTATIVE MEN WITH SOME PERSONALITY. APPLY 9 A. M. OR 4 P. M. AT 124 E. 125TH ST., (GAS BLDG.,) 5TH FLOOR. ASK FOR MR. H. L. CANFIELD, MANAGER NEW BUSINESS DEPT., MUNICIPAL LIGHTING CO.

A BOND SALESMAN who has sold municipal, railroad, and corporation bonds to the individual investor and whose personal record is clean can find employment with a house whose business has been growing for the past ten years; to the right man this should prove to be an unusually attractive opportunity; commission basis. Write full particulars to Box N 260 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, GENERAL AND COST EXPERT WANTED BY LONG-ESTABLISHED, RESPONSIBLE INSTITUTION; MUST HAVE GOOD EXECUTIVE ABILITY, ABLE TO CONTROL LARGE FORCE OF EMPLOYES; PREFERABLY ABOUT 35 YEARS OF AGE; MUST BE ABLE TO FURNISH HIGH-CLASS REFERENCES AS TO CHARACTER AND ABILITY; STATE SALARY EXPECTED. APPLY B. J. A., N. Y. TIMES.

ACCOUNTANT.—Capable man able to take full charge of set of books; position is in Northern Mexico, and will be permanent to right calibre of man; understanding Spanish essential. Address with full information, H. S. Swan, 100 Broadway.

AD. WRITERS WANTED.
Splendid opportunities for men and women. Good writers of department store advertising; those who have had experience preferred; splendid position; excellent salary. Box N 255 Times Downtown.

AN ENERGETIC MAN may earn $100 monthly profits in the mail order business; spare time at first; send for particulars. Dept. E Mutual Opportunities Exchange, Buffalo, N.Y.

BOND SALESMAN wanted, experienced and successful, for Greater New York; a permanent connection to the right party, with clientele and good past record. Apply Thursday or Friday, S. W. Straus & Co., 1 Wall St.

BOY wanted; one who is bright, quick and has had some experience; answer in own handwriting, giving references, salary. P 107 Times.

ESTIMATOR WANTED.—A young man with considerable experience in quantity and estimating work, on all kinds of buildings; one familiar with reinforced concrete preferred; state age, experience, education, references, and salary expected. M 148 Times.

FURNITURE FINISHERS.—Frederick Loeser & Co., Brooklyn, require a number of French polishers and varnishers; only those with retail store experience need apply, at Schermerhorn St. entrance.

GLOVE CLEANER.
Must be thoroughly experienced and accustomed to first-class work.
Apply James McCreery & Co., 34th Street.

H. C. F. KOCH & CO.,
125TH ST. WEST,
require one experienced SALESMEN for MEN'S FURNISHINGS.
Apply Superintendent's Office.

REAL ESTATE SALESMAN.—Intelligent young man to learn the real estate business; will be given an exceptional opportunity and receive a thorough sales training by an old-fashioned firm; commission. Apply Rickert Finlay Realty Co., 1 West 34th.

SALESMEN.—The Reeves Mfg. Co., Milford, Conn., in marketing improved standard article require the services of high-grade specialty salesmen; to men who will temporarily follow leads in house to house work we offer opportunity for advancement to position in which other men are earning $5,000 per year; commission. Call afternoons at 2:30, Room 9, 206 Broadway.

SALESMEN.—Wanted, experienced sal

SEES TRADE MENACE IN ADAMSON BILL

Board of Trade Attacks Measure Providing for Federal Commercial Directory.

AID TO UNFAIR COMPETITION

Business Organizations Throughout Country to be Asked to Join in Fight on Bill.

In announcing its opposition to the Adamson bill pending in Congress the New York Board of Trade and Transportation yesterday made the following statement:

"Serious injury to the business interests of the country would result from the enactment into law of Congressman Adamson's bill providing for a Federal commercial directory and the regulation of transactions of individuals, partnerships, and corporations engaging in interstate commerce."

Members of the House will be supplied with a "business" argument against the bill and they will be asked to work for its defeat. The Board of Trade will also request the general business organizations throughout the country to join in the opposition to the measure.

Ormsby McHarg, former Assistant Secretary of the Department of Commerce and Labor, Chairman of the Legislative Committee of the Board of Trade, which has for some time been considering the chief features of the bill and their effect on commerce, in presenting the conclusions of the committee at the meeting of the board yesterday, summarized its objectionable features in this way:

"Mr. Adamson would have an intimate Federal account keeping of the situation and affairs, hitherto in this country considered personal and not generally to be pried into; of every partnership and corporation engaged in interstate commerce, and this not for purposes of taxation or other admitted public concern, but for exposure to the curious or covetous.

"One provision would permit corporations or other concerns to invade any State without further license, thus depriving any State of the long-established right of deciding who shall or shall not be allowed to do business within its borders and under its laws. If this law should pass it would mean a short cut to a Federal corporation law, usurping the powers now universally enjoyed by each of the States."

In substance the bill proposes that the Secretary of Commerce must issue a commercial directory yearly of interstate and foreign commerce in the United States, in which business must be classified in three divisions, individual, partnerships, and corporations. The bill says:

> Every natural person whose business exceeds the limits of a State, territory, or district of the United States, has the option of insertion in the directory upon paying a fee of $10, and furnishing his sworn statement setting out the character, extent, and conduct of his business with sufficient reference to his assets, liabilities, and methods to show his solvency and reliability; thereupon the Secretary shall so list him as to indicate and classify his business and standing.

The committee of the Board of Trade cites these reasons for opposition to the measure:

"The facts demanded and to be published would expose to unscrupulous and predatory manufacturers and traders the ripened fruits of methods, acumen, probity, care, diligence, and experience, acquisitions of good will and custom and customers, to safeguarding which the possessor has rights as have designers and inventors to the protection of patents and trademarks.

"Such disclosures will encourage unfair competition now concerning economists, and sought to be prevented by legislation abroad. It will swell the ranks and help the raids of producers and sellers of inferior wares to be palmed off as just as good as the product of manufacturers of reputation gained by long sources of praiseworthy workmanship, fair dealing, and good business.

"It will enable great concerns to obtain the trade secrets of the smaller, and utilize them to crush out less potential rivals. It will make easy of acquisition processes and pethods, pursuit of which has provoked more hostility between two great commercial nations than has the competition of their vast armaments on land and sea."

The bill also provides a fine of $5,000 and a liability of five years' imprisonment for perjury in the event of a false statement.

CUSTOMS INQUIRY ENDS.

Mitchel's Investigators of Methods Decide to Quit.

After five months of service, the Cleveland Commission appointed by John Purroy Mitchel when Collector of the Port, to work out reforms in the local Custom House, disbanded yesterday owing apparently to the indifference of the Treasury administration to a continuance of the commission's labors. The commission was appointed by Mr. Mitchel soon after his assumption of the Collectorship last June, and was by him designated as the "Collector's special staff." F. A. Cleveland of the Bureau of Municipal Research was put at the head of the commission, which had seven members.

The commission filed many reports on changes in the office deemed by it desirable. These in turn were forwarded to William G. McAdoo, Secretary of the Treasury. With the appointment of Dudley Field Malone as Collector, interest in the investigations began to lag in official circles. Most of the reports with accompanying recommendations were, it is said, placed in the archives of the Treasury Department at Washington, otherwise known as the "tomb."

Since the first of the month the members of the commission have been without compensation, and in the absence of an intimation from the Treasury authorities that their services were required longer, it was decided to disband. The investigation is reported to have cost the Government between $50,000 and $60,000.

DEALER TELLS COAL PROFIT.

A Wizard if He Makes Over 25 Cents a Ton, Says M. F. Burns.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 14.—The Interstate Commerce Commission to-day resumed the inquiry into the anthracite coal industry which was suspended in November because of the death of Commissioner John H. Marble.

Michael F. Burns, President of a coal company doing a business of 2,750,000 tons a year in New York, was called to show whether his concern was favored by any coal carrying railroads or railroad coal companies. Mr. Burns testified that his company was on a parity with other coal dealers in New York. He said, however, that his company received an allowance of 12 and 15 cents a ton for handling steam and domestic sizes of coal on piers when its own men did the work.

Discussing the coal trade in New York, he said that a dealer who made more than 25 cents a ton was a wizard. "You have to stay on the job all the time and earn a profit by selling a large tonnage," he said.

FOREIGN TRADE OPPORTUNITIES

Further information may be obtained from the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce, Washington, D. C., and at the branch offices of the bureau, 315 Custom House, by giving the name of the item referred to:

12,347. EXPANDED METAL.—A foreign firm of engineers, contractors, and proprietors of an iron works which is officially authorized to do business with the Gov., would be glad to act as agents or form other business relations with Am. mfrs. of iron and steel, especially in expanded metals.

12,348. ELECTRIC LIGHTING PLANT.—The Municipal Council of Trebizond, Turkey, invites offers for a forty years concession for lighting the town by electricity. Lights must not be less than 40,000 candle power.

12,349. RIVER STEAMERS.—A resident of a Latin-American country desires catalogues and prices of small, flat-bottom, stern-wheel river steamers, burning wood, with capacity to carry five to ten tons of cargo. A company in the country also wishes prices, with catalogues, of flat-bottom river steamers up to 100 tons capacity, wooden and steel barges, and gasoline engines up to seventy-five horse power.

12,350. TIMBER FOR RAILWAY TIES.—A leading firm in a foreign country, which deals largely in equipment for the local railways, is desirous of getting in touch with Am. firms exporting railway sleepers or ties, or timber for the same purpose. It is desired to obtain timber which has been creosoted or otherwise treated to be rendered immune from white ants.

12,351. POWER SPRAYERS FOR ORCHARDS.—A land owner residing in S. E. Europe, who owns orchards containing over 100,000 apple trees, desires to import immediately a power sprayer to spray his trees. He also desires to import a large quantity of arsenate of lead.

12,352. REFINED SULPHUR.—An English firm has inquired for the names of local representatives of American producers of refined sulphur.

12,353. POST CARDS.—A foreign business man desires to get into communication with mfrs. in the U. S. of colored lines of picture post cards. He says he can give no estimate of the size of his order, but it is probable that they would not be large at first. Terms would be cash on delivery of goods, and quotations may be in United States currency, f. o. b. He does not want cards with views or flowers; those showing figures of women and children and comic subjects having the greatest sale.

12,354. TENNIS SUPPLIES.—A business man in Australia wants the names of the leading Am. mfrs. of tennis racquets, (frames only,) gut for stringing the same, and tennis balls used in the international matches.

12,355. INCUBATORS AND BROODERS.—A French mfgr. wants catalogues of parts for the mfg. of brooders and incubators, such as burners, lamps, thermometers, regulators, &c.

BILL TO PROTECT DESIGNS.

Low Cost and Immediate Registration its Chief Aims.

The National Registration League and the Federation of Trade Press Associations of the United States, to provide adequate protection at a low fee for American manufacturers against piracy of their best patterns, succeeded on Monday in introducing a bill in Congress.

The bill provides for the registration of designs for all classes of manufactured products without examination save that necessary to insure that the papers are made out in the proper form. In case of litigation, this registration will be accepted as proof of priority. The bill also provides for an examination to determine that the design which is to be registered is not for purposes contrary to public policies.

It provides that a design may be registered for a period of three years at a cost of $1, ten years for $10, and twenty years for $20. A registration for either of the shorter terms may be extended to either of the longer at any time before the expiration of the original registration period. Designs are defined as applied to or embodied in a specific product. It permits a design embodied in one product to be registered when applying to another product, that is, it will permit registration of a design used in making lace that has already been used in making silk and registered by a silk manufacturer. In this it differs materially from the present patent laws, and as commercial designs cannot be copyrighted the bill provides for the only flexible system of protection that can be utilized in this country.

The administrative features of the bill are said to be very simple. One of the best features of the bill is that it will provide for immediate registration and protection, a thing heretofore impossible to obtain in this country.

CENTRAL LOSES $250,000.

Nickel Plate Passes Common Dividend—Morgan Out, Vanderbilt In.

The income of the New York Central Lines, through the medium of the Lake Shore, was reduced by $250,000 yesterday when Directors of the New York, Chicago & St. Louis omitted the regular annual dividend on the common stock. The first and second preferred dividends were declared as usual. The Lake Shore owns $6,240,000 of the Nickel Plate's common stock, on which it received 4 per cent. or $250,000 last year.

To succeed J. P. Morgan, whose resignation as a Director of the New York Central was announced two weeks ago, Harold S. Vanderbilt was elected. Another vacancy, left by the death of George S. Bowdoin, has not been filled.

ADVERTISEMENT.

That ¾ Silk Lining

lends the final touch of quality to the NEW University Club Derby just brought out by Truly Warner.

It is really an unnecessary expense, but it serves to illustrate the spirit behind the Truly Warner organization, which is to produce the smartest, finest hat possible, and still sell at $2.00.

It is needless to add that the NEW University Club is sold at a very small profit.

A $5.00 price could not add quality to this new hat. See it to-day at all Truly Warner Stores. Mail order charges prepaid.

NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES.

EMPIRE B'way & 40th St. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Wed. & Sat., at 2:20.
MAUDE ADAMS
in J. M. BARRIE'S NEW 4-ACT COMEDY, ONLY FOR THOSE WHO HAVE EVER HAD A MOTHER
THE LEGEND OF LEONORA
LADY BABBIE OF "THE LITTLE MINISTER" GROWN UP.

LYCEUM 45th St., near B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. To-day & Sat., 2:20.
"THE LAND OF PROMISE. BILLIE BURKE'S BIG CHANCE. ACHIEVES THE MOST IMPORTANT SUCCESS OF HER CAREER."—MAIL.
MISS BILLIE BURKE
in W. S. Maugham's Greatest Success,
THE LAND OF PROMISE.

HUDSON 44 St., E. of B'way. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Wed. & Sat., at 2:20.
"BIG LAUGHING SUCCESS" —EVE. WORLD.
WM. COLLIER
in a three-hour laugh-a-minute Comedy.
A LITTLE WATER ON THE SIDE

KNICKERBOCKER. B'way, 38 St. Evs. 8:15. Matinee Wednesday & Saturday, 2:15.
Wm. H. Crane—Douglas Fairbanks
With Amelia Bingham & Patricia Collinge
In "THE NEW HENRIETTA"

GARRICK 35th St., nr. B'way. Evs. 8:30. Matinees Wed. & Sat., 2:30.
Eva Moore & H. V. Esmond
and the Entire London Criterion Co. in H. V. ESMOND'S Farcical Comedy, ELIZA COMES TO STAY

HIPPODROME
8th Av., 43d,44th. Daily Mat. 2. Best Seats $1. Evs. 8. 1,000 People. Carnival of Sports. 20 Fire Thrills.
A—M—E—R—I—C—A
Suffragette Parade. Plunging Auto. Court of Honor. First Steamer Through Panama Canal.
NEXT SUN. NIGHT Tetrazzini
Assisted by Nahan Franko and his orchestra. Prices 75c. to $2.50. Seat Sale Now.

WINTER GARDEN B'way & 50th. Evs. 8 sharp.
MATINEE TO-DAY, at 2. Best Seats $1.50.
GREATEST OF ALL WINTER GARDEN SHOWS. THE WHIRL OF THE WORLD LYDIA YAVORSKY
Sunday Night Concert. Best Bill in New York.

Maxine Elliott's THEATRE, 39th St., nr. B'way.
Evgs. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:15. A new optimistic comedy, DON'T WEAKEN

44TH ST. THEATRE, W. OF B'WAY. Lew Fields ..... Prop'r.
Evs. at 8 sharp. Mats. Wed. & Sat., at 2 sharp.
Sensational Success of the London Gaiety Theatre Co. and Production.
THE GIRL ON THE FILM
Wednesday Matinee, Best Seats, $1.50.

Follies Marigny Atop 44th St. Thea. Jan. 19
Gala Opening Mon., 11 to 1 nightly. Adm. $1. Ballets Dancing. DOROTHY TOYE, Joan Sawyer & Lew Quinn, Oy-Ka & Dorma Leigh, Nana, Marcel's Statues.

SHUBERT THEATRE, 44th, W. of B'way. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:15.
MORE THRILLING THAN "KISMET."
A THOUSAND YEARS AGO
MORE SPECTACULAR THAN "SUMURUN"

Comedy Thea., 41st St., nr. B'way. Pop. Mats. Wed. Thurs. Sat. Sat. 2:15. Every Evening, 8:15.
THE COMEDY SUCCESS OF THE SEASON.
KITTY MacKAY

CASINO B'way and 39th St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:15.
HIGH JINKS

MANHATTAN Opera House, 34th & 8th Ave. ($1.50 to 25c.)
LAST 2 WEEKS OF
Forbes-Robertson's Farewell
His Last 12 Appearances on the New York Stage.
(with GERTRUDE ELLIOTT)
TO-NIGHT AT 8, HAMLET, & Sat. Mat.
Fri., Mice & Men; Sat. Eve., Passing
3rd Floor Back & Sacrament of Judas.
FORBES-ROBERTSON'S
LAST NIGHT—SAT., JAN. 24
8 P.M., Passing 3rd Floor Back (Act I.)
9 P.M., Shaw's Caesar & Cleopatra (Act I.)
9:30, Light That Failed (Act III.)
10 P.M., Hamlet (Entire Last Act.)
Seats on Sale To-morrow, $3 to 75c.

PLAYHOUSE 48th, E. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:20.
THE THINGS THAT COUNT
"You wept with a smile on your lips, and smiled with a choke in your throat."—Dorothy Dix.

39TH ST. THEATRE, Near Broadway. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:20.
AT BAY LAST WEEK
Beginning MON., JAN. 19 Seats To-day.
DOROTHY DONNELLY
WITH
LOU TELLEGEN
IN
MARIA ROSA

WINTHROP AMES PRESENTS
LITTLE Bernard Shaw's AMAZING COMEDY, THE PHILANDERER
44th W. of B'y. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30. Evgs. 8:45

Winthrop Ames presents
BOOTH Thea., 45th, W. of B'w. Mts. To-day Sat., 2:30. Evs., 8:45
A FANTASY WITH MUSIC
Prunella
with Marguerite Clark

PRINCESS 19th, nr. B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mat. Sat., 2:30.
LAST FOUR TIMES OF THE FAMOUS FIVE SENSATIONS
"Ba Deshabille." "Mari-Kari." "The Black Mask." "The Bride." "Russia."
Sunday, at 8, SAPIRSTEIN, Pianist.

48TH ST. THEATRE. Evs. 8:20. Mats. 2:20.
SEASON'S BIGGEST SUCCESS TO-DAY $1.50 Mat. To-day, 2:20.
WEST END, 125th, W. of 8th Av. Evs., 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:15.
The Family Cupboard
NEXT WEEK.....AT BAY

48th St., E. of B'way. Evs. at 8:20.
Cort Matinees Wed. & Sat., 2:20. Laurette Taylor ("Peg o' My Heart.")

Royal 1 blk from 149 St. & 3d Av. Evs. 8:15. Direct from Maxine Elliott's Thea. The Lure
Evs. 25c. to $1. Mat. Sat., 2:15.

B. F. PROCTOR'S N. Y. THEATRES
5TH AVE. B'way 28th St. Daily 1:45 and 7:45. Nights, reserved seats in Orch. and Balcony 50c.
Jack Norworth, Creasy & Dayne, Sam & Kitty Morton, "The Honey Girls," Mr. & Mrs. Vocaire, Edwin George & 6 other features.
23D ST. Nr. 6th Av.
58TH ST. 6th to 7th Av.
125TH ST. Lex. Av.
A classy potpourri of vaudeville and photo plays. Biggest in Vaudeville at Popular Prices.
12 BIG ACTS

BIJOU B'way & 30th St. Tel. 452 Mad. Sq. Evs. 8:15. 25c. to $1. LAST WEEK.
THE EXPOSURE OF THE White Slave Traffic
Next Monday.....THE HOUSE OF BONDAGE

Opera TICKET OFFICE Tel. Bryant 8308-8301. Subs. Bought. CHOICE SEATS for all OPERAS. 1,451 BROADWAY. Entrance on 40th St., one door west.

PUBLIC 42d St. W. of B'way. Evs. 8:15.
LYRIC THEATRE
PERSIAN PLAY A REAL SUCCESS
Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15.
GUY BATES POST OMAR THE TENTMAKER
By RICHARD WALTON TULLY, Author of "THE BIRD OF PARADISE."
"A magnificent production, full of warmth and wonderful beauty . . . a play of opulent poetry, and daring mysticism, and amazing settings. Always it charmed."—Alan Dale in The American.
"Picturesque and colorful . . . pleases."—Herald.
"Nothing so fine of the kind has been presented here this winter."—Sun.
"Nothing more beautiful has ever been witnessed on the American stage."—Globe.
"It is a privelege to have been allowed to see it. Worth a visit from every threatre patron un New York."—Journal of Commerce.
"'Omar The Tentmaker' is a dream of Oriental splendor and vivid life."—New York Commercial.

LIBERTY THEATRE, 42d ST., WEST of BROADWAY
KLAW & ERLANGER.....Manager
Evs. at 8:20. Mats. Wed. and Sat. 2:20.
At Last!!! A Real Operette
"'SARI,' YOU CAN TRUST ME, HAS COME TO STAY." N. Y. American.
"'SARI,' A MELODIC WEB, SURCHARGED WITH FIRE." N. Y. World.
HENRY W. SAVAGE'S PRODUCTION
"THE MOST DELIGHTFUL MUSICAL PIECE THAT HAS COME TO TOWN IN A LONG, LONG TIME." N. Y. SUN.
SARI
"'SARI' IS A MANY TIME WINNER AND WILL PUT HUNGARY ON THE MAP ON FORTY-SECOND STREET." N. Y. HERALD
THE MUSICAL GEM OF THE SEASON. MORNING TELEGRAPH.

AEOLIAN HALL....This Afternoon at 3
SONG RECITAL MARGARET
HUSTON
Soprano
Hugo Wolf: Italian Lyrics, IV., XVIII.
" " Nixebinsefuss; Verschwiegene Liebe.
" " Ich habe in Penna einen Liebsten wohnen.
Max Reger: Reiterlied; Schliesse die Augen zu.
" " Schelmen-Liedchen.
Richard Strauss: Freundliche Version.
Monssorgsky: Cradle Song of the Poor.
Weingartner: Plaudertasche.
Claude Debussy: De Reve; De Soir.
" " Green; La Grotte.
" " Cheveaux de Bois.
Herbert Hughes: Oh, Men from the Hills.
(Poems by The Terrible Robber Men.
Pedrale Colum) The Moon Cradle.
Herbert Hughes: Raynardine.
(Arragements) The Weaver's Daughter.
" " I Know Where I'm Goin'.
" " Ballynure Ballad.
Richard Hagemann (Mgr. Opera) at the Piano. Seats 75c. to $2. Box Office & 39 E. 42d St., Room 18.

PHILHARMONIC
SOCIETY OF NEW YORK.
JOSEF STRANSKY, CONDUCTOR.
To-night at 8:15; To-m'w (Fri.) Aft., 2:30.
Soloist, MISCHA ELMAN
MENDELSSOHN-BARTHOLDY, Overture "Fingal's Cave"; BRAHMS, Symphony No. 2; TSCHAIKOWSKY, Concerto, D major, for Violin and Orchestra; WAGNER, Overture, "Tannhauser."
CARNEGIE HALL. Tickets at Box Office.
BROOKLYN ACADEMY OF MUSIC
Next Sunday Afternoon at 3:15.
Soloist, MISCHA ELMAN

Aeolian Hall, Wed. Aft., Jan. 21, at 2.
JOINT RECITAL
HAROLD BAUER — JACQUES THIBAUD
75c. to $2. Management Loudon Charlton.
AEOLIAN HALL, Thurs. Eve., Jan. 22, 8:30
Ex-President Taft
Subject: "PROTECTION OF ALIENS IN THEIR TREATY RIGHTS." Seats at Box Office.

COLUMBIA B'way & 47th. Burlesque Mat. To-day.
ED LEE WROTHE & THE GINGER GIRLS

METROPOLITAN OPERA HOUSE.
To-night at 7:30. Meistersinger. Gadski, Mattfeld; Urlus, Weil, Goritz, Braun, Reiss, Schlegel, Cond., Toscanini.
Fri. at 8. Ballo in Maschera. Destinn, Hempel, Duchene; Caruso, Amato, Rothier, Segurola. Cond., Toscanini.
Sat. at 1:45. Lohengrin. Fremstad, Ober; Urius, Griswold, Weil, Schlegel. Cond., Hertz.
Sat. at 8:15. Spec'l Perf'ce. La Boheme. Farrar, Alten; Martinelli, Gilly, Didur, Rothier, Pini-Corsi. Cond., Polacco.
Sun. Eve. Concert 50c to $1.50. Elman, Great Russian Violinist. Anna Case; Cristalli & entire orch.
Next Mon. at 8. Manon. Farrar; Caruso, Gilly, Rothier, Reiss, Segurola. Cond., Toscanini.
Wed. at 8:15. L'Amore de Tre Re. Bori, Ferrari-Fontana, Amato, Didur. Cond., Toscanini.
Thurs. at 2. Extra Mat., Butterfly. Farrar, Fornia; Martin, Scotti. Cond., Polacco.
Thurs. at 7:45. Tristan und Isolde. Fremstad, Ober; Urius, Weil, Griswold. Cond., Toscanini.
HARDMAN PIANO USED.

SYMPHONY
Society of New York
WALTER DAMROSCH, Conductor.
To-morrow (Fri.) Aft., 3:30; next Sun. Aft., 3, Soloist, Fritz KREISLER
Seats at Box Office, Aeolian Hall.

Carnegie Hall, Sunday Aft., Jan'y 18, at 3.
ALICE Nielsen JEAN Gerardy
Prima Donna Soprano. Seats 50c. to $1.50, now at Box Office. The Great 'Cellist.
Little Theatre, 240 W. 44. Mon., Jan. 19th, 8:30.
VIOLIN RECITAL KAREL Havlicek
Tickets $2.00. Management FOSTER & DAVID.

CENTURY OPERA HOUSE | CENTRAL PARK WEST 62D ST.
Nights at 8. Mats. Wed. and Sat. at 2.
This Week and Next Monday Night, "THE TALES OF HOFFMANN"
Eve. Next Tuesday, "LA BOHEME."
POPULAR CONCERT EVERY SUN. NIGHT.

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PARK THEATRE 59th St., Col. Circle ADMISSION 25c. SIN The Curse of Wine, Women & Gold in Kinemacolor.

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TICKETS READY TO-DAY
BEGINNING MONDAY EVE., JAN. 19th
UNDER THE AUSPICES OF THE SOCIOLOGICAL FUND OF THE MEDICAL REVIEW OF REVIEWS
The House of Bondage
Bronx Opera House, 149th St. Brook Av. Mat. Sat. Walker Whiteside in "The Typhoon" Next Mon., David Belasco presents "The Man Inside."

JARDIN DE DANSE 8:30 to CLOSING
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Broadway, cor. 29th St., Store
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14 were $25
11 were $28
6 were $30 NOW $18
16 were $30.00
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11 were $35.00 NOW $23
Wallach Bros.
Sale at Broadway, corner 29th St. Store ONLY

CENSUS FIGURES ON COTTON

Supply for Four-Month Period 14,457,953 Bales—Its Distribution.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 14.—The supply and distribution of cotton for the four-month period ending Dec. 31, 1913, announced by the Census Bureau to-day, shows:

Total supply, 14,457,953 bales, made up of stocks at the beginning of the period, 1,598,438 bales; cotton ginned, 12,533,436 bales; linter production (to Dec. 1,) 289,118 bales; net imports, 36,422 bales.

The distribution was: Consumption, 1,977,471 bales; exports, 5,180,178 bales. Stocks at end of period were held as follows: In manufacturing establishments, 1,801,285 bales; in independent warehouses, 3,371,363 bales; quantity held elsewhere (amount arrived at by deduction,) 2,127,661 bales.

Cotton consumed in the United States during December amounted to 482,198 running bales, including 13,206 bales of foreign cotton, and 22,114 bales of linters. December imports of cotton were 15,812 bales of 500 pounds each; exports of domestic cotton for December were 1,230,830 running bales. Active spindles during December numbered 31,001,664.